

Project_4

January 11, 2023

1 PROJECT: Comcast telecomm Complaints

1.0.1 Description

Comcast is an American global telecommunication company. The firm has been providing terrible customer service. They continue to fall short despite repeated promises to improve. Only last month (October 2016) the authority fined them a \$2.3 million, after receiving over 1000 consumer complaints.

1.0.2 Data Dictionary

Ticket #: Ticket number assigned to each complaint
Customer Complaint: Description of complaint
Date: Date of complaint
Time: Time of complaint
Received Via: Mode of communication of the complaint
City: Customer city
State: Customer state
Zipcode: Customer zip
Status: Status of complaint
Filing on behalf of someone

```
[1]: #Importing libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

Task 1: Import data into Python environment

```
[2]: df= pd.read_csv('Comcast_telecom_complaints_data.csv')
```

```
[3]: #Identifying shape of the dataset
df.shape
```

```
[3]: (2224, 11)
```

```
[4]: columns= df.columns
      columns
```

```
[4]: Index(['Ticket #', 'Customer Complaint', 'Date', 'Date_month_year', 'Time',
          'Received Via', 'City', 'State', 'Zip code', 'Status',
          'Filing on Behalf of Someone'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[5]: df.head()
```

```
[5]: Ticket # Customer Complaint Date \
0 250635 Comcast Cable Internet Speeds 22-04-15
1 223441 Payment disappear - service got disconnected 04-08-15
2 242732 Speed and Service 18-04-15
3 277946 Comcast Imposed a New Usage Cap of 300GB that ... 05-07-15
4 307175 Comcast not working and no service to boot 26-05-15

Date_month_year Time Received Via City State \
0 22-Apr-15 3:53:50 PM Customer Care Call Abingdon Maryland
1 04-Aug-15 10:22:56 AM Internet Acworth Georgia
2 18-Apr-15 9:55:47 AM Internet Acworth Georgia
3 05-Jul-15 11:59:35 AM Internet Acworth Georgia
4 26-May-15 1:25:26 PM Internet Acworth Georgia

Zip code Status Filing on Behalf of Someone
0 21009 Closed No
1 30102 Closed No
2 30101 Closed Yes
3 30101 Open Yes
4 30101 Solved No
```

```
[6]: df.tail()
```

```
[6]: Ticket # Customer Complaint Date \
2219 213550 Service Availability 04-02-15
2220 318775 Comcast Monthly Billing for Returned Modem 06-02-15
2221 331188 complaint about comcast 06-09-15
2222 360489 Extremely unsatisfied Comcast customer 23-06-15
2223 363614 Comcast, Ypsilanti MI Internet Speed 24-06-15

Date_month_year Time Received Via City State \
2219 04-Feb-15 9:13:18 AM Customer Care Call Youngstown Florida
2220 06-Feb-15 1:24:39 PM Customer Care Call Ypsilanti Michigan
2221 06-Sep-15 5:28:41 PM Internet Ypsilanti Michigan
2222 23-Jun-15 11:13:30 PM Customer Care Call Ypsilanti Michigan
```

2223 24-Jun-15 10:28:33 PM Customer Care Call Ypsilanti Michigan

	Zip code	Status	Filing on Behalf of Someone
2219	32466	Closed	No
2220	48197	Solved	No
2221	48197	Solved	No
2222	48197	Solved	No
2223	48198	Open	Yes

```
[7]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2224 entries, 0 to 2223
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Ticket #                             2224 non-null   object
1   Customer Complaint                   2224 non-null   object
2   Date                                2224 non-null   object
3   Date_month_year                      2224 non-null   object
4   Time                                 2224 non-null   object
5   Received Via                         2224 non-null   object
6   City                                 2224 non-null   object
7   State                                2224 non-null   object
8   Zip code                             2224 non-null   int64
9   Status                               2224 non-null   object
10  Filing on Behalf of Someone          2224 non-null   object
dtypes: int64(1), object(10)
memory usage: 191.2+ KB
```

```
[8]: df.describe()
```

```
[8]:
```

	Zip code
count	2224.000000
mean	47994.393435
std	28885.279427
min	1075.000000
25%	30056.500000
50%	37211.000000
75%	77058.750000
max	99223.000000

```
[9]: #Identifying unique values of each columns
def print_unique(df):
    for col in df:
        print("Unique Values of column: ",col,"; No. of unique values: ",
              len(df[col].unique()))
```

```

print (df[col].value_counts())
print ("#"*100)
print_unique(df)

```

Unique Values of column: Ticket # ; No. of unique values: 2224

```

266179    1
326985    1
358157    1
360707    1
281647    1

```

```

..
342774    1
372108    1
374265    1
362991    1
231199    1

```

Name: Ticket #, Length: 2224, dtype: int64

```

#####
#####

```

Unique Values of column: Customer Complaint ; No. of unique values: 1841

```

Comcast    83
Comcast Internet    18
Comcast Data Cap    17
comcast    13
Data Caps    11

```

