# 实验课程5-3 docker镜像管理及制作

当运行容器时,使用的镜像如果在本地中不存在,docker就会自动从docker镜像仓库中下载,默认是从 Docker Hub公共镜像源下载。

下面我们来学习:

# 1、管理本地存储的docker镜像

### (1) 查看本地镜像列表

<pre>\$ docker images REPOSITORY</pre>			TAG
IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE	
centos			7.4.1708
295a0b2bd8ea	14 hours ago	197МВ	
nginx			latest
be1f31be9a87	7 days ago	109мв	
ubuntu			16.04
b9e15a5d1e1a	4 weeks ago	115MB	
sonarqube			6.7.5
cd231a11701d	4 weeks ago	821MB	

其中: REPOSITORY 表示镜像仓库源, TAG 表示镜像标签, IMAGE ID 表示镜像ID, CREATED 表示镜像创建时间, SIZE 表示镜像大小,

(2) 获取一个新镜像

```
$ docker pull tomcat
```

```
gaofy®localhost ~]$ sudo docker pull tomcat
sudo] gaofy 的密码:
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/tomcat
e79bb959ec00: Pulling fs layer
d4b7902036fe: Pulling fs layer
1b2a72d4e030: Downloading
de423484a946: Waiting
ceaac3b844f7: Waiting
88f01b722a52: Waiting
c23be56a9ac1: Waiting
d852ffd6d31f: Waiting
11775a3d792d: Waiting
13fdd17462ac: Waiting
2092995ale54: Waiting
latest: Pulling from library/tomcat
e79bb959ec00: Downloading 1.834MB/45.34MB
d4b7902036fe: Downloading 4.488MB/10.78MB
1b2a72d4e030: Downloading 1.633MB/4.34MB
```

### \$ docker images

[gaofy®localhost ~]\$ sudo docker [sudo] gaofy 的密码:	images		
REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
SIZE tomcat 465MB	latest	5a069ba3df4d	9 days ago
centos 202MB	latest	9†38484 <b>d</b> 220†	b weeks ago
hello-world 1.84kB	latest	fce289e99eb9	3 months ago
nickistre/centos-lamp 547MB	latest	0 <b>b</b> 8 <b>d</b> 572 <b>d</b> 1 <b>c</b> 7 <b>d</b>	12 months ago
java 643MB	latest	d23bdf5b1b1b	2 years ago
imagine10255/centos6-lnmp-php56 1.31GB	latest	ecc74d703eca	2 years ago

#### (4) 删除一个镜像

\$ docker rmi tomcat

```
[gaofy@localhost ~] $ sudo docker rmi tomcat
Untagged: tomcat: latest
Untagged: tomcat@sha256: 6cbl b64fa315eab22803c7cde8408b91 dedba8fbf5f01 d4def96d95f79344a1
7
Deleted: sha256: 5a069ba3df4d4221755d76d905ce8a0d2eedf3edbd87dca05a6259114c7b93d4
Deleted: sha256: c475c7fca4908e08b5542a330914230cd6c2d321f07337ded04b0c2e948717b0
Deleted: sha256: 234de582de63255adfbf884cb47015e5c9659d08fd64eb60529369ac85c8c04c
Deleted: sha256: 4f8e49422c4f591161 be7b63334b753363fb0fef66bdaf80ee020850640fbd20
Deleted: sha256: 3fbbl d22ee0953bfab64fe0a0d821322aca6cc1 b35f6cc2c9a9f2f300efd3cf5
Deleted: sha256: a760b597b9102fd6aff4b47b907f3a1a5019a0699cc1553c2c30d04d719406a5
Deleted: sha256: 8c7a60eced58effec84cc3d0669b5ecd7f249cb9ea83db2c1141a97f362145ba
Deleted: sha256: 658935e9301 d2b5b473c6680f7f651f71a99229d9cdeca76379f6b5a8eb74ed4
Deleted: sha256: bd9b6596fb8bee795a30b868db650a920f322efa681e0a2e6ce3015c369edfbf
Deleted: sha256: f352c02ab6c1704fd1cac057d122c71ab8d059dcbf433068ad7c88c6d7771a43
Deleted: sha256: fbb641a8b94349e89886f65d79928e4673530e2a2b4d33c2c95e0426713f78e4
```

注意: 删除前需要保证容器是停止的

需要注意删除镜像和容器的命令不一样。 docker rmi ID ,其中 容器(rm) 和 镜像(rmi)

顺序需要先删除容器

# 2、镜像的制作

我们继续在前面实验课程中创建的源码仓库java-demo下增加Dockerfile文件来进行本次镜像制作的实验:

## (1) 编写Dockerfile文件

```
$ cat Dockerfile
FROM tomcat
ADD target/demo.war /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/demo.war
```

- --FROM: 指定我们要制作的镜像使用tomcat镜像作为基础镜像;
- --ADD命令是把我们使用maven打包好的文件添加到容器镜像内tomcat所在路径下。

### (2) 使用打包命令是做镜像

\$ docker build -t mydemo:latest .

Sending build context to Docker daemon 79.87kB

Step 1/2 : FROM tomcat
---> 2d43521f2b1a

Step 2/2 : ADD target/demo.war /usr/local/tomcat/webapps/demo.war

---> 4d5d2577560a

Successfully built 4d5d2577560a Successfully tagged mydemo:latest

- -t 参数指定镜像名称以及标签,使用冒号:分割, 本示例中为mydemo:latest,
- "."号表示Dockerfile在当前路径下。

\$ docker images			
REPOSITORY			TAG
IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE	
mydemo			latest
4d5d2577560a	About a minute ago	463MB	
centos			7.4.1708
295a0b2bd8ea	15 hours ago	197мв	
nginx			latest
be1f31be9a87	7 days ago	109мв	
ubuntu			16.04
b9e15a5d1e1a	4 weeks ago	115МВ	
sonarqube			6.7.5
cd231a11701d	4 weeks ago	821MB	

可以看到我们制作的镜像的详细信息。

### (3) 使用这个镜像并运行

\$ docker run -itd -p 30081:8080 --name demo mydemo:latest
88a6469093dd000c86db351b82445aabba49b41e7ed9f9c09b78ac7586d8805e

### (4) 访问http://localhost:30081/demo/

← → C Ø localhost:30081/demo/

Hello CodePipeline!