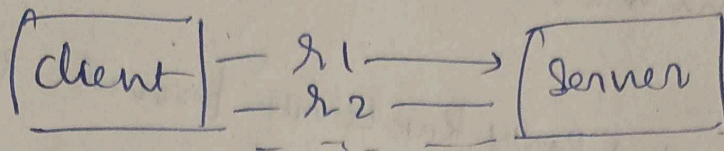


# Rate Limiting



problems! -

(i) Client can send too many request within a timeframe.

DDOS / DOS

(ii) Server cost expensive  
"Each req is expensive".

Hum rate limiter ko implement karna kare?

Options:

- (i) Client side
- (ii) Server side
- (iii) Middle ware.

Isme dekhate h ki,  
client side k code  
accidently be  
par hota to wo  
use change  
kar sakta

Ye dono aache tareeke h

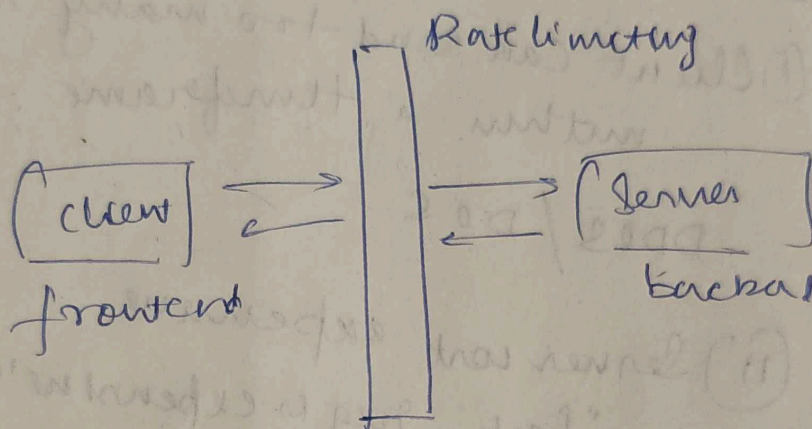


Case ① - Agar apka application fast language

Java  $\rightarrow$  C++, Java

mai bana h to Server side bhichalega.

Case ② - Generally 3rd Party Rate Limiter provide like Amazon  
aws (API Gateway)



Aacha to Rate limiting karni h, Sanjh gaya per  
Kiske karni h?

Option:-

① IP based

② User based.

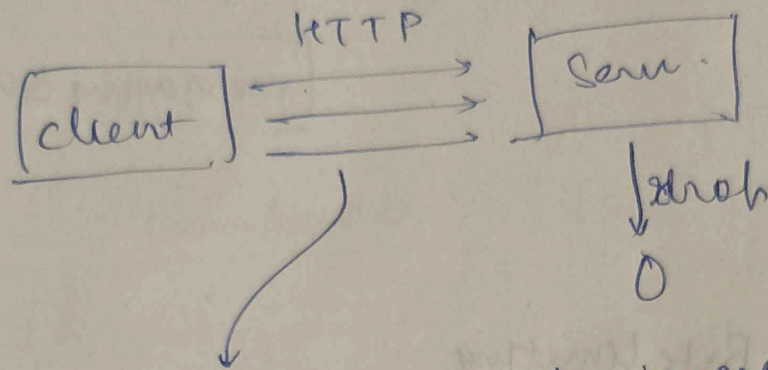
③ other way.



Aap teen tareeko se Rate Limit ko handle kar sakte ho:

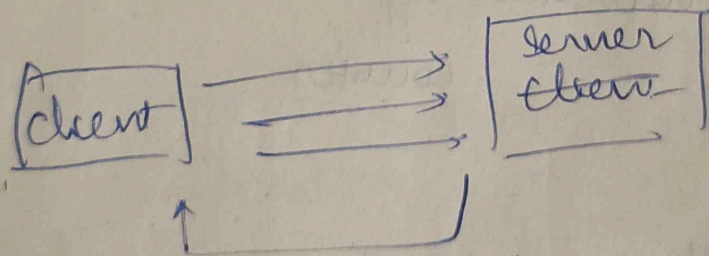
✓ From same user  
let say mai 2 req/sec serve karunga ban.