```

..
Comcast - Fraudulent Billing Practices, Unwilling to resolve situation    1
Comcast Internet Speeds    1
Home Shopping Network Emails    1
comcast: no service for one month    1
Comcast is giving me the ring around and charged me $130    1

```

Name: Customer Complaint, Length: 1841, dtype: int64

```

#####
#####

```

Unique Values of column: Date ; No. of unique values: 91

```

24-06-15    218
23-06-15    190
25-06-15    98
26-06-15    55
30-06-15    53

```

```

...
05-10-15    7
17-05-15    7
04-05-15    6
05-03-15    5
04-11-15    5

```

Name: Date, Length: 91, dtype: int64

```
#####
#####
Unique Values of column: Date_month_year ; No. of unique values: 91
24-Jun-15      218
23-Jun-15      190
25-Jun-15       98
26-Jun-15       55
30-Jun-15       53
...
17-May-15       7
24-May-15       7
04-May-15       6
04-Nov-15       5
05-Mar-15       5
Name: Date_month_year, Length: 91, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column: Time ; No. of unique values: 2190
2:06:03 PM      2
11:59:36 AM     2
9:56:13 PM      2
11:40:30 PM     2
9:50:41 PM      2
..
11:14:49 AM     1
3:46:45 PM      1
9:37:12 PM      1
5:54:14 PM      1
6:46:43 PM      1
Name: Time, Length: 2190, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column: Received Via ; No. of unique values: 2
Customer Care Call 1119
Internet           1105
Name: Received Via, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column: City ; No. of unique values: 928
Atlanta          63
Chicago          47
Knoxville        36
Houston          33
Jacksonville     31
..
Lincolnwood      1
Grovetown        1
Tupelo           1
```

```

Kenmore          1
Woburn           1
Name: City, Length: 928, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column: State ; No. of unique values: 43
Georgia          288
Florida          240
California        220
Illinois         164
Tennessee        143
Pennsylvania     130
Michigan         115
Washington        98
Colorado          80
Maryland          78
New Jersey        75
Texas             71
Massachusetts     61
Virginia          60
Indiana           59
Oregon            49
Mississippi       39
Minnesota         33
Alabama           26
Utah              22
Arizona           20
South Carolina    18
District Of Columbia 16
New Mexico        15
Louisiana         13
Connecticut       12
New Hampshire     12
Delaware          12
West Virginia     11
Kentucky          7
New York          6
Arkansas          6
Maine             5
Missouri          4
Ohio              3
North Carolina    3
Vermont           3
Kansas            2
Iowa              1
District of Columbia 1
Rhode Island      1
Montana           1

```

```

Nevada                                     1
Name: State, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column:  Zip code ; No. of unique values:  1543
30144      8
30188      8
30022      7
85718      6
37920      6
..
33181      1
20895      1
33189      1
10589      1
55303      1
Name: Zip code, Length: 1543, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column:  Status ; No. of unique values:  4
Solved      973
Closed      734
Open        363
Pending     154
Name: Status, dtype: int64
#####
#####
Unique Values of column:  Filing on Behalf of Someone ; No. of unique values:  2
No          2021
Yes         203
Name: Filing on Behalf of Someone, dtype: int64
#####
#####

```

```

[10]: #Identifying variables with null values
df.isnull().sum()

```

```

[10]: Ticket #                0
      Customer Complaint      0
      Date                  0
      Date_month_year        0
      Time                  0
      Received Via           0
      City                  0
      State                 0
      Zip code              0
      Status                0

```

```
Filing on Behalf of Someone    0
dtype: int64
```

—————There are no NULL Values—————

```
[11]: #Doing Backup
df_bkp= df.copy()
```

Task 2: Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at monthly and daily granularity levels

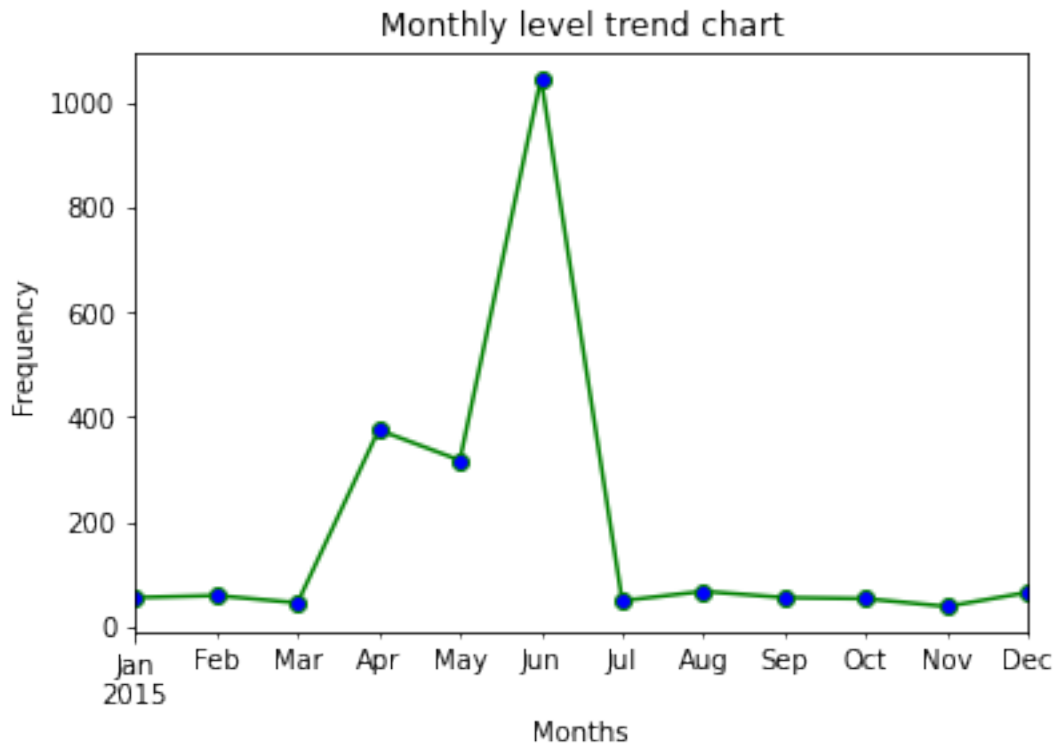
```
[12]: #Converting Dtype of "Date_month_year" from object to datetime
df['Date_month_year']= pd.to_datetime(df['Date_month_year'])
#Setting "Date_month_year" as index
df=df.set_index('Date_month_year')
```

