

## **Fatima Jinnah Women University**

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## **LAB 13**

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Section: A

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Course: Operating System (LAB)

## Implement Banker's Algorithm.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
        // P0, P1, P2, P3, P4 are the Process names here
        int n, m, i, j, k;
        n = 5; // Number of processes
        m = 3; // Number of resources
        int alloc[5][3] = \{ \{ 0, 1, 0 \}, // P0 // Allocation Matrix \}
                                                    \{2,0,0\}, //P1
                                                     \{3,0,2\}, // P2
                                                     { 2, 1, 1 }, // P3
                                                    { 0, 0, 2 } }; // P4
        int max[5][3] = \{ \{ 7, 5, 3 \}, // P0 // MAX Matrix \}
                                            { 3, 2, 2 }, // P1
                                            { 9, 0, 2 }, // P2
                                            { 2, 2, 2 }, // P3
                                            { 4, 3, 3 } }; // P4
```

```
int avail[3] = \{3, 3, 2\}; // Available Resources
int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
        f[k] = 0;
}
int need[n][m];
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
                 need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
}
int y = 0;
for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                 if (f[i] == 0) {
                          int flag = 0;
                          for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                                   if (need[i][j] > avail[j]){
                                           flag = 1;
                                            break;
                                   }
                          }
                          if (flag == 0) {
                                   ans[ind++] = i;
```

```
for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
                                         avail[y] += alloc[i][y];
                                 f[i] = 1;
                         }
        }
}
int flag = 1;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
if(f[i]==0)
{
        flag=0;
        printf("The following system is not safe");
        break;
}
if(flag==1)
printf("Following is the SAFE Sequence\n");
for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
        printf(" P%d ->", ans[i]);
printf(" P%d", ans[n - 1]);
```

```
}
return (0);
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
~$ nano file.c

~$ gcc file.c

~$ ./a.out

Following is the SAFE Sequence

P1 -> P3 -> P4 -> P0 -> P2~$ ■
```

