

Projects & Collaboration with Git

Data Boot Camp

Lesson 7.1



Class Objectives

By the end of today's class, you will be able to:



Articulate the requirements for Project 1.



Draw and interpret diagrams of Git branching workflows.



Create new branches with Git.



Push local branches to GitHub.



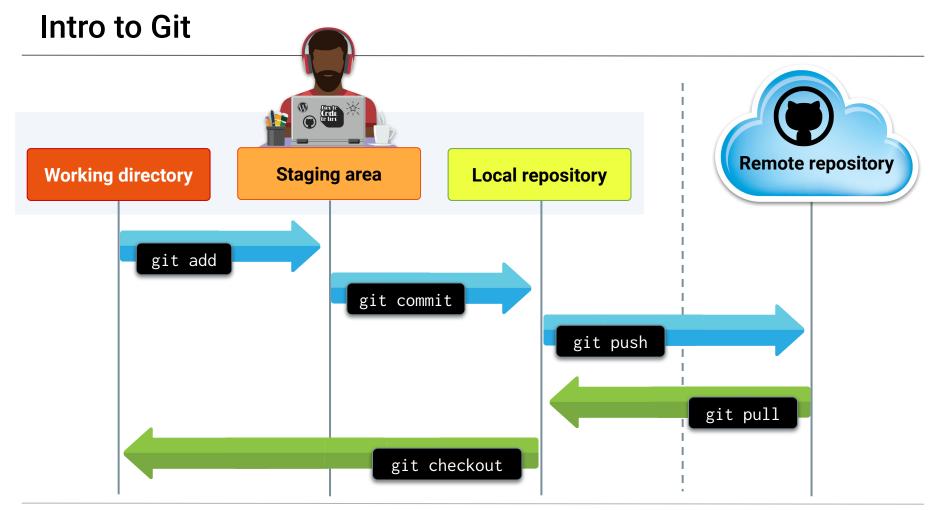


Instructor Demonstration

Introduction to Git



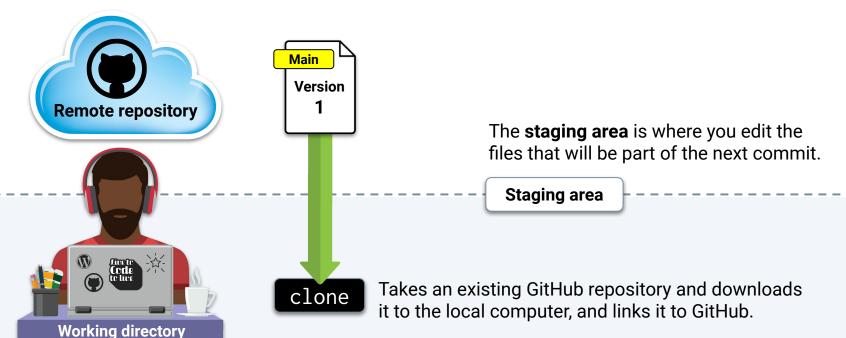
Git is a distributed version-control system for tracking changes in source code during software development.



Git and Your Project

Scenario: Your group has been working with Uber's rider data, and you've decided to analyze the average age of the riders:

The root code for the project is called main.



Git and Your Project

Git essentially allows us to write this code and save it with the name age_analysis.

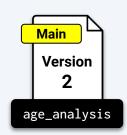




The **staging area** is the where you edit the files that will be part of the next commit.

Staging area





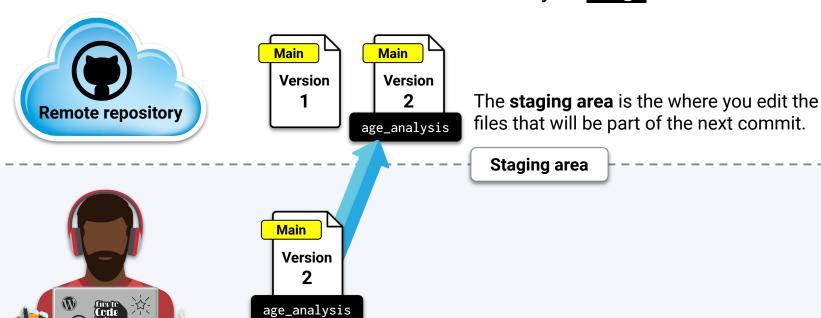


Your staged changes are saved once you commit.

