

Syracuse University

# Project Final Report Orange Publishing Corporation

IST 659 M003 Fall 2017

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## PROJECT SUMMARY

The proposed project is in relation to a hypothetical publishing company – called Orange Publishing Corporation. We plan to digitize everything by making their data management paperless. By doing so, we intend to streamline all the processes involved in publication.

The firm is dedicated to bringing great works from all walks of life: humanities, businesses, social sciences, science, technology, medicine and fiction. The publishing company assists writers to publish their works in paper format. The company also has skilled editors who scope through raw manuscripts and help transform them into works of art and it also helps in bringing together writers and artists during the designing phase.

Based on the feedback received, we've decided to narrow the scope for the project to include the Editorial process, Artists (and their works), and the book - and remove the sections relating to distribution and sales. Hence, employees may be only Artists, Authors or Editors.

We assume that works of art are created by artists. An artwork can be a part of several designs. A design is linked to one book. For example, if "Mickey Mouse" is an artwork, it can be a part of design 1 and design 2, which may be linked to books 5 and 6 – both of which may be related to "Mickey Mouse".

We also have the matter of royalties, due to authors. This along with other relevant information would be addressed in the entity.

Finally, manuscripts, submitted by authors eventually end up being edited by editors and eventually get turned into books.

With the proposed system, we assume that all relevant parties can produce the relevant work on the agreed timetable. The currently, existing system is one in which everything is done by paper and this system will greatly improve their efficiency and expand the firms market reach. One can easily view all the details in relation to books, authors, artists or editors this way.

## PROPOSED ENTITIES AND ERD

Employees		Employees - Author, Artist or Editor
<b><u>EmployeeID</u></b>	INTEGER	ID for Employee
<b>FName</b>	VARCHAR	First Name for Employee
<b>LName</b>	VARCHAR	Last Name of Employee
<b>Email</b>	VARCHAR	Email of Employee
StNumber	INTEGER	Street Number of Employee
StName	VARCHAR	Street Address of Employee
City	VARCHAR	City of Employee
State	VARCHAR	State of Employee
PostalCode	VARCHAR	Postal Code of Employee
<b>PhoneNumber</b>	VARCHAR	Phone Number of Employee
<b>TypeDiscriminator</b>	VARCHAR	Defines the type of Employee – Artist , Author, Editor

Manuscripts		Manuscript Submitted by Author
<b><u>ManuscriptID</u></b>	INTEGER	ID of Manuscript
<b>ManuscriptName</b>	VARCHAR	Name of Manuscript
DateSubmitted	DATE	Date Manuscript is submitted – Defaults to current date
AuthorID	INTEGER	ID of Author
EditorID	INTEGER	ID of Editor
DueDate	DATE	Date it is due
BookID	INTEGER	The book to which this Manuscript is linked.

Artworks		All the artworks appearing any book
<b><u>ArtworkID</u></b>	INTEGER	ID of the artwork
<b>ArtworkName</b>	VARCHAR	Name of the work
<b>ArtistID</b>	INTEGER	ID of Artist

Design		Collection of artworks
<b><u>DesignID</u></b>	INTEGER	ID of a design
<b>DesignName</b>	VARCHAR	Name of design
<b>ArtworkID</b>	INTEGER	ID of artworks

Books		Book details
<b><u>BookID</u></b>	INTEGER	ID of book
<b>BookName</b>	VARCHAR	Name of book
<b>AuthorID</b>	INTEGER	ID of author

DesignID	INTEGER	ID of design
EditorID	INTEGER	ID of editor

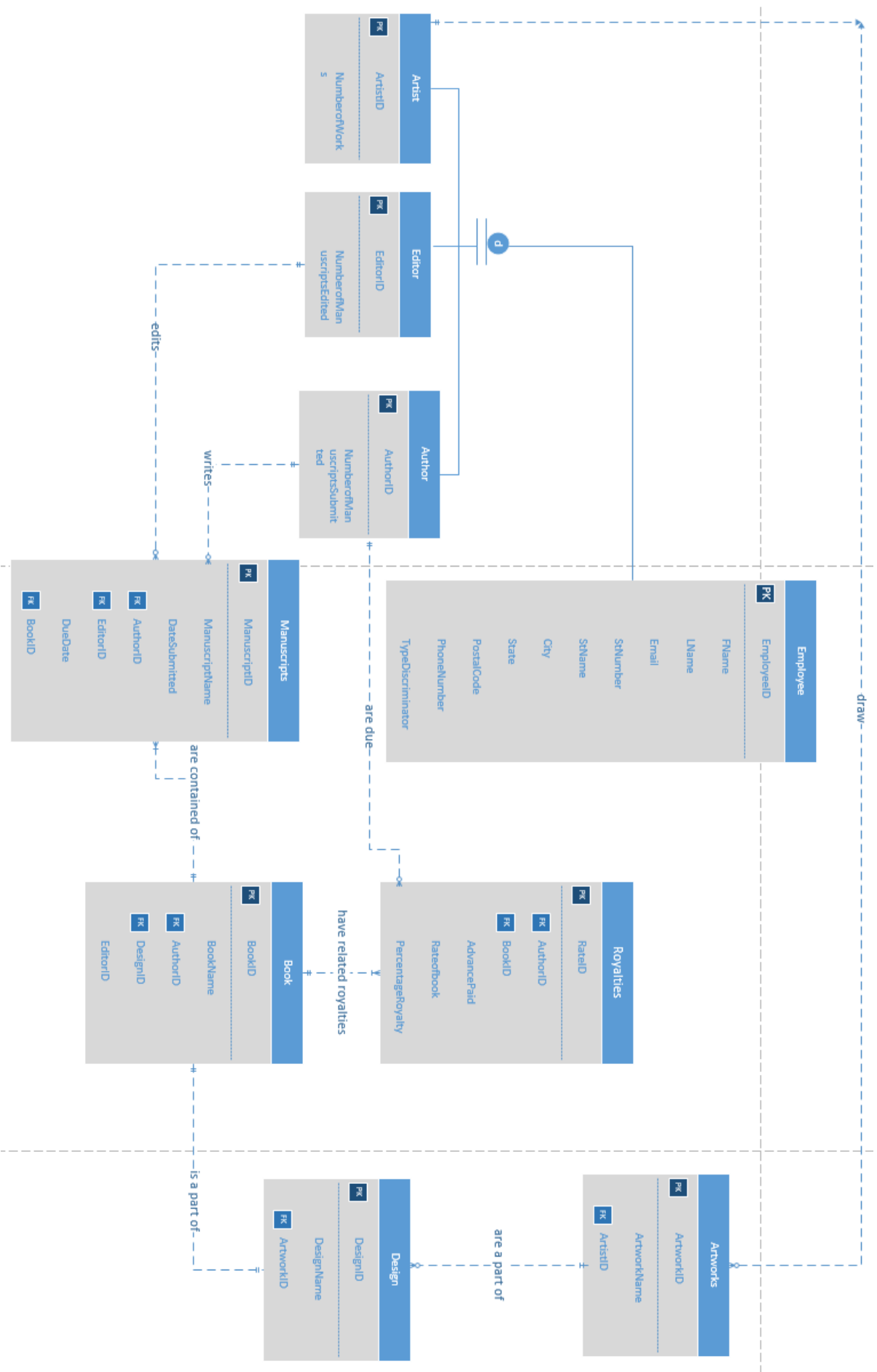
Royalties		Remuneration given to authors
<u>RateID</u>	INTEGER	ID of rates offered
<u>AuthorID</u>	VARCHAR	Author ID
<u>BookID</u>	INTEGER	Book ID
<u>AdvancePaid</u>	INTEGER	Advance Paid to author
Rateofbook	INTEGER	Rate of the book
PercentageRoyalty	INTEGER	Percentage of royalties

Artists		Details of Artists
<u>ArtistID</u>	INTEGER	ID of Artists
NumberofWorks	INTEGER	Total number of works the artist has – including outside of the publishing company.

Authors		Details of Authors
<u>AuthorID</u>	INTEGER	ID of Authors
NumberofManuscriptsWritten	INTEGER	Total number of books the author has – including outside of the publishing company.

Editor		Details of Editor
<u>EditorID</u>	INTEGER	ID of Editors
NumberofManuscriptsEdited	INTEGER	Total number of works the editor has edited as a sign of experience – including outside of the publishing company.

In addition to what has been discussed in the Implementation phase and the Final phase is that we've added Book ID to Manuscript Table and removed Manuscript ID from Books Table. We didn't need this in the first phase as we considered the scenario in which one author/editor edits one manuscript which will be linked to one book only, data wise. With this change, and subsequent changes in forms, we can handle scenarios in which there are different authors and editors editing different manuscripts linked to one book, which may or may not have one of the authors (or editors) who worked on one of the composite manuscripts. The ERD has been subsequently revised as well:



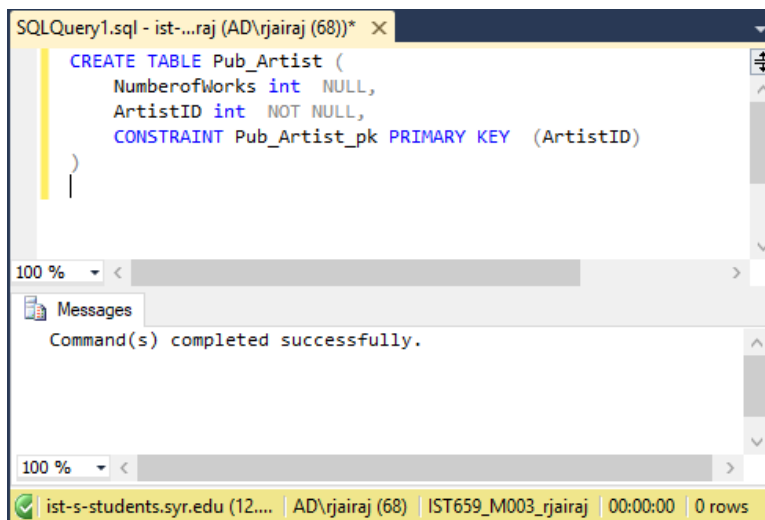
## DATABASE SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE

We use the default infrastructure – a client – server model running SQL Server as the DB engine and we have used Access as the interface design tool for forms and reports.

