# 南方科技大学 计算机网络实验报告

姓名: 王雨童 学号: 11611808

专业: 计算机科学与技术

实验时间: \_\_\_\_\_2018.09.25

### 实验内容:

#### **Assignment 1**

Using cURL make GET request to http://httpbin.org/get

Using cURL make POST request to http://httpbin.org/post

Using curl -v to inspect the interaction

Using wiresharkto capture the packet cURL sent.

Write your report.

- 1. What did you get via cURL?
- 2. What are the meaning of fields in your request and response headers?
- 3. Did wiresharkcapture correspond to the cURL request?

## **Assignment 2**

Using asyncio implement a Echo Server, based on Echo Server Multithreading

## **Assignment 3(CS major only)**

Using asyncioimplement a HTTP/1.0 web file browser.

#### 实验步骤:

3.1

1. use cURL to make get request:

```
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://httpbin.org/get
{
    "args": {},
    "headers": {
        "Accept": "*/*",
        "Connection": "close",
        "Host": "httpbin.org",
        "User-Agent": "curl/7.54.0"
    },
    "origin": "116.6.49.95",
    "url": "http://httpbin.org/get"
}
```

2. use cURL to make post request:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl --data "username=wyt&password=666" -X POST http://httpbin.org/post
{
    "args": {},
    "data": "",
    "files": {},
    "form": {
        "password": "666",
        "username": "wyt"
    },
    "headers": {
        "Accept": "*/*",
        "Connection": "close",
        "Content-Length": "25",
        "Content-Type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded",
        "Host": "httpbin.org",
        "User-Agent": "curl/7.54.0"
    },
    "json": null,
    "origin": "116.6.49.92",
    "url": "http://httpbin.org/post"
}
```

Use cURL -v to inspect the interaction:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:- wangyutong$ curl --data "username=wyt&password=666" -X POST http://httpbin.org/post -v
Note: Unnecessary use of -X or --request, POST is already inferred.
* TryIng 52, 71.139.107...
* TCP_MODELAY set
* Connected to httpbin.org (52.71.139.107) port 80 (#0)
* POST /post HITP/1.1
* Most: httpbin.org
* Note of the post of the
```

Use wireshark to capture the packet CURL sent

```
http.host == "httpbin.org"
                                                                                                        ▼ 表达式...
No.
         Time
                                             Destination
                                                                  Protocol
                                                                          Length Info
                       Source
                                                                            240 POST /post HTTP/1.1 (application/x-w
       4 0.297457
                       10.20.61.2
                                             52.22.213.157
                                                                  HTTP
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 61136, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 174
▼ Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  ▼ POST /post HTTP/1.1\r\n
     ► [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): POST /post HTTP/1.1\r\n]
        Request Method: POST
        Request URI: /post
        Request Version: HTTP/1.1
     Host: httpbin.org\r\n
     User-Agent: curl/7.54.0\r\n
     Accept: */*\r\n
  ► Content-Length: 25\r\n
     Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded\r\n
     [Full request URI: http://httpbin.org/post]
     [HTTP request 1/1]
     [Response in frame: 6]
     File Data: 25 bytes
▼ HTML Form URL Encoded: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
  ▶ Form item: "username" = "wyt"
   ▶ Form item: "password" = "666"
```

3.2

Coding with python to implement a Echo Server, based on Echo Server Multithreading.

3.3

Coding with python to implement a HTTP/1.0 web file browser.

实验结果:

3.2

启动服务器:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:lab3 wangyutong$ python3 lab3_2.py
Serving on ('127.0.0.1', 8080)
```

打开两个终端窗口连接到 127.0.0.1 8080:

```
wangyutong — telnet 127.0.0.1 8080 — 80×24

Last login: Tue Sep 25 11:26:29 on ttys000

[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ telnet 127.0.0.1 8080

Trying 127.0.0.1...

Connected to localhost.

Escape character is '^]'.

wangyutong — telnet 127.0.0.1 8080 — 80×24

Last login: Tue Sep 25 11:26:55 on ttys002

wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ telnet 127.0.0.1 8080

Trying 127.0.0.1...

Connected to localhost.

Escape character is '^]'.
```

分别输入,验证了 echo 功能:

```
wangyutong — telnet 127.0.0.1 8080 — 80×24

Last login: Tue Sep 25 11:26:29 on ttys000

[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ telnet 127.0.0.1 8080

Trying 127.0.0.1...

Connected to localhost.

