# Object-Oriented Design – Detailed Design

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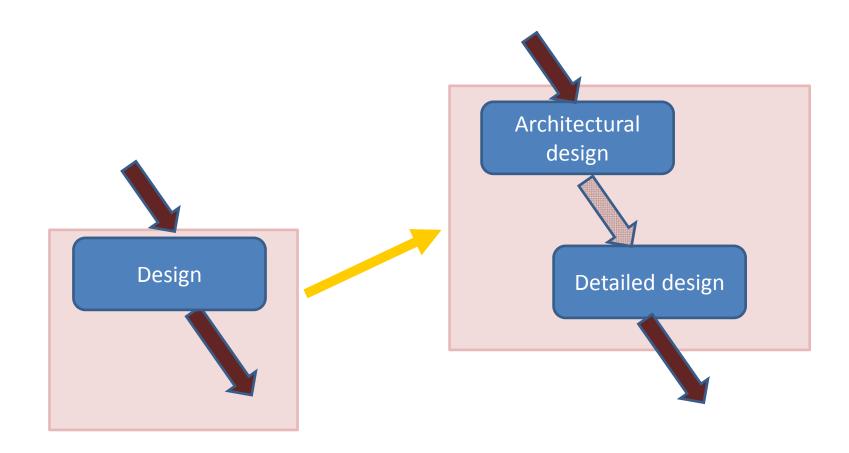
## Outline

- Detailed design in OO
- Steps in detailed design

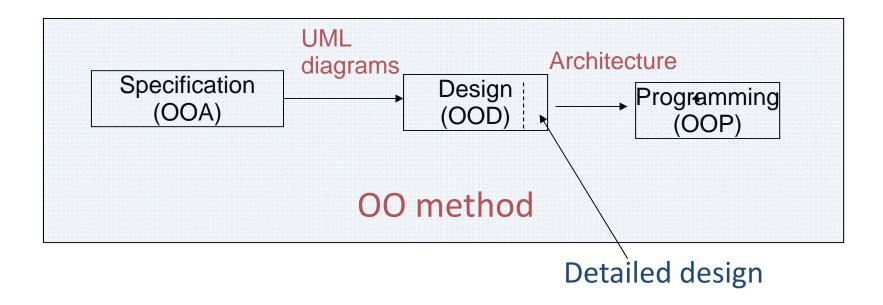
## **Detailed Design**

- Restructure (重新构造) the design for implementation
- Give some detailed (详细) information
- Interface (接口) design

## Software Development Life Cycle



## **Detailed Design**



## **Detailed Design**

- OOD is based on
  - UML diagrams
  - MVC UML
- Detailed design
  - Interface design
  - Restructuring (重新构造)

## Interface design

- Identifying (标识) missing (丢失的) attributes and operations
- Specify visibility (可见性) and signature (说明标志)
- Specify pre- and post- conditions (前置条件和后置条件)

Teacher

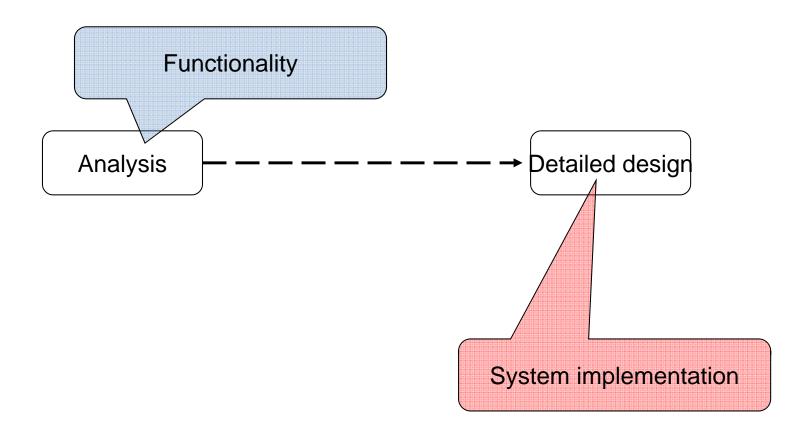
**Attributes** 

Methods

#### Identifying Missing Attributes and Operations

- For each sub-sytem
  - Examine each service and each participating object
  - Identify missing operations and attributes that are needed to realize the subsystem service
  - Refine (精化) the current object design model and augment (扩大) it with these attributes and operations.

