Rahul Manjhi

Analysis of Amazon® Review

Step 1. Import Python Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Step 2. Load dataset

4		ta = pd.read csv(file path) ta.head()										
da	ld	ProductId	Userld	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	Helpfulness Denominator	Score	Time	Summary	Text		
0	1	B001E4KFG0	A3SGXH7AUHU8GW	delmartian	1	1	5		Good Quality Dog Food	I have bought several of the Vitality canned d		
	2	B00813GRG4	A1D87F6ZCVE5NK	dll pa	0	0	1	1346976000	Not as Advertised	Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut		
2	3	B000LQOCH0	ABXLMWJIXXAIN	Natalia Corres "Natalia Corres"	1	1	4	1219017600	"Delight" says it all	This is a confection that has been around a fe		
	4	B000UA0QIQ	A395BORC6FGVXV	Karl	3	3	2	1307923200	Cough Medicine	If you are looking for the secret ingredient i		
	5	B006K2ZZ7K	A1UQRSCLF8GW1T	Michael D. Bigham "M. Wassir"	0	0	5	1350777600	Great taffy	Great taffy at a great price. There was a wid		

Step 3. Data Cleaning

```
# Data Cleaning
missing values = data.isnull().sum()
```

data['Time'] = pd.to_datetime(data['Time'], unit='s')

data

data										
	ld	ProductId	UserId	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	HelpfulnessDenominator	Score	Time	Summary	Text
0	1	B001E4KFG0	A3SGXH7AUHU8GW	delmartian	1	1	5	2011- 04-27	Good Quality Dog Food	I have bought several of the Vitality canned d
1	2	B00813GRG4	A1D87F6ZCVE5NK	dll pa	0	0	1	2012- 09-07	Not as Advertised	Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut
2	3	B000LQOCH0	ABXLMWJIXXAIN	Natalia Corres "Natalia Corres"	1	1	4	2008- 08-18	"Delight" says it all	This is a confection that has been around a fe
3	4	B000UA0QIQ	A395BORC6FGVXV	Karl	3	3	2	2011- 06-13	Cough Medicine	If you are looking for the secret ingredient i
4	5	B006K2ZZ7K	A1UQRSCLF8GW1T	Michael D. Bigham "M. Wassir"	0	0	5	2012- 10-21	Great taffy	Great taffy at a great price. There was a wid
568449	568450	B001EO7N10	A28KG5XORO54AY	Lettie D. Carter	0	0	5	2011- 03-09	Will not do without	Great for sesame chickenthis is a good if no
568450	568451	B003S1WTCU	A3I8AFVPEE8KI5	R. Sawyer	0	0	2	2012- 03-09	disappointed	I'm disappointed with the flavor. The chocolat
568451	568452	B004I613EE	A121AA1GQV751Z	pksd "pk_007"	2	2	5	2012- 02-21	Perfect for our maltipoo	These stars are small, so you can give 10-15 o
568452	568453	B004l613EE	A3IBEVCTXKNOH	Kathy A. Welch "katwel"	1	1	5	2012- 03-13	Favorite Training and reward treat	These are the BEST treats for training and rew
568453	568454	B001LR2CU2	A3LGQPJCZVL9UC	srfell17	0	0	5	2012- 05-31	Great Honey	I am very satisfied ,product is as advertised,

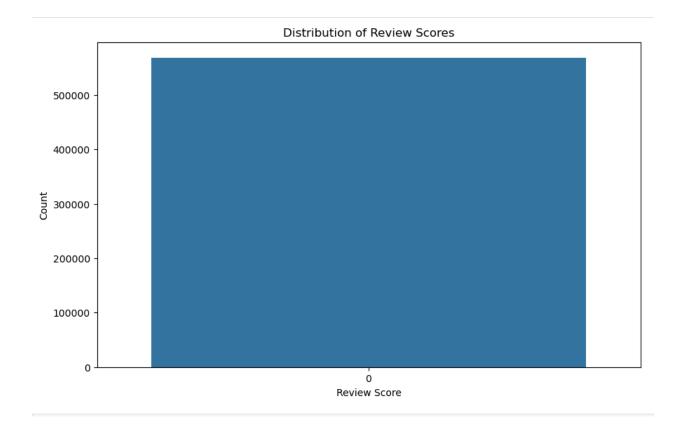
568454 rows × 10 columns

Mypotheses and Questions:

