MorphicDraw

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MorphicDraw is a drawing application demonstrating some of the power of Morphic. Morphic is a powerful graphics environment, used in Self, Squeak, Cuis and Pharo. In an iterative and incremental process we'll build up an application that supports drawing connected figures.

1 A Morphic Application

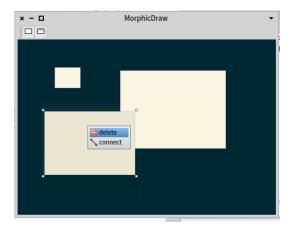


Figure 1: A first iteration of the main window of MorphicDraw

The first iteration (Figure 1) shows an application window with a toolbar and a drawing area. In the drawing area there are three graphical shapes, one of which is selected. A context menu for the selected shape shows options to delete it and to connect it.

1.1 An application with a window

Add a class that represents the application. It has instance variables for the different parts.

Object subclass: #MorphicDraw instanceVariableNames: 'window tools dock'

```
classVariableNames: ''
category: 'MorphicDraw-Model'
```

Creating a window in Morphic is simple. Open a workspace and Dolt

```
StandardWindow new openInWorld
```

This creates a window and opens it on the screen. It already has default behaviour for closing and resizing, and a default title. MorphicDraw needs to change the title and default window size.

```
MorphicDraw>>createWindow
    window := StandardWindow new
        setLabel: 'MorphicDraw';
        extent: 400@400;
        yourself.
```

StandardWindow is part of PolyMorph. PolyMorph makes the Window responsible for adding predefined user interface widgets to the application Window. For that it uses the TEasilyThemed trait. It adds a lot (163 in my current image) of convenience methods.

In Morphic, a toolbar in a window has buttons on it. This iteration of MorphicDraw uses two buttons to be able to create two different graphical shapes.

MorphicDraw>>createNewCardButton

```
newButtonFor: self
getState: nil
action: #newCard
arguments: nil
getEnabled: nil
labelForm: MDIcons default cardIcon
help: 'New Card' translated
```

The help text is shown when hovering the mouse over the button. The button is always enabled, and sends the #newCard message without any arguments to self when it is pressed. It has no state-dependent behaviour or shape. The icon for the button is provided by MDIcons default cardlcon.

The button for the other shape is similar:

arguments: nil
getEnabled: nil

 ${\tt labelForm:}\ {\tt MDIcons}\ {\tt default}\ {\tt rectangleIcon}$

help: 'New Rectangle' translated

At the class side add a method to open the application

- 2 Shapes and PasteUpMorph
- 3 Toolbar
- 4 Connecting
- 5 Selection and resizing