```
In [1]:
import numpy as np
import cv2
import scipy.io
import os
from numpy.linalg import norm
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from numpy.linalg import det
from numpy.linalg import inv
from scipy.linalg import rq
from numpy.linalg import svd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import math
import random
import sys
from scipy import ndimage, spatial
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm, trange
In [2]:
class Image:
    def init (self, img, position):
        self.img = img
        self.position = position
```

```
inlier matchset = []
def features_matching(a, keypointlength, threshold):
 #threshold=0.2
 bestmatch=np.empty((keypointlength),dtype= np.int16)
 imglindex=np.empty((keypointlength),dtype=np.int16)
  distance=np.empty((keypointlength))
  for j in range(0,keypointlength):
   #For a descriptor fa in Ia, take the two closest descriptors fb1 and fb2 in Ib
   x=a[j]
   listx=x.tolist()
    x.sort()
                                                # min
   minvall=x[0]
   minval2=x[1]
                                                # 2nd min
   itemindex1 = listx.index(minval1)
                                                #index of min val
   itemindex2 = listx.index(minval2)
                                                #index of second min value
    ratio=minval1/minval2
                                                #Ratio Test
    if ratio<threshold:</pre>
      #Low distance ratio: fb1 can be a good match
     bestmatch[index]=itemindex1
     distance[index]=minval1
     imglindex[index]=j
     index=index+1
  return [cv2.DMatch(imglindex[i],bestmatch[i].astype(int),distance[i]) for i in range(0,index)]
def compute Homography(im1 pts,im2 pts):
  im1 pts and im2 pts are 2×n matrices with
 4 point correspondences from the two images
 num matches=len(im1 pts)
 num rows = 2 * num_matches
 num\_cols = 9
 A_matrix_shape = (num_rows,num_cols)
 A = np.zeros(A_matrix_shape)
  a index = 0
  for i in range(0,num_matches):
   (a_x, a_y) = im1_pts[i]
    (b x, b y) = im2 pts[i]
    row1 = [a_x, a_y, 1, 0, 0, -b_x*a_x, -b_x*a_y, -b_x] # First row
    row2 = [0, 0, 0, a_x, a_y, 1, -b_y*a_x, -b_y*a_y, -b_y] # Second row
```

```
# place the rows in the matrix
    A[a index] = row1
    A[a index+1] = row2
    a index += 2
 U, s, Vt = np.linalg.svd(A)
  #s is a 1-D array of singular values sorted in descending order
  #U, Vt are unitary matrices
  #Rows of Vt are the eigenvectors of A^TA.
  #Columns of U are the eigenvectors of AA^T.
 H = np.eve(3)
 H = Vt[-1].reshape(3,3) # take the last row of the Vt matrix
 return H
def displayplot(img,title):
 plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
 plt.title(title)
  plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB))
 plt.show()
```