Git and Your Project

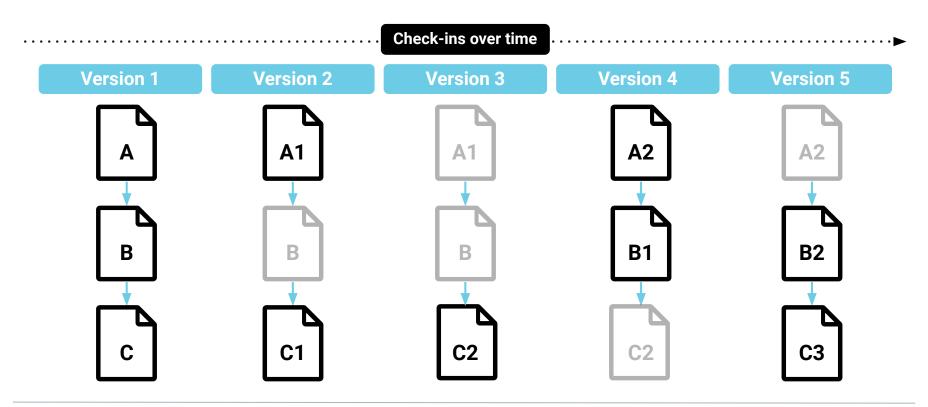
Working directory

age_analysis is a branch that originates from the main branch. It contains updates that will be added to the main branch when it's ready to merge.



Working with GitHub: Snapshot Model

Version control is a system that allows you to manage changes over time.







Activity: Creating a Project Repo

In this activity, one member of each group will set up a GitHub repository to use for the project.

Suggested Time:

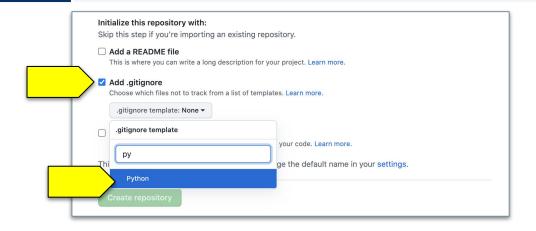
10 minutes

Activity Part 1: Creating a Project Repo

Instructions Part 1

Nominate a group member to create the project repository. Go to <u>GitHub</u>, and perform the following steps:

- Click the plus sign (+) next to your profile picture.
- Click New Repository.
- Initialize with .gitignore.
- Choose **Python** in the gitignore dropdown.



Activity Part 2: Creating a Project Repo

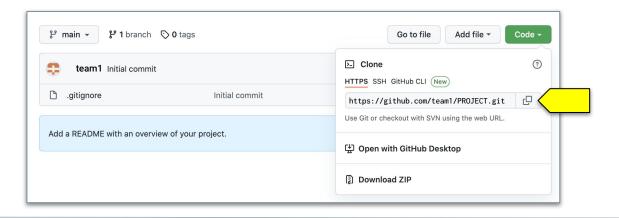
Instructions Part 2

On the repo page, click **Code** to open the **Clone** dropdown and click the clipboard to copy the URL.

Slack the remote URL to your team members.

Everyone on the team should now clone the repository to their local machines.

Open the terminal, and clone the repository with git clone, pasting the copied URL.



Activity Part 3: Adding Collaborators

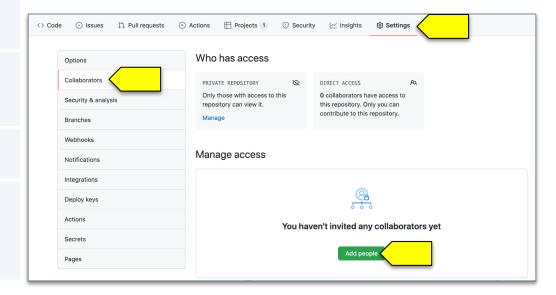
Instructions Part 3

In your Project Repo page, click the **Settings** tab.

Click **Collaborators** in the left-hand menu.

Click Add people.

Type in your collaborator's GitHub username, and add the user to the project.





Activity: Workflows

In this activity, you will review the concepts that we have learned so far.

Suggested Time:

5 minutes

Activity: Workflows

Instructions

For this diagramming exercise, either draw your solutions on paper or use the interface provided at Git Viz: https://peleke.github.io/git-viz/.

Check Slack for Activities/02-Stu_Workflows/README.md, or open the file directly from your student repo.





Activity: Creating Branches

In this activity, we will review how to create a branch in GitHub.

Suggested Time:

10 minutes

Activity: Creating Branches

Instructions

To create a new, isolated development history, we must create branches.

git checkout -b data_analytics

Alternatively, we can create a branch and then switch to it as two separate steps, although this is less common.

git branch data_analytics

git checkout data_analytics



Activity: Pushing to GitHub

In this activity, we will review how to push a commit in GitHub.

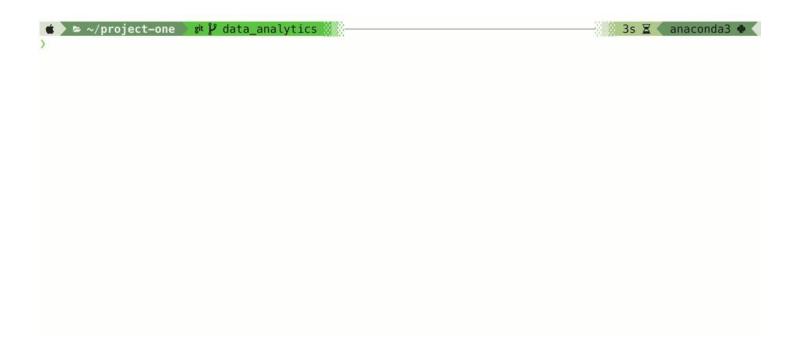
Suggested Time:

10 minutes

$A (\texttt{git push origin < branch_name > } Hub)$

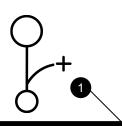
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🔆 🖟 anaconda3 💠
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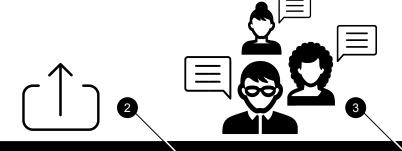
Agit pull: Pushing to GitHub

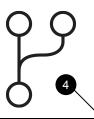




Recap of Git Workflow







Create a Branch:

Push up the branch to your remote GitHub repo. It should have created a remote branch with the same name.

Open a Pull Request:

A pull request is essentially a request to merge code from one branch into another branch on GitHub.

Discuss and Review:

This helps catch any mistakes you might have made and helps teammates understand the work you've done.

Merge and Deploy:

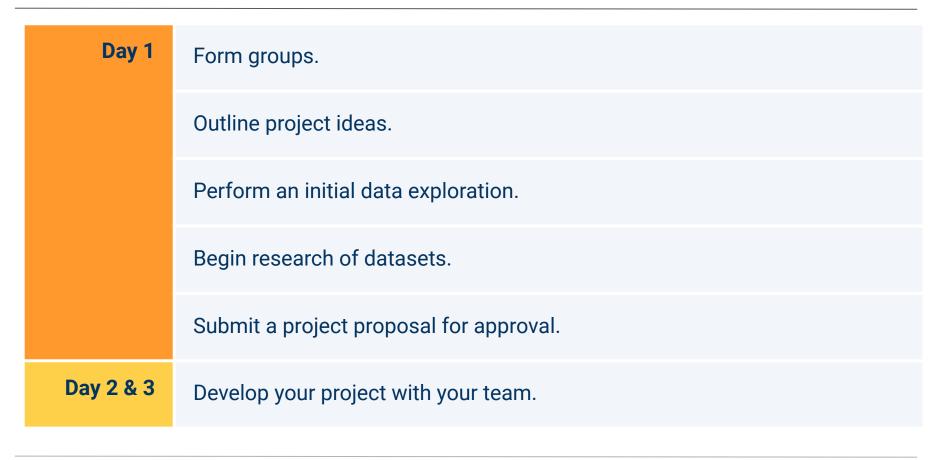
Merge changes into the main branch and deploy the code.

