

MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

BCA-103

INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The questions are of equal value.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP A(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Answer any ten questions.

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (i) The default return type of any C function is
 - (A) a character value
- (B) a decimal value

(C) an integer value

- (D) void
- (ii) How many times will the loop be executed?

(A) 10

(B)4

(C)3

(D) none

Turn Over

CS/BCA/Odd/Sem-1st/BCA-103/2015-16

(iii)	Which operator is not a binary operator?										
	(A) +		(B) ++								
	(C) *		(D) none of these								
(iv)	Data type of the controlling statement of a SWITCH statement cannot be of the type										
	(A) int	(B) char	(C) short	(D) float							
(v)	The size of a cha	racter variable in '(C' is								
	(A) 1 byte	(B) 2 bytes	(C) 4 bytes	(D) 8 bytes							
(vi)	How long the following loop runs? for $(w = 0; w = 3; w++)$										
	(A) forever		(B) three times								
	(C) four times		(D) never								
(V11)	a =	· ·									
	(A)-3	(B) -6	(C) 6	(D) error							
(viii)	Which is the symbol for NULL?										
	(A) '\t'	(B) '\0'	(C) '\n'	(D) none							
(ix)	Find the output int main() { int a = 9;										
	(A) 65 98 b		(B) 66 65 a	(B) 66 65 a							
	(C) error		(D) none								
	•										

CS/BCA/Odd/Sem-1st/BCA-103/2015-16

(x)	sizeof() is a														
	(A) function			(B) or	erat	or								
•	(C) identifier			(E) no	one									
(xi)	?: is														
	(A) conditional operator			(B) ke	ywc	rd								
	(C) both (A) and (B)			(D) no	one									
(xii)	Which of the following operators represent logical OR?														
	(A) Or			(E	3) ! =	=									
	(C)			(E)) ~	,									
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		GR												
	(Short A	Ans	wer	Ту	pe (Que	stic	ns)			-	ì			
	Answer any <i>three</i> questions.													3×5	= 15
2.	Write a C program which	wil	1 a	cce	nt a	an ii	nte	oer	ทเม	mhei	and	l nrin	t it		5
2.	removing the even digits, e.g output 53.							_				-			
3. (a)	Define infinite loop with an example. 2+3									2+3					
(b)	Explain entry control and exit control loops with example.														
4.	Write the executable part of a	ı C ı	oros	ran	n to	prin	t								5
		1	3	5	7	9									
		3	5	7	9	1									
•		5	7	9	1	3									
			9						,						
		9	1	3	5	7									
5.	Write a program which will re	eve	rse 1	the	valı	ıes iı	ı a	1D	arra	v of	size	N.			5
Ž-	A Paragraph Comment of the P.	. J.	- - - •	. == •						,			•		•
1107					2									Turn (Over

GROUP C(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. (a) What is a Function? Give example.

4+4+7

- (b) What is recursion? Write the difference between recursion and iteration.
- (c) Write a program to print the first 100 Fibonacci number using recursive function.
- 8. (a) What is string in C? Explain working principle of any four string function. (2+4)+4+5
 - (b) What do you mean by calloc() and malloc()? Explain their differences.
 - (c) Write a program to print the following pattern

1 1 0

101

1010

9. Write a C program to calculate sin(x) from

15

$$\sin(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

With an accuracy of 10^{-5} .

10. Write a C program to find the prime factors of a number.

15

11. Write a C program to convert Arabic numbers upto 999 to Roman, for example, 26 becomes XXVI, 41 becomes XLI. Take

15

I = 1, V = 5, X = 10, L = 50, C = 100 and D = 500.