Escape character is '^]'.

cline wyt

cline wyt

wangyutong — telnet 127.0.0.1 8080 — 80×24

Last login: Tue Sep 25 11:26:55 on ttys002

wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ telnet 127.0.0.1 8080

Trying 127.0.0.1...

Connected to localhost.

Escape character is '^]'.

client lalala

client lalala
```

```
lab3 — Python lab3_2.py — 80×24

Last login: Tue Sep 25 11:24:30 on ttys003

[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ cd /Users/wangyutong/twork/lab3

[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:lab3 wangyutong$ python3 lab3_2.py Serving on ('127.0.0.1', 8080)

b'cline wyt\r\n'

b'client lalala\r\n'
```

3.3

启动服务器:

```
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:lab3 wangyutong$ python3 lab3_3.py
Serving on ('127.0.0.1', 8080)
```

在浏览器中打开 127.0.0.1 8080:

```
127.0.0.1
Index of /
.DS_Store
asyn.py
asyncio web withparse.py
echoservers multithrd asyn.py
lab3_2.py
lab3 3.py
lab3 3 2.py
lab3 3 3.py
src
zzx.py
验证打开文件、文件夹功能:
127.0.0.1
import asyncio
from parse_header import HTTPHeader
async def dispatch(reader, writer):
   header = HTTPHeader()
while True:
        data = await reader.readline()
        message = data.decode()
       header.parse_header(message)
if data == b'\r\n':
           break
   print(header.get('path'))
if header.get('path') == '/':
    writer.writelines([
            b'HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n',
            b'Content-Type:text/html; charset=utf-8\r\n', b'Connection: close\r\n',
           b'\r\n',
b'\r\n'
b'\r\n'
       1)
   else:
       writer.writelines([
    b'HTTP/1.0 404 OK\r\n',
            b'Content-Type:text/html; charset=utf-8\r\n',
            b'Connection: close\r\n',
           b'\r\n',
b'<html><body>404 Not Found<body></html>\r\n',
```

b'\r\n'

loop.run\_forever()
except KeyboardInterrupt:

if \_\_name\_\_ == '\_\_main\_\_':
 loop = asyncio.get\_event\_loop()
 coro = asyncio.start\_server(dispatch, '127.0.0.1', 8080, loop=loop)
 server = loop.run\_until\_complete(coro)

# Serve requests until Ctrl+C is pressed
print('Serving on {}'.format(server.sockets[0].getsockname()))

loop.run\_until\_complete(server.wait\_closed())

await writer.drain()
writer.close()

try:

pass
# Close the server
server.close()

loop.close()

```
127.0.0.1
Index of Jsrc/
asyncio web hello.py
asyncio_web_withparse.py
echo.py
echo_multithreading.py
parse_header.py
web_hello.py
```

#### 在终端验证:

i. 传递文件路径 发送 get 请求:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/lab3_2.py/
import asyncio
async def echo(reader,writer):
   while True:
     data = await reader.readline()
                 print(data)
if(data == b'\r\n'):
                           break
        writer.write(data)
  await writer.drain()
writer.close()
if __name__ == '__main__':
    loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
    coro = asyncio.start_server(echo, '127.0.0.1', 8080, loop=loop)
    server = loop.run_until_complete(coro)
    # Serve requests until Ctrl+C is pressed
    print('Serving on {}'.format(server.sockets[0].getsockname()))
    try
        loop.run_forever()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
        pass
# Close the server
# Close the server
server.close()
loop.run_until_complete(server.wait_closed())
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ |
```

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/lab3_2.py/ -v
* Trying 127.0.0.1...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) port 8080 (#0)
> GET /lab3_2.py/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
> User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body < HTTP/1.0 200 OK
< Content-Type:text/x-python < Content-Length:718
< charset=utf-8
< Connection: close
import asyncio
async def echo(reader,writer):
      while True:
           data = await reader.readline()
            print(data)
if(data == b'\r\n'):
                  break
            writer.write(data)
await writer.drain()
      writer.close()
if __name__ == '__main__':
   loop = asyncio.get_event_loop()
   coro = asyncio.start_server(echo, '127.0.0.1', 8080, loop=loop)
   server = loop.run_until_complete(coro)
   # Serve requests until Ctrl+C is pressed
   print('Serving on {}'.format(server.sockets[0].getsockname()))
      try:
            loop.run_forever()
      except KeyboardInterrupt:
            pass
      # Close the server
      server.close()
loop.run_until_complete(server.wait_closed())
  Closing connection 0
      loop.close()wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ |
```

## ii. 传递文件路径 发送 head 请求:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/lab3_3_3.py/ --HEAD
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Type:text/x-python
Content-Length:5521
charset=utf-8
Connection: close
```

```
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/lab3_3_3.py/ --HEAD -v
* Trying 127.0.0.1...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) port 8080 (#0)
> HEAD /lab3_3_3.py/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
> User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
> Accept: */*
>
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 200 OK
< Content-Type:text/x-python
Content-Type:text/x-python
< Content-Length:5521
< charset=utf-8
charset=utf-8
< Connection: close
Connection: close
</pre>

< Closing connection 0</pre>
```

