DataTransformation

July 7, 2019

Steps for Data Transformation

1. Import Libraries

France 44

72000

- 2. Load Data
- 3. Seprate Input and Output attributes
- 4. Perform scaling (Min-Max Normalization)
- 5. Perform Standardization

```
In [1]: # Step 1: Import Libraries
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
        # Step 2: Load Data
        datasets = pd.read_csv('Data_for_Transformation.csv')
        print("\nData :\n",datasets)
        \#print("\nData\ statistics\n", datasets.describe())
        # Step 3: Seprate Input and Output attributes
        # All rows, all columns except last
        X = datasets.iloc[:, :-1].values
        # Only last column
        Y = datasets.iloc[:, -1].values
        \#print("\n\nInput : \n", X)
        \#print("\n\nOutput: \n", Y)
        X_new = datasets.iloc[:,1:3].values
        print("\n\nX for transformation : \n", X_new)
Data :
     Country Age Salary Purchased
```

No

```
1
      Spain
              27
                   48000
                               Yes
2
    Germany
                   54000
                                No
              30
3
      Spain
              38
                   61000
                                No
4
    Germany
              40
                   68000
                               Yes
5
     France
                               Yes
              35
                   58000
6
      Spain
              39
                   52000
                                No
7
     France
              48
                   79000
                               Yes
    Germany
8
              50
                   83000
                                No
9
     France
              37
                   67000
                               Yes
10
                   55000
                                No
      Spain
              45
X for transformation :
 44 72000]
 27 48000]
 30 54000]
 38 61000]
 40 68000]
 35 58000]
 39 52000]
 48 79000]
 50 83000]
 37 67000]
     45 55000]]
In [2]: # Step 4: Perform scaling on age and salary
        scaler = MinMaxScaler()
        X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_new)
        print("\n\nScaled X : \n", X_scaled)
Scaled X :
 [[0.73913043 0.68571429]
             0.
 [0.13043478 0.17142857]
 [0.47826087 0.37142857]
 [0.56521739 0.57142857]
 [0.34782609 0.28571429]
 [0.52173913 0.11428571]
 [0.91304348 0.88571429]
 [1.
             1.
 [0.43478261 0.54285714]
 [0.7826087 0.2
                       ]]
```

In [3]: # Step 5 : Perform standardization on age and salary

```
std = StandardScaler()
X_std = std.fit_transform(X_new)
print("\n\nStandardized X : \n", X_std)
```

Standardized X:

[[0.68188156 0.79548755] [-1.81835082 -1.41513049] [-1.37713334 -0.86247598] [-0.2005534 -0.21771238] [0.09359159 0.42705121] [-0.64177088 -0.49403964] [-0.05348091 -1.04669415] [1.27017153 1.44025115] [1.56431652 1.80868749] [-0.34762589 0.33494213] [0.82895405 -0.77036689]]