### In [3]:

```
def RANSAC alg(f1, f2, matches, nRANSAC, RANSACthresh):
   minMatches = 4
   nBest = 0
    best inliers = []
    H = stimate = np.eye(3,3)
    global inlier matchset
    inlier matchset=[]
    for iteration in range(nRANSAC):
        #Choose a minimal set of feature matches.
        matchSample = random.sample(matches, minMatches)
        #Estimate the Homography implied by these matches
        im1_pts=np.empty((minMatches,2))
        im2 pts=np.empty((minMatches,2))
        for i in range(0,minMatches):
         m = matchSample[i]
         im1 pts[i] = f1[m.queryIdx].pt
         im2_pts[i] = f2[m.trainIdx].pt
          \#im1_pts[i] = f1[m[0]].pt
          \#im2\ pts[i] = f2[m[1]].pt
        H estimate=compute Homography(im1 pts,im2 pts)
        # Calculate the inliers for the H
        inliers = get_inliers(f1, f2, matches, H_estimate, RANSACthresh)
        # if the number of inliers is higher than previous iterations, update the best estimates
        if len(inliers) > nBest:
            nBest= len(inliers)
            best inliers = inliers
    print("Number of best inliers", len(best inliers))
    for i in range(len(best inliers)):
     inlier matchset.append(matches[best inliers[i]])
    # compute a homography given this set of matches
    im1_pts=np.empty((len(best_inliers),2))
    im2_pts=np.empty((len(best_inliers),2))
    for i in range(0,len(best_inliers)):
     m = inlier_matchset[i]
     im1_pts[i] = f1[m.queryIdx].pt
     im2 pts[i] = f2[m.trainIdx].pt
      \#im1\ pts[i] = f1[m[0]].pt
      \#im2_pts[i] = f2[m[1]].pt
    M=compute Homography(im1 pts,im2 pts)
```

```
In [4]:
```

```
def get inliers(f1, f2, matches, H, RANSACthresh):
  inlier indices = []
  for i in range(len(matches)):
   queryInd = matches[i].queryIdx
    trainInd = matches[i].trainIdx
    #queryInd = matches[i][0]
    #trainInd = matches[i][1]
    queryPoint = np.array([f1[queryInd].pt[0], f1[queryInd].pt[1], 1]).T
    trans query = H.dot(queryPoint)
    comp1 = [trans query[0]/trans query[2], trans query[1]/trans query[2]] # normalize with respect
to z
   comp2 = np.array(f2[trainInd].pt)[:2]
    if(np.linalg.norm(comp1-comp2) <= RANSACthresh): # check against threshold</pre>
     inlier indices.append(i)
  return inlier_indices
def ImageBounds(img, H):
    h, w= img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
    p1 = np.dot(H, np.array([0, 0, 1]))
    p2 = np.dot(H, np.array([0, h - 1, 1]))
    p3 = np.dot(H, np.array([w - 1, 0, 1]))
    p4 = np.dot(H, np.array([w - 1, h - 1, 1]))
    x1 = p1[0] / p1[2]
    y1 = p1[1] / p1[2]
    x2 = p2[0] / p2[2]
    y2 = p2[1] / p2[2]
    x3 = p3[0] / p3[2]
    y3 = p3[1] / p3[2]
    x4 = p4[0] / p4[2]
    y4 = p4[1] / p4[2]
    minX = math.ceil(min(x1, x2, x3, x4))
    minY = math.ceil(min(y1, y2, y3, y4))
   maxX = math.ceil(max(x1, x2, x3, x4))
    maxY = math.ceil(max(y1, y2, y3, y4))
    return int(minX), int(minY), int(maxX), int(maxY)
def Populate_Images(img, accumulator, H, bw):
    h, w = img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
    minX, minY, maxX, maxY = ImageBounds(img, H)
    for i in range(minX, maxX + 1):
        for j in range(minY, maxY + 1):
            p = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(H), np.array([i, j, 1]))
            x = p[0]
            y = p[1]
            z = p[2]
             x = int(x / z)
            y = int(y / z)
            if _{x} < 0 or _{x} >= w - 1 or _{y} < 0 or _{y} >= h - 1:
            if img[_y, _x, 0] == 0 and img[_y, _x, 1] == 0 and img[_y, _x, 2] == 0:
                continue
            wt = 1.0
```

```
if _x >= minX and _x < minX + bw:</pre>
               wt = float(x - minX) / bw
            if x <= maxX and x > maxX -bw:
               wt = float(maxX - x) / bw
            accumulator[j, i, 3] += wt
            for c in range(3):
               accumulator[j, i, c] += img[_y, _x, c] *wt
def get_inliers(f1, f2, matches, H, RANSACthresh):
  inlier indices = []
 for i in range(len(matches)):
   queryInd = matches[i].queryIdx
    trainInd = matches[i].trainIdx
    #queryInd = matches[i][0]
    #trainInd = matches[i][1]
    queryPoint = np.array([f1[queryInd].pt[0], f1[queryInd].pt[1], 1]).T
    trans_query = H.dot(queryPoint)
   comp1 = [trans_query[0]/trans_query[2], trans_query[1]/trans_query[2]] # normalize with respect
   comp2 = np.array(f2[trainInd].pt)[:2]
    if(np.linalg.norm(comp1-comp2) <= RANSACthresh): # check against threshold</pre>
     inlier indices.append(i)
  return inlier indices
def ImageBounds(img, H):
   h, w= img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
   p1 = np.dot(H, np.array([0, 0, 1]))
   p2 = np.dot(H, np.array([0, h - 1, 1]))
    p3 = np.dot(H, np.array([w - 1, 0, 1]))
   p4 = np.dot(H, np.array([w - 1, h - 1, 1]))
   x1 = p1[0] / p1[2]
   y1 = p1[1] / p1[2]
   x2 = p2[0] / p2[2]
   y2 = p2[1] / p2[2]
    x3 = p3[0] / p3[2]
   y3 = p3[1] / p3[2]
   x4 = p4[0] / p4[2]
   y4 = p4[1] / p4[2]
   minX = math.ceil(min(x1, x2, x3, x4))
   maxY = math.ceil(max(y1, y2, y3, y4))
    return int(minX), int(minY), int(maxX), int(maxY)
def Populate_Images(img, accumulator, H, bw):
    h, w = img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
   minX, minY, maxX, maxY = ImageBounds(img, H)
    for i in range(minX, maxX + 1):
       for j in range(minY, maxY + 1):
           p = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(H), np.array([i, j, 1]))
           x = p[0]
           y = p[1]
            z = p[2]
            _x = int(x / z)
            _y = int(y / z)
            if _x < 0 or _x >= w - 1 or _y < 0 or _y >= h - 1:
               continue
```

```
if img[_y, _x, 0] == 0 and img[_y, _x, 1] == 0 and img[_y, _x, 2] == 0:
    continue

wt = 1.0

if _x >= minX and _x < minX + bw:
    wt = float(_x - minX) /bw

if _x <= maxX and _x > maxX -bw:
    wt = float(maxX - _x) /bw

accumulator[j, i, 3] += wt

for c in range(3):
    accumulator[j, i, c] += img[_y, _x, c] *wt
```