## CREATING TABLES AND INSERTING DATA

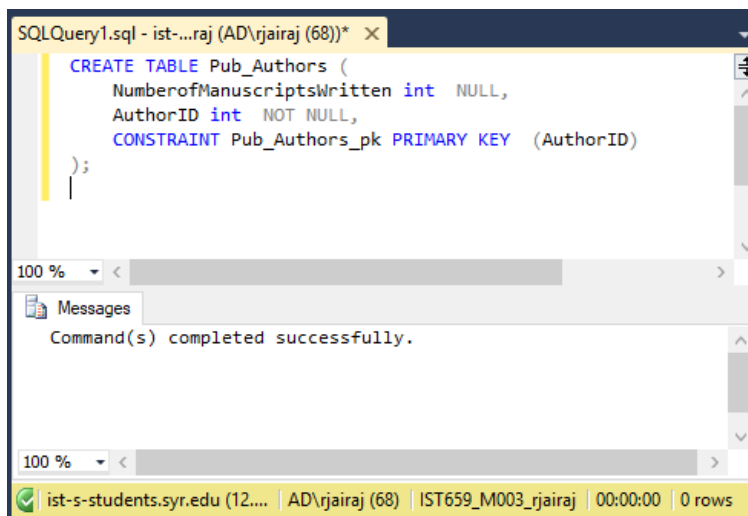
Creating Table: Pub\_Artist

```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Artist (  
    NumberofWorks int NULL,  
    ArtistID int NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Artist_pk PRIMARY KEY (ArtistID)  
);
```



Creating Table: Pub\_Authors

```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Authors (  
    NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,  
    AuthorID int NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Authors_pk PRIMARY KEY (AuthorID)  
);
```

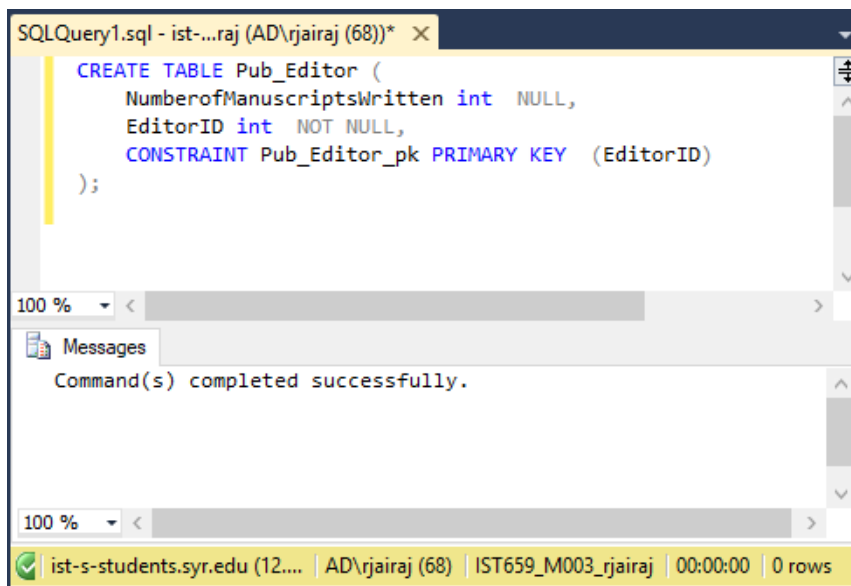


The screenshot shows a SQL query window titled "SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))\*". The query is:   
`CREATE TABLE Pub_Authors (`  
 `NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,`  
 `AuthorID int NOT NULL,`  
 `CONSTRAINT Pub_Authors_pk PRIMARY KEY (AuthorID)`  
`);`  
The Messages pane below shows "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" and the query executed successfully with 0 rows.

```
SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))*  
  
CREATE TABLE Pub_Authors (  
    NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,  
    AuthorID int NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Authors_pk PRIMARY KEY (AuthorID)  
);  
  
Messages  
Command(s) completed successfully.  
  
ist-s-students.syr.edu (12.... | AD\rjairaj (68) | IST659_M003_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows
```

Creating Table: Pub\_Editor

```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Editor (  
    NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,  
    EditorID int NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Editor_pk PRIMARY KEY (EditorID)  
);
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query window titled "SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))\*". The query is:   
`CREATE TABLE Pub_Editor (`  
 `NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,`  
 `EditorID int NOT NULL,`  
 `CONSTRAINT Pub_Editor_pk PRIMARY KEY (EditorID)`  
`);`  
The Messages pane below shows "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" and the query executed successfully with 0 rows.

```
SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))*  
  
CREATE TABLE Pub_Editor (  
    NumberofManuscriptsWritten int NULL,  
    EditorID int NOT NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Editor_pk PRIMARY KEY (EditorID)  
);  
  
Messages  
Command(s) completed successfully.  
  
ist-s-students.syr.edu (12.... | AD\rjairaj (68) | IST659_M003_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows
```

Create Table: Pub\_Employee

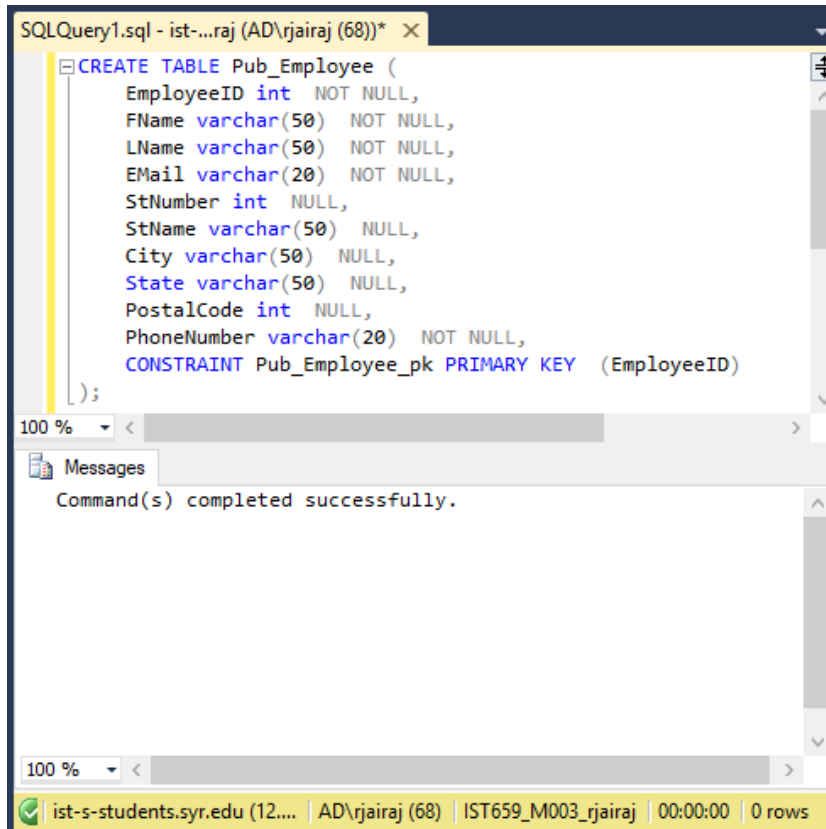
```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Employee (  
    EmployeeID int NOT NULL,  
    FName varchar(50) NOT NULL,  
    LName varchar(50) NOT NULL,  
    EMail varchar(20) NOT NULL,
```



```

StNumber int NULL,
StName varchar(50) NULL,
City varchar(50) NULL,
State varchar(50) NULL,
PostalCode int NULL,
PhoneNumber varchar(20) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT Pub_Employee_pk PRIMARY KEY (EmployeeID)
);

```

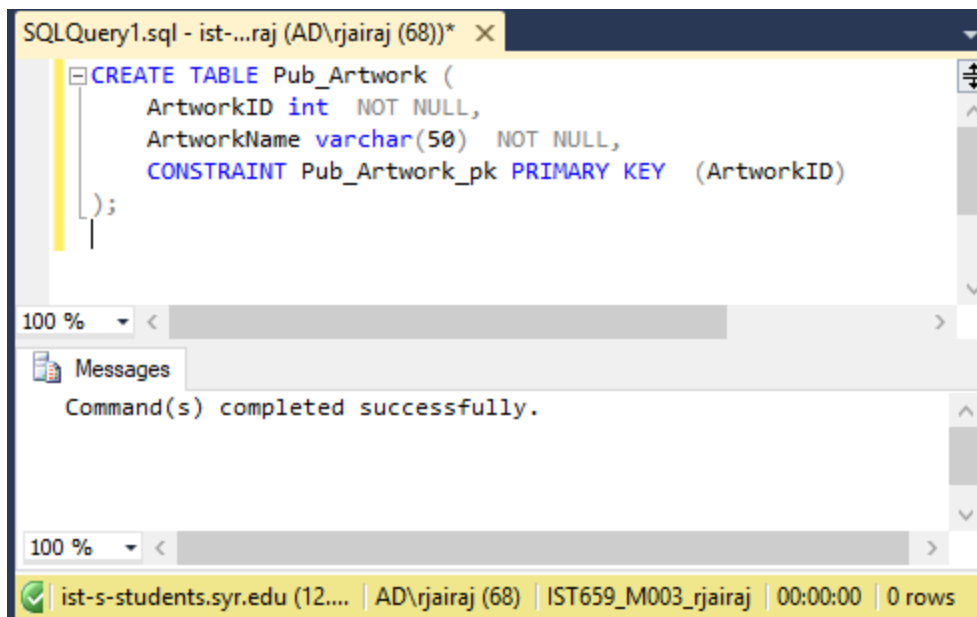


Create Table: Pub\_Artwork

```

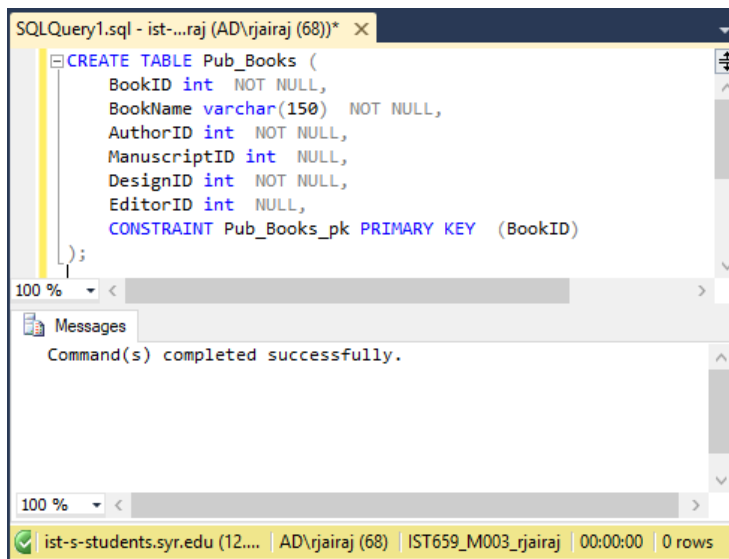
CREATE TABLE Pub_Artwork (
    ArtworkID int NOT NULL,
    ArtworkName varchar(50) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Artwork_pk PRIMARY KEY (ArtworkID)
);

```



Create Table: Pub\_Books

