

HackerRank

Array Reversal ★

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C
C language

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Given an array, of size n , reverse it.

Example: If array, $arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$, after reversing it, the array should be, $arr = [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]$.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n , denoting the size of the array. The next line contains n space-separated integers denoting the elements of the array.

Constraints

$1 \leq n \leq 1000$

$1 \leq arr_i \leq 1000$, where arr_i is the i^{th} element of the array.

Output Format

The output is handled by the code given in the editor, which would print the array.

Sample Input 0

6
16 13 7 2 1 12

Sample Output 0

12 1 2 7 13 16

Explanation 0

Given array, $arr = [16, 13, 7, 2, 1, 12]$. After reversing the array, $arr = [12, 1, 2, 7, 13, 16]$

Sample Input 1

7
1 13 15 20 12 13 2

Sample Output 1

2 13 12 20 15 13 1

Sample Input 2

8
15 5 16 15 17 11 5 11

Sample Output 2

11 5 11 17 15 16 5 15

Change Theme Language: C



```
1 # include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n;
4     int arr[1000];
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6
7     for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
8         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
9     }
10
11     for (int i=n-1; i>=0; i--) {
12
13         printf("%d ",arr[i]);
14     }
15
16
17
18
19     return 0;
20 }
21
```

Line: 21 Col: 1

Upload Code as File

☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

Next Challenge

Test case 0

Test case 1

Test case 2

Test case 3

Test case 4

Test case 5

Test case 6

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin)

Download

1	6
2	16 13 7 2 1 12

Expected Output

Download

1	12 1 2 7 13 16
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