## In [5]:

```
def Image Stitch (Imagesall, blendWidth, accWidth, accHeight, translation):
           channels=3
            #width=720
            acc = np.zeros((accHeight, accWidth, channels + 1))
            M = np.identity(3)
            for count, i in enumerate(Imagesall):
                     M = i.position
                      img = i.img
                       M trans = translation.dot(M)
                       Populate_Images(img, acc, M_trans, blendWidth)
            height, width = acc.shape[0], acc.shape[1]
            img = np.zeros((height, width, 3))
            for i in range(height):
                     for j in range(width):
                                   weights = acc[i, j, 3]
                                   if weights > 0:
                                               for c in range(3):
                                                           img[i, j, c] = int(acc[i, j, c] / weights)
            Imagefull = np.uint8(img)
            M = np.identity(3)
             \begin{tabular}{ll} \be
                       if count != 0 and count != (len(Imagesall) - 1):
                                   continue
                       M = i.position
                       M trans = translation.dot(M)
                       p = np.array([0.5 * width, 0, 1])
                       p = M trans.dot(p)
                       if count == 0:
                                   x_{init}, y_{init} = p[:2] / p[2]
                       if count == (len(Imagesall) - 1):
                                   x_{final}, y_{final} = p[:2] / p[2]
            A = np.identity(3)
            croppedImage = cv2.warpPerspective(
                       Imagefull, A, (accWidth, accHeight), flags=cv2.INTER LINEAR
            displayplot(croppedImage, 'Final Stitched Image')
```

## In [6]:

```
pip install ipython-autotime %load_ext autotime
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: ipython-autotime in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-
autotime) (7.22.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.16 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython-
>ipython-autotime) (0.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit!=3.0.0,!=3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython->ipython-autotime) (3.0.18)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
ipython->ipython-autotime) (5.0.5)
Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython->i
python-autotime) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython->
ipython-autotime) (4.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from ipython->i
python-autotime) (2.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pexpect>4.3 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
ipvthon->ipvthon-autotime) (4.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=18.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
ipython->ipython-autotime) (49.6.0.post20210108)
Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
ipython->ipython-autotime) (0.7.5)
Requirement already satisfied: parso<0.9.0,>=0.8.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from the condition of the cond
jedi>=0.16->ipython->ipython-autotime) (0.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: ptyprocess>=0.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
pexpect>4.3->ipython->ipython-autotime) (0.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from prompt-
toolkit!=3.0.0,!=3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0->ipython->ipython-autotime) (0.2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from
traitlets>=4.2->ipython->ipython-autotime) (0.2.0)
time: 588 µs (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:10 +00:00)
In [7]:
files all = os.listdir('../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/')
files all.sort()
folder path = '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/'
left files path rev = []
right files path = []
for file in files all[1:11]:
       left files path rev.append(folder path + file)
left files path = left files path rev[::-1]
for file in files all[11:23]:
       right files path.append(folder path + file)
time: 5.17 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:10 +00:00)
In [8]:
print(left files path)
['../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0011.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-
```

dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917\_0004\_0010.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-019 17\_0004\_0009.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917\_0004\_0008.JPG', "../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0007.JPG', "../input/uni-campus-17 0004 0005.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0004.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0003.JPG', '../input/uni-campusdataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0002.JPG'] time: 5.09 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:10 +00:00)

# In [9]:

```
gridsize = 8
clahe = cv2.createCLAHE(clipLimit=2.0,tileGridSize=(gridsize,gridsize))
images left bgr = []
images right bgr = []
```

```
images_left = []
images right = []
for file in tqdm(left files path):
 left image sat= cv2.imread(file)
 lab = cv2.cvtColor(left_image_sat, cv2.COLOR BGR2LAB)
 lab[...,0] = clahe.apply(lab[...,0])
 left image sat = cv2.cvtColor(lab, cv2.COLOR LAB2BGR)
 left img = cv2.resize(left image sat, None, fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation = cv2.INTER CUBIC)
 images left.append(cv2.cvtColor(left img, cv2.CoLoR BGR2GRAY).astype('float32')/255.)
 images_left_bgr.append(left_img)
for file in tqdm(right_files_path):
 right image sat= cv2.imread(file)
 lab = cv2.cvtColor(right image sat, cv2.COLOR BGR2LAB)
 lab[...,0] = clahe.apply(lab[...,0])
 right_image_sat = cv2.cvtColor(lab, cv2.COLOR LAB2BGR)
 right img = cv2.resize(right image sat, None, fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation = cv2.INTER CUBIC)
 images right.append(cv2.cvtColor(right img, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY).astype('float32')/255.)
 images right bgr.append(right img)
```

time: 27.8 s (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:10 +00:00)

## In [10]:

```
images left = []
images right = []
for file in tqdm(left files path):
  left img sat= cv2.imread(file,0)
  \#left\ img = cv2.resize(left\ img\ sat,None,fx=0.75,\ fy=0.75,\ interpolation = cv2.INTER\ CUBIC)
  #left img gray = cv2.cvtColor(left img,cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
 interp = cv2.INTER CUBIC
 grayim = left_img_sat
 grayim = clahe.apply(grayim)
  grayim = cv2.resize(left img sat, None, fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation=interp)
 grayim = (grayim.astype('float32') / 255.)
 images_left.append(grayim)
for file in tqdm(right files path):
 right img sat= cv2.imread(file,0)
 #right img = cv2.resize(right img sat,None,fx=0.75,fy=0.75, interpolation = cv2.INTER CUBIC)
 #right_img_gray = cv2.cvtColor(right_img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
 interp = cv2.INTER CUBIC
 grayim = right img sat
 grayim = clahe.apply(grayim)
 grayim = cv2.resize(right_img_sat,None,fx=0.5, fy=0.5, interpolation=interp)
 grayim = (grayim.astype('float32') / 255.)
  images_right.append(grayim)
```

time: 9.28 s (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:38 +00:00)

