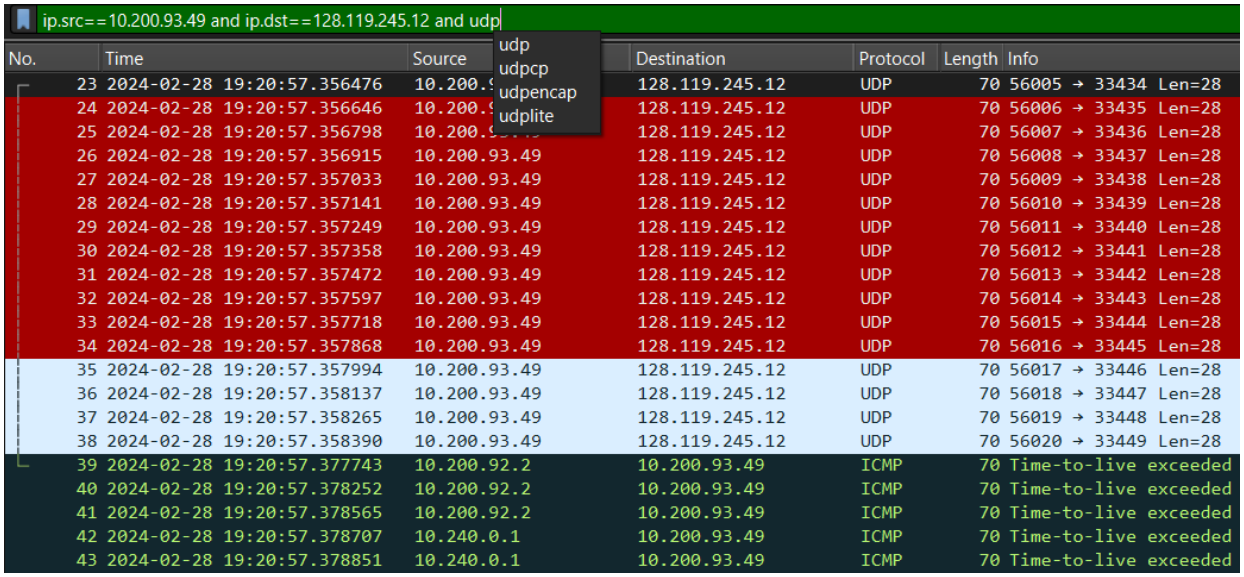
Computer Networks Lab

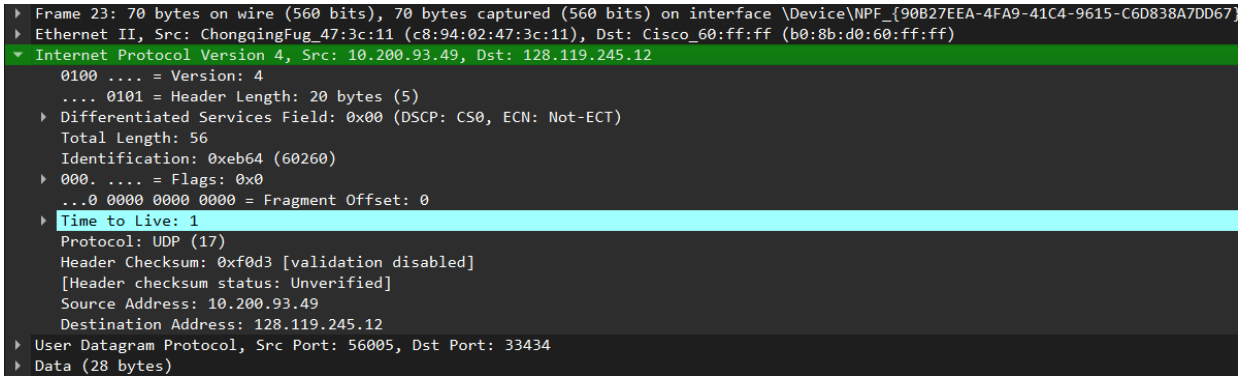
ASSIGNMENT – 7

Rahul Cheryala, 210010012

PART – 1



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
23	2024-02-28 19:20:57.356476	10.200.[illegible]	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56005 → 33434 Len=28
24	2024-02-28 19:20:57.356646	10.200.[illegible]	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56006 → 33435 Len=28
25	2024-02-28 19:20:57.356798	10.200.[illegible]	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56007 → 33436 Len=28
26	2024-02-28 19:20:57.356915	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56008 → 33437 Len=28
27	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357033	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56009 → 33438 Len=28
28	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357141	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56010 → 33439 Len=28
29	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357249	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56011 → 33440 Len=28
30	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357358	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56012 → 33441 Len=28
31	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357472	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56013 → 33442 Len=28
32	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357597	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56014 → 33443 Len=28
33	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357718	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56015 → 33444 Len=28
34	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357868	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56016 → 33445 Len=28
35	2024-02-28 19:20:57.357994	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56017 → 33446 Len=28