```
[13]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 2224 entries, 2015-04-22 to 2015-06-24
Data columns (total 10 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Ticket #                             2224 non-null   object
 1   Customer Complaint                   2224 non-null   object
 2   Date                                2224 non-null   object
 3   Time                                2224 non-null   object
 4   Received Via                         2224 non-null   object
 5   City                                 2224 non-null   object
 6   State                                2224 non-null   object
 7   Zip code                             2224 non-null   int64
 8   Status                               2224 non-null   object
 9   Filing on Behalf of Someone          2224 non-null   object
dtypes: int64(1), object(9)
memory usage: 191.1+ KB
```

```
[14]: #Plotting a Monthly Chart
months= df.groupby(pd.Grouper(freq="M")).size().plot(color='green',
            marker='o', markerfacecolor='blue')
plt.xlabel("Months")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.title("Monthly level trend chart")
```

```
[14]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Monthly level trend chart')
```

—————Above chart shows that "June 2015" has maximum Complaints—————

```
[15]: #Counting unique values for "Date" column
df['Date'].value_counts()[:10]
```

```
[15]: 24-06-15    218
      23-06-15    190
      25-06-15    98
      26-06-15    55
      30-06-15    53
      29-06-15    51
      18-06-15    47
      06-12-15    43
      27-06-15    39
      15-06-15    34
      Name: Date, dtype: int64
```

```
[16]: #Converting Dtype of "Date" from object to datetime
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
```

```
[17]: df.info()
```

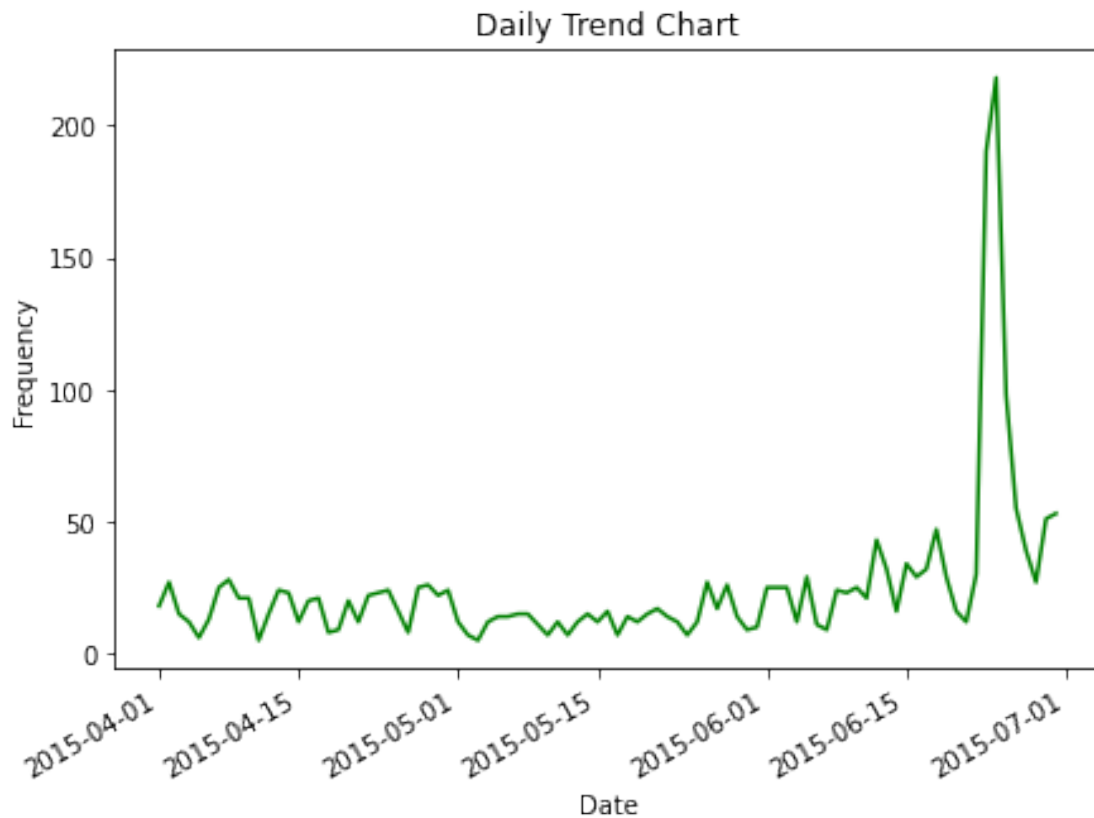
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 2224 entries, 2015-04-22 to 2015-06-24
Data columns (total 10 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Ticket #	2224 non-null	object
1	Customer Complaint	2224 non-null	object
2	Date	2224 non-null	datetime64[ns]
3	Time	2224 non-null	object
4	Received Via	2224 non-null	object
5	City	2224 non-null	object
6	State	2224 non-null	object
7	Zip code	2224 non-null	int64
8	Status	2224 non-null	object
9	Filing on Behalf of Someone	2224 non-null	object

dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int64(1), object(8)
memory usage: 191.1+ KB