1. Review scores are generally positive:

```
# 1. Review scores are generally positive:

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(data['Score'])
plt.title('Distribution of Review Scores')
plt.xlabel('Review Score')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

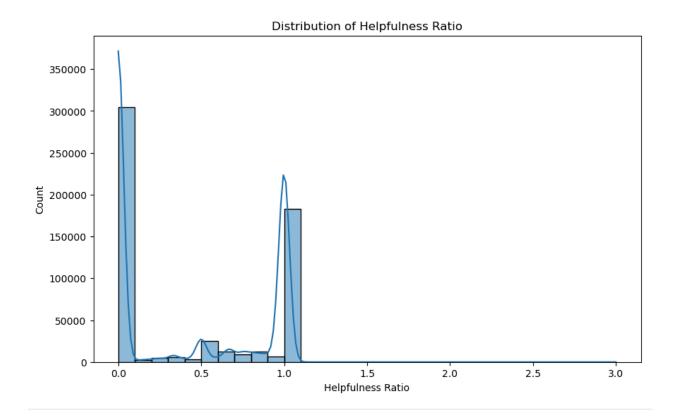


2. Helpful reviews are often marked as such by many users:

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```
helpfulness_ratio = data['HelpfulnessNumerator'] / data['HelpfulnessDenominator']
helpfulness_ratio = helpfulness_ratio.fillna(0)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(helpfulness ratio, bins=30, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Helpfulness Ratio')
plt.xlabel('Helpfulness Ratio')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

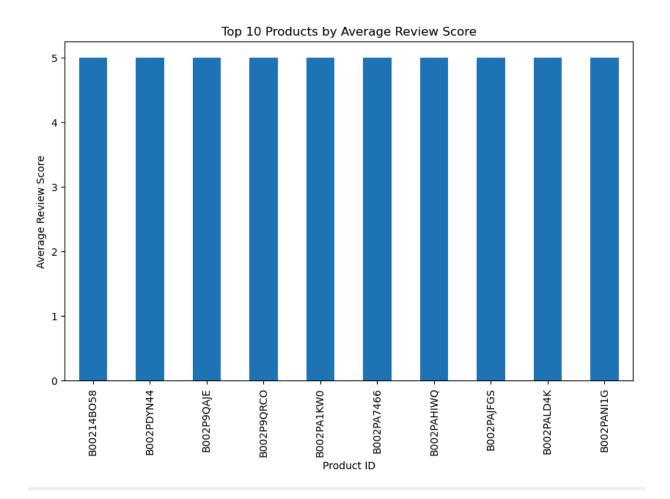


3. There are differences in review scores among different products:

```
# 3. There are differences in review scores among different products:

product_scores = data.groupby('ProductId')['Score'].mean().sort_values(ascending=False)
top_10_products = product_scores.head(10)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
top_10_products.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Top 10 Products by Average Review Score')
plt.xlabel('Product ID')
plt.ylabel('Average Review Score')
plt.show()
```

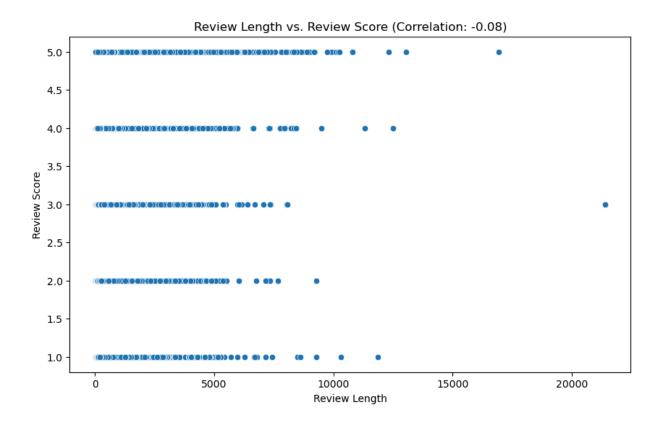


4. Length of the review text correlates with the review score:

```
# 4. Length of the review text correlates with the review score:

data['ReviewLength'] = data['Text'].apply(len)
correlation = data[['Score', 'ReviewLength']].corr().iloc[0, 1]

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='ReviewLength', y='Score', data=data)
plt.title(f'Review Length vs. Review Score (Correlation: {correlation:.2f})')
plt.xlabel('Review Length')
plt.ylabel('Review Score')
plt.show()
```



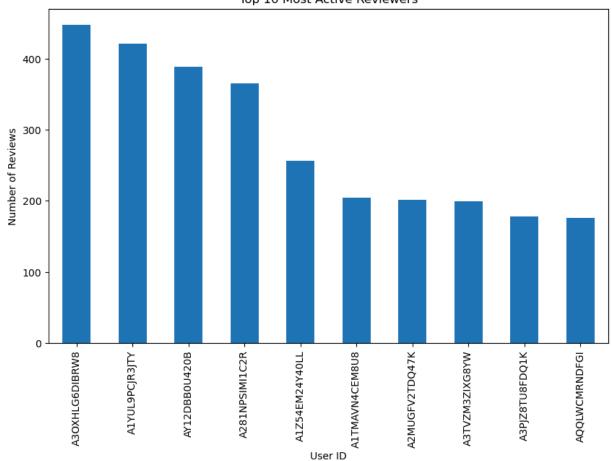
5. Certain users are more active in leaving reviews:

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```
top_10_reviewers = data['UserId'].value_counts().head(10)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
top_10_reviewers.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Top 10 Most Active Reviewers')
plt.xlabel('User ID')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.show()
```





6. Reviews have become more detailed over time:

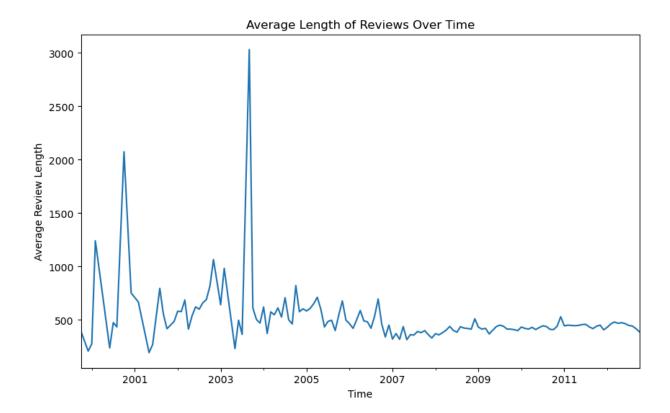
plt.title('Average Length of Reviews Over Time')

plt.ylabel('Average Review Length')

plt.xlabel('Time')

plt.show()

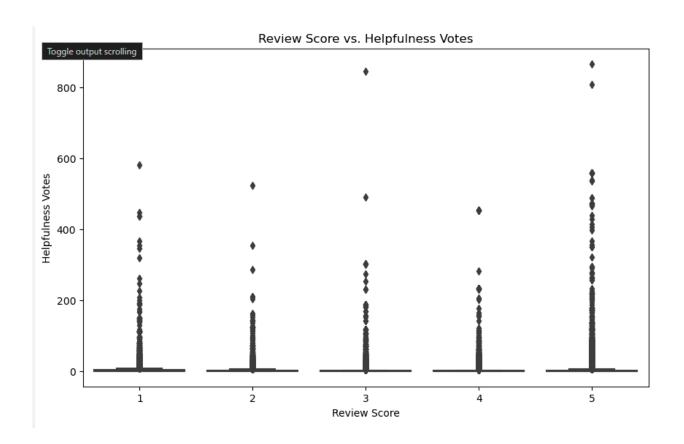
6. Reviews have become more detailed over time: data['YearMonth'] = data['Time'].dt.to_period('M') average_review_length_over_time = data.groupby('YearMonth')['ReviewLength'].mean() plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6)) average_review_length_over_time.plot()



7. High-rated reviews receive more helpfulness votes:

7. High-rated reviews receive more helpfulness votes:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='Score', y='HelpfulnessNumerator', data=data)
plt.title('Review Score vs. Helpfulness Votes')
plt.xlabel('Review Score')
plt.ylabel('Helpfulness Votes')
plt.show()
```

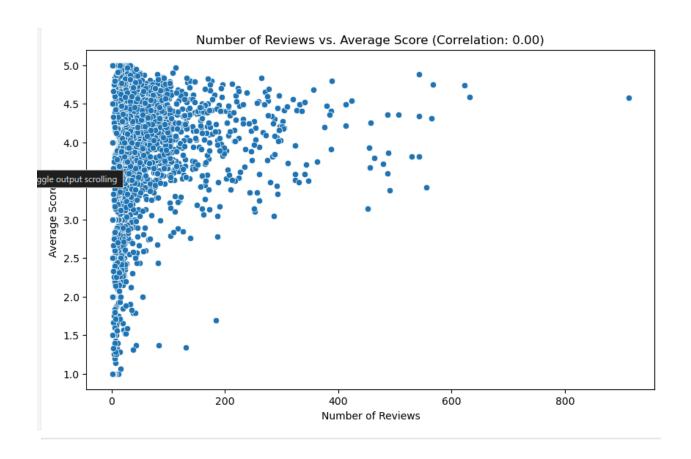


8. Products with more reviews tend to have higher average scores:

```
# 8. Products with more reviews tend to have higher average scores:

product_review_counts = data.groupby('ProductId').size()
product_average_scores = data.groupby('ProductId')['Score'].mean()
correlation_reviews_scores = product_review_counts.corr(product_average_scores)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x=product_review_counts, y=product_average_scores)
plt.title(f'Number of Reviews vs. Average Score (Correlation: {correlation_reviews_scores:.2f})')
plt.xlabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.ylabel('Average Score')
plt.show()
```

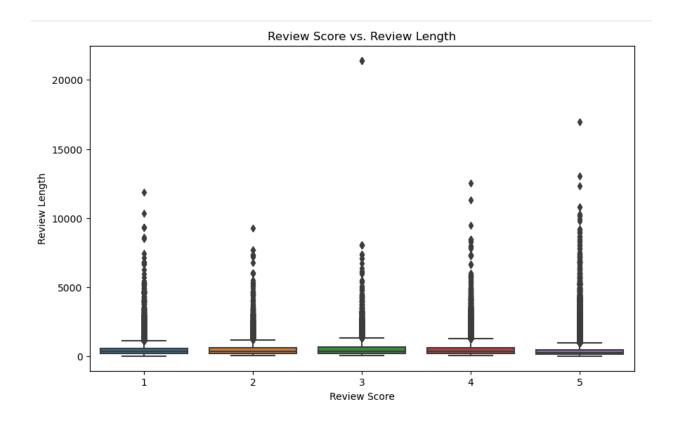


9. Negative reviews are often shorter than positive reviews:

9. Negative reviews are often shorter than positive reviews:

```
negative_reviews = data[data['Score'] < 3]
positive_reviews = data[data['Score'] > 3]

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='Score', y='ReviewLength', data=data)
plt.title('Review Score vs. Review Length')
plt.xlabel('Review Score')
plt.ylabel('Review Length')
plt.show()
```



10. Review scores and helpfulness ratios differ across products:

