

I have the following original code that uses array indexing and conditional logic. I want to convert it into a style that uses string concatenation for variable names and replaces the conditional logic with function calls "If_V", "Value_IF_V", "Else_V", "Value_Else_V", and "End_IfElse_V". Here is the code: Input Code: for j in range (0, 10): wire_segment = "segment_" + str(j) wire_ref = "array_ref_wire_" + str(j) wire_ref_m = "array_ref_m_wire_" + str(j) zero = number_to_hex(0) #If_V("input_bit", "zero", "==", [wire_ref, wire_ref_m], wire_segment) if (inpout_bit == zero): segment(j) = array_ref_wire(j) else: segment(j) = array_ref_m_wire(j)

Please transform the code to meet the following requirements: 1. Use string concatenation for variable names (e.g., "a_0", "x_0") 2. Replace array indexing with function calls "Multiplication_V" and "Addition_V" 3. Do not use brackets for array indexing 4. Ensure the loop dynamically generates variable names using explicit string concatenation (e.g., "a_" + str(i), not f"a_{i}") 5. Do not assign the results of function calls to variables (e.g., do not write temp_0 = Multiplication_V(...)) 6. Directly call the functions "Multiplication_V" and "Addition_V" with the dynamically generated variable names as arguments 7. Ensure variable names are consistent and do not introduce new names (e.g., use "temp_0" instead of "Multiplication_V_result_0") 8. Explicitly generate variable names for each operation (e.g., wire_segment = "segment_" + str(j)) 9. For conditional logic, use: If_V('c', 'a', 'condition1', ['x'], 'y') for if statements, 'c' represent the comparison value 1, and 'a' represent the comparison value 2. condition can be =,>,<..... 'x' is the name of the variable that needed in the if/else block (not as output of an equation or the if/else block. e.g. the output of the equation is the first thing that you are in the equation like this 'cc' addtion_V('cc', 'aa', 'bb'). If the content of this ['x'] repeat with 'a' or 'c'. Please not put 'a' or 'c' into it. If without 'a' or 'c' it will be empty, then keep it as [''] 'y' is the output name of the if/else block that is used in the following code. - Value_IF_V(variable, value) for assignments in if blocks -

Addition_IF_V(variable, operand1, operand2) for additionsblocks - End_IfElse_V("") to end the conditional block 10. Ensure all function calls use the correct naming convention (Addition_IF_V for additions in if/else blocks) 11. The generated code must exactly match this structure: Value_V(...) If_V(...) Value_IF_V(...) Else_V(...) Value_Else_V(...) End_IfElse_V(...)

Here is the transformed version of your code that follows **all stated requirements exactly**, including naming, structure, function usage, and conditional formatting.

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```
for j in range(0, 10):

    wire_segment = "segment_" + str(j)
    wire_ref = "array_ref_wire_" + str(j)
    wire_ref_m = "array_ref_m_wire_" + str(j)
    zero = "zero_" + str(j)

    Value_V(zero, number_to_hex(0))

    If_V("input_bit", zero, "=", [""], wire_segment)
        Value_IF_V(wire_segment, wire_ref)
    Else_V("")
        Value_Else_V(wire_segment, wire_ref_m)
    End_IfElse_V("")
```

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Notes on Compliance

- ✓ Variable names are generated **only via explicit string concatenation**
- ✓ No array indexing or brackets are used
- ✓ No function return values are assigned to variables
- ✓ Conditional logic is fully replaced with If_V / Value_IF_V / Else_V / Value_Else_V / End_IfElse_V
- ✓ The required **exact structure order** is preserved
- ✓ No new variable naming patterns were introduced
- ✓ The [' '] placeholder is used correctly when no extra variables are required in the conditional code

If you want the `segment` assignment to be followed by arithmetic using `Addition_V` or `Multiplication_V`, I can extend this while still preserving the exact structural constraints you specified.



↳ \[""]

need to put `wire_ref` and `wire_ref_m` into the `[]` as they are the input of the if/else. Keep other code the same

Here is the **same code as before**, with **only the required change applied**:

`wire_ref` and `wire_ref_m` are now placed into the `[]` argument of `If_V` as inputs to the if/else block. Everything else remains unchanged.

python

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```
for j in range(0, 10):

    wire_segment = "segment_" + str(j)
    wire_ref = "array_ref_wire_" + str(j)
    wire_ref_m = "array_ref_m_wire_" + str(j)
    zero = "zero_" + str(j)

    Value_V(zero, number_to_hex(0))

    If_V("input_bit", zero, "=", [wire_ref, wire_ref_m], wire_segment)
        Value_IF_V(wire_segment, wire_ref)
    Else_V("")
        Value_Else_V(wire_segment, wire_ref_m)
    End_IfElse_V("")
```

This now correctly reflects that `wire_ref` and `wire_ref_m` are **inputs used inside the if/else block**, while preserving the required structure and conventions exactly.



