

NAME: Rahul Singh

ROLL NO: S-56

SUBJECT: AOA

EXPERIMENT NO: 3

To implement Quicksort and comparative analysis for large values of 'n' using DAC technique

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void swap(int* a, int* b)
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp = *a;
```

```
    *a = *b;
```

```
    *b = temp;
```

```
}
```

```
int partition(int arr[] , int low, int high){
```

```
    int pivot = arr[low];
```

```
    int i = low;
```

```
    int j = high;
```

```
    while (i < j) {
```

```

// condition 1: find the first element greater than
// the pivot (from starting)
while (arr[i] <= pivot && i <= high - 1) {
    i++;
}

// condition 2: find the first element smaller than
// the pivot (from last)
while (arr[j] > pivot && j >= low + 1) {
    j--;
}

if (i < j) {
    swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
}
}

swap(&arr[low], &arr[j]);
return j;
}

void Quicksort(int arr[],int low,int high){
    if (low <= high){
        int q = partition(arr,low,high);
        Quicksort(arr,low,q-1);
        Quicksort(arr,q+1,high);
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

int main() {

    int data[] = {10,80,30,90,40,50,70};

    int n = sizeof(data)/sizeof(data[0]);

    for(int i = 0;i<n;i++){

        printf("%d ",data[i]);

    }

    Quicksort(data,0,n-1);

    printf("\nSorted array: ");

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

        printf("%d ", data[i]);

    }

    return 0;

}

```

OUTPUT:

```

/tmp/i4rDrg0f5n.o
10 80 30 90 40 50 70
Sorted array: 10 30 40 50 70 80 90

```