```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Books (
    BookID int NOT NULL,
    BookName varchar(150) NOT NULL,
    AuthorID int NOT NULL,
    ManuscriptID int NULL,
    DesignID int NOT NULL,
    EditorID int NULL,
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Books_pk PRIMARY KEY (BookID)
);
```



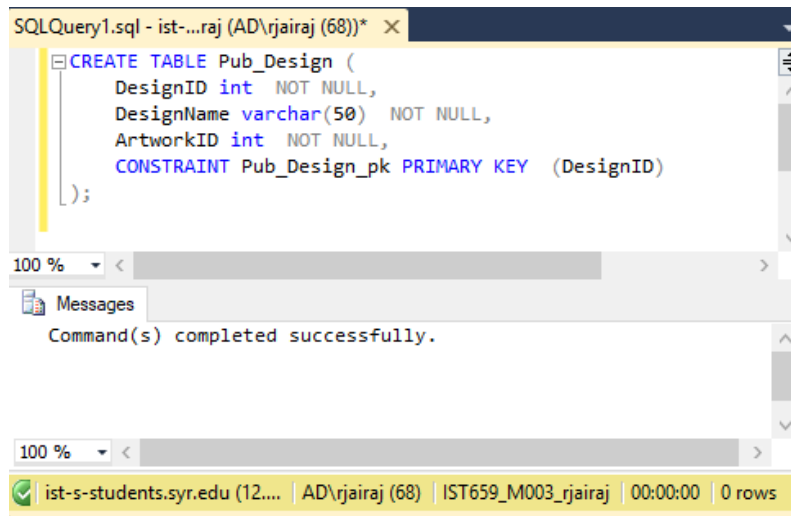
Create Table: Pub\_Design

```
CREATE TABLE Pub_Design (
    DesignID int NOT NULL,
    DesignName varchar(50) NOT NULL,
```

```

        ArtworkID int NOT NULL,
        CONSTRAINT Pub_Design_pk PRIMARY KEY (DesignID)
    );

```

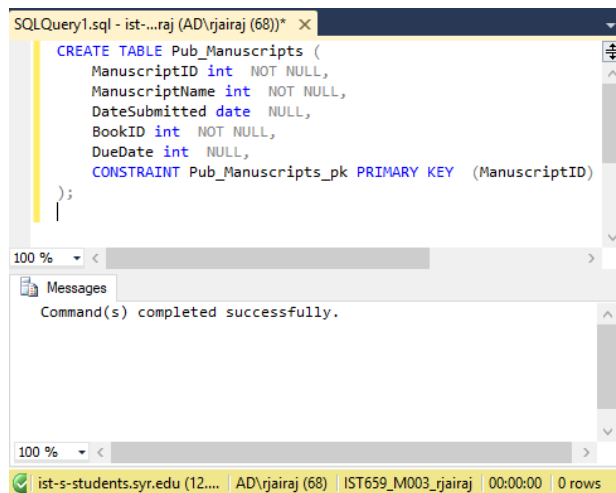


### Create Table: Pub\_Manuscripts

```

CREATE TABLE Pub_Manuscripts (
    ManuscriptID int NOT NULL,
    ManuscriptName int NOT NULL,
    DateSubmitted date NULL,
    BookID int NOT NULL,
    DueDate int NULL,
    CONSTRAINT Pub_Manuscripts_pk PRIMARY KEY (ManuscriptID)
);

```



### Create Table: Pub\_Royalties

```

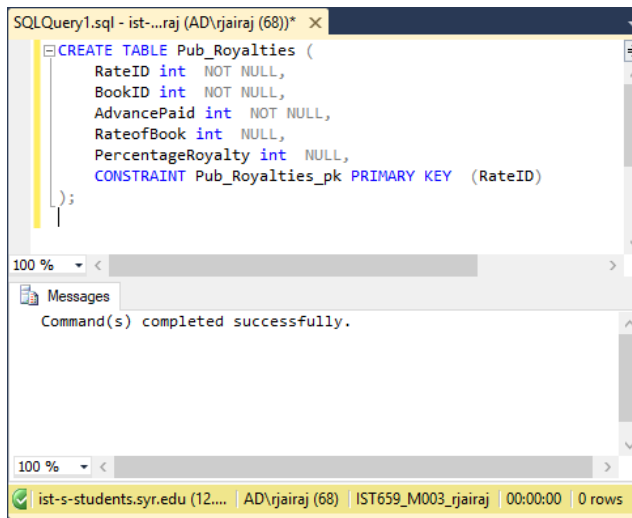
CREATE TABLE Pub_Royalties (
    RateID int NOT NULL,
    BookID int NOT NULL,
    AdvancePaid int NOT NULL,
    RateofBook int NULL,

```

```

PercentageRoyalty int NULL,
CONSTRAINT Pub_Royalties_pk PRIMARY KEY (RateID)
);

```

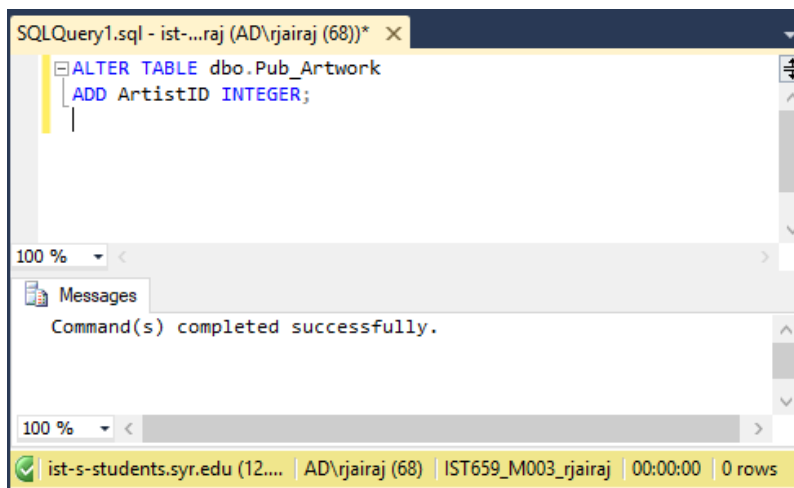


Adding a new column for ArtistID in Pub\_Artwork

```

ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Artwork
ADD ArtistID INTEGER;

```

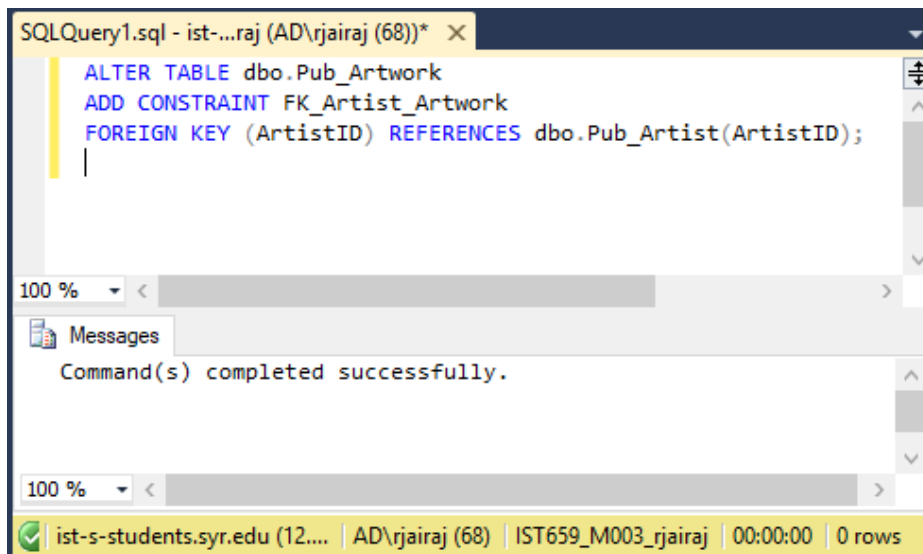


Adding Foreign Key for ArtistID in Pub\_Artwork (with reference to ArtistID from Pub\_Artist)

```

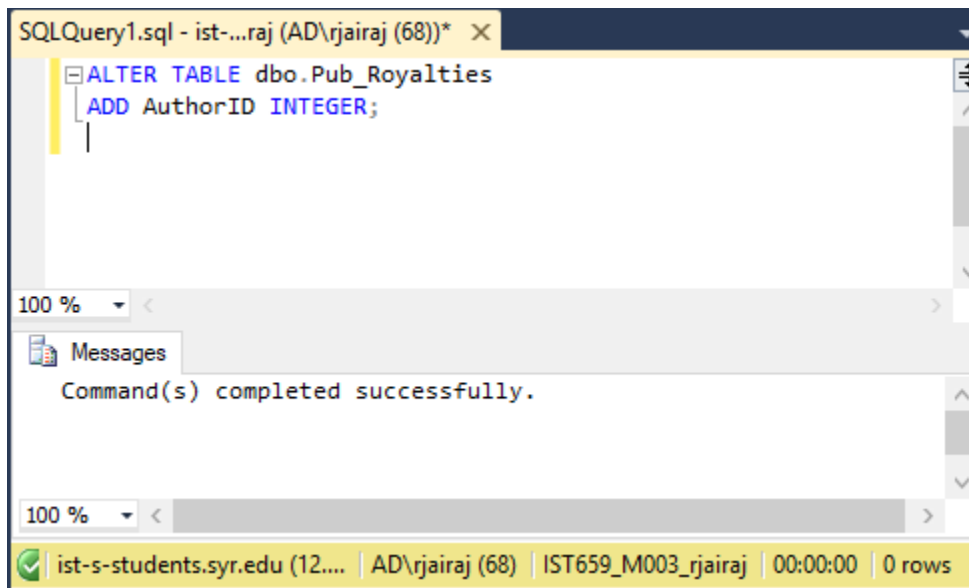
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Artwork
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Artist_Artwork
FOREIGN KEY (ArtistID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Artist(ArtistID);

```



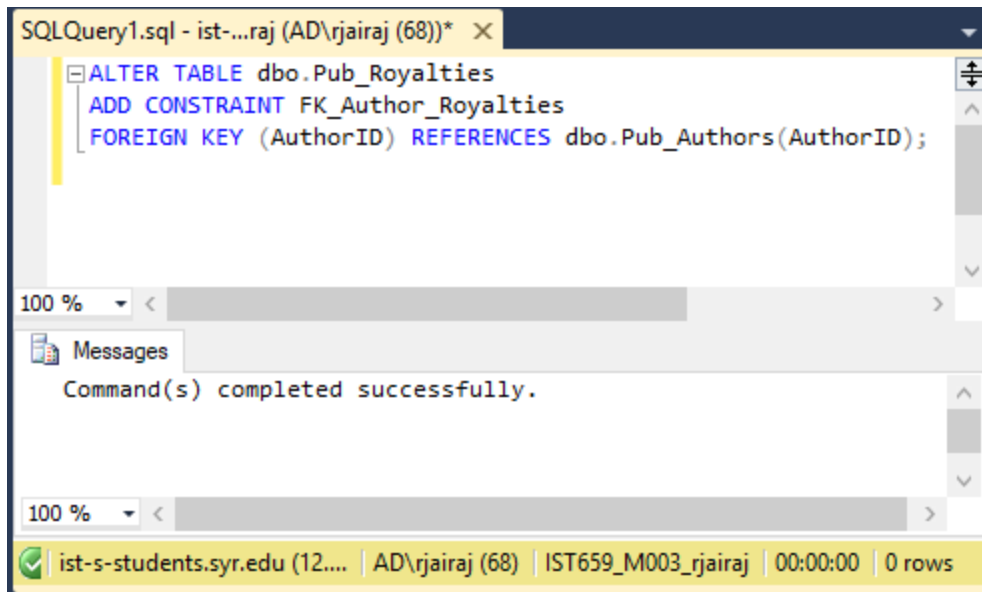
Adding a new column for AuthorID in Pub\_Royalties

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Royalties
ADD AuthorID INTEGER;
```