## In [11]:

```
fatal: destination path 'SuperPointPretrainedNetwork' already exists and is not an empty directory.
time: 796 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:47 +00:00)
```

git clone https://github.com/magicleap/SuperPointPretrainedNetwork.git

In [12]:

```
weights_path = 'SuperPointPretrainedNetwork/superpoint_v1.pth'
cuda = 'True'
```

```
time: 556 µs (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:48 +00:00)
In [13]:
def to kpts(pts, size=1):
 return [cv2.KeyPoint(pt[0], pt[1], size) for pt in pts]
time: 2.63 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:48 +00:00)
In [14]:
import numpy as np
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
torch.cuda.empty cache()
class SuperPointNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(SuperPointNet, self).__init__()
        self.relu = nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2)
        c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, d1 = 64, 64, 128, 128, 256, 256
        # Shared Encoder.
        self.convla = nn.Conv2d(1, c1, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv1b = nn.Conv2d(c1, c1, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv2a = nn.Conv2d(c1, c2, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
self.conv2b = nn.Conv2d(c2, c2, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv3a = nn.Conv2d(c2, c3, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv3b = nn.Conv2d(c3, c3, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv4a = nn.Conv2d(c3, c4, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.conv4b = nn.Conv2d(c4, c4, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        # Detector Head.
        self.convPa = nn.Conv2d(c4, c5, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.convPb = nn.Conv2d(c5, 65, kernel size=1, stride=1, padding=0)
        # Descriptor Head.
        self.convDa = nn.Conv2d(c4, c5, kernel size=3, stride=1, padding=1)
        self.convDb = nn.Conv2d(c5, d1, kernel size=1, stride=1, padding=0)
    def forward(self, x):
        # Shared Encoder.
        x = self.relu(self.convla(x))
        x = self.relu(self.conv1b(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.relu(self.conv2a(x))
        x = self.relu(self.conv2b(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.relu(self.conv3a(x))
        x = self.relu(self.conv3b(x))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = self.relu(self.conv4a(x))
        x = self.relu(self.conv4b(x))
        # Detector Head.
        cPa = self.relu(self.convPa(x))
        semi = self.convPb(cPa)
        # Descriptor Head.
        cDa = self.relu(self.convDa(x))
        desc = self.convDb(cDa)
        dn = torch.norm(desc, p=2, dim=1) # Compute the norm.
        desc = desc.div(torch.unsqueeze(dn, 1)) # Divide by norm to normalize.
        return semi, desc
class SuperPointFrontend(object):
    def __init__(self, weights_path, nms_dist, conf_thresh, nn thresh,cuda=True):
        self.name = 'SuperPoint'
        self.cuda = cuda
        self.nms dist = nms dist
        self.conf_thresh = conf_thresh
        self.nn thresh = nn thresh # L2 descriptor distance for good match.
        self.cell = 8 # Size of each output cell. Keep this fixed.
```

```
self.border remove = 4 # Remove points this close to the border.
        # Load the network in inference mode.
        self.net = SuperPointNet()
        if cuda:
          # Train on GPU, deploy on GPU.
            self.net.load state dict(torch.load(weights path))
            self.net = self.net.cuda()
        else:
          # Train on GPU, deploy on CPU.
            self.net.load_state_dict(torch.load(weights_path, map_location=lambda storage, loc: sto
rage))
        self.net.eval()
   def nms fast(self, in corners, H, W, dist thresh):
        grid = np.zeros((H, W)).astype(int) # Track NMS data.
       inds = np.zeros((H, W)).astype(int) # Store indices of points.
        # Sort by confidence and round to nearest int.
       inds1 = np.argsort(-in corners[2,:])
        corners = in corners[:,inds1]
        rcorners = corners[:2,:].round().astype(int) # Rounded corners.
        # Check for edge case of 0 or 1 corners.
       if rcorners.shape[1] == 0:
            return np.zeros((3,0)).astype(int), np.zeros(0).astype(int)
        if rcorners.shape[1] == 1:
            out = np.vstack((rcorners, in corners[2])).reshape(3,1)
            return out, np.zeros((1)).astype(int)
        # Initialize the grid.
        for i, rc in enumerate(rcorners.T):
            grid[rcorners[1,i], rcorners[0,i]] = 1
            inds[rcorners[1,i], rcorners[0,i]] = i