36	2024-02-28 19:20:57.358137	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56018 → 33447 Len=28
37	2024-02-28 19:20:57.358265	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56019 → 33448 Len=28
38	2024-02-28 19:20:57.358390	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	70	56020 → 33449 Len=28
39	2024-02-28 19:20:57.377743	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded
40	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378252	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded
41	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378565	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded
42	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378707	10.240.0.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded
43	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378851	10.240.0.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded



1. Frame 23 is the first UDP packet sent via traceroute
    - IP Address of my computer is – 10.200.93.49

2. Time to live is 1

3. The upper layer protocol is in protocol field in IPv4 header: UDP (17)

4. Length of the header is 20 bytes

5. Payload can be calculated by the formula

$$\text{Payload} = \text{length} - \text{header}$$

$$\text{Payload} = 56 - 20 \text{ (in bytes)}$$

$$\text{Payload} = 36 \text{ bytes}$$

6. No, the IP datagram is not fragmented, we can check this from the **Fragment Offset** field in Flags (Fragment Offset: 0)

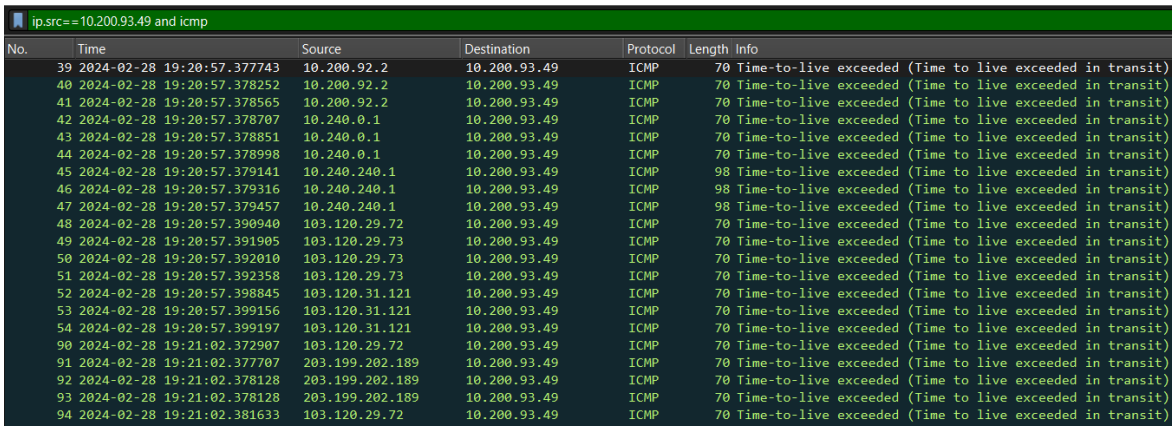
7. There are 3 components which are changing from packet to packet

   a. Identification Id, each IP datagram have a unique ID for identification
   b. Checksum, as the header changes from one to another datagram the checksum value also changes
   c. Traceroute, traceroute (tracert) works by sending packets with incrementally higher Time-To-Live (TTL) values. This approach enables traceroute to map out the network path that packets take to reach the destination.