#### Identifying Missing Attributes and Operations



#### Identifying Missing Attributes and Operations

#### Booking

departure
destination
departDate
arrivalDate
numberOfInfants
numberOfChildren
numberOfAdults



#### Booking

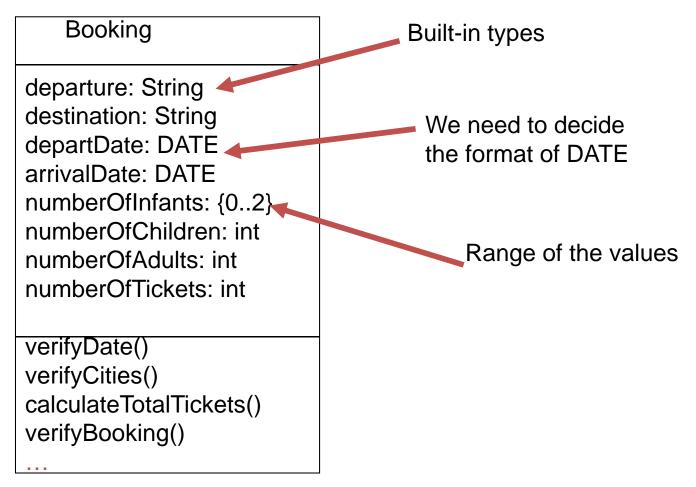
departure
destination
departDate
arrivalDate
numberOfInfants
numberOfChildren
numberOfAdults
numberOfTickets

verifyDate()
verifyCities()
calculateTotalTickets()
verifyBooking()

. . .

## Specify Visibility (可见性) and Signature (标志说明)

- Types of the attributes
  - Specifying the range of each attribute
  - Map the classes and attributes of the object model to built-in types (內置的) related to a certain development environment.



- The signature of an operation includes
  - The return type
  - The operation name
  - The parameters and their types

Booking departure: String destination: String Signature: departDate: DATE Input parameter and type arrivalDate: DATE numberOfInfants: int numberOfChildren: int numberOfAdults: int numberOfTickets: int ERROR\_DATE verifyDate(DATE date); CITY\_VERIFICATION verifyCities(String dept, String arr); int calculateTotalTickets(); bool verifyBooking();

Signature: return type

- The visibility of attributes and operations
  - Private (-)
  - Protected (#)
  - Public (+)

#### Booking -departure: String -destination: String -departDate: DATE -arrivalDate: DATE -numberOfInfants: int -numberOfChildren: int -numberOfAdults: int -numberOfTickets: int - ERROR\_DATE verifyDate(DATE date); CITY\_VERIFICATION verifyCities(String dept, String arr); -int calculateTotalTickets(); visibility <u> </u> bool verifyBooking();

## Specify pre- and post- conditions

 For each operation, we must specify the conditions that must be satisfied before the operation is invoked and after the return of the results

## Specify pre- and post- conditions

CITY\_VERIFICATION = {WRONG\_CITY\_NAME, NO\_FLIGHT, OK}

CITY\_VERIFICATION verifyCities(String dept, String arr);

Pre-condition: dept and arr are not null.

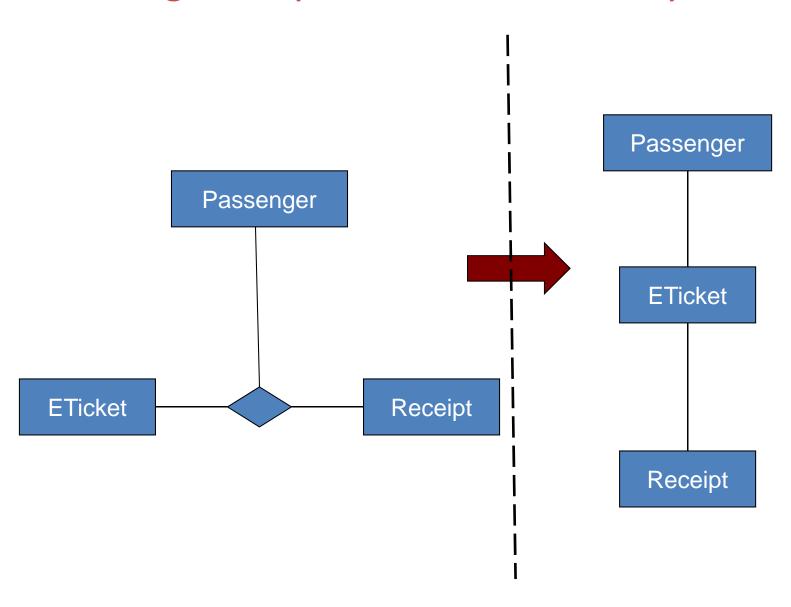
Post-condition: the return value corresponds to the following values

- 1. if the city name does not exist in the list provided by the company, return WRONG\_CITY\_NAME;
- if there are no flights between these two cities, return NO\_FLIGHT;
- 3. otherwsie, return OK.