Recap of Git Workflow

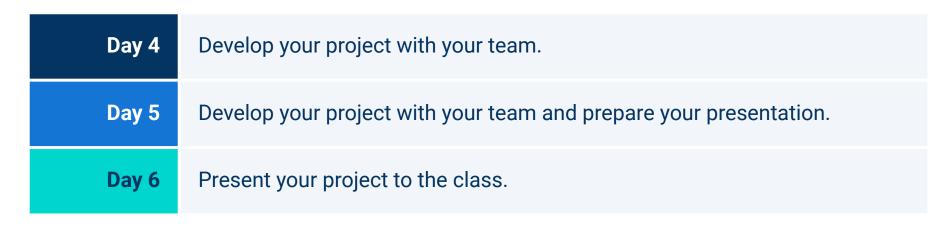
git clone	Clones a git repository onto the local file system.
git add	Adds changed files to the queue of tracked files ready to be committed.
git commit	Adds tracked files as a bulk checkpoint ready to be pushed to the remote git repository.
git push	Uploads changed files from the local git repository to the remote git repository and updates the remote files.
git pull	Downloads changed files from the remote git repository to the local git repository and updates the local files.



Project Week (This Week)!



Project Week (Next Week)!





Presentation Requirements

You will prepare a formal 10-minute presentation that covers the following topics:



Questions that you found interesting and what motivated you to answer them



Where and how you found the data you used to answer these questions



The data exploration and cleanup process (accompanied by your Jupyter notebook)



The analysis process (accompanied by your Jupyter notebook)



Your conclusions, including a numerical summary and visualizations of the summary



The implications of your findings: what do your findings mean?

Development Requirements

Bonus

Instructions Use Pandas to clean and format your dataset or datasets. Create a Jupyter notebook **describing the data exploration and cleanup** process. Create a Jupyter notebook illustrating the final data analysis. Use Matplotlib to create 6 to 8 visualizations of your data (ideally, at least 2 visualizations per "question" that you ask your data). Save PNG images of your visualizations to distribute to the class and instructional team—and for inclusion in your presentation. Create a write-up summarizing your major findings. This should include a heading for each "question" that you asked your data as well as a short description of your findings and any relevant plots. Use at least one API—if you can find one with data pertinent to your primary research questions.



Suggestions for Data Sources

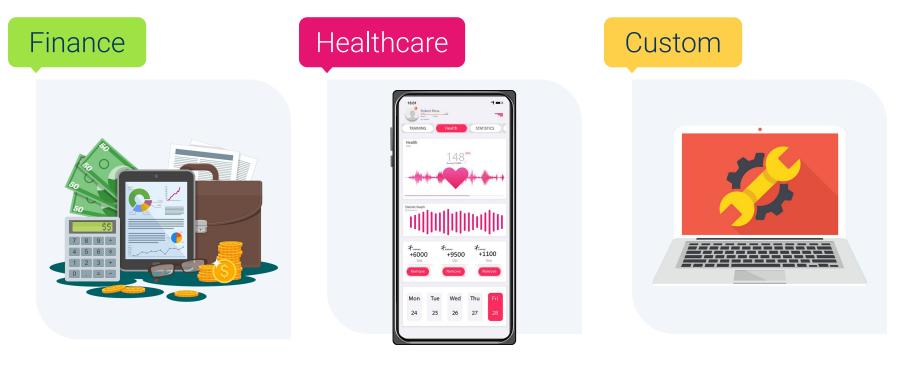
Feel free to ask the instructional staff for input, but our general advice is to stick to data sources that meet the following criteria:





Choosing a Project Track

This project gives you the ability to focus your efforts within a specific industry. Here are the specializations:



EDA in Finance

Why is exploratory data analysis important in the financial sector?