8. The fields that are unchanged are,

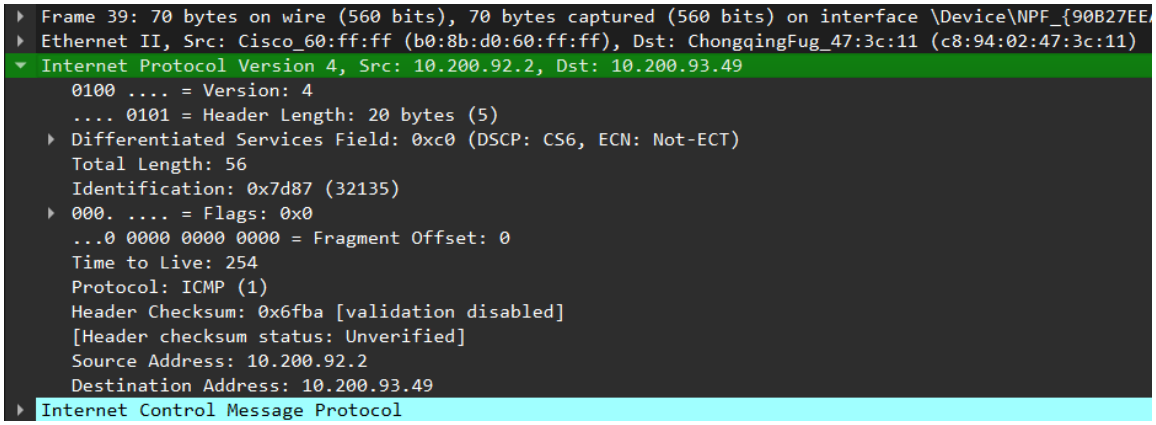
   a. Header length (since we are using the same IPv4 header format)
   b. Source IP
   c. Destination IP
   d. Upper layer protocol
   e. Differentiated services (group of fields, all are unchanged)
   f. Internet Protocol Version (IPv4)

9. The values in the Identification field are increasing sequentially



ip.src==10.200.93.49 and icmp

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
39	2024-02-28 19:20:57.377743	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
40	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378252	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
41	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378565	10.200.92.2	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
42	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378707	10.240.0.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
43	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378851	10.240.0.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
44	2024-02-28 19:20:57.378998	10.240.0.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
45	2024-02-28 19:20:57.379141	10.240.240.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	98	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
46	2024-02-28 19:20:57.379316	10.240.240.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	98	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
47	2024-02-28 19:20:57.379457	10.240.240.1	10.200.93.49	ICMP	98	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
48	2024-02-28 19:20:57.390940	103.120.29.72	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
49	2024-02-28 19:20:57.391905	103.120.29.73	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
50	2024-02-28 19:20:57.392010	103.120.29.73	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
51	2024-02-28 19:20:57.392358	103.120.29.73	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
52	2024-02-28 19:20:57.398845	103.120.31.121	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
53	2024-02-28 19:20:57.399156	103.120.31.121	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
54	2024-02-28 19:20:57.399197	103.120.31.121	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
90	2024-02-28 19:21:02.372907	103.120.29.72	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
91	2024-02-28 19:21:02.377707	203.199.202.189	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
92	2024-02-28 19:21:02.378128	203.199.202.189	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
93	2024-02-28 19:21:02.378128	203.199.202.189	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)
94	2024-02-28 19:21:02.381633	103.120.29.72	10.200.93.49	ICMP	70	Time-to-live exceeded (Time to live exceeded in transit)



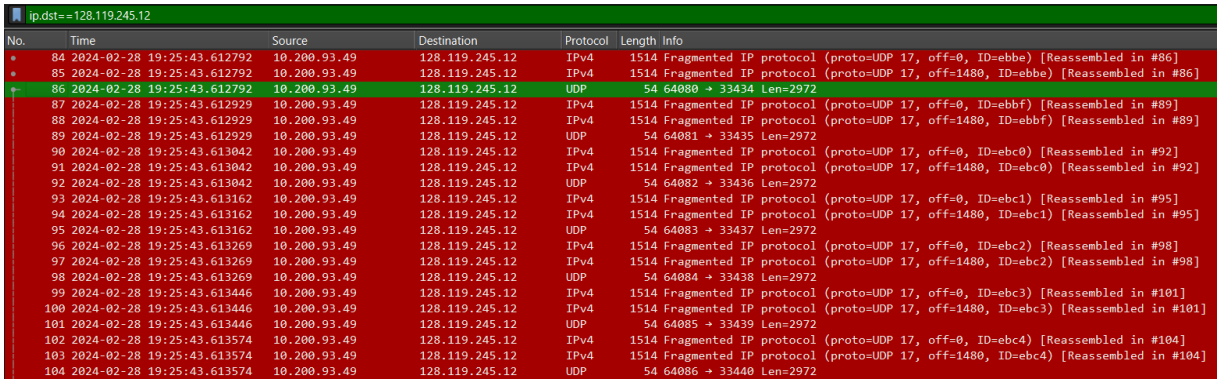
```
▸ Frame 39: 70 bytes on wire (560 bits), 70 bytes captured (560 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{90B27EE
▸ Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_60:ff:ff (b0:8b:d0:60:ff:ff), Dst: ChongqingFug_47:3c:11 (c8:94:02:47:3c:11)
▾ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.200.92.2, Dst: 10.200.93.49
    0100 .... = Version: 4
    .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
  ▸ Differentiated Services Field: 0xc0 (DSCP: CS6, ECN: Not-ECT)
    Total Length: 56
    Identification: 0x7d87 (32135)
  ▸ 000. .... = Flags: 0x0
    ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment Offset: 0
    Time to Live: 254
    Protocol: ICMP (1)
    Header Checksum: 0x6fba [validation disabled]
    [Header checksum status: Unverified]
    Source Address: 10.200.92.2
    Destination Address: 10.200.93.49
▸ Internet Control Message Protocol
```