Adding Foreign Key for AuthorID in Pub\_Royalties (with reference to AuthorID from Pub\_Authors)

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Royalties
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Author_Royalties
FOREIGN KEY (AuthorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Authors(AuthorID);
```

A screenshot of the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane shows a SQL query: 

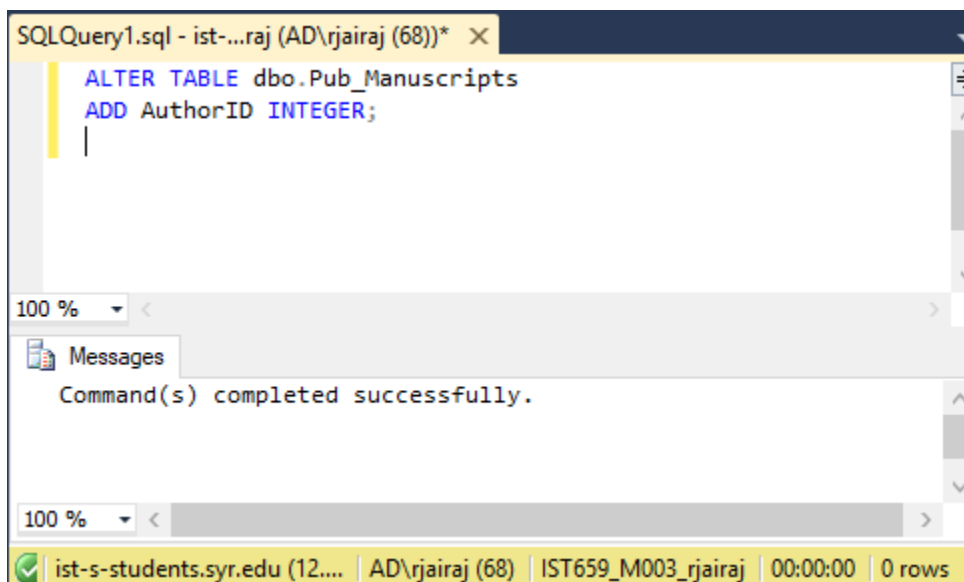
```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Royalties
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Author_Royalties
FOREIGN KEY (AuthorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Authors(AuthorID);
```

The bottom pane shows a message: "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" with user "AD\rjairaj (68)" and shows "0 rows" affected.

```
SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))* X
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Royalties
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Author_Royalties
FOREIGN KEY (AuthorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Authors(AuthorID);
100 %
Messages
Command(s) completed successfully.
100 %
ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....) | AD\rjairaj (68) | IST659_M003_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows
```

Adding a new column for AuthorID in Pub\_Manuscripts

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD AuthorID INTEGER;
```

A screenshot of the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The top pane shows a SQL query: 

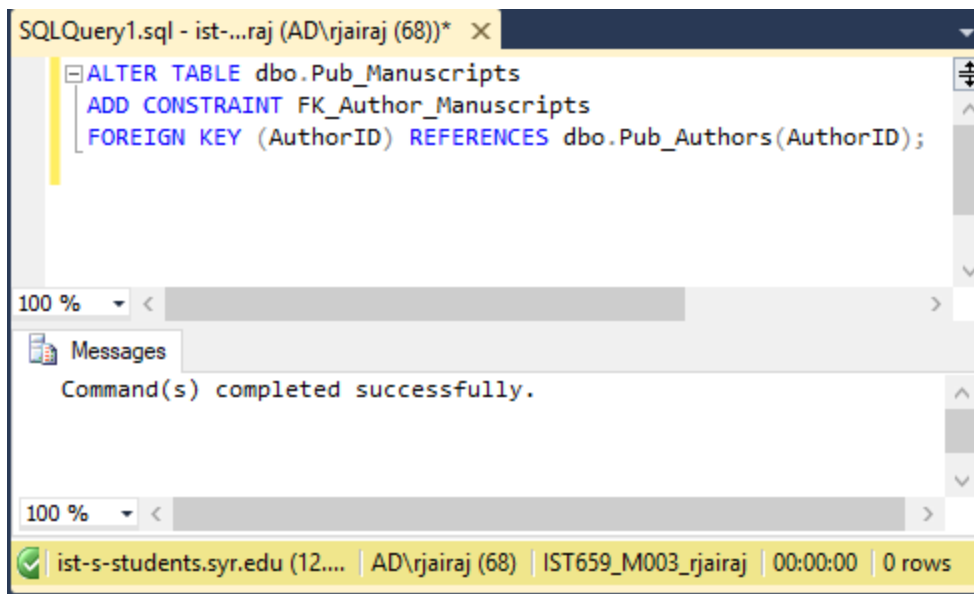
```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD AuthorID INTEGER;
```

The bottom pane shows a message: "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" with user "AD\rjairaj (68)" and shows "0 rows" affected.

```
SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (68))* X
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD AuthorID INTEGER;
100 %
Messages
Command(s) completed successfully.
100 %
ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....) | AD\rjairaj (68) | IST659_M003_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows
```

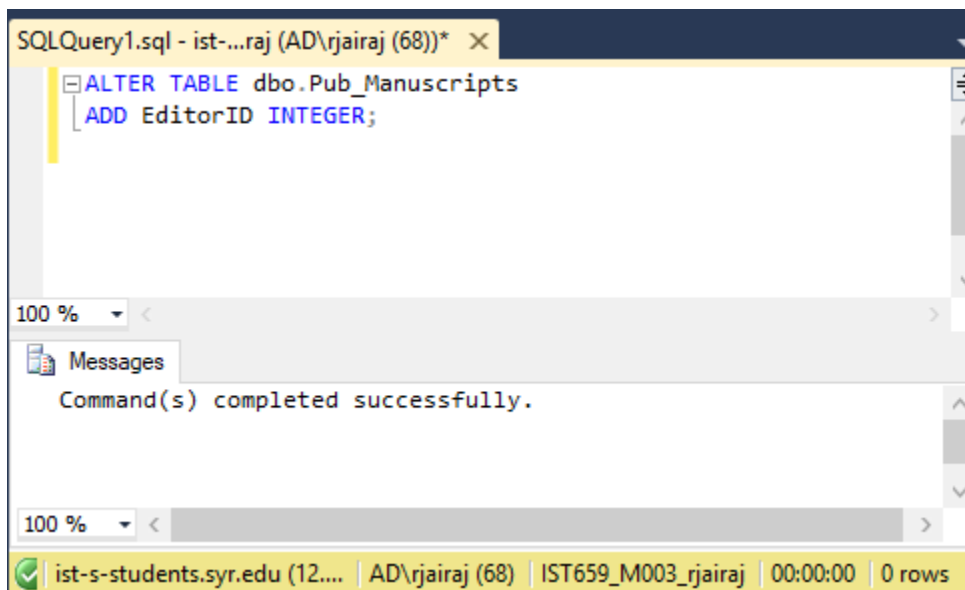
Adding Foreign Key for AuthorID in Pub\_Manuscripts (with reference to AuthorID from Pub\_Authors)

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Author_Manuscripts
FOREIGN KEY (AuthorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Authors(AuthorID);
```



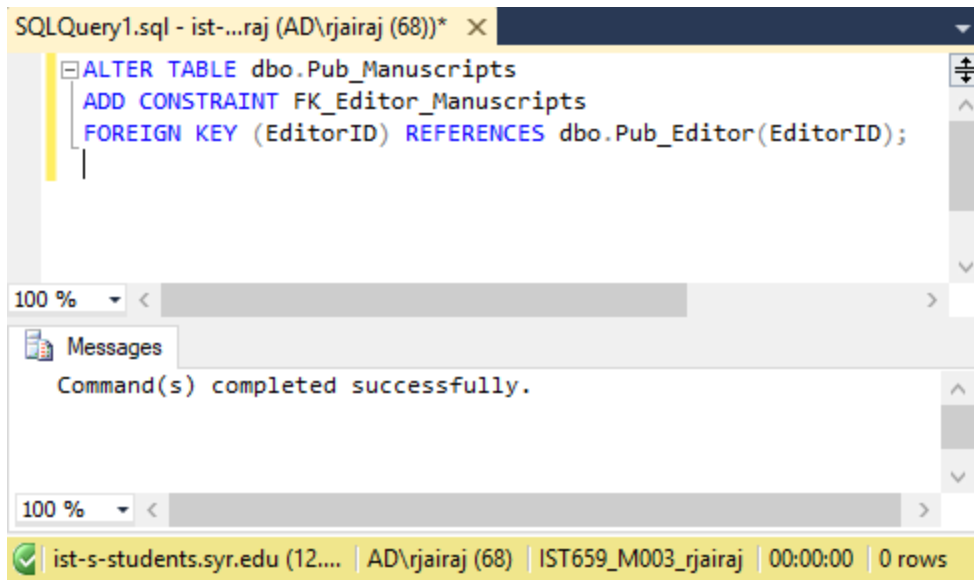
Adding a new column for EditorID in Pub\_Manuscripts

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD EditorID INTEGER;
```



Adding Foreign Key for EditorID in Pub\_Manuscripts (with reference to EditorID from Pub\_Editor)

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Editor_Manuscripts
FOREIGN KEY (EditorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Editor(EditorID);
```



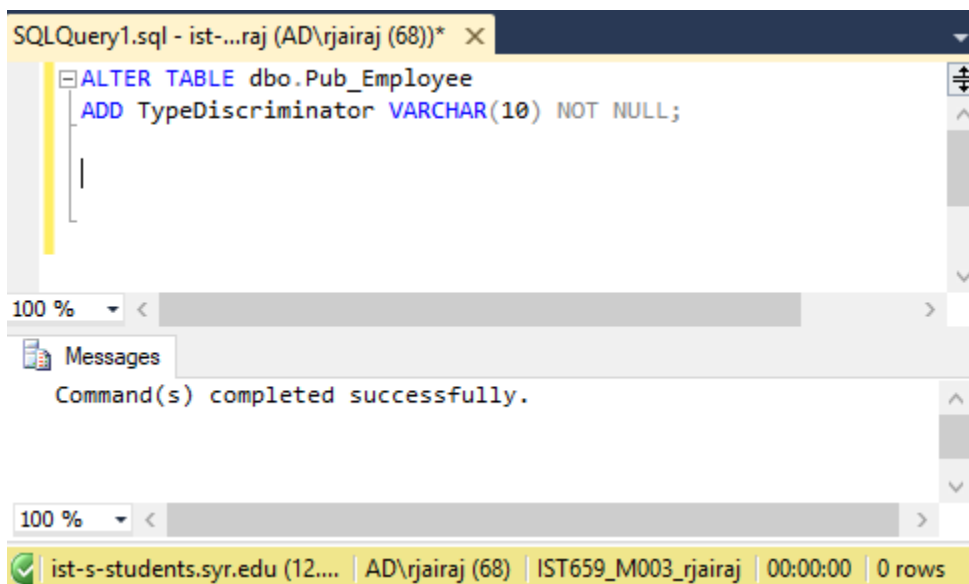
The screenshot shows a SQL Server Enterprise Manager window with a query editor and a messages pane. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Manuscripts
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Editor_Manuscripts
FOREIGN KEY (EditorID) REFERENCES dbo.Pub_Editor(EditorID);
```

The messages pane shows the message: "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" with user "AD\rjairaj (68)" and the query executed at "IST659\_M003\_rjairaj" with a duration of "00:00:00" and "0 rows" returned.