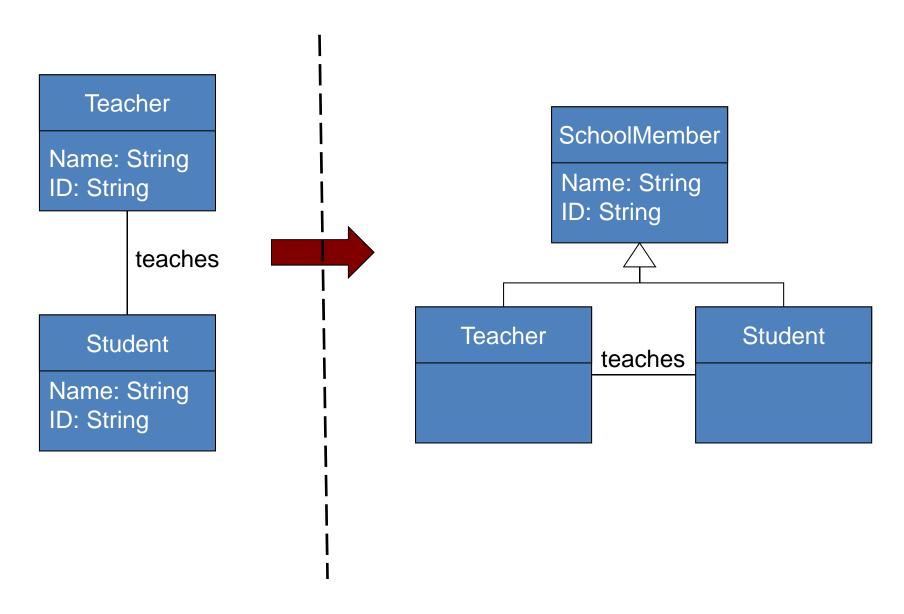
## Restructuring

- Change n-ary associations to binary associations
- Increase the inheritance
- Collapse (降级) classes with no significant (明显的) behavior into attributes
- Use qualifier (限定符) to change the one-to-many and many-to-many relationship
- Implement an association class as a class

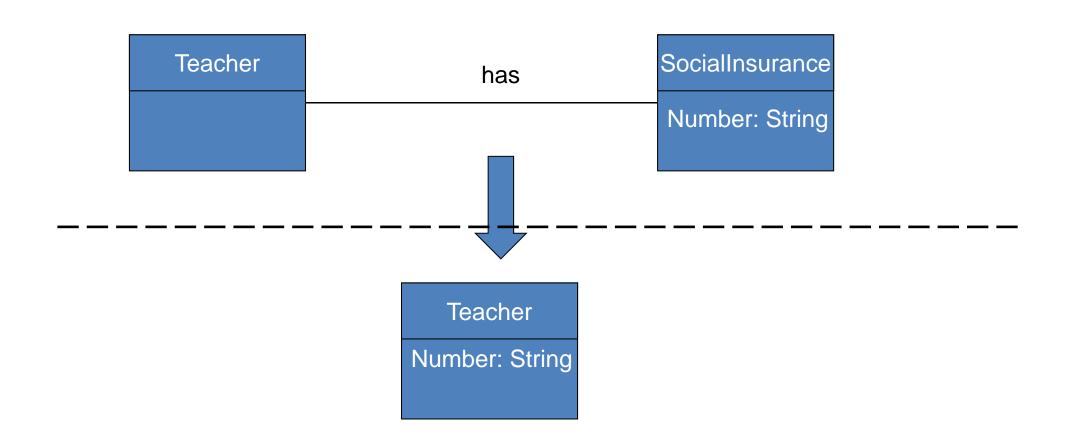
#### Change N-ary Association to Binary Association