        # Pad the border of the grid, so that we can NMS points near the border.
       pad = dist thresh
       grid = np.pad(grid, ((pad,pad), (pad,pad)), mode='constant')
        # Iterate through points, highest to lowest conf, suppress neighborhood.
       count = 0
        for i, rc in enumerate(rcorners.T):
          # Account for top and left padding.
            pt = (rc[0]+pad, rc[1]+pad)
            if grid[pt[1], pt[0]] == 1: # If not yet suppressed.
                grid[pt[1]-pad:pt[1]+pad+1, pt[0]-pad:pt[0]+pad+1] = 0
                grid[pt[1], pt[0]] = -1
                count += 1
        # Get all surviving -1's and return sorted array of remaining corners.
       keepy, keepx = np.where(grid==-1)
       keepy, keepx = keepy - pad, keepx - pad
       inds keep = inds[keepy, keepx]
       out = corners[:, inds keep]
       values = out[-1, :]
       inds2 = np.argsort(-values)
       out = out[:, inds2]
       out_inds = inds1[inds keep[inds2]]
       return out, out inds
   def run(self, img):
       assert img.ndim == 2 #Image must be grayscale.
        assert img.dtype == np.float32 #Image must be float32.
       H, W = img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
        inp = img.copy()
       inp = (inp.reshape(1, H, W))
       inp = torch.from numpy(inp)
       inp = torch.autograd.Variable(inp).view(1, 1, H, W)
       if self.cuda:
           inp = inp.cuda()
        # Forward pass of network.
       outs = self.net.forward(inp)
       semi, coarse desc = outs[0], outs[1]
        # Convert pytorch -> numpy.
       semi = semi.data.cpu().numpy().squeeze()
        # --- Process points.
       dense = np.exp(semi) # Softmax.
       dense = dense / (np.sum(dense, axis=0)+.00001) # Should sum to 1.
       nodust = dense[:-1, :, :]
        # Reshape to get full resolution heatmap.
       Hc = int(H / self.cell)
```

```
Wc = int(W / self.cell)
        nodust = np.transpose(nodust, [1, 2, 0])
        heatmap = np.reshape(nodust, [Hc, Wc, self.cell, self.cell])
        heatmap = np.transpose(heatmap, [0, 2, 1, 3])
        heatmap = np.reshape(heatmap, [Hc*self.cell, Wc*self.cell])
        prob map = heatmap/np.sum(np.sum(heatmap))
        return heatmap, coarse desc
    def key pt sampling(self, img, heat map, coarse desc, sampled):
        H, W = img.shape[0], img.shape[1]
        xs, ys = np.where(heat map >= self.conf thresh) # Confidence threshold.
        if len(xs) == 0:
            return np.zeros((3, 0)), None, None
        print("number of pts selected :", len(xs))
        pts = np.zeros((3, len(xs))) # Populate point data sized 3xN.
        pts[0, :] = ys
        pts[1, :] = xs
        pts[2, :] = heat_map[xs, ys]
        pts, = self.nms fast(pts, H, W, dist thresh=self.nms dist) # Apply NMS.
        inds = np.argsort(pts[2,:])
        pts = pts[:,inds[::-1]] # Sort by confidence.
        bord = self.border remove
        toremoveW = np.logical_or(pts[0, :] < bord, pts[0, :] >= (W-bord))
        toremoveH = np.logical or(pts[1, :] < bord, pts[1, :] >= (H-bord))
        toremove = np.logical or(toremoveW, toremoveH)
        pts = pts[:, ~toremove]
        pts = pts[:,0:sampled] #we take 2000 keypoints with highest probability from heatmap for ou
r benchmark
        # --- Process descriptor.
        D = coarse desc.shape[1]
        if pts.shape[1] == 0:
            desc = np.zeros((D, 0))
        else:
          # Interpolate into descriptor map using 2D point locations.
            samp pts = torch.from numpy(pts[:2, :].copy())
            samp\_pts[0, :] = (samp\_pts[0, :] / (float(W)/2.)) - 1.
            samp_pts[1, :] = (samp_pts[1, :] / (float(H)/2.)) - 1.
            samp pts = samp pts.transpose(0, 1).contiguous()
            samp pts = samp pts.view(1, 1, -1, 2)
            samp pts = samp pts.float()
            if self.cuda:
                samp pts = samp pts.cuda()
            desc = nn.functional.grid sample(coarse desc, samp pts)
            desc = desc.data.cpu().numpy().reshape(D, -1)
            desc /= np.linalg.norm(desc, axis=0)[np.newaxis, :]
        return pts, desc
4
time: 360 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:48 +00:00)
In [15]:
print('Loading pre-trained network.')
# This class runs the SuperPoint network and processes its outputs.
fe = SuperPointFrontend(weights path=weights path,nms dist = 3,conf thresh = 0.01,nn thresh=0.5)
print('Successfully loaded pre-trained network.')
Loading pre-trained network.
Successfully loaded pre-trained network.
time: 2.12 s (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:49 +00:00)
In [16]:
keypoints all left = []
descriptors_all_left = []
```