Adding a Type Discriminator to Employees for the three types of employees:

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Employee
ADD TypeDiscriminator VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Enterprise Manager window with a query editor and a messages pane. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

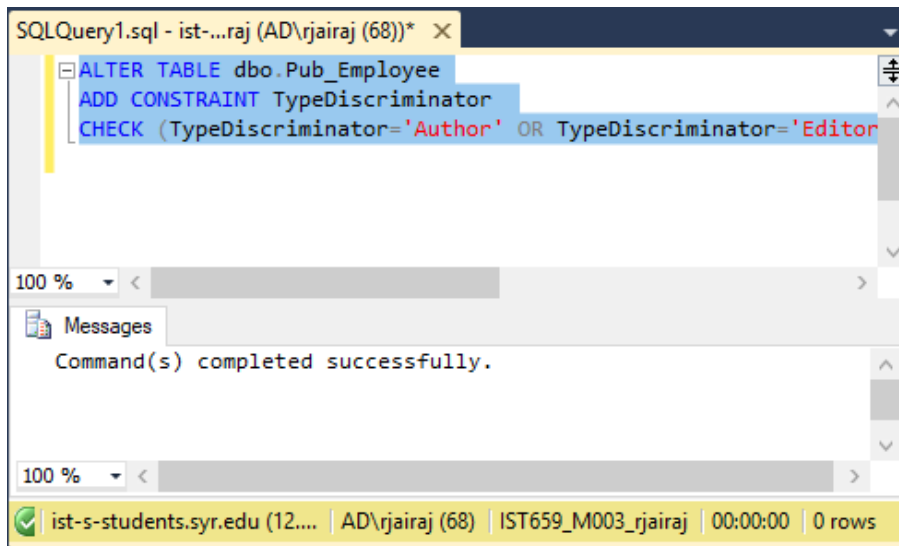
```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Employee
ADD TypeDiscriminator VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL;
```

The messages pane shows the message: "Command(s) completed successfully." The status bar at the bottom indicates the connection is to "ist-s-students.syr.edu (12....)" with user "AD\rjairaj (68)" and the query executed at "IST659\_M003\_rjairaj" with a duration of "00:00:00" and "0 rows" returned.

Adding a constraint for the type of Employee – Artist, Author or Editor:

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.Pub_Employee
ADD CONSTRAINT TypeDiscriminator
CHECK (TypeDiscriminator='Author' OR TypeDiscriminator='Editor' OR
TypeDiscriminator='Artist')
```





Modify Manuscript as:

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts DROP COLUMN BookID
```

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ADD CONSTRAINT Def_Date_Submitted DEFAULT GETDATE() FOR DateSubmitted
```



```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ALTER COLUMN ManuscriptName VARCHAR(50)
```

```
SQLQuery3.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (168))  SQLQuery2.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (78))* × SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (172))
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ALTER COLUMN ManuscriptName VARCHAR(50)
```

Changing incorrect datatypes

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts drop COLUMN DueDate
```

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ADD DueDate DATE
```

```
SQLQuery3.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (168))  SQLQuery4.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (118))* SQLQuery2.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (78))* ×
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts drop COLUMN DueDate
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ADD DueDate DATE
```

Now most importantly, we have the trigger for auto inserting employees into their respective tables:

```
CREATE TRIGGER Trig
ON Pub_Employee
FOR INSERT AS
IF @@ROWCOUNT=1
BEGIN
SET IMPLICIT_TRANSACTIONS ON;
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
IF(SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Artist'
INSERT INTO Pub_Artist (ArtistID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
IF(SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Author'
INSERT INTO Pub_Authors(AuthorID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
IF(SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Editor'
INSERT INTO Pub_Editor(EditorID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
COMMIT TRANSACTION;
END;
```

Here, we have set transactions on just in case something goes wrong, we don't want anything to get wrongly inserted.

We have also used the "if" condition to determine which type of employee is being inserted, and based on the condition, insert into the appropriate table.

The inserted table contains the latest inserted row.

```
CREATE TRIGGER Tr-ig
ON Pub_Employee
FOR INSERT AS
IF @@ROWCOUNT=1
BEGIN
SET IMPLICIT_TRANSACTIONS ON;
BEGIN TRANSACTION;
IF (SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Artist'
INSERT INTO Pub_Artist (ArtistID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
IF (SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Author'
INSERT INTO Pub_Authors (AuthorID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
IF (SELECT TypeDiscriminator FROM INSERTED) = 'Editor'
INSERT INTO Pub_Editor (EditorID) SELECT EmployeeID FROM INSERTED;
COMMIT TRANSACTION;
END;
```

100 %

Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

100 %

Query executed successfully. | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12... | AD\rjairaj (112) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows

Now, for the change from the implementation report, we remove the column Manuscript ID from Books and add Book ID to Manuscript to handle the scenario of linking multiple manuscripts to one book. We can also view scenarios in which the same author/editor need not be linked to the same author/editor in both Manuscript and Books tables. So, Adam can write Manuscript 1, Bob can edit it, Charles can write Manuscript 2, Darren can edit it and combining the 2 manuscripts to Book1, a totally new author, Elliot can consolidate it and Farid can edit it.

**ALTER TABLE Pub\_Books DROP COLUMN ManuscriptID**

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Books DROP COLUMN ManuscriptID
```

100 %

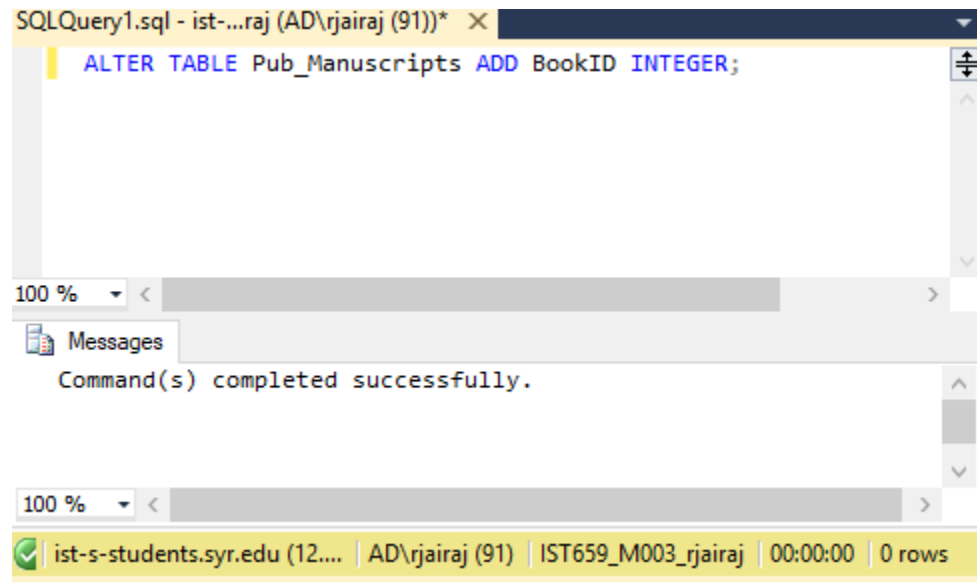
Messages

Command(s) completed successfully.

100 %

ist-s-students.syr.edu (12... | AD\rjairaj (91) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 0 rows

```
ALTER TABLE Pub_Manuscripts ADD BookID INTEGER
```



Now, on the topic of inserting data into the tables we have the following:

PS – It must be mentioned that we have used only a few of these queries in order to populate our tables – rest were added via access. It was all junk data initially to ensure whether correct data was passed downstream to relevant areas, and later these were modified. So, this data was made to be as such over the course of time and these statements are created after the fact, in order for recreation and verification.

For Pub\_employee table:

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Employee VALUES
(1, 'Rahul', 'Jairaj', 'rj@pub.com', 657, 'Brighton Ave.', 'Syracuse', 'NY', 13244, '315-572-6884', 'Artist'),
(2, 'AJ', 'Mannings', 'aj@pub.com', 333, 'S. Crouse Ave.', 'Syracuse', 'NY', 13225, '444-666-8888', 'Artist'),
(3, 'Bill', 'Gates', 'bg@pub.com', 333, 'Clapham', 'San Francisco', 'CA', 66666, '111-222-3333', 'Artist'),
(4, 'Brian', 'Cadillac', 'bc@pub.com', 747, 'Big Tree Lane', 'Los Angeles', 'CA', 55555, '444-222-6666', 'Author'),
(5, 'Mary', 'Holm', 'mh@pub.com', 799, 'Littleroot', 'New York', 'NY', 99999, '111-222-4444', 'Author'),
(6, 'Ulyses', 'Jardin', 'uj@pub.com', 342, 'Pinecone Pl.', 'Los Angeles', 'CA', 28342, '666-455-3333', 'Author'),
(7, 'Fraco', 'Leone', 'fl@pub.com', 429, 'Fairhaven', 'San Jose', 'CA', 83456, '222-777-4444', 'Editor'),
(8, 'Lionel', 'Ritchie', 'lr@pub.com', 783, 'Teakwood', 'Los Angeles', 'CA', 59699, '111-333-7543', 'Editor'),
(9, 'Shankar', 'Varma', 'sv@pub.com', 284, 'Hastings', 'New York', 'NY', 37466, '928-111-3445', 'Editor'),
(10, 'Jacques', 'Mariland', 'jm@pub.com', 542, 'Cianwood', 'Buffalo', 'NY', 14567, '444-333-7777', 'Artist'),
```

```
(11, 'Jamir', 'Luciene', 'jl@pub.com', 732, 'H. Jameson', 'New York', 'NY', 53367, '455-323-7777', 'Author'),
(12, 'Jay', 'Raj', 'jr@pub.com', 777, 'E. Mauville', 'Albany', 'NY', 38367, '895-323-8977', 'Editor')
```

Now, moving on to the Pub\_Artist table,

```
UPDATE Pub_Artist SET NumberofWorks = 5 WHERE ArtistID=1
UPDATE Pub_Artist SET NumberofWorks = 6 WHERE ArtistID=2
UPDATE Pub_Artist SET NumberofWorks = 7 WHERE ArtistID=3
```

Similarly for Pub\_Editor table:

```
UPDATE Pub_Editor SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 11 WHERE EditorID=7
UPDATE Pub_Editor SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 12 WHERE EditorID=8
UPDATE Pub_Editor SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 13 WHERE EditorID=9
```

And for Pub\_Authors table:

```
UPDATE Pub_Authors SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 8 WHERE AuthorID=4
UPDATE Pub_Authors SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 9 WHERE AuthorID=5
UPDATE Pub_Authors SET NumberofManuscriptsWritten = 10 WHERE AuthorID=6
```

Moving on to the Artwork table, as we have already filled in artist details,

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Artwork VALUES
(1, 'Snitch', 1),
(2, 'Wand', 2),
(3, 'Mickey', 2),
(4, 'President', 1)
```

Next, we can do designs:

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Design VALUES
(1, 'Design 1', 1),
(2, 'Design 2', 2),
(3, 'Design 3', 1)
```

Moving on to Manuscripts, as we have done Authors and Editors,

We have two different statements because we the users didn't enter SubmittedDate the first 2 times – by default it will take it as the current date y the GETDATE() function.

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Manuscripts (ManuscriptID, ManuscriptName, AuthorID, EditorID, DueDate)
VALUES
(1, 'Sports in Harry Potter', 4, 7, '2017-12-06'),
(3, 'Magical Boy Wizard', 5, 8, '2017-12-08');
INSERT INTO Pub_Manuscripts VALUES (3, 'Magic Animals', '2017-11-24', 6, 8, '2017-11-29');
```

Coming up next, we have the central entity – Pub\_Books:

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Books
VALUES (1, 'Quidditch', 4, 1, 1, 7),
(2, 'Harry Potter', 5, 2, 2, 8)
```

Finally, we have royalty:

```
INSERT INTO Pub_Royalties
VALUES (1, 1, 50000, 100, 5, 4),
(2, 2, 30000, 60, 6, 5)
```

## DATA QUESTIONS

1. How to view all the details of all books – Book ID, Author, Editor, Royalties etc.?

```
SELECT b.BookID, b.BookName,
arr.ArtistID, emmm.FName 'Artist First Name', emmm.LName 'Artist Last Name',
e.EditorID, emm.FName 'Editor First Name', emm.LName 'Editor Last Name',
a.AuthorID, em.FName 'Author First Name', em.LName 'Author Last Name',
r.AdvancePaid, r.PercentageRoyalty, r.RateofBook
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Authors a ON (a.AuthorID=b.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Editor e ON (e.EditorID=b.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Royalties r ON (r.BookID=b.BookID)
JOIN Pub_Employee em ON (em.EmployeeID=a.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee emm ON (emm.EmployeeID=e.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Design d ON (d.DesignID=b.DesignID)
JOIN Pub_Artwork ar ON (d.ArtworkID=ar.ArtworkID)
JOIN Pub_Artist arr ON (ar.ArtistID=arr.ArtistID)
JOIN Pub_Employee emmm ON (emmm.EmployeeID=arr.ArtistID)
```

SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (78))\*

```

SELECT b.BookID, b.BookName,
arr.ArtistID, emm.FName 'Artist First Name', emm.LName 'Artist Last Name',
e.EditorID, em.FName 'Editor First Name', em.LName 'Editor Last Name',
a.AuthorID, em.FName 'Author First Name', em.LName 'Author Last Name',
r.AdvancePaid, r.PercentageRoyalty, r.RateofBook
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Authors a ON (a.AuthorID=b.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Editor e ON (e.EditorID=b.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Royalties r ON (r.BookID=b.BookID)
JOIN Pub_Employee em ON (em.EmployeeID=a.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee emm ON (emm.EmployeeID=e.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Design d ON (d.DesignID=b.DesignID)
JOIN Pub_Artwork ar ON (d.ArtworkID=ar.ArtworkID)
JOIN Pub_Artist arr ON (ar.ArtistID=arr.ArtistID)
JOIN Pub_Employee emmm ON (emmm.EmployeeID=arr.ArtistID)

```

100 %

Results Messages

	BookID	BookName	ArtistID	Artist First Name	Artist Last Name	EditorID	Editor First Name	Editor Last Name	AuthorID	Author First Name	Author Last Name	AdvancePaid	PercentageRoyalty	RateofBook
1	1	Quidditch	1	Rahul	Jairaj	7	Fraco	Leone	4	Brian	Cadillac	50000	5	100
2	2	Harry Potter	2	AJ	Mannings	8	Lionel	Ritchie	5	Mary	Holm	30000	6	60

2. Compare the number of works an editor has in the publishing company as compared to outside.

```

SELECT e.EditorID, em.FName, em.LName,
COUNT(*) 'Number of manuscripts with publisher',
e.NumberofManuscriptsWritten 'Number of manuscripts outside of publisher'
FROM Pub_Editor e
JOIN Pub_Books b ON (b.EditorID=e.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee em ON (em.EmployeeID=e.EditorID)
GROUP BY e.EditorID, e.NumberofManuscriptsWritten, em.FName, em.LName

```

SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (98))\*

```

SELECT e.EditorID, em.FName, em.LName,
COUNT(*) 'Number of manuscripts with publisher',
e.NumberofManuscriptsWritten 'Number of manuscripts outside of publisher'
FROM Pub_Editor e
JOIN Pub_Books b ON (b.EditorID=e.EditorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee em ON (em.EmployeeID=e.EditorID)
GROUP BY e.EditorID, e.NumberofManuscriptsWritten, em.FName, em.LName

```

100 %

Results Messages

	EditorID	FName	LName	Number of manuscripts with publisher	Number of manuscripts outside of publisher
1	7	Fraco	Leone	1	11
2	8	Lionel	Ritchie	1	12

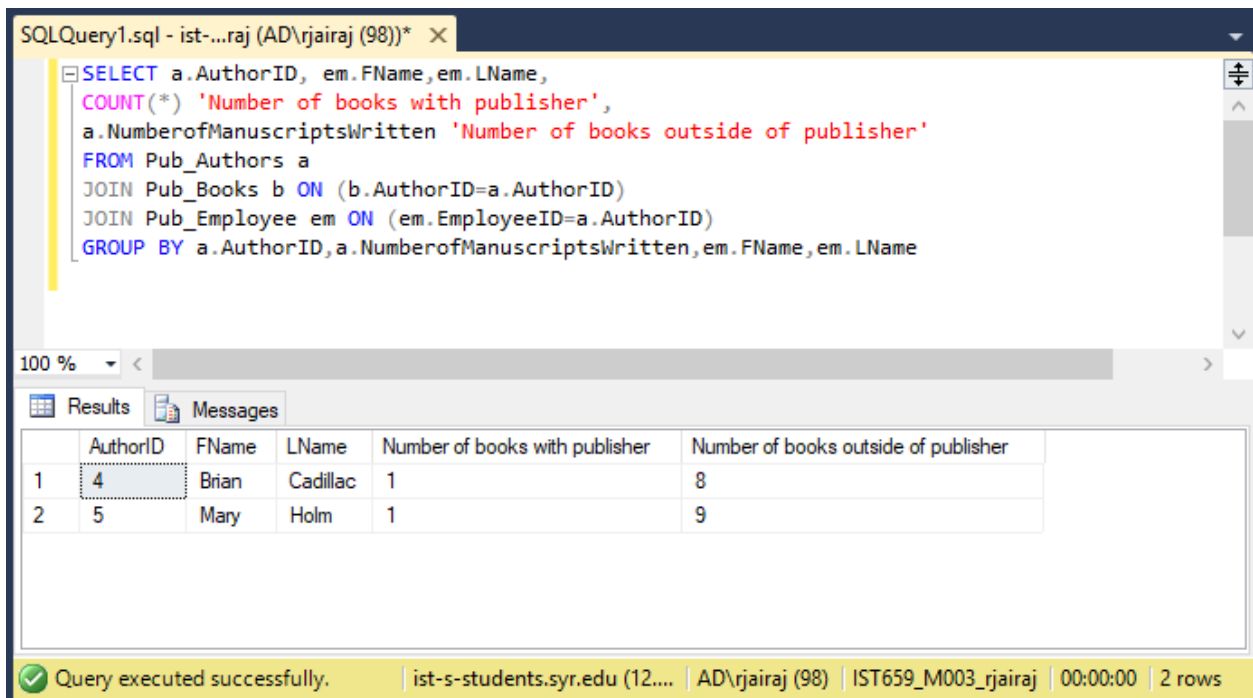
Query executed successfully. | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12.... | AD\rjairaj (98) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 2 rows

3. Compare the number of works an author has in the publishing company as compared to outside.

```

SELECT a.AuthorID, em.FName,em.LName,
COUNT(*) 'Number of books with publisher',
a.NumberofManuscriptsWritten 'Number of books outside of publisher'
FROM Pub_Authors a
JOIN Pub_Books b ON (b.AuthorID=a.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee em ON (em.EmployeeID=a.AuthorID)
GROUP BY a.AuthorID,a.NumberofManuscriptsWritten,em.FName,em.LName

```



The screenshot shows a SQL query window titled 'SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (98))\*'. The query is the same as the one above. Below the query editor, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with 2 rows and 6 columns. The columns are: AuthorID, FName, LName, Number of books with publisher, and Number of books outside of publisher. The first row shows AuthorID 4, FName Brian, LName Cadillac, 1 book with publisher, and 8 books outside. The second row shows AuthorID 5, FName Mary, LName Holm, 1 book with publisher, and 9 books outside. At the bottom, a status bar indicates 'Query executed successfully.' and '2 rows'.

	AuthorID	FName	LName	Number of books with publisher	Number of books outside of publisher
1	4	Brian	Cadillac	1	8
2	5	Mary	Holm	1	9

Query executed successfully. | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12.... | AD\rjairaj (98) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 2 rows

#### 4. Number of books for each author

```

SELECT a.AuthorID,e.FName,e.LName,COUNT(*) 'Number of books'
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Authors a ON (a.AuthorID=b.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee e ON (e.EmployeeID=a.AuthorID)
GROUP BY a.AuthorID,e.FName,e.LName

```



SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (116))\* X

```

SELECT a.AuthorID,e.FName,e.LName,COUNT(*) 'Number of books'
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Authors a ON (a.AuthorID=b.AuthorID)
JOIN Pub_Employee e ON (e.EmployeeID=a.AuthorID)
GROUP BY a.AuthorID,e.FName,e.LName

```

100 %

Results Messages

	AuthorID	FName	LName	Number of books
1	4	Brian	Cadillac	1
2	5	Mary	Holm	1

Query executed successfully. | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12.... | AD\rjairaj (116) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 0

5. Which artist has drawn in each book?