- Identifying deals
- Private equity
- Arbitrage opportunities
- Liquidity
- Finance/refinance trends

Who would use this skill?

- Investment banking professionals
- Private equity analysts
- Lending analysts
- Financial administrators
- Real estate professional



Financial Analyst: Equity Trading

EDA in finance example:



While working for a large equity trading company, you're tasked with researching a client's portfolio. They want to invest in telecom stocks and need expert analysis to make the right decision.



Using the Nasdaq Data
API, pull a year's worth of trading data for the major cell phone providers:
AT&T, T-Mobile, and Verizon.



Which stocks are trending upward? Which are trending down? From these data, what recommendations would you make to your client?

Financial Analyst: New Car Loan Analysis

EDA in finance example:



People have been financing higher car values over longer amounts of time.

What is driving these decisions?

Search for answers using data collected from the Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED).

What other questions can you answer with these data?



What do your results suggest about the time value of money?

What about the impact of these loans as time goes on?



fred.stlouisfed.org

EDA in Healthcare

Who in the healthcare industry does EDA?

- Clinical data analyst
- Pharmaceutical testing
- Healthcare economics researcher
- Senior policy analyst
- Compliance operations analyst
- Public health informatics scientist

Why is it important?

- Predicting and diagnosing illnesses
- Greater accuracy and impact
- Improve patient safety
- Improve diagnoses
- Greater understanding of disease risks and causes
- Greater prevention strategies



Mental Health in Tech

EDA in healthcare example:

01

02

People working in tech are often at their desks for extended amounts of time.

How does this correlate to one's mental health?

Examine the <u>data</u>
<u>collected through</u>
<u>surveys</u> and search
for trends.

Find out if there is a link between mental health and companies that offer wellness programs. 03

What do the results show you about the prevalence of mental health in tech?

Can you suggest steps that companies can take to better aid their employees?

kaggle.com 41

Personal Fitness Analyst

EDA in healthcare example:

01

02

Does working out help a person become more active overall?

An analytic team with Personal Fitness, Inc. has decided to tackle this very question. Using data collected by the Samsung Health application, the team wants to uncover trends within the data.

03

What do the results tell you about individuals using this app?

Have their lifestyles become more active? Less? Remained the same?

EDA

Who else utilizes EDA? Everybody! We've only specified healthcare and finance as industry specifics, but any industry that uses data benefits from EDA.

Other professions that use it include:





Private Investigator

EDA example:

01

Use aggregate crime data from different police precincts in a city to uncover patterns in criminal activity.

02

Most crime in New York
City takes place in the
summer.

Can you uncover similar patterns in your city?

03

What do your results suggest about how police should plan their patrols?

What do your results suggest about how best to distribute law enforcement resources over the calendar year?

www.nydailynews.com 4

Uber Rides and Weather

EDA example:



No one likes to walk in subzero temperatures or scorching heat. Do people use Uber more when the weather is

uncomfortable?





Using <u>Uber ride data</u>
<u>from Kaggle</u> and data
from a weather API, find
out if people take Uber
more during summer and
winter, and if there are
relationships between
daily temperature and
ride frequency.



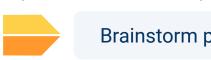
What do the results tell you about surge-pricing strategies and commuter habits?

www.kagale.com 45



Today's Focus

By the end of today's class:



Brainstorm possible project ideas.



Begin data research.



Write a description of the scope of your research.

Create a short 1-page project proposal that covers the following:



Project Title



Team Members



Project Description/Outline



Research Questions to Answer



Datasets to Be Used



Rough Breakdown of Tasks