10. Upper layer protocol specified in the IP datagrams returned from the routers is ICMP (1)

11. Yes, in the ICMP packets used by traceroute, the Identification fields often change across the sequence of packets sent by each router. Typically, there is a serial increment in the Identification field as the packets traverse through different routers along the network path.

12. No, the TTL values are different for ICMP packets from all the routers

PART – 2



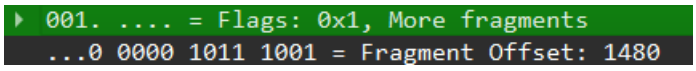
ip.dst==128.119.245.12

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
84	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612792	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebbe) [Reassembled in #86]
85	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612792	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebbe) [Reassembled in #86]
86	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612792	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64080 → 33434 Len=2972
87	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612929	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebbf) [Reassembled in #89]
88	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612929	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebbf) [Reassembled in #89]
89	2024-02-28 19:25:43.612929	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64081 → 33435 Len=2972
90	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613042	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebc0) [Reassembled in #92]
91	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613042	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebc0) [Reassembled in #92]
92	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613042	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64082 → 33436 Len=2972
93	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613162	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebc1) [Reassembled in #95]
94	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613162	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebc1) [Reassembled in #95]
95	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613162	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64083 → 33437 Len=2972
96	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613269	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebc2) [Reassembled in #98]
97	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613269	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebc2) [Reassembled in #98]
98	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613269	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64084 → 33438 Len=2972
99	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613446	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebc3) [Reassembled in #101]
100	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613446	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebc3) [Reassembled in #101]
101	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613446	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64085 → 33439 Len=2972
102	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613574	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=0, ID=ebc4) [Reassembled in #104]
103	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613574	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol (proto=UDP 17, off=1480, ID=ebc4) [Reassembled in #104]
104	2024-02-28 19:25:43.613574	10.200.93.49	128.119.245.12	UDP	54	64086 → 33440 Len=2972

1. First IP datagram sent to the destination address is in **Frame 84**

Packets 84, 85, and 86 are three IP datagrams created by fragmenting the first single 3000-byte UDP segment sent to 128.119.145.12

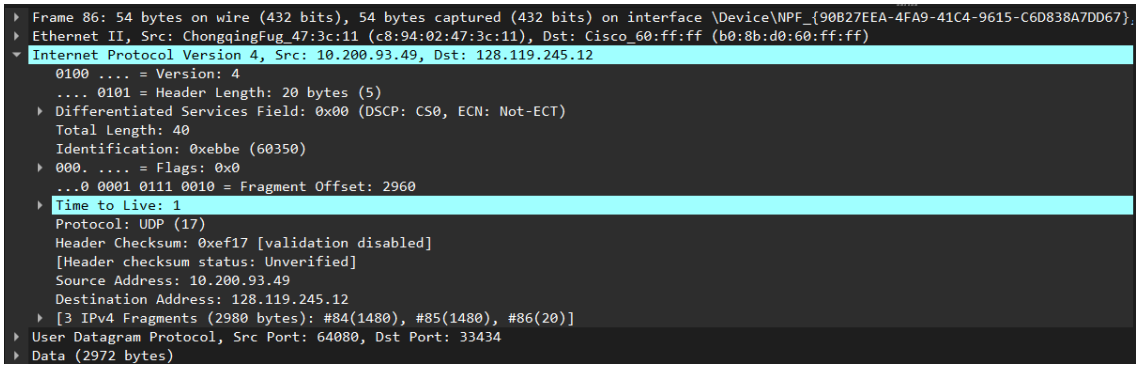
Yes, it can be confirmed from the Fragment Offset field

