# PHP安装及配置

## 1、安装php

```
# yum -y install php
```

```
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
正在安策 : libzip-0,10,1-8,el7,x86_64
正在安策 : php-common-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
正在安策 : php-cli-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-cli-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-cli-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-cli-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
张证中 : php-5,4,16-46,el7,x86_64
**

七安装: php-x86_64 0:5,4,16-46,el7

作为依赖被安装: libzip,x86_64 0:0,10,1-8,el7
php-common,x86_64 0:5,4,16-46,el7
```

### 2、安装组件使php支持mysql

# yum install -y php-mysql php-gd libjpeg\* php-ldap php-odbc php-pear php-xml php-xmlrpc
php-mbstring php-bcmath php-mhash

```
已安装:
libjpeg-turbo-devel.x86_64 0:1.2.90-6.el7 libjpeg-turbo-static.x86_64 0:1.2.90-6.el7 libjpeg-turbo-utils,x86_64 0:1.2.90-6.el7 php-bcmath,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-gd,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-mbstring,x86_64 0:5,4.16-46.el7 php-mbstring,x86_64 0:5,4.16-46.el7 php-padbc,x86_64 0:5,4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5,4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-mbstring,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 php-padc,x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.el7 unix008c,x86_64 0:2.3.1-11.el7 完毕!
```

# 3、查看php版本

```
# php --version
```

```
[root®localhost test] # php --version
PHP 5.4.16 (cli) (built: Oct 30 2018 19:30:51)
Copyright (c) 1997-2013 The PHP Group
Zend Engine v2.4.0, Copyright (c) 1998-2013 Zend Technologies
[root®localhost test] #
```

4、编写一个php文件——phptest.php,添加内容

```
vim /var/www/html/phptest.php
</php
</pre>
</php
echo("hello world hello PHP 2019!!"); //phpinfo()
?>
```

#### 5、重启apache服务器

# systemctl restart httpd.service

# 6、测试:输入本地ip/php文件名

