

Roll No



National Institute of Technology Goa

Programme Name: B.Tech.

End Semester Examinations, December 2021

Course Name: **Electromagnetic Theory**

Date: 09/12/2021

Duration: 3 Hour

Course Code: **EE200 and EC204**

Time: 9.30 AM - 12.30 PM

Max. Marks: 100

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

NOTE: Assume suitable values if data is insufficient

1. A perfectly conducting filament containing a small resistor 300Ω is formed into a square as shown in Fig. 1 Find $I(t)$ if (a) $B = 0.3\cos(120\pi t - 30^\circ)\mathbf{a}_z + 0.4\sin(\pi(ct - y))\mathbf{a}_z \mu \text{ T}$. Consider $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$. [8M]

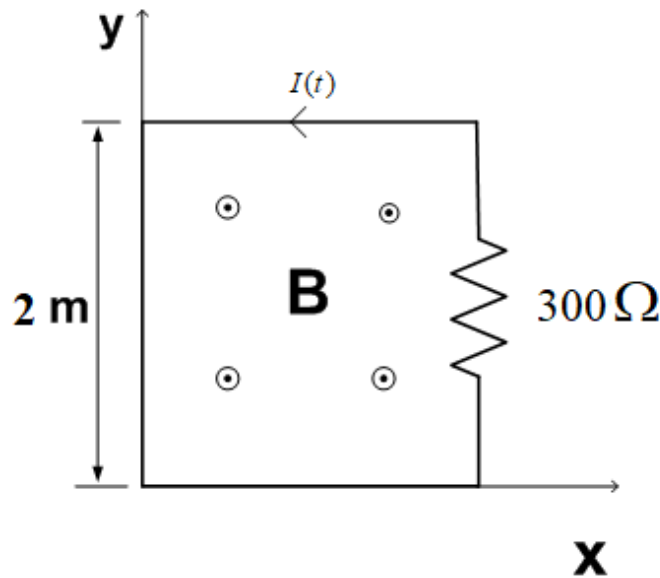


Figure 1:

2. What are Maxwells equations? Derive from Amperes and Faradays Laws? If the Electric field is $\vec{E} = (4x - 2y)\hat{a}_x - (2x + 4y)\hat{a}_y$. Find magnetic field (\vec{B}) at point $(1, -3, 4)$. [10M]
3. A cube is defined by $x < 1, y < 1, z < 2$. If $\vec{D} = 2x^2y\hat{a}_x + 3x^2y^2\hat{a}_y$. (a) Apply the Guass's law to find total flux leaving the closed surface. (b) Apply the Divergence theorem to find the total flux and verify the part (a). [10M]
4. A metallic sphere of radius $a = 0.1 \text{ m}$ has surface charge of 2nC/m^2 and its center is located at $(0, 0, -3)$. A sheet of charge having density -2nC/m^2 is located at $x = 4$. Find the electric field at point $P(1, 1, -1)$. [10M]

5. Consider a parallel plate capacitor of Area $A = 1 \text{ cm}^2$ and separated by distance of $d = 0.1 \text{ cm}$. If the space between the plates is filled by a medium of $\epsilon_r = 3$. Calculate capacitance from Poisson's equation. [8M]
6. Derive the expression for electric field from the potential function. [8M]
7. What is Biot-Savart Law. Derive Magnetic field intensity from a loop of circular element carrying current I . Consider the radius of the loop is a [8M]
8. the surfaces $r = 1$ and $r = 2.5$, $\theta = 30^\circ$ and $\theta = 90^\circ$, $\phi = 10^\circ$ and $\phi = 60^\circ$, identify a closed surface. (b) Find the total area of the closed surface; (c) Find the total length of the twelve edges of the surface; (d) Find the length of the longest straight line that lies entirely within the surface [8M]
9. What are the magnetic field boundary conditions?. Two perfect dielectrics have a relative permittivities $\epsilon_{r1} = 2$ and $\epsilon_{r2} = 8$. The planar interface between them is the surface $x - y + 2z = 5$. The origin lies in region 1. If $E_1 = 100a_x + 200a_y - 50a_z \text{ V/m}$. Find E_2 . [12M]
10. Consider a 100 cm coaxial cable having inner radius of ($\rho = a$) 1 mm and outer radius of ($\rho = b$) 4 mm and ($\rho = c$) 5 mm. See Fig. 2. The space between the conductors is assumed to be filled with air. The current flowing is 1 A. Calculate magnetic field (\vec{H}) in the regions of $\rho < a$, $a < \rho < b$, $b < \rho < c$, and $c < \rho$. [18M]

In the above problem, instead of current, if charge density on inner conductor is $10 \mu\text{C/m}^2$.

- (a) Calculate total charge on inner conductor.
- (b) What is the induced charge on outer conductor. Calculate charge density.
- (c) Find the flux density and electric field intensity in the regions $\rho < a$, $a < \rho < b$, $c > \rho > b$?
- (d) What is the capacitance of the coaxial cable.

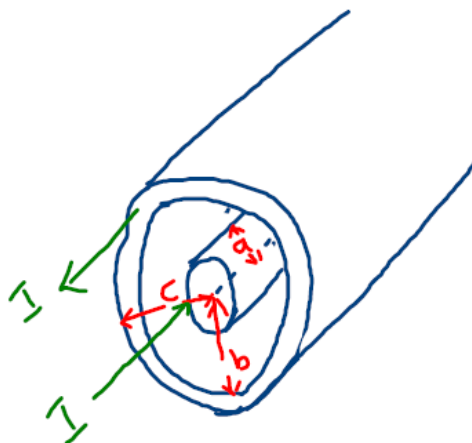


Figure 2: