

Problem 1

$(A \cap B) \times (A \cup B) = \emptyset$, 若 $(A \cap B) \neq \emptyset$ 且 $(A \cup B) \neq \emptyset$, $\exists x \in A, \exists y \in B$,
 则 $\exists (x, y) \in (A \cap B) \times (A \cup B)$, 矛盾, 可知 $((A \cap B) = \emptyset) \vee ((A \cup B) = \emptyset)$.
 假设 $(A \cap B) \neq \emptyset$, 根据析取三段论, $(A \cup B) = \emptyset$.
 $A = \emptyset, B = \emptyset, (A \cap B) = \emptyset$, 矛盾, 故 $(A \cap B) = \emptyset$.

Problem 2

a) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x \geq 1\}$ b) \emptyset c) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x < 0 \wedge x > 1\} = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq 1\}$

Problem 3

a) 不能, 取 $A = \{0\}, B = \{1\}, C = U, A \cup C = U, B \cup C = U, A \cap C = B \cap C, A \neq B$.
 b) 不能, 取 $A = \{0\}, B = \{1\}, C = \emptyset, A \cap C = \emptyset, B \cap C = \emptyset, A \cap C = B \cap C, A \neq B$.
 c) 能. 取 $x \in A, x \in A \cup C$, 又 $A \cup C = B \cup C$, 则 $x \in B \cup C$.
 1° 若 $x \in C$, 得 $x \in A \cap C$, 又 $A \cap C = B \cap C$, 则 $x \in B \cap C, x \in B$.
 2° 若 $x \notin C$, 由 $x \in B \cup C$ 得 $x \in B$.
 综上所述可知 $A \subseteq B$, 同理取 $y \in B$ 可证 $B \subseteq A, A = B$.

Problem 4

$A \subseteq B$ 可表示为 $\forall x(x \in A \rightarrow x \in B)$.
 $\forall x(x \in A \rightarrow x \in B) \equiv \forall x(x \notin A \vee x \in B) \equiv \forall x(x \notin \sim B \vee x \in \sim A) \equiv \forall x(x \in \sim B \rightarrow x \in \sim A)$
 由 $\forall x(x \in \sim B \rightarrow x \in \sim A)$ 可得 $\sim B \subseteq \sim A$.

Problem 5

a) $A \oplus A = (A \cup A) - (A \cap A) = A - A = A \cap \sim A = \emptyset$
 b) $A \oplus U = (A \cup U) - (A \cap U) = U - A = U \cap \sim A = \sim A$

Problem 6

对 $A_i = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge x \leq i\}, A_i \subseteq A_{i+1}$, 则:
 a) $\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \cdots \cup A_i = A_i = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge x \leq i\}$
 b) $\bigcap_{i=1}^n A_i = A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \cdots \cap A_i = A_1 = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge x \leq 1\}$

Problem 7

$\rho(A) = \{ \emptyset, \{\emptyset\}, \{\{1\}\}, \{\{1\}, \emptyset\}, \{\{1, 2\}\}, \{\{1, 2\}, \emptyset\}, \{\{1, 2\}, \{1\}\}, \{\{1, 2\}, \{1\}, \emptyset\} \}$
 a) $\bigcup \rho(A) = \emptyset \cup \{\emptyset\} \cup \{\{1\}\} \cup \{\{1\}, \emptyset\} \cup \{\{1, 2\}\} \cup \{\{1, 2\}, \emptyset\} \cup \{\{1, 2\}, \{1\}\} \cup \{\{1, 2\}, \{1\}, \emptyset\}$
 $\bigcup \rho(A) = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1\}, \emptyset\} = A$
 b) $\bigcap \bigcup \rho(A) = \bigcap A = \{1, 2\} \cap \{1\} \cap \emptyset = \emptyset$