```

SELECT b.BookID,b.BookName,
a.ArtworkID,a.ArtworkName,
ar.ArtistID,e.FName,e.LName
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Design d ON (b.DesignID=d.DesignID)
JOIN Pub_Artwork a ON (d.ArtworkID=a.ArtworkID)
JOIN Pub_Artist ar ON (a.ArtistID=ar.ArtistID)
JOIN Pub_Employee e ON (e.EmployeeID=ar.ArtistID)

```

SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (78))\* X

```

SELECT b.BookID,b.BookName,
a.ArtworkID,a.ArtworkName,
ar.ArtistID,e.FName,e.LName
FROM Pub_Books b
JOIN Pub_Design d ON (b.DesignID=d.DesignID)
JOIN Pub_Artwork a ON (d.ArtworkID=a.ArtworkID)
JOIN Pub_Artist ar ON (a.ArtistID=ar.ArtistID)
JOIN Pub_Employee e ON (e.EmployeeID=ar.ArtistID)

```

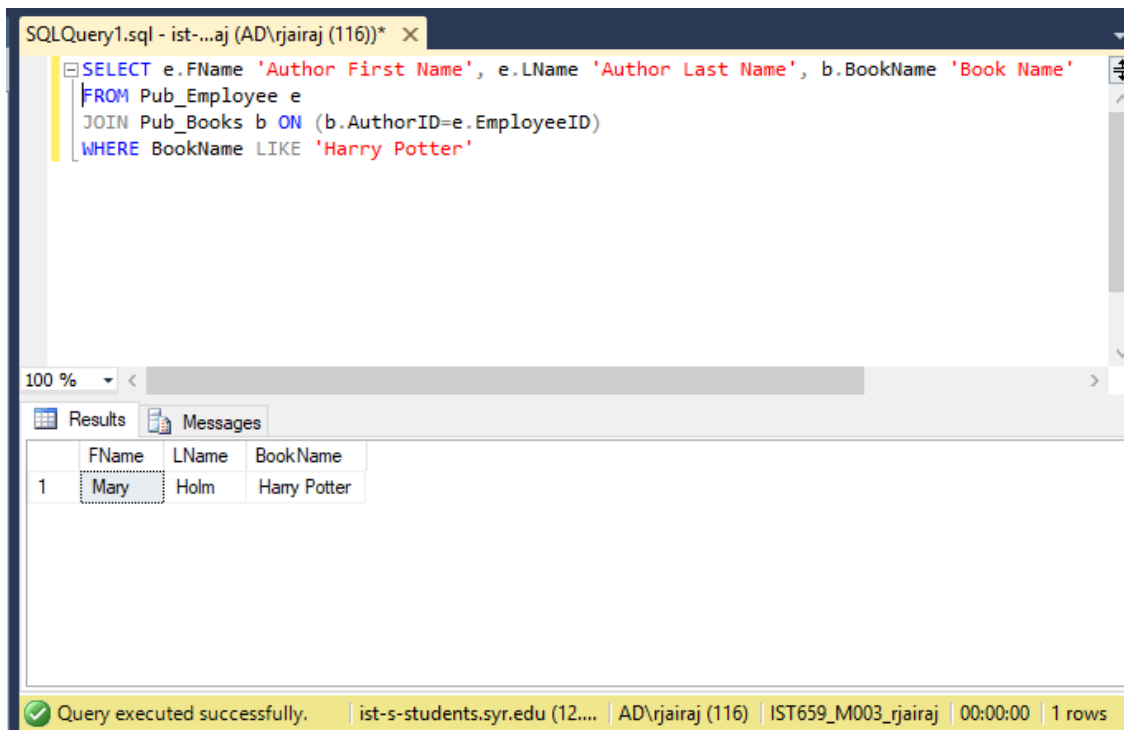
100 %

Results Messages

	BookID	BookName	ArtworkID	ArtworkName	ArtistID	FName	LName
1	1	Quidditch	1	Snitch	1	Rahul	Jairaj
2	2	Harry Potter	2	Wand	2	AJ	Mannings

6. Who is the author of “Harry Potter”

```
SELECT e.FName 'Author First Name', e.LName 'Author Last Name', b.BookName 'Book Name'  
FROM Pub_Employee e  
JOIN Pub_Books b ON (b.AuthorID=e.EmployeeID)  
WHERE BookName LIKE 'Harry Potter'
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following text:

```
SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...aj (AD\rjairaj (116))* X  
SELECT e.FName 'Author First Name', e.LName 'Author Last Name', b.BookName 'Book Name'  
FROM Pub_Employee e  
JOIN Pub_Books b ON (b.AuthorID=e.EmployeeID)  
WHERE BookName LIKE 'Harry Potter'
```

Below the query window, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with the following data:

	FName	LName	BookName
1	Mary	Holm	Harry Potter

At the bottom of the window, a status bar indicates: "Query executed successfully. | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12,... | AD\rjairaj (116) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 1 rows"

7. How many of each – authors, editors and artists are from each state?

```
SELECT State, TypeDiscriminator 'Type of employee', COUNT(*) 'Number'  
FROM Pub_Employee  
GROUP BY TypeDiscriminator, State
```

SQLQuery1.sql - ist-...raj (AD\rjairaj (78))\*

```

SELECT State, TypeDiscriminator 'Type of employee', COUNT(*) 'Number'
FROM Pub_Employee
GROUP BY TypeDiscriminator, State

```

100 %

Results Messages

	State	Type of employee	Number
1	CA	Artist	1
2	CA	Author	2
3	CA	Editor	2
4	NY	Artist	3
5	NY	Author	2
6	NY	Editor	2

Query execu... | ist-s-students.syr.edu (12... | AD\rjairaj (78) | IST659\_M003\_rjairaj | 00:00:00 | 6 rows

## FORMS

First of all, we have a few queries for helping make combo boxes.

Listing out all unique Artists:

All Access Obj...

Search...

Tables

Design UniqueArtwork Unique Artist

```

SELECT DISTINCT dbo_Pub_Artist.[ArtistID]
FROM dbo_Pub_Artist;

```

Listing out all unique Authors:

All Access Obj...

Search...

Tables

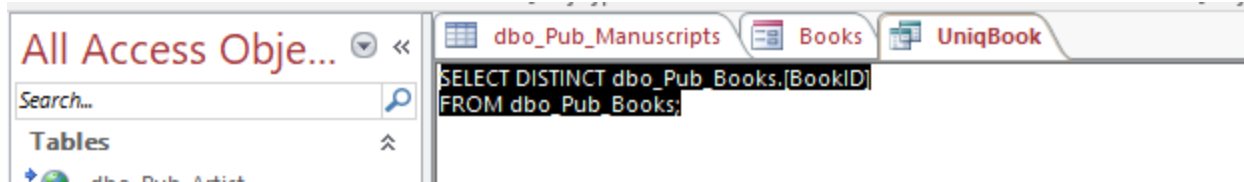
Royalties UniqueAuth

```

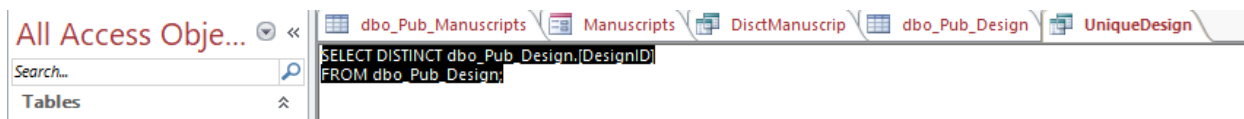
SELECT DISTINCT dbo_Pub_Authors.[AuthorID]
FROM dbo_Pub_Authors;

```

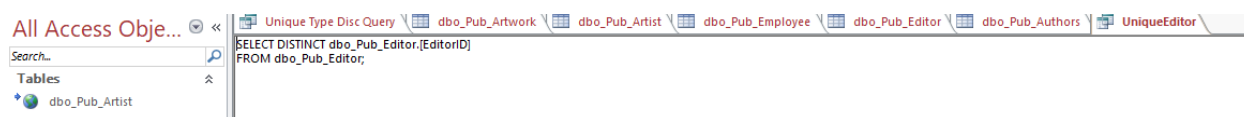
Listing out all unique Books:



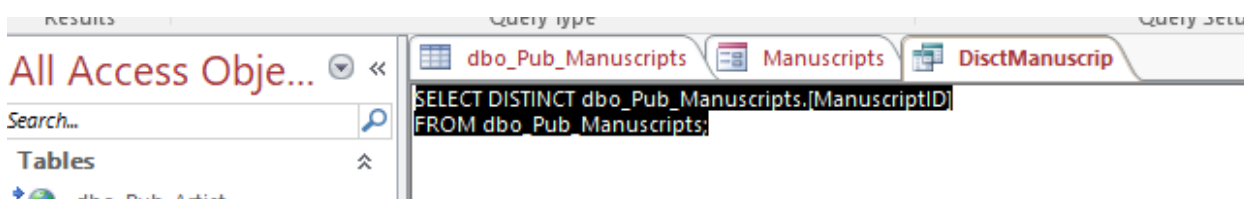
Listing out all unique Designs:



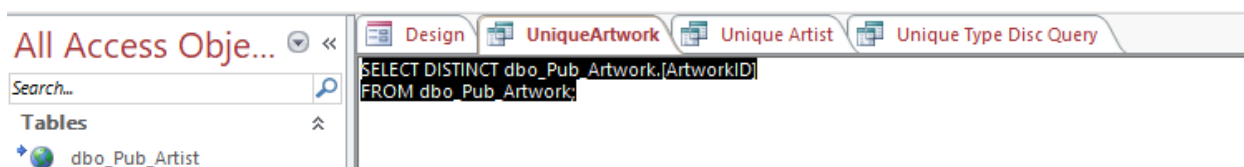
Listing out all unique Editor:



Listing out all unique Manuscripts:



Listing out all unique Artworks:



In addition, for the final report, we needed to query unique Books as well:



First of all, we have a form for Employees:

Here, we have buttons for adding and deleting employees.

We have a dropdown list for the type discriminator – ‘Author’, ‘Editor’ or ‘Artist’ – these are fixed values and embedded into the TypeDiscriminator column in Employee table.

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Access interface for the 'Employee Form'. The left-hand pane, titled 'All Access Objects', lists the database's components: Tables (dbo\_Pub\_Artist, dbo\_Pub\_Artwork, dbo\_Pub\_Authors, dbo\_Pub\_Books, dbo\_Pub\_Design, dbo\_Pub\_Editor, dbo\_Pub\_Employee, dbo\_Pub\_Manuscripts, dbo\_Pub\_Royalties), Queries (Unique Artist, Unique Type Disc Query), and Forms (Artwork, Employee Form). The 'Employee Form' is currently selected and shown in design view. The form layout includes text boxes for the following fields: EmployeeID, FName, LName, EMail, StNumber, StName, City, State, PostalCode, and PhoneNumber. The 'Type Discriminator' field is a dropdown menu with a list of options: Artist, Author, and Editor. A 'Delete Employee' button is positioned below the dropdown menu. The top of the form has a title bar that reads 'Employee'.

Next, moving to Artworks:

We have buttons for adding and deleting Artworks.

ArtistID is a combobox which has values derived from the query mentioned earlier – for unique ArtistIDs from Artist table.

These are embedded into the ArtistID in the Artwork Table.

