```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        import json
        from nltk.corpus import inaugural
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        import re
        import nltk
In [2]:
        import os
        os.getcwd()
Out[2]: 'C:\\Users\\rahul'
In [3]:
        os.chdir('C:\\Users\\rahul')
        data=pd.read_json("tweets.json")
In [4]:
In [5]: data1=data.T.copy()
```

Objective 1: Get the most frequent entities from the tweets.

```
data1.head()
In [6]:
Out[6]:
                                                  tweet_author
                                                                                                      tweet_text
                               2013-07-18
                                                 Hematopoiesis
                                                                     Scientists conducted a Phase II study of ac...
                      09:39:46.071961602
                                                         News
                               2013-07-17
                                             Michael Wang, MD
                                                                    This phase 2 Acalabrutinib-Venetoclax (AV) tri...
                      03:40:32.173842437
                               2013-07-15
                                                                  #NICE backs #AstraZenecas #Calquence for #CLL
                                                   1stOncology
                      15:41:16.553048065
                               2013-07-12
                                                      Toby Eyre
                                                                       #acalabrutinib is a valuable option in pts int...
                      19:19:42.367813635
                               2013-07-04
                                                Lymphoma Hub NICE has recommended the use of acalabrutinib ...
                      12:40:34.334232586
```

```
In [7]: data1.info()
           <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
           DatetimeIndex: 43347 entries, 2013-07-18 09:39:46.071961602 to 1987-06-13 10:
           44:06.537678849
           Data columns (total 2 columns):
                Column
                                 Non-Null Count Dtype
                 tweet_author 43347 non-null object
                 tweet_text
                                 43347 non-null object
           dtypes: object(2)
           memory usage: 2.0+ MB
 In [8]: data1.tweet_author.value_counts().head()
 Out[8]: Patient Power
                                        1603
           Paperbirds_Hematology
                                        1510
                                        1079
           VJHemOnc
                                         714
           Oncology Tube
           Medivizor
                                         663
           Name: tweet_author, dtype: int64
           data1.groupby("tweet_author").sum().head(10)
 In [9]:
 Out[9]:
                                                                                       tweet_text
                                      tweet_author
                                     Camilla White
                                                             The pleotropic activity of... http://t.co/6u15...
                                  Emilie Thompson
                                                             The pleotropic activity of... http://t.co/mr9S...
                                    Hannah Wright
                                                              The pleotropic activity of... http://t.co/lLyP...
                                        Yvianna 🎚
                                                                                   Saudade #CII 😨
           #DestroyTheAadhaar TwiLightOFTheGODS
                                                           UK hospitals to trial five new drugs in search...
                                  #Endsars protest
                                                         Medical News Today: What is the outlook for ch...
                              #Enritchansrajpandey

☆ Good Morning All 
☆ \n 
♦ Exclusive Morning Mark...

                             #KING OF FLORIDA 👑
                                                      #360WiseNews: Venetoclax Is A Powerful New Ki...
                                     #LeoWeichafe
                                                       Esperando a que comience la lucha, acá en @chi...
                                         #Memory
                                                       Antitumor Potency of an Anti-CD19 Chimeric Ant...
In [10]: df=data1.groupby("tweet_text").sum().value_counts()
```

In [11]:	df.head(22)		
Out[11]:	tweet_author		
	Patient Power	1573	
	Paperbirds_Hematology	1510	
	VJHemOnc	1075	
	Oncology Tube	714	
	Medivizor	663	
	Club Libertad Limpeño	505	
	Lymphoma Hub	489	
	Raul Cordoba, MD, PhD	488	
	CLL Ireland	482	
	OncLive.com	475	
	Targeted Oncology	450	
	Kathleen D. Hoffman	373	
	Cancer Papers	372	
	Patient Empowerment Network	367	
	chadi nabhan MD, MBA, FACP	319	
	CLLSA	282	
	Andrew Schorr	271	
	CLL Society Inc.	267	
	Lymphoma Papers	236	
	Anna Deveau	210	
	CancerWallonia	206	
	Toby Eyre	194	
	dtype: int64		

objective1.csv

In [12]: df.to_csv (r'C:\Users\rahul\OneDrive\Desktop\Akaike Technologies Assignment_Ra

```
In [13]: | data1.groupby("tweet_author").sum().value_counts()
Out[13]: tweet_text
         #CLL
         chronic lymphocytic leukemia
         ASTRAZENECA: LYMPHOMA DRUG ACALABRUTINIB A POTENTIAL THERAPY FOR SEVERE COVID
         -19ASTRAZENECA'S CANCER DRUG CALQUENCE SAID TO SHOW INITIAL SIGNS OF HELPING
         HOSPITALISED COVID-19 PATIENTS - RTRS
         2
         Among older patients with untreated chronic lymphocytic leukemia, treatment w
         ith ibrutinib, either alone or in combination with rituximab, was superior to
         treatment with bendamustine + rituximab with regard to progression-free survi
         val. #ASH18
         #c11
         2
         Congrats to the @WEHI_research @TheRMH @PeterMacCC team for the recognition a
         t #VPHAwards. New paradigm for treating #cancer #CLL https://t.co/PEK0rxauQg
         (https://t.co/PEK0rxauQg)
         1
         Congratulation to my colleagues from the #GCLLSG on this very important trial
         in a #CLL patient population in need for innovative therapies #ASCO19 http
         s://t.co/YKKSbS1NsM (https://t.co/YKKSbS1NsM)
         Congratulations @FerranNadeu!!! @idibaps @hospitalclinic #CLL https://t.co/E1
         Z9QHh9jy (https://t.co/E1Z9QHh9jy)
         Congratulations @genentech for being among companies transforming chronic lym
         phocytic #leukemia treatment. #ICYMI : http://t.co/gzmdDuiYNb (http://t.co/gz
         mdDuiYNb)
         1
         urbano encuéntranos en la #cll-37-8-51 barrio gaitan
         Length: 9282, dtype: int64
```

Objective 2: Find out the sentiment/polarity of each author towards each of the entities.