### (i) Drop



Is request ko ignore kar diya,  
aur client ko koi bhi response nahi diya.

### (ii) Responded with drop

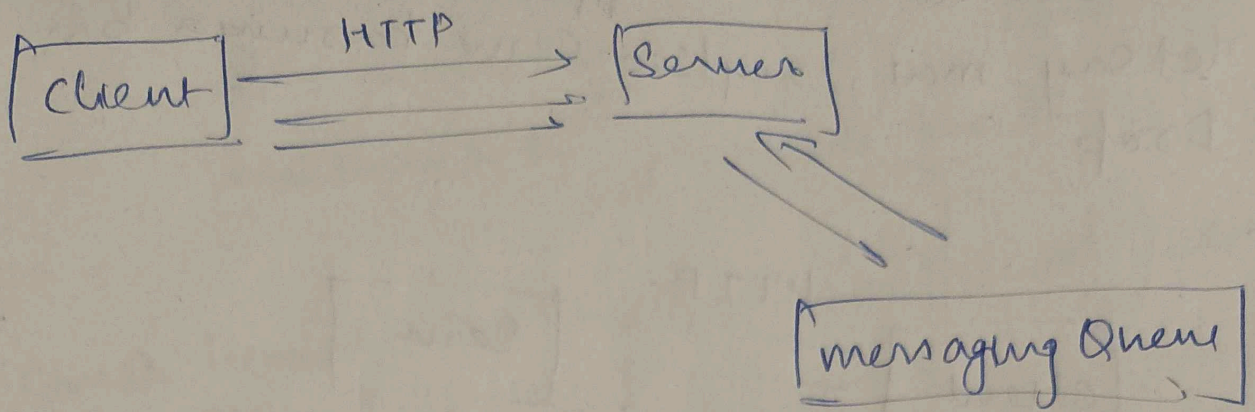


429 to many requests.

### (iii) Messaging Queue

→ Request ko ek messaging queue ma daal de, taki baad mai jab server free ho to req ko serve karde.

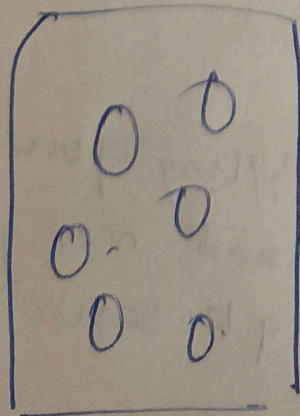




## Algorithms of Rate Limiting

- (i) Token Bucket
- (ii) leaky Bucket
- (iii) Fixed window Counter
- (iv) Sliding window log counter.
- (v) " " " "

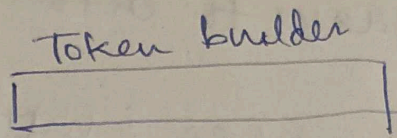
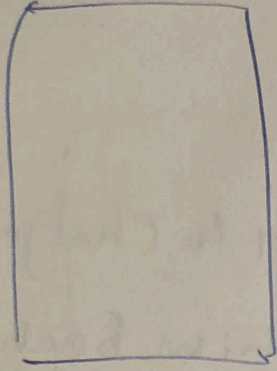
### (i) Token Bucket



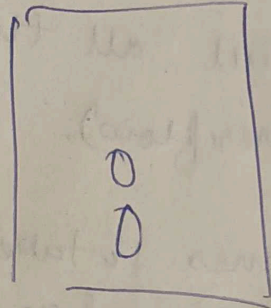
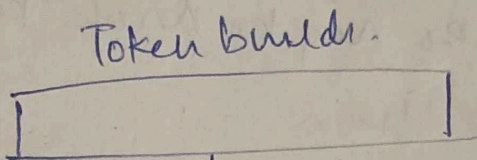
Request Pool



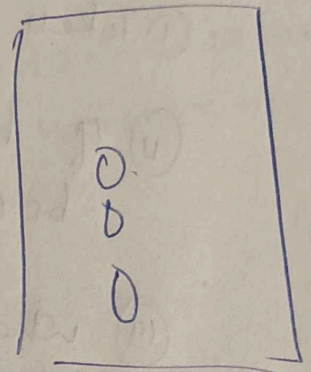
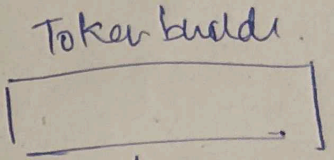
Bucket Size: 3.