We also have a sub-form with Design and its details – which filters the data as per the ArtworkID

Artwork

ArtworkID

ArtworkName

ArtistID

▼

1  
2  
3

Delete Artwork

DesignID	DesignName	ArtworkID
*		

Here is a populated form as an example.

Artwork

ArtworkID

ArtworkName

ArtistID

▼

Delete Artwork

Add Artwork

DesignID	DesignName	ArtworkID
1	Des1	1
3	Des3	1
*		1

Next we have the Design form:

We have buttons for adding and deleting Designs.

ArtworkID is a combobox which has values derived from the query mentioned earlier – for unique ArtworkIDs from Artwork table.

These are embedded into the ArtworkID in the Design Table.

All Access Objects << Design UniqueArtwork

Search...

**Tables**

- dbo\_Pub\_Artist
- dbo\_Pub\_Artwork
- dbo\_Pub\_Authors
- dbo\_Pub\_Books
- dbo\_Pub\_Design**
- dbo\_Pub\_Editor
- dbo\_Pub\_Employee
- dbo\_Pub\_Manuscripts
- dbo\_Pub\_Royalties

**Queries**

- Unique Artist
- Unique Type Disc Query
- UniqueArtwork

**Forms**

- Artwork
- Design
- Employee Form

**Design**

DesignID

DesignName

ArtworkID

Delete Design

1  
2  
3  
4

Moving on, we have the Manuscript form:

We have buttons for adding and deleting Manuscripts.

AuthorID and EditorID are comboboxes which have values derived from the queries mentioned earlier – for unique AuthorIDs and EditorIDs.

These are embedded into the AuthorID and EditorID in the Manuscripts Table.

(This form was updated, and book ID has been added, for the implementation phase. It also follows the same rules as Author ID and Editor ID. With the newly created query mentioned earlier, we list unique values of Book ID and embed it back into the Manuscript table.)

**New Updated Manuscript Form**

ManuscriptID

ManuscriptName

DateSubmitted

DueDate

AuthorID

EditorID

BookID

Delete Manuscript Add Manuscript

## New Updated Manuscript Form

ManuscriptID	<input type="text"/>
ManuscriptName	<input type="text"/>
DateSubmitted	<input type="text"/>
DueDate	<input type="text"/>
AuthorID	<input type="text"/>
EditorID	<input type="text"/>
BookID	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Delete Manuscript"/>	<div>4 5 6 11</div>

## New Updated Manuscript Form

ManuscriptID	<input type="text"/>
ManuscriptName	<input type="text"/>
DateSubmitted	<input type="text"/>
DueDate	<input type="text"/>
AuthorID	<input type="text"/>
EditorID	<input type="text"/>
BookID	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Delete Manuscript"/>	<div>7 8 9 12</div>

## New Updated Manuscript Form

ManuscriptID	<input type="text"/>
ManuscriptName	<input type="text"/>
DateSubmitted	<input type="text"/>
DueDate	<input type="text"/>
AuthorID	<input type="text"/>
EditorID	<input type="text"/>
BookID	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Delete Manuscript"/>	<div>1 2</div>




Coming up, is Books form:

We have buttons for adding and deleting Books.

AuthorID, EditorID, DesignID are comboboxes which have values derived from the queries mentioned earlier.

These are embedded into the fields of AuthorID, EditorID, DesignID in the Books Table.

(Manuscript ID has been removed from this table as per the change planned.)

 Updated Books Form

BookID

BookName


AuthorID

DesignID

EditorID

Delete Book

Add Book

 Updated Books Form

BookID

BookName

AuthorID


DesignID

4  
5  
6  
11

EditorID

Delete Book

Add Book

 Updated Books Form

BookID

BookName

AuthorID

DesignID

EditorID

1  
2  
3

Delete Book

Add Book

Updated Books Form

BookID

BookName

AuthorID

DesignID

EditorID

Delete Book

7

8

9

12

Next, we have the Royalties form:

We have buttons for adding and deleting Royalties.

AuthorID and BookID are comboboxes which have values derived from the queries mentioned earlier – for unique AuthorIDs and BookIDs.

These are embedded into the AuthorID and BookID in the Royalties Table.

Royalties

RateID

BookID

AdvancePaid

1

2

RateofBook

PercentageRoyalty

AuthorID

Delete Royalties

Add Royalties

Royalties

Royalties

RateID

BookID

AdvancePaid

RateofBook

PercentageRoyalty

AuthorID

Delete Royalties

4

5

6

## REPORTS AND QUERIES FOR DATA QUESTIONS IN ACCESS

- How to view all the details of all books – Book ID, Author, Editor, Royalties etc.?

Author of the book HP DQ 6 ques Auth DQ Auth number AUTH COMPARISON Editorcomp Editor comp MainQue ReportFinal

```

SELECT dbo_Pub_Books.BookID, dbo_Pub_Books.BookName, dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID, dbo_Pub_Employee_2.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee_2.LName, dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID, dbo_Pub_Employee_1.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee_1.LName,
dbo_Pub_Royalties.AdvancePaid, dbo_Pub_Royalties.PercentageRoyalty, dbo_Pub_Royalties.RateofBook
FROM ((((((dbo_Pub_Books INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Authors ON (dbo_Pub_Books.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Editor ON (dbo_Pub_Books.EditorID = dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Royalties ON (dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Royalties.AuthorID) AND
(dbo_Pub_Books.BookID = dbo_Pub_Royalties.BookID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Design ON (dbo_Pub_Books.DesignID = dbo_Pub_Design.DesignID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Artwork ON (dbo_Pub_Design.ArtworkID = dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Artist ON (dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtistID = dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID)
INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON (dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee AS dbo_Pub_Employee_1 ON (dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID = dbo_Pub_Employee_1.EmployeeID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee AS dbo_Pub_Employee_2 ON (dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID =
dbo_Pub_Employee_2.EmployeeID;
  
```

Report on details of books					Monday, November 27, 2017	
					5:32:45 PM	
Book ID	Book's Name	Artist ID	Artist's First Name	Artist's Last Name		
1	Quidditch	1	Rahul	Jairaj		
2	Harry Potter	2	AJ	Mannings		

Editor ID	Editor's First Name	Editor's Last Name	Author ID	Author's First Name
7	Fraco	Leone	4	Brian
8	Lionel	Ritchie	5	Mary


Author's Last Name	Advance Paid to the Author	Percentage Royalty	Rate of the Book
Cadillac	50000	5	100
Holm	30000	6	60

- Compare the number of works an editor has in the publishing company as compared to outside.

```

SELECT dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName, dbo_Pub_Editor.NumberofManuscriptsWritten, COUNT(*)
FROM (dbo_Pub_Books INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Editor ON dbo_Pub_Books.EditorID = dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID
GROUP BY dbo_Pub_Editor.EditorID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName, dbo_Pub_Editor.NumberofManuscriptsWritten;

```

 Comparison of number of works an editor has within the publishing company to outside			Monday, November 27, 2017 1:47:11 PM
Editor ID	Editor's First Name	Editor's Last Name	Number of works edited o
7	Fraco	Leone	
8	Lionel	Ritchie	

outside the company	Number of works edited inside the company
11	1
12	1

- Compare the number of works an author has in the publishing company as compared to outside.

Author of the book HP
DQ 6 ques
Auth DQ
Auth number
aUTH COMPARISON
aUTH COMPARISON

```

SELECT dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName, dbo_Pub_Authors.NumberofManuscriptsWritten, COUNT(*)
FROM (dbo_Pub_Authors INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Books ON dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Books.AuthorID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID
GROUP BY dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName, dbo_Pub_Authors.NumberofManuscriptsWritten;

```



## Comparison of number of works an author has within the publishing company to outside

Author ID	Author's First Name	Author's Last Name	Number of works written o
4	Brian	Cadillac	
5	Mary	Holm	

Monday, November 27, 2017  
1:36:55 PM

outside the publishing company	Number of works written within the publishing company
8	1
9	1

### 4. Number of books for each author

Author of the book HP
DQ 6 ques
Auth DQ
Auth number

```

SELECT dbo_Pub_Books.BookID, dbo_Pub_Books.BookName, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkID, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkName, dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName
FROM (dbo_Pub_Books INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Authors ON dbo_Pub_Books.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON dbo_Pub_Authors.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID
GROUP BY dbo_Pub_Books.BookID, dbo_Pub_Books.BookName, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkID, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkName, dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName;

```



## Number of Books per Author

Monday, November 27, 2017  
1:28:06 PM

Author ID	Author's First Name	Author's Last Name	Number of Books
4	Brian	Cadillac	1
5	Mary	Holm	1

### 5. Which artist has drawn in each book?

Author of the book HP
Query1

```

SELECT dbo_Pub_Books.BookID, dbo_Pub_Books.BookName, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkID, dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkName, dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID, dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName
FROM (dbo_Pub_Books INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Design ON dbo_Pub_Books.DesignID = dbo_Pub_Design.DesignID) INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Artwork ON dbo_Pub_Design.ArtworkID = dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtworkID INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Artist ON dbo_Pub_Artwork.ArtistID = dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON dbo_Pub_Artist.ArtistID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID;

```



## Each book with Artist who has drawn in the book

Monday, November 27, 2017

5:48:15 PM

Book ID	Book's Name	Artwork ID	Artwork's Name	Artist
1	Quidditch	1	Snitch	
2	Harry Potter	2	Wand	

ID	Artist's First Name	Artist's Last Name
1	Rahul	Jairaj
2	AJ	Mannings

6. Who is the author of "Harry Potter"?

SQL Query Editor interface showing a query to find the author of the book 'Harry Potter'.

Query tabs: DQ No of emp from CA, DQ No of emp from CA, DQ 6, SA mole1, Author of the book HP

```
SELECT dbo_Pub_Employee.FName, dbo_Pub_Employee.LName, dbo_Pub_Books.BookName
FROM dbo_Pub_Books INNER JOIN dbo_Pub_Employee ON dbo_Pub_Books.AuthorID = dbo_Pub_Employee.EmployeeID
WHERE dbo_Pub_Books.BookName LIKE 'Harry Potter';
```



## Author of the Book 'Harry Potter'

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Author's First Name	Author's Last Name	Book's Name
Mary	Holm	Harry Potter

7. How many of each – authors, editors and artists are from each state?

SQL Query Editor interface showing a query to count the number of employees by state and type.

Query tabs: DQ No of emp from CA, DQ No of emp from CA

```
SELECT dbo_Pub_Employee.[State], dbo_Pub_Employee.TypeDiscriminator, COUNT(*) AS [Number of employees]
FROM dbo_Pub_Employee
GROUP BY dbo_Pub_Employee.TypeDiscriminator, dbo_Pub_Employee.[State];
```

Left pane: All Access Objects, Tables, dbo\_Pub\_Artist



## Number of employees in each state

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State	Type of employee	Number of employees
CA	Artist	1
CA	Author	2
CA	Editor	2
NY	Artist	3
NY	Author	2
NY	Editor	2