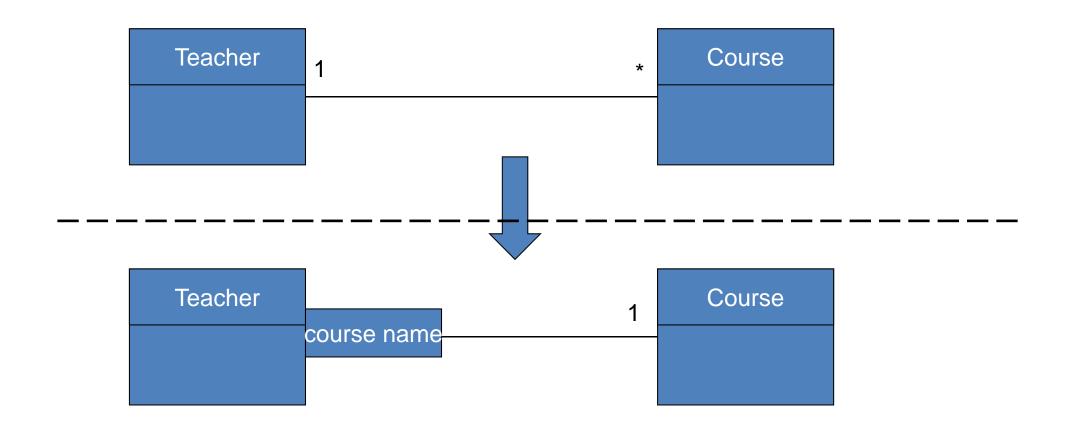
#### Increase Inheritance



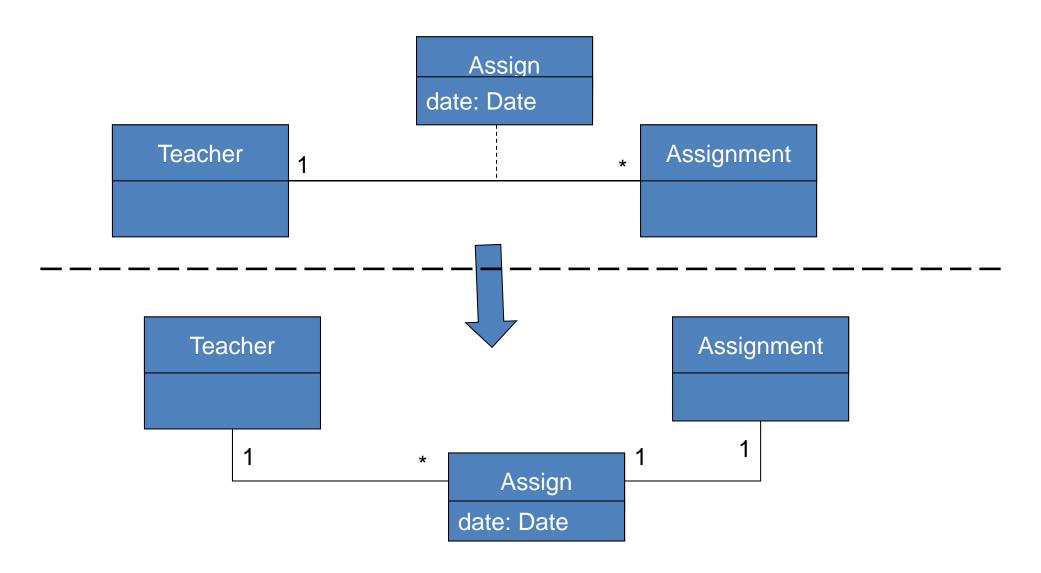
## Collapse Classes into Attributes



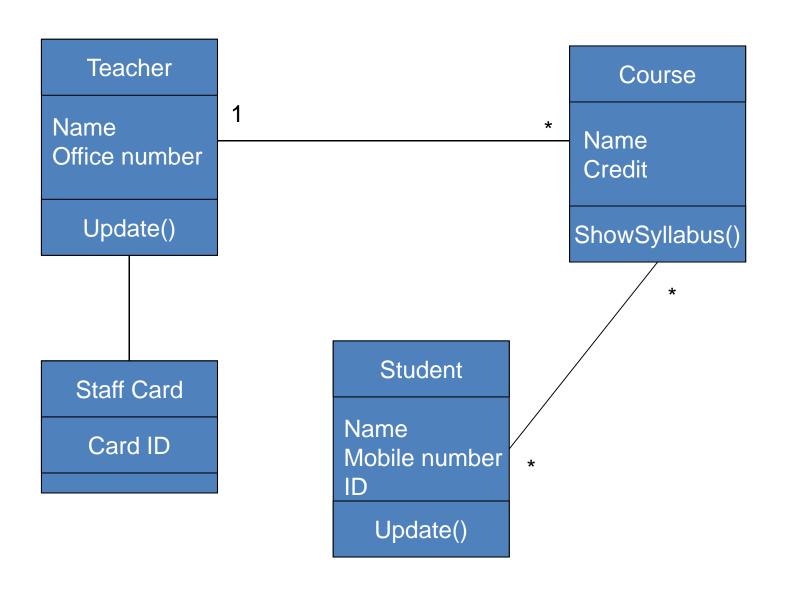
## Use Qualifier to Reduce Multiplicity



#### Implement an Association Class as A class



#### Class Exercise



## Summary

- Interface design is to make the class interface more detailed
- Restructure a class diagram towards implementation