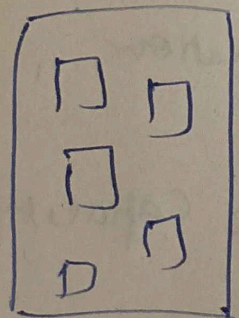
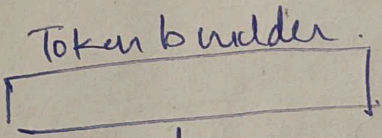
Release 2 token/sec  
in Bucket



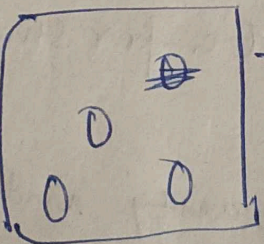
next  
se



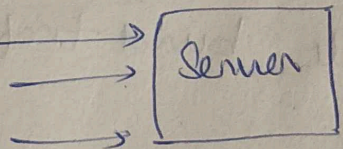
After one  
overflow ho  
jayege as  
Size 3 hi h.



req4  
req3  
req2  
req1



Bucket  
drop



Server



Ek req aaya to Ek token bucket se khali karta h,

to let's say within one sec,

4 req aa gaye to, first 3 req to Chal jayenge  
for 4th keliye to token ki bi bachenge  
to usko req ko drop kar denge.

- (i) Token bucket will push tokens in fixed intervals
- (ii) If bucket is full all the new tokens will be overthrown (overflow).
- (iii) whenever a req comes it takes a token from bucket if available and go to the server.
- (iv) If bucket is empty, req is dropped.

### PRO'S

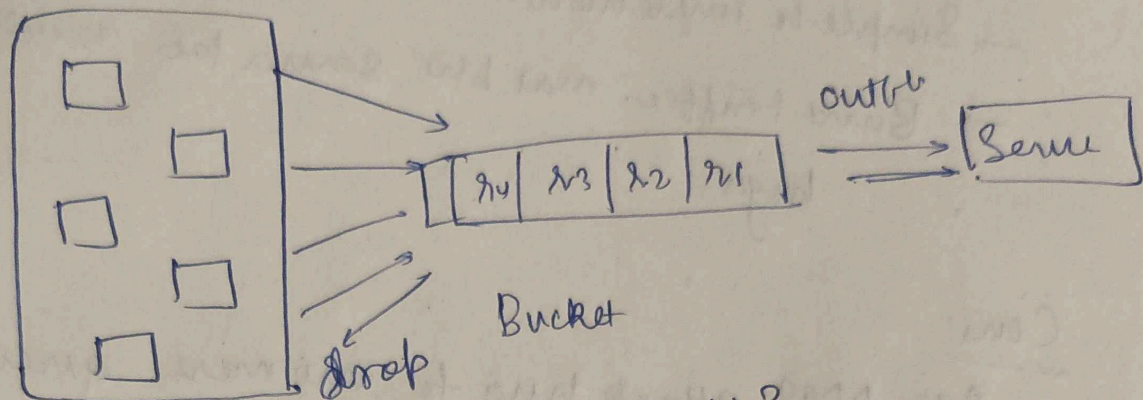
- Simple to implement
- Can handle burst traffic for small duration

### Cons:

- (i) To decide bucket capacity and Inflow Capacity complicated h.



# Leaky Bucket



request pool

Bucket Capacity: 3

Outflow: 2 req/sec

Server ko ek baar mai 2 req ut hata n hai

to ye burst traffic handle kr  
kar sakta kyunki chahi katre  
kri req na jaye ye box 2  
req ut haryega ek sec mai

ye tab bnachalrye jab apni server ko  
safetareke se chalna chahre hu



## Pros:

- Simple to implement
- Burst traffic mai bhi server ko bach uss  
hoga.

## Cons:

- Agar DDOS attack hua to uss mere queue ko  
full kar dega aur mai meri service  
kaam ko req ko drop kar dunga to jo ka  
mera hi loss h.

58:00