#### iii. 传递文件夹路径 发送 get 请求:

```
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/src/
<html><head><title>Index of ./src/</title></head>
<body bgcolor="white">
<h1>Index of ./src/</h1><hr>
<
<a href="asyncio_web_hello.py/">asyncio_web_hello.py</a><br>
<a href="asyncio_web_withparse.py/">asyncio_web_withparse.py</a><br>
<a href="echo.py/">echo.py</a><br>
<a href="echo_multithreading.py/">echo_multithreading.py</a><br>
<a href="parse_header.py/">parse_header.py</a><br><a href="web_hello.py/">web_hello.py</a><br>
</hr>
</body></html>
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/src/ -v
* Trying 127.0.0.1...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) port 8080 (#0)
> GET /src/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
> User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 200 OK
< Content-Type:text/html; charset=utf-8
< Connection: close
<html><head><title>Index of ./src/</title></head>
<body bgcolor="white">
<h1>Index of ./src/</h1><hr>
<a href="asyncio_web_hello.py/">asyncio_web_hello.py</a><br>
<a href="asyncio_web_withparse.py/">asyncio_web_withparse.py</a><br>
<a href="echo.py/">echo.py</a><br>
<a href="echo_multithreading.py/">echo_multithreading.py</a><br>
<a href="parse_header.py/">parse_header.py//a><br><a href="web_hello.py/">web_hello.py//a><br>
</hr>
</body></html>
* Closing connection 0
```

#### iv. 传递文件夹路径 发送 head 请求:

```
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/src/ --HEAD
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Type:text/html
charset=utf-8
Connection: close
```

```
[wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ curl http://127.0.0.1:8080/src/ --HEAD -v
* Trying 127.0.0.1...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) port 8080 (#0)
> HEAD /src/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 127.0.0.1:8080
> User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
> Accept: */*
>
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 200 0K
HTTP/1.0 200 0K
< Content-Type:text/html
Content-Type:text/html
< charset=utf-8
charset=utf-8
< Connection: close
Connection: close
* Closing connection 0
wangyutongdeMacBook-Pro:~ wangyutong$ |</pre>
```

#### 实验分析(包括回答问题):

- Write your report.
  - What did you get via cURL?
  - What are the meaning of fields in your request and response headers?
  - Did wireshark capture correspond to the cURL request?

3.1

1. Via cURL I get a JSON file including headers, form, url and some other fiels in the file.

2.

i. Request headers:

Accept: 指定客户端能够接受的内容类型,这种内容类型用 MIME 类型表示;

\*/\*代表任意类型

Connection: 当 client 和 server 通信时对于长链接如何进行处理;

Connection = close 表明当前正在使用的 tcp 链接在请求处理完毕后会被断掉。

Host: 指定请求的服务器的域名和端口号为 httpbin.org

Content-length: 请求的内容长度 25 字节

Content-type: 请求的与实体对应的 MIME 信息为 application/x-www-form-urlencoded

User-Agent: 告诉 http 服务器,客户端使用的操作系统和浏览器的名称、版本为:

curl/7.54.0

ii. Response headers:

Connection: 为 keep-alive,告诉对方请求响应完成后 TCP 连接不要关闭,下一次还

用该连接继续交流

Server: 对方服务器为 gunicorn/19.9.0

Date: 日期为 2018 年 9 月 23 日,周日,03:20:46 Content-type: 返回内容的 MIME 类型为 application/json Content-length: 响应体内容的长度为 412 字节 3. The content which wireshark captures matches with the cURL request. The content of host, user-agent, accept, content-length, content-type are the same, and the content in form are the same. 小结及感悟: 1. 通过第一题,我了解了基本 get、post 请求,并通过查阅资料理解了 http header 中 各种属性值的含义。 2. 在写第三题的时候,起初毫无思路,后来仔细分析了样例代码,明白了大体框架。

备注: