

MATRICES USING PYTHON

THOUTU RAHUL RAJ

rdj4648@gmail.com

FWC22008

IITH Future Wireless Communication (FWC)

ASSIGN-4

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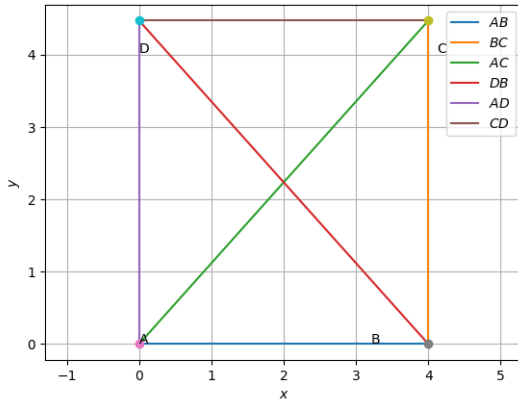
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1 Problem

If diagonals of a parallelogram are equal then show that it is a rectangle

2 Construction

Figure of Construction



The input parameters for this construction are

Symbol	Value	Description
r	6	AC
k	4	AB
θ	$\arccos(k/r)$	$\angle AC$
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	Point A

3 Solution

Termux commands :

```
python3 matrixline.py
```

To Prove: ABCD is a rectangle

Given: ABCD is a parallelogram

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C} \quad (1)$$

We can write this as

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C} = \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D} \quad (2)$$

And, Diagonals of the parallelogram are equal.

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{B} \quad (3)$$

If we take a point on the intersection of diagonals then we can write

$$\|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{C}\| = \|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{O} - \mathbf{A}\| \quad (4)$$

Then we can say that diagonals bisect each other.

\therefore It is a rectangle

The below python code realizes the above construction: https://github.com/Rahulraj00/Assignments/tree/main/Assignment assg_4