```
[18]: #Sorting the "Date" column
df= df.sort_values("Date")
#Plotting daily chart
df['Date'].value_counts().plot(figsize=(7,5), color='green')
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.title("Daily Trend Chart")
```

```
[18]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Daily Trend Chart')
```

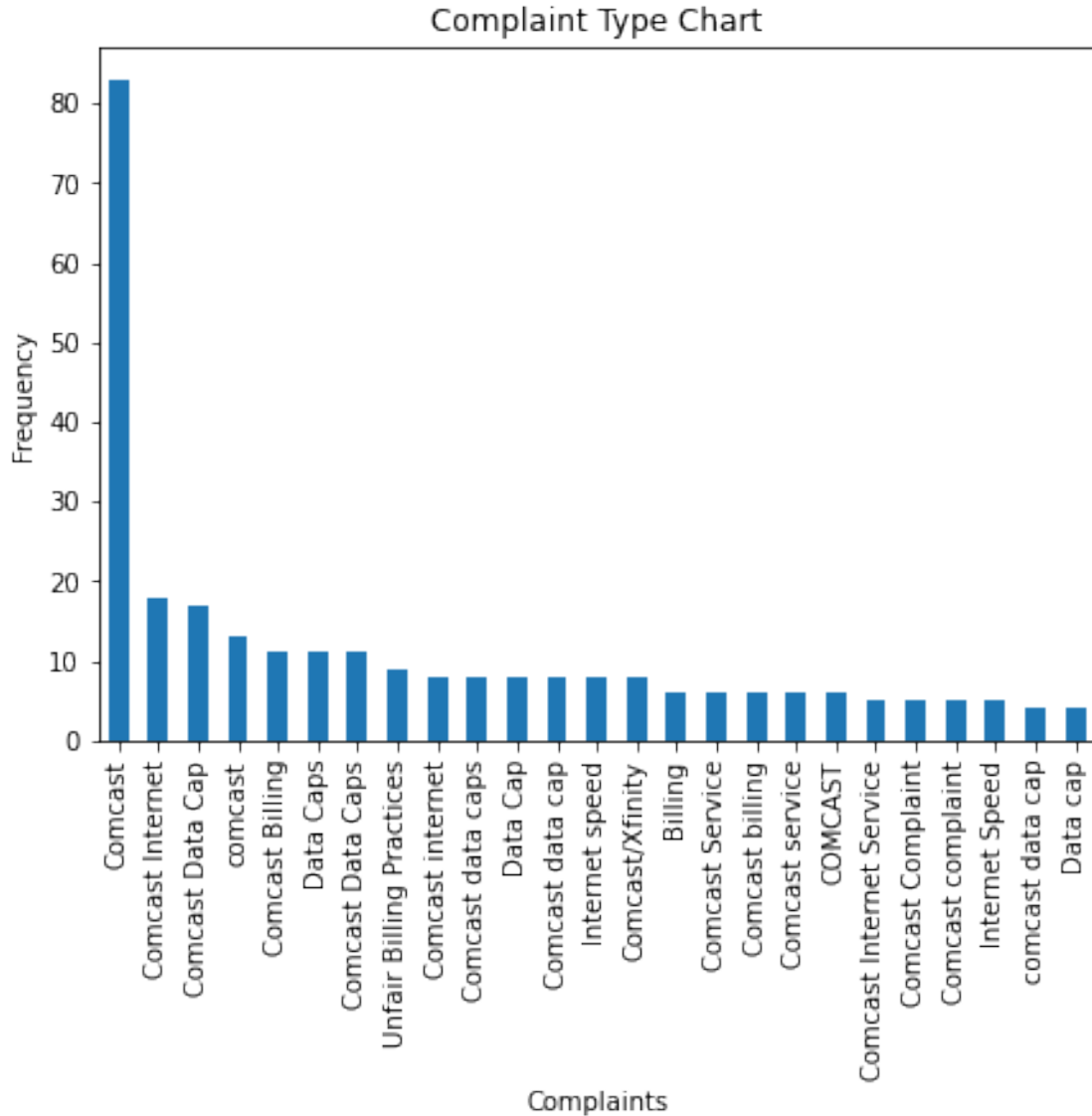


———Above chart shows that there is maximum complaints between 15th June 2015 and 1st July 2015———

Task 3: Provide a table with the frequency of complaint types