points all left=[]

```
keypoints_all_right = []
descriptors all right = []
points all right=[]
for lfpth in tqdm(images left):
 heatmap1, coarse desc1 = fe.run(lfpth)
  pts_1, desc_1 = fe.key_pt_sampling(lfpth, heatmap1, coarse_desc1, 80000) #Getting keypoints and d
escriptors for 1st image
  keypoints all left.append(to kpts(pts 1.T))
  descriptors all left.append(desc 1.T)
  points_all_left.append(pts_1.T)
for rfpth in tqdm(images_right):
 heatmap1, coarse desc1 = fe.run(rfpth)
  pts_1, desc_1 = fe.key_pt_sampling(rfpth, heatmap1, coarse_desc1, 80000) #Getting keypoints and d
escriptors for 1st image
  keypoints_all_right.append(to_kpts(pts_1.T))
  descriptors all right.append(desc 1.T)
  points all right.append(pts 1.T)
number of pts selected: 115435
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/torch/nn/functional.py:3385: UserWarning: Default
grid sample and affine grid behavior has changed to align corners=False since 1.3.0. Please specif
y align_corners=True if the old behavior is desired. See the documentation of grid_sample for deta
ils.
  warnings.warn("Default grid sample and affine grid behavior has changed "
number of pts selected : 119450
number of pts selected: 125424
number of pts selected: 123997
number of pts selected: 124049
number of pts selected: 121067
number of pts selected : 117124
number of pts selected : 124188
number of pts selected: 114931
number of pts selected : 121014
number of pts selected : 114745
number of pts selected: 117366
number of pts selected : 119129
number of pts selected: 117514
number of pts selected : 122092
number of pts selected : 124135
number of pts selected: 118103
number of pts selected: 108292
number of pts selected : 105906
number of pts selected: 105565
number of pts selected: 109649
number of pts selected: 103193
time: 28 s (started: 2021-06-18 03:06:51 +00:00)
In [17]:
torch.cuda.empty cache()
time: 77.7 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:19 +00:00)
In [18]:
!nvidia-smi
Fri Jun 18 03:07:19 2021
| NVIDIA-SMI 450.119.04 | Driver Version: 450.119.04 | CUDA Version: 11.0
```

```
| Fan Temp Perf Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util Compute M. |
                   MIG M. |
|------
 O Tesla P100-PCIE... Off | 00000000:00:04.0 Off |
     54C PO 44W / 250W | 6773MiB / 16280MiB |
                                                          Default |
                                                            N/A I
| Processes:
I GPU GI CI
                   PID Type Process name
                                                        GPU Memorv I
|------
time: 863 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:19 +00:00)
In [19]:
print(left files path)
['../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0011.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-
dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917_0004_0010.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-019
17 0004 0009.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0008.JPG',
"../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917_0004_0007.JPG', "../input/uni-campus-
17 0004 0005.JPG', '../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0004.JPG',
"../input/uni-campus-dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917_0004_0003.JPG', "../input/uni-campus-
dataset/RGB-img/img/IX-11-01917 0004 0002.JPG']
time: 676 µs (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:20 +00:00)
In [20]:
def compute homography fast (matched pts1, matched pts2):
   #matched_pts1 = cv2.KeyPoint_convert(matched_kp1)
   #matched pts2 = cv2.KeyPoint convert(matched kp2)
   \# Estimate the homography between the matches using RANSAC
   H, inliers = cv2.findHomography(matched pts1,
                              matched pts2,
   inliers = inliers.flatten()
   return H, inliers
time: 4.59 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:20 +00:00)
In [21]:
def get_Hmatrix(imgs,keypts,pts,descripts,disp=True):
 FLANN INDEX KDTREE = 2
 index params = dict(algorithm=FLANN INDEX KDTREE, trees=5)
 search params = dict(checks=50)
 flann = cv2.FlannBasedMatcher(index params, search params)
 #flann = cv2.BFMatcher()
 lff1 = np.float32(descripts[0])
 lff = np.float32(descripts[1])
 matches_lf1_lf = flann.knnMatch(lff1, lff, k=2)
 print(len(matches lf1 lf))
 matches 4 = []
 ratio = 0.35
  # loop over the raw matches
 for m in matches lf1 lf:
   # ensure the distance is within a certain ratio of each
   # other (i.e. Lowe's ratio test)
   if len(m) == 2 and m[0].distance < m[1].distance * ratio:</pre>
      #matches_1.append((m[0].trainIdx, m[0].queryIdx))
```