In [14]: from vaderSentiment.vaderSentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer

```
In [15]: | sentiment = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
         text_1 = "Pink Pearl Apples are tasty but Empire Apples are not."
         text_2 = "Empire Apples are very tasty."
         text 3 = "Pink Pearl Apples are not tasty."
         text_4 = "Pink Pearl Apples smells really good."
         sent_1 = sentiment.polarity_scores(text_1)
         sent_2 = sentiment.polarity_scores(text_2)
         sent_3 = sentiment.polarity_scores(text_3)
         sent_4 = sentiment.polarity_scores(text_4)
         print("Sentiment of text 1:", sent_1)
         print("Sentiment of text 2:", sent_2)
         print("Sentiment of text 3:", sent_3)
         print("Sentiment of text 4:", sent_4)
         Sentiment of text 1: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 1.0, 'pos': 0.0, 'compound': 0.0}
         Sentiment of text 2: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 1.0, 'pos': 0.0, 'compound': 0.0}
         Sentiment of text 3: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 1.0, 'pos': 0.0, 'compound': 0.0}
         Sentiment of text 4: {'neg': 0.0, 'neu': 0.61, 'pos': 0.39, 'compound': 0.492
         7}
In [16]: | nltk.download('stopwords')
         stemmer = nltk.SnowballStemmer("english")
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         import string
         stopword=set(stopwords.words('english'))
         def clean(text):
             text = str(text).lower()
             text = re.sub('\[.*?\]', '', text)
             text = re.sub('https?://\S+|www\.\S+', '', text)
             text = re.sub('<.*?>+', '', text)
             text = re.sub('[%s]' % re.escape(string.punctuation), '', text)
             text = re.sub('\n', '', text)
             text = re.sub('\w*\d\w*', '', text)
             text = [word for word in text.split(' ') if word not in stopword]
             text=" ".join(text)
             text = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in text.split(' ')]
             text=" ".join(text)
             return text
         data1['tweet_text'] = data1['tweet_text'].apply(clean)
         [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
                         C:\Users\rahul\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
         [nltk data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

```
In [17]: from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
         nltk.download('vader_lexicon')
         sentiments = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
         data1["Positive"] = [sentiments.polarity_scores(i)["pos"] for i in data1['twee
         data1["Negative"] = [sentiments.polarity_scores(i)["neg"] for i in data1['twee'
         [nltk_data] Downloading package vader_lexicon to
         [nltk_data]
                         C:\Users\rahul\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
                       Package vader_lexicon is already up-to-date!
In [18]: data1 = data1[['tweet_text', "Positive",
                      "Negative"]]
         print(data1.head())
                                                                                tweet_t
         ext \
         2013-07-18 09:39:46.071961602 🕴 scientist conduct phase ii studi acalabrut
         2013-07-17 03:40:32.173842437 phase acalabrutinibvenetoclax av trial still
         2013-07-15 15:41:16.553048065
                                                      nice back astrazeneca calquenc c
         11
         2013-07-12 19:19:42.367813635 acalabrutinib valuabl option pts intoler ibru
         2013-07-04 12:40:34.334232586 nice recommend use acalabrutinib patient trea
                                        Positive
                                                  Negative
         2013-07-18 09:39:46.071961602
                                           0.000
                                                       0.0
         2013-07-17 03:40:32.173842437
                                           0.104
                                                       0.0
         2013-07-15 15:41:16.553048065
                                           0.412
                                                       0.0
         2013-07-12 19:19:42.367813635
                                           0.162
                                                       0.0
         2013-07-04 12:40:34.334232586
                                           0.346
                                                       0.0
```

objective2.csv

In [19]:	data3=data1.copy()			
In [20]:	data3.head()			
Out[20]:		tweet_text	Positive	Negative
	2013-07-18 09:39:46.071961602	\$ scientist conduct phase ii studi acalabruti	0.000	0.0
	2013-07-17 03:40:32.173842437	phase acalabrutinibvenetoclax av trial still	0.104	0.0
	2013-07-15 15:41:16.553048065	nice back astrazeneca calquenc cll	0.412	0.0
	2013-07-12 19:19:42.367813635	acalabrutinib valuabl option pts intoler ibrut	0.162	0.0
	2013-07-04 12:40:34.334232586	nice recommend use acalabrutinib patient treat	0.346	0.0

In [21]: data3.to_csv (r'C:\Users\rahul\OneDrive\Desktop\Akaike Technologies Assignment

```
In [22]: x = sum(data1["Positive"])
y = sum(data1["Negative"])

def sentiment_score(a, b):
    if (a>b):
        print("Positive ** ")
    elif (b>a):
        print("Negative ** ")

sentiment_score(x, y)

Positive **

In [23]: print("Positive: ", x)
    print("Negative: ", y)

Positive: 3036.0440000000335
    Negative: 1902.59800000000004
```

Thanks

```
In [ ]:
```

7 of 7