```
[19]: df['Customer Complaint'].value_counts().head(25).plot(kind='bar', figsize=(7,5))
plt.xlabel("Complaints")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.title("Complaint Type Chart")
```

```
[19]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Complaint Type Chart')
```



—————Above chart shows "Comcast" type of complaints are more—————

Task 4: Which complaint types are maximum i.e., around internet, network issues, or across any other domains.

```
[20]: internet_issues1= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('network')].count()
internet_issues2= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('speed')].count()
internet_issues3= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('data')].count()
internet_issues4= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('internet')].count()
billing_issues1= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('bill')].count()
billing_issues2= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('billing')].count()
billing_issues3= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('charges')].count()
service_issues1= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('service')].count()
service_issues2= df[df['Customer Complaint'].str.contains('customer')].count()
```

```
[21]: total_internet_issues = internet_issues1 + internet_issues2 + internet_issues3
      ↪+ internet_issues4
      print(total_internet_issues)
```

```
Ticket #          374
Customer Complaint 374
Date              374
Time             374
Received Via      374
City             374
State            374
Zip code         374
Status           374
Filing on Behalf of Someone 374
dtype: int64
```

```
[22]: total_billing_issues = billing_issues1 + billing_issues2 + billing_issues3
      print(total_billing_issues)
```

```
Ticket #          353
Customer Complaint 353
Date              353
Time             353
Received Via      353
City             353
State            353
Zip code         353
Status           353
Filing on Behalf of Someone 353
dtype: int64
```

```
[23]: total_service_issues = service_issues1 + service_issues2
      print(total_service_issues)
```

```
Ticket #          360
Customer Complaint 360
Date              360
Time             360
Received Via      360
City             360
State            360
Zip code         360
Status           360
Filing on Behalf of Someone 360
dtype: int64
```

```
[24]: other_issues = 2224- (total_internet_issues + total_billing_issues +
    ↪total_service_issues)
print(other_issues)
```

```
Ticket #                1137
Customer Complaint      1137
Date                   1137
Time                   1137
Received Via           1137
City                   1137
State                  1137
Zip code               1137
Status                 1137
Filing on Behalf of Someone 1137
dtype: int64
```

————The above analysis shows that other issues are maximum————

Task 5: Create a new categorical variable with value as Open and Closed. Open & Pending is to be categorized as Open and Closed & Solved is to be categorized as Closed

```
[25]: df.Status.unique()
```

```
[25]: array(['Closed', 'Open', 'Solved', 'Pending'], dtype=object)
```

```
[26]: df["new_status"] = ["Open" if Status == "Open" or Status == "Pending" else
    ↪"Closed" for Status in df["Status"]]
df=df.drop(["Status"], axis=1)
df
```

