

# MorphicDraw

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*MorphicDraw is a drawing application demonstrating some of the power of Morphe. Morphe is a powerful graphics environment, used in Self, Squeak, Cuis and Pharo. In an iterative and incremental process we'll build up an application that supports drawing connected figures.*

## 1 A Morphe Application

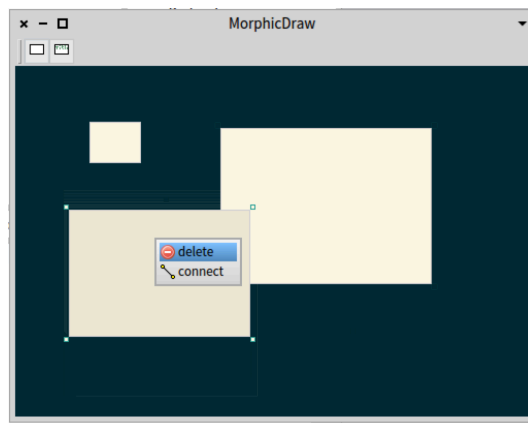


Figure 1: A first iteration of the main window of MorphicDraw

The first iteration (Figure 1) shows an application window with a toolbar and a drawing area. In the drawing area there are three graphical shapes, one of which is selected. A context menu for the selected shape shows options to delete it and to connect it.

### 1.1 An application with a window

Add a class that represents the application. It has instance variables for the different parts.

```
Object subclass: #MorphicDraw
  instanceVariableNames: 'window tools dock'
```

```
classVariableNames: ''  
category: 'MorphicDraw-Model'
```

Creating a window in Morphic is simple. Open a workspace and Dolt

```
StandardWindow new openInWorld
```

This creates a window and opens it on the screen. It already has default behaviour for closing and resizing, and a default title. All graphical elements in Morphic are subclasses of Morph, and the World is a container for all of them. Opening a Morph in the world positions it and makes it visible. An alternative to opening it directly is to add it to the (mouse) cursor. In Morphic this is called the hand. Dolt:

```
StandardWindow new openInHand
```

The window is then positioned by clicking.

The MorphicDraw application uses the first, but needs to change the window title and default size.

```
MorphicDraw>>createWindow  
window := StandardWindow new  
    setLabel: 'MorphicDraw';  
    extent: 400@400;  
    yourself.
```

StandardWindow is part of PolyMorph. PolyMorph extends Morphic with theme-ability. PolyMorph widgets often strictly adhere to the theme, ignoring the Morphic-level setters for colors and borders defined in their superclasses. PolyMorph makes the Window responsible for adding predefined user interface widgets to the application Window. For that it uses the TEasilyThemed trait. It adds a lot (163 in my current image) of convenience methods.

In Morphic, a toolbar in a window has buttons on it. This iteration of MorphicDraw uses two buttons to be able to create two different graphical shapes.

```
MorphicDraw>>createNewCardButton  
^ window  
    newButtonFor: self  
    getState: nil  
    action: #newCard  
    arguments: nil  
    getEnabled: nil  
    labelForm: MDIcons default cardIcon  
    help: 'New Card' translated
```

The help text is shown when hovering the mouse over the button. The button is always enabled, and sends the #newCard message without any arguments to self when it is pressed. It has no state-dependent behaviour or shape. The icon for the button is provided by MDIcons default cardIcon (see the Icons section, p. 3).

The button for the other shape is similar:

```
MorphicDraw>>createNewRectangleButton
```

```
  ^ window
    newButtonFor: self
    getState: nil
    action: #newRectangle
    arguments: nil
    getEnabled: nil
    labelForm: MDIcons default rectangleIcon
    help: 'New Rectangle' translated
```

A toolbar in Morphic consists of two parts, a ToolDockingBar and a Toolbar. The Toolbar is added to the dock. A DockingBarMorph sticks to one edge of the Morph that it is added to.

```
MorphicDraw>>createToolBar
```

```
  tools := window newToolbar: (Array with: self createNewRectangleButton with: self createNewCardButton)
  dock := window newToolDockingBar.
  dock addMorph: tools
```

At the class side add a method to open the application

```
MorphicDraw>>open
```

```
  ^self new open
```

## 2 Icons

The current icons in Pharo are bitmap icons. Athens makes it possible to replace them by SVG, vector based icons. PolyMorph adds the ThemeIcons class to make it easy to manage an applications' icons. In this class a number of utility functions are defined to load and save icons in png format.

Create the png icons in an external program (these were created with Gimp), store them in a directory. Create a subclass of ThemeIcons

```
ThemeIcons subclass: #MDIcons
  instanceVariableNames: ''
  classVariableNames: ''
  category: 'MorphicDraw-Model'
```

Add two methods containing the names for small- and normal sized icons

```
MDIcons>>normalSizeNames
```

```
  "Answer the names of the normal icons"
  ^#('rectangle' 'connector' 'card')
```

```
MDIcons>>smallSizeNames
```

```
  "Answer the names of the small icons. None"
  ^#()
```

Provide a default instance of this class. At the class side, add a class instance variable and a lazy accessor

```
MDIcons class
    instanceVariableNames: 'default'
```

```
MDIcons class>>default
    ^default ifNil: [ ^self new ]
```

Now add the icons using a utility method. In a workspace, Dolt with directory replaced by the fully qualified path name of the directory containing the icon png files:

```
MDIcons default createIconMethodsFromDirectory: directory
```

This adds two methods for each png file, one with a base64 encoded contents and one icon form accessor.

### **3 Shapes and PasteUpMorph**

### **4 Toolbar**

### **5 Connecting**

### **6 Selection and resizing**

### **7 Loading the code**

The code can be found on [www.smalltalkhub.com](http://www.smalltalkhub.com), in the repository StephanEggermont/MorphicDraw. Open the Monticello Browser. Add a new repository of type smalltalkhub.com. The owner is StephanEggermont, the project is MorphicDraw. User and password are only needed when you want to commit changes to the repository. Open the repository and load the latest version of MorphicDraw.