2. 

```
▸ 001. .... = Flags: 0x1, More fragments
  ...0 0000 1011 1001 = Fragment Offset: 1480
```

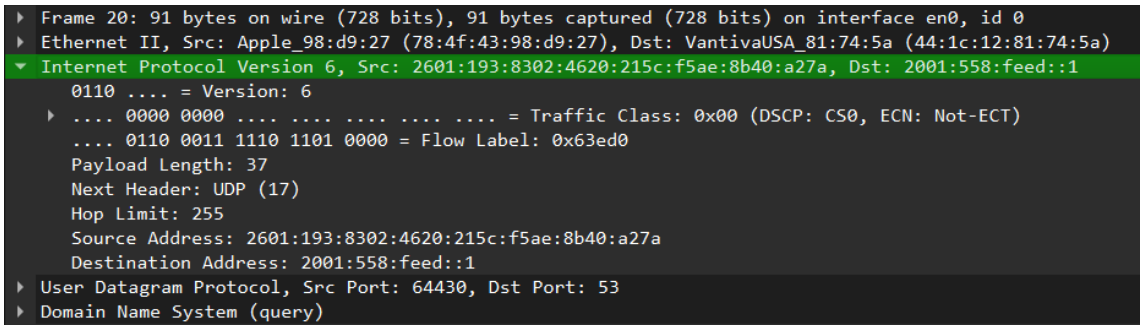
More Fragments bit is set to 1 and Fragment Offset is set to a value

3. For the first fragment the value in the Fragment Offset is set to 0
4. The total length of the IP datagram is 1500 bytes
5. Fields changed are:
    a. More Fragments bit
    b. Fragment Offset
    c. Header Checksum



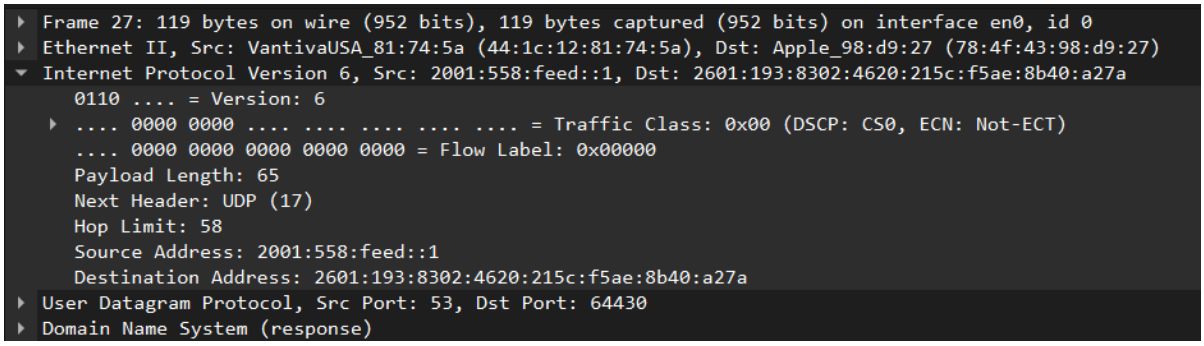
6. In the first and second segment it is mentioned that segments are reassembled in Frame number 86, More Fragments bit is set to 0 in the Flags and we can see a header section with 3 IPv4 Fragments in the IPv4 header

PART – 3



1. Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2601:193:8302:4620:215c:f5ae:8b40:a27a
2. Internet Protocol Version 6, Dst: 2001:558:feed::1
3. Flow Label: 0x63ed0
4. Payload Length: 37
5. The upper layer protocol to which this datagram's payload will be delivered at the destination is UDP (17)

The IPv6 DNS response to the IPv6 DNS AAAA request made in the 20th packet is in Frame 27 (27th packet)



6. One IPv6 address is returned in the response to this AAAA request in Frame 27

7. 2607:f8b0:4006:815::200e is the first of the IPv6 addresses returned by the DNS for youtube.com. The IPv6 address "2607:f8b0:4006:815::200e" is already in its exact shorthand form, as displayed in the Wireshark window. No further modification is needed.