```
[26]:
```

	Ticket #	Customer Complaint \
Date_month_year		
2015-01-04	211677	Comcast refusal of service
2015-01-04	211976	Fraudulent claims reported to collections agency
2015-01-04	211478	Comcast
2015-01-04	211904	Unable to get in touch with anyone that has th...
2015-01-04	212381	Comcast speeds as low as 12 MB/s, paying for 1...
...
2015-06-30	376328	Comcast Failed to deliver service that was adv...
2015-06-30	375847	Comcast bundles useless services to charge more.
2015-06-30	375249	Comcast cable
2015-06-30	375292	Underhanded sales techniques
2015-06-30	376295	Slow internet service

	Date	Time	Received Via	City \
Date_month_year				
2015-01-04	2015-04-01	12:01:06 PM	Customer Care Call	Wayne

2015-01-04	2015-04-01	1:26:53 PM	Customer Care Call	Atlanta
2015-01-04	2015-04-01	10:47:35 AM	Internet	North Huntingdon
2015-01-04	2015-04-01	1:06:33 PM	Customer Care Call	Huntsville
2015-01-04	2015-04-01	3:10:12 PM	Customer Care Call	Washington
...
2015-06-30	2015-06-30	11:24:39 PM	Internet	Houston
2015-06-30	2015-06-30	6:36:52 PM	Internet	Houston
2015-06-30	2015-06-30	3:47:29 PM	Internet	Beach Haven
2015-06-30	2015-06-30	3:59:45 PM	Internet	Lakewood
2015-06-30	2015-06-30	10:57:27 PM	Internet	White House

Date_month_year	State	Zip code	Filing on Behalf of Someone new_status
2015-01-04	Pennsylvania	19087	No Closed
2015-01-04	Georgia	30312	No Closed
2015-01-04	Pennsylvania	15642	No Closed
2015-01-04	Alabama	35801	No Closed
2015-01-04	Pennsylvania	15301	No Closed
...
2015-06-30	Texas	77064	No Open
2015-06-30	Texas	77025	No Open
2015-06-30	New Jersey	8008	No Open
2015-06-30	Colorado	80215	No Open
2015-06-30	Tennessee	37188	No Open

[2224 rows x 10 columns]

Task 6: - Provide state wise status of complaints in a stacked bar chart

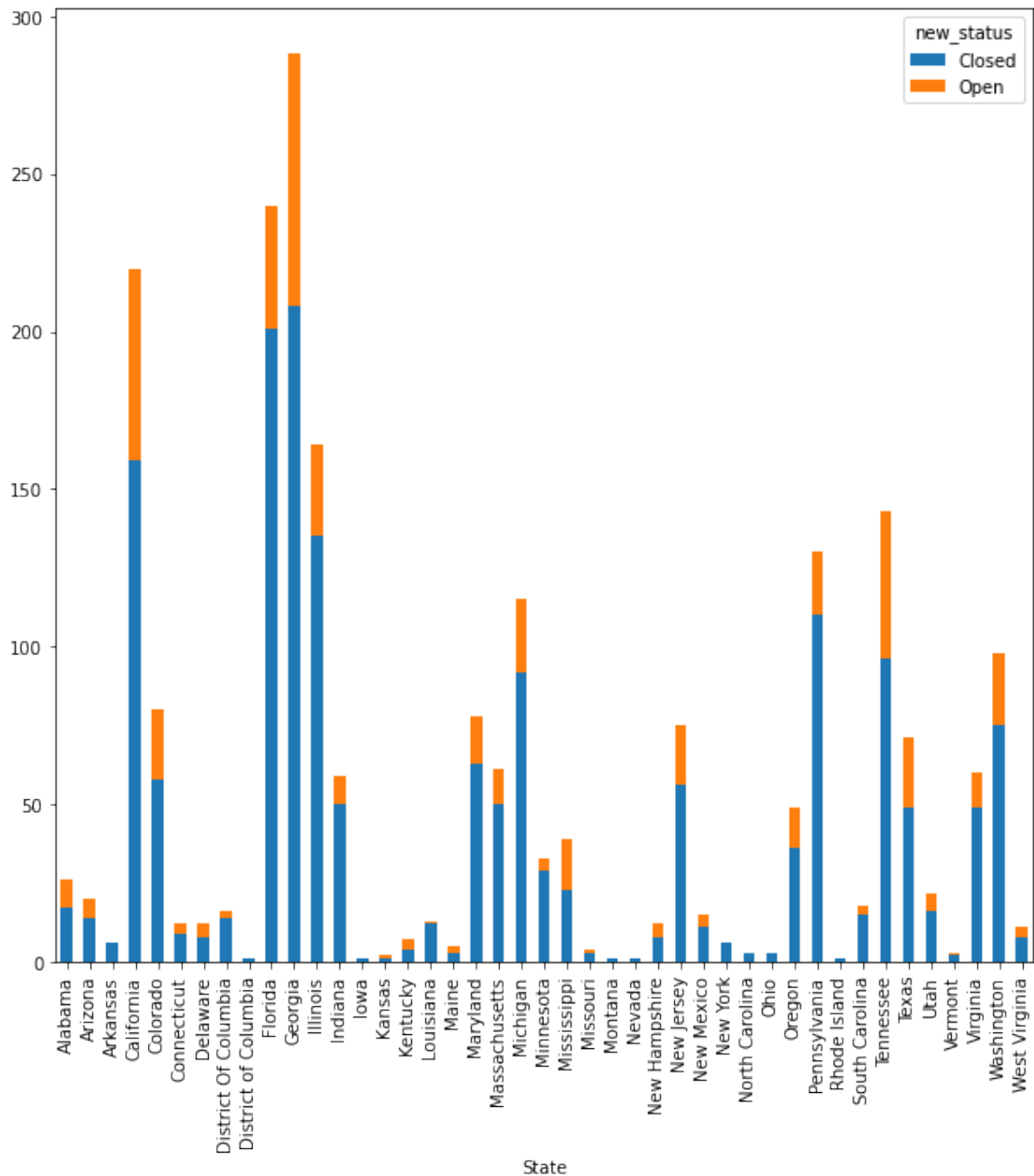
```
[27]: statewise_complaints = df.groupby(["State", "new_status"]).size().unstack()
print(statewise_complaints)
```

new_status	Closed	Open
State		
Alabama	17.0	9.0
Arizona	14.0	6.0
Arkansas	6.0	NaN
California	159.0	61.0
Colorado	58.0	22.0
Connecticut	9.0	3.0
Delaware	8.0	4.0
District Of Columbia	14.0	2.0
District of Columbia	1.0	NaN
Florida	201.0	39.0
Georgia	208.0	80.0
Illinois	135.0	29.0
Indiana	50.0	9.0

Iowa	1.0	NaN
Kansas	1.0	1.0
Kentucky	4.0	3.0
Louisiana	12.0	1.0
Maine	3.0	2.0
Maryland	63.0	15.0
Massachusetts	50.0	11.0
Michigan	92.0	23.0
Minnesota	29.0	4.0
Mississippi	23.0	16.0
Missouri	3.0	1.0
Montana	1.0	NaN
Nevada	1.0	NaN
New Hampshire	8.0	4.0
New Jersey	56.0	19.0
New Mexico	11.0	4.0
New York	6.0	NaN
North Carolina	3.0	NaN
Ohio	3.0	NaN
Oregon	36.0	13.0
Pennsylvania	110.0	20.0
Rhode Island	1.0	NaN
South Carolina	15.0	3.0
Tennessee	96.0	47.0
Texas	49.0	22.0
Utah	16.0	6.0
Vermont	2.0	1.0
Virginia	49.0	11.0
Washington	75.0	23.0
West Virginia	8.0	3.0

```
[28]: statewise_complaints.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10,10),stacked=True)
```

```
[28]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='State'>
```

Task 7: Which state has the maximum complaints

```
[29]: df.groupby(['State']).size().sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]
```

```
[29]: State
      Georgia      288
      Florida      240
      California    220
```

```

Illinois      164
Tennessee    143
Pennsylvania  130
Michigan      115
Washington    98
Colorado      80
Maryland      78
dtype: int64

```

—————Above analysis shows that "Georgia" has maximum complaints—————

Task 8: Which state has the highest percentage of unresolved complaints

```

[30]: #Using "Open" Status as it is "Unresolved"
unresolved_complaints = df.groupby(["State", "new_status"]).size().unstack().
    ↳ sort_values("Open", ascending= False)
unresolved_complaints['unresolved_complaints_%'] =
    ↳ (unresolved_complaints['Open']/unresolved_complaints['Open'].sum())*100
print(unresolved_complaints)

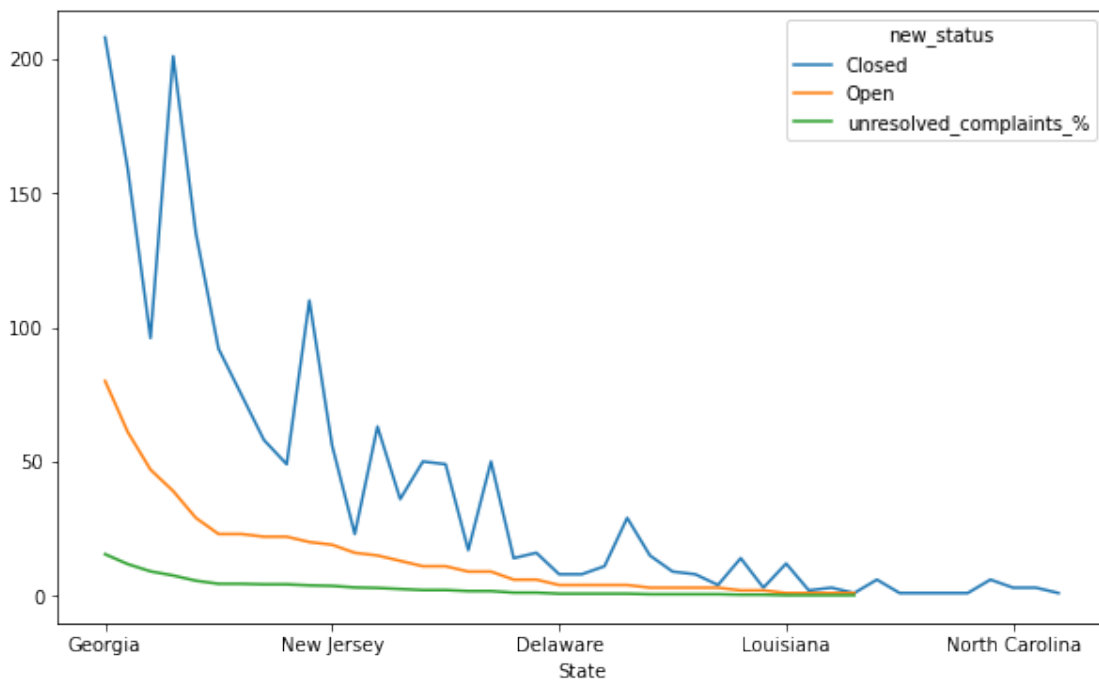
```

new_status State	Closed	Open	unresolved_complaints_%
Georgia	208.0	80.0	15.473888
California	159.0	61.0	11.798839
Tennessee	96.0	47.0	9.090909
Florida	201.0	39.0	7.543520
Illinois	135.0	29.0	5.609284
Michigan	92.0	23.0	4.448743
Washington	75.0	23.0	4.448743
Colorado	58.0	22.0	4.255319
Texas	49.0	22.0	4.255319
Pennsylvania	110.0	20.0	3.868472
New Jersey	56.0	19.0	3.675048
Mississippi	23.0	16.0	3.094778
Maryland	63.0	15.0	2.901354
Oregon	36.0	13.0	2.514507
Massachusetts	50.0	11.0	2.127660
Virginia	49.0	11.0	2.127660
Alabama	17.0	9.0	1.740812
Indiana	50.0	9.0	1.740812
Arizona	14.0	6.0	1.160542
Utah	16.0	6.0	1.160542
Delaware	8.0	4.0	0.773694
New Hampshire	8.0	4.0	0.773694
New Mexico	11.0	4.0	0.773694
Minnesota	29.0	4.0	0.773694
South Carolina	15.0	3.0	0.580271

Connecticut	9.0	3.0	0.580271
West Virginia	8.0	3.0	0.580271
Kentucky	4.0	3.0	0.580271
District Of Columbia	14.0	2.0	0.386847
Maine	3.0	2.0	0.386847
Louisiana	12.0	1.0	0.193424
Vermont	2.0	1.0	0.193424
Missouri	3.0	1.0	0.193424
Kansas	1.0	1.0	0.193424
Arkansas	6.0	NaN	NaN
District of Columbia	1.0	NaN	NaN
Iowa	1.0	NaN	NaN
Montana	1.0	NaN	NaN
Nevada	1.0	NaN	NaN
New York	6.0	NaN	NaN
North Carolina	3.0	NaN	NaN
Ohio	3.0	NaN	NaN
Rhode Island	1.0	NaN	NaN

```
[31]: unresolved_complaints.plot(figsize=(10,6))
```

```
[31]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='State'>
```



——-Above analysis shows that "Georgia" state has the highest percentage of unresolved complaints——-

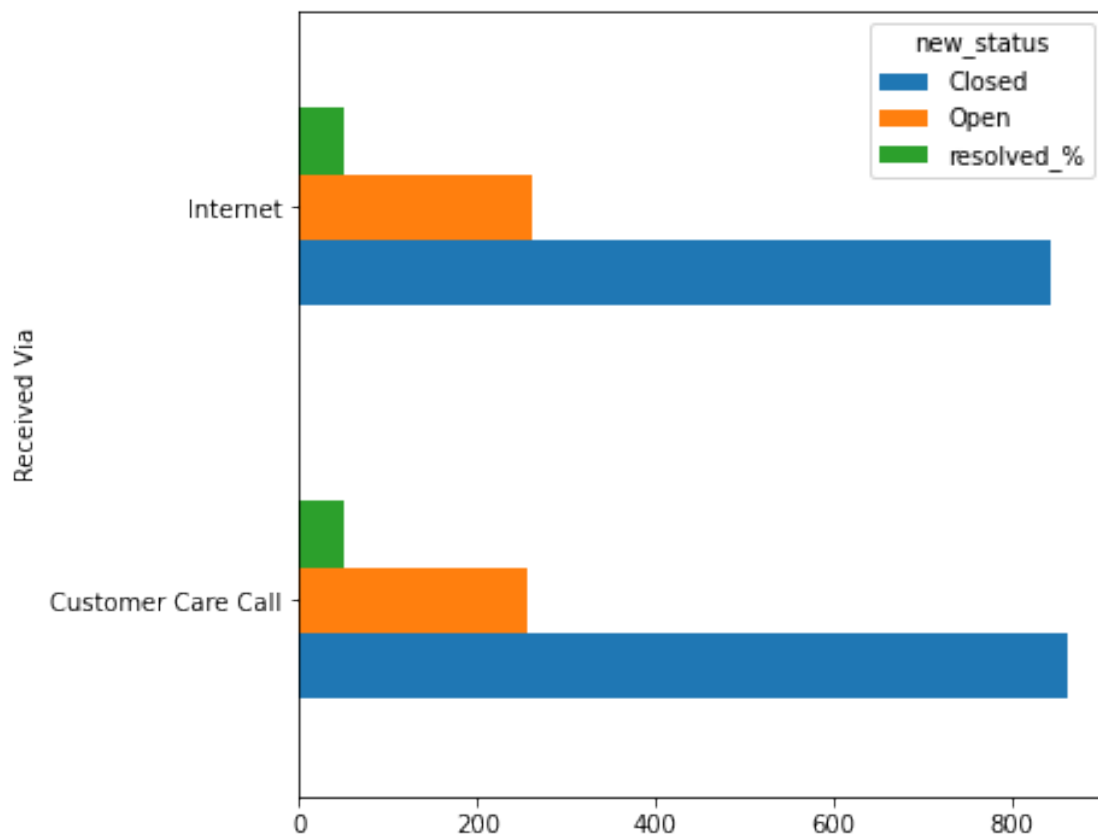
Task 9: Provide the percentage of complaints resolved till date, which were received through the Internet and customer care calls

```
[32]: resolved_data = df.groupby(["Received Via", "new_status"]).size().unstack()
resolved_data['resolved_%'] = (resolved_data['Closed']/resolved_data['Closed'].
    ↳sum())*100
resolved_data['resolved_%']
```

```
[32]: Received Via
Customer Care Call    50.615114
Internet              49.384886
Name: resolved_%, dtype: float64
```

```
[33]: resolved_data.plot(kind="barh", figsize=(6,6))
```

```
[33]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Received Via'>
```



-----50.6% & 49.38% Complaints resolved till date received through the Internet and customer care calls respectively-----

```
[ ]:
```