

CS9223 Programming for Big Data – Assignment 2

Due Date: March 22th 11PM EST

Details

You **must** use Hadoop Map/Reduce (Java or Python) or Pig, (Spark as extra credit) to analyze the Yelp data challenge: https://www.yelp.com/dataset_challenge.

The Challenge Dataset:

- 4.1M reviews and 947K tips by 1M users for 144K businesses
- 1.1M business attributes, e.g., hours, parking availability, ambience.
- Aggregated check-ins over time for each of the 125K businesses
- 200,000 pictures from the included businesses

Cities:

- U.K.: Edinburgh
- Germany: Karlsruhe
- Canada: Montreal and Waterloo
- U.S.: Pittsburgh, Charlotte, Urbana-Champaign, Phoenix, Las Vegas, Madison, Cleveland

Specifically, you **must** provide the answers (and code) to the 5 following questions:

1. Summarize the number of unique **reviewers** by US city, by business category. That is, count the unique reviewers by city, by business.
2. Rank all **cities** by # of stars descending, for **each category**
3. What is the average rank (# stars) for businesses within 15 km of Edinburgh Castle, Scotland, by type of business (category)? **Note: A business with more than one category will be listed more than once, once per category,**

Center: Edinburg Castle, Scotland, UK

Latitude/Longitude: 55.9469753, -3.2096308

The bounding circle for this problem is a 15 km radius. A business falls in the region if it's coordinates are within the circle.

The shortest distance (the [geodesic](#)) between two given points $P_1=(lat_1, lon_1)$ and $P_2=(lat_2, lon_2)$ on the surface of a sphere with radius R is the [great circle distance](#). It can be calculated using the formula:

$$dist = \arccos(\sin(lat_1) \cdot \sin(lat_2) + \cos(lat_1) \cdot \cos(lat_2) \cdot \cos(lon_1 - lon_2)) \cdot R \quad (1)$$

For example, the distance between the Statue of Liberty at $(40.6892^\circ, -74.0444^\circ) = (0.7102 \text{ rad}, -1.2923 \text{ rad})$ and the Eiffel Tower at $(48.8583^\circ, 2.2945^\circ) = (0.8527 \text{ rad}, 0.0400 \text{ rad})$ – assuming a spherical approximation^a of the figure of the Earth with radius $R=6371 \text{ km}$ – is:

$$dist = \arccos(\sin(0.7102) \cdot \sin(0.8527) + \cos(0.7102) \cdot \cos(0.8527) \cdot \cos(-1.2923 - 0.0400)) \cdot 6371 \text{ km} = 5837 \text{ km} \quad (2)$$

Radians = Degrees * PI / 180, Degrees = Radians * 180 / PI

4. Rank reviewers **in Q3** by their number of reviews. For the top 10 reviewers, show their average number of stars, by category.

5. For the top 10 and bottom 10 category **Food** businesses in **Q3**, (in terms of stars), summarize star rating for reviews in January through May only.

Grading (total 150 points)

This assignment **MUST** be completed on your own. Duplicate assignments will be flagged and failed. 30 points each question (1-5) = 125 points

Extra Points (100 extra points)

Complete the assignment in Apache Spark (Scala, Java or Python) (**you must still complete the original exercise**). 20 points per question.

Extra Points (20 extra points)

1. Provide visualizations for results (distributions, graphs, maps, in any suitable package).

Submission:

In a single zip package, with your name in the filename, submit:

- runnable code for all questions, clearly labeled (no dataset).
- results data for each question.

References

Apache Spark: <http://spark.apache.org/>

Pig JSON loader: <https://pig.apache.org/docs/r0.10.0/func.html#jsonloadstore>

Pig Latin: <http://infolab.stanford.edu/~olston/publications/sigmod08.pdf>

R maps – leaflet: <https://rstudio.github.io/leaflet/>