

Railway Engineering Mathematics

Tutorial Sheet 3

General practice of solving equations

1. Solve the following equations:

(a) $6x - 4 = 8$

(b) $6x - 4 = 9x + 8$

(c) $8q + 6 = 4q - 14$

(d) $14 + 13y = 20y - 21$

(e) $-15b + 21 + 5b = -19$

(f) $-10x + 90 = -21x + 2$

Solving equations with brackets

2. Solve the following equations:

(a) $3(x + 10) = 63$

(b) $2(x + 4) = x + 10$

(c) $-3(7p + 5) = 27$

(d) $7 - (5t - 13) = -25$

(e) $3(x - 4) = 2(-2x + 1)$

(f) $2(h + 4) = 3(h + 10) - 2$

(g) $3(x + 2(x - 2)) - 2(x - 3(x - 1)) = 0$

(h) $4(x^2 + 2) = 44$

Solving equations with fractions

3. Solve the following equations:

(a) $\frac{-8 - 3k}{2} = 11$

(b) $9 = \frac{p + 4}{p + 12}$

(c) $\frac{5b + 10}{5} = -b + 10$

(d) $\frac{3y + 2}{2} = 6y + 4$

(e) $\frac{3\delta + 9}{6} = \frac{2\delta + 10}{3}$

(f) $\frac{7x}{4} - 3 = 2 + \frac{9x}{2}$

(g) $\frac{3c + 8}{3} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{c}{4}$

(h) $3\left(a - \frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{3a}{4} + \frac{9}{4}$

General practice of transposition

4. Manipulate the equation $PV = RT$ to obtain a formula for:

(a) V

(c) T

(b) R

(d) P

5. Transpose the following formulae for the variable stated in the brackets:

(a) $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ (u)

(b) $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ (u)

(c) $m = k\sqrt{a(1-x)}$ (x)

(d) $V = \pi r^2 l + \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ (l)

(e) $P = \mu_1 c_1 + \mu_2 c_2$ (c_1)

(f) $\rho = \frac{M}{V}$ (M)

(g) $T = \frac{V}{A} + d$ (V)

(h) $F = \frac{x}{k} + E$ (x)

(i) $V = \frac{jI}{\omega C} + V_1$ (I)