



# **Time Table for Second Internal Assessment**

Date: 08.08.2022

The second internal assessment for phase-II MBBS will be held as per the below mentioned schedule:

		THEORY		
DATE/DAY	TIME	SUBJECT		
05.09.2022/ Monday	10 AM to 1 PM	Pharmacology		
06.09.2022/ Tuesday	10 AM to 1 PM	Pathology		
07.09.2022/ Wednesday	10 AM to 1 PM	Microbiology		
		PRACTICAL		
08.09.2022/ Thursday	10 AM to 1 PM	A BATCH	В ВАТСН	С ВАТСН
		Pharmacology	Pathology	Microbiology
09.09.2022/ Friday	10 AM to 1 PM	В ВАТСН	С ВАТСН	А ВАТСН
		Pharmacology	Pathology	Microbiology
10.09.2022/ Saturday	10 AM to 1 PM	С ВАТСН	A BATCH	В ВАТСН
		Pharmacology	Pathology	Microbiology

Sl No	USN	Batch
1	HSC20MB0001 - HSC20MB0049	BATCH A
2	HSC20MB0050- HSC20MB0098	BATCH B
3	HSC20MB0099- HSC20MB0147	BATCH C

# Portions for Second Internal Assessment

## Pharmacology:

### Theory:

- Autonomic nervous system
- Autacoids
- Peripheral nervous systems
- Corticosteroids
- Central nervous system
- Drugs affecting blood and blood formation
- Diuretics and anti-diuretics

#### Practical:

- Volume-I Competency no. PH 3.1A, PH 3.1B, PH 3.1C, PH 3.1D, PH 3.1E, PH 3.7, PH 3.1F, PH 1.13, PH 4.2A, PH 4.2B, PH 4.2C, PH 4.2D, PH 4.2E, PH 4.2 F, PH1. 17B, PH 2.2, PH 2.3, PH 2.4
- Volume-II Competency no PH 1.20, PH 1.21, PH 1.22, PH 1.23, PH 3.1G, PH 5.1, PH 5.2(A), PH 5.2 (B), PH 3.2

## Pathology:

### Theory:

- General Pathology part II Neoplasia, Immunology, Genetic disorders, Infections, Environmental diseases, Hematology
- Systemic Pathology
- Endocrinology (Adrenal Pathology and Paget's disease, CVS -cardiomyopathies, pericardial disease, neoplastic disorders of lung and pleura).

### Practical:

- Instruments
- Blood banking, Urine OSPE
- · General Pathology slides and specimens
- Haematology slides and specimens
- · Charts-MI, Hemolytic Anemia, Pap smear, cytology and body fluids

## Microbiology:

Theory:

# I) Bloodstream and Cardiovascular system infections:

### **Bacterial Infections:**

- 1. Infective Endocarditis, Rheumatic heart disease, Acute Rheumatic Fever-Streptococcus spps
  - i) Enteric fever (Salmonella Typhi & S.paratyphi)
  - ii) Rickettsia-Typhus group, Spotted fever group, Q fever
  - iii) Miscellaneous Bacterial blood stream infections---Brucellosis and Borreliosis

### Viral infections

- i) HIV/AIDS
- ii) Viral hemorrhagic Fever (VHF), Dengue

## **Parasitic Infections**

- i) Malaria
- ii) Leishmaniasis & Trypanososmiasis
- iii) Lymphatic filariasis

## **Fungal infections**

i) Candidiasis & Systemic Candidiasis

# II) Gastrointestinal Infections

### i. Bacterial infections:

Food poisoning-S.aureus, Bacillius cereus, Clostridium botulinum Enterobacteriaceae - Diarrhaegenic E.coli, Shigellosis, Yersiniosis, Vibrio, Halophilic vibrio, Miscellaneous bacterial infections-Helicobacter, Camphylobacter Clostridium difficile infections

### ii. Viral infections:

Viral gastroenteritis / Rota virus

### iii. Parasitic infections:

Protozoan infections- Giardiasis, T.gondii, Helminthic infections-Taenia species, Hymenolepsis

Trematodes infections-Fasciolopsis buski, Schistosoma mansoni, S.japonicum Nematode infections-Trichuris, Enterobius, Hookworm, Strongyloides, Ascaris

# III) Hepatobiliary System Infections

## i. Viral infections

Viruses causing hepatitis-A,B,C,D,E ,yellow fever & leptospirosis

## ii. Parasitic infections:

E.histolytica, Echinococcosis granulosus(Hydatid disease), Trematode infections - Fasciola hepatica

## IV) Skin, Soft tissues and musculoskeletal system infections

### i. Bacterial Infections:

Staphylococcal infections, Gas gangrene (clostridium perfringens) and non-sporing anaerobes, Leprosy (Mycobacterium leprae)

Miscellaneous bacterial infections of skin and soft tissues: Anthrax (Bacillus anthracis) Actinomycetes, Nocardiasis, Non-venereal Treponematoses Yaws, Pinta

#### ii. Viral infections:

Viral exanthems & other cutaneous viral infections-Herpes viruses (Herpes simplex ,varicella zoster , molluscum contagiosum), Measles ,Rubella

### iii. Parasitic infections:

Leishmaniasis, Cysticercosis, Tissue nematodes (Filarial tissue nematodes, Dracunculus medinesis, Trichinella spiralis) & larva migrans.

### iv. Fungal infections:

Superficial fungal infections & subcutaneous fungal infections

## V) Respiratory tract infections

### i. Bacterial infections:

Infective syndrome of respiratory tract: TB & COVID-19

Atypical pneumonia-Mycoplasma, Chlamydia and Legionella

Bacterial lobar pneumonia-Pneumococcal pneumonia (Streptococcus pneumoniae and Haemophilus influenza), pasteurella, Franscisella,

Pharyngitis:Bordetella pertussis,

Miscellaneous bacterial infections: Listeria monocytogenes, Rat bite fever

### ii. Viral infections:

Orthomyxovirus-Influenza,paramyxoviridae(Mumps ,Adenovirus), Pneumoviruses-Respiratory syncytial virus

### iii. Parasitic inections:

Babesia

### iv. Fungal infections:

Rhinosporidiosis, Otomycosis, Occulomycosis

Infections of Respiratory tract - pneumonia immunocompromised host: pneumocystis jiovecii, CMV

## Neglected Infectious disease: 1

Buruli ulcer, Chagas disease

## Practical:

- Spotters- 2nd block spotters
- Stool examination : OSPE (preparation of stool wet mount) + Identify the chart & write a labelled diagram
- AETCOM: NSIs 2 cases, record book, pg. no 77and 4 cases, record book, pg. no 104
- Applied exercise: Bacteriology -- E.coli, Shigella species, V.cholera, C.diphtheriae and Parasitology - Giardia lamblia, P.vivax, P.falciparum, E.histolytica

Record & Viva-Voce

Principal & Dean CDSIMER, DSU

Dr. A.C. ASHOK MBBS, MS, DNB, DA
Principal & Dean
Dr. Chandramma Dayananda Sharir
Institute of Medical Education & Ra
Devarakaggalahalli, Kanakapura Sharir
Ramanagara Dist. - 562112, Kanakabura