matches 4.append(m[0])

```
print("Number of matches", len(matches 4))
 matches_idx = np.array([m.queryIdx for m in matches_4])
 imm1 pts = np.array([keypts[0][idx].pt for idx in matches idx])
 matches_idx = np.array([m.trainIdx for m in matches_4])
 \verb|imm2_pts = np.array([keypts[1][idx].pt for idx in matches_idx])|
 # Estimate homography 1
 #Compute H1
 imm1 pts=np.empty((len(matches 4),2))
 imm2_pts=np.empty((len(matches_4),2))
 for i in range(0,len(matches 4)):
   m = matches 4[i]
    (a x, a y) = keypts[0][m.queryIdx].pt
   (b_x, b_y) = keypts[1][m.trainIdx].pt
   imm1 pts[i] = (a x, a y)
   imm2 pts[i]=(b x, b y)
 print(imm1 pts[0])
 print(ok)
  111
 Hn,inliers = compute_homography_fast(imm1_pts,imm2_pts)
 inlier_matchset = np.array(matches_4)[inliers.astype(bool)].tolist()
 print("Number of Robust matches", len(inlier matchset))
 #H=compute Homography(imm1 pts,imm2 pts)
 #Robustly estimate Homography 1 using RANSAC
 #Hn=RANSAC_alg(keypts[0] ,keypts[1], matches_4, nRANSAC=1500, RANSACthresh=6)
 #global inlier matchset
 if disp==True:
   dispimg1=cv2.drawMatches(imgs[0], keypts[0], imgs[1], keypts[1], inlier_matchset,
None, flags=2)
   displayplot(dispimg1,'Robust Matching between Reference Image and Right Image ')
 return Hn/Hn[2,2]
```

time: 1.98 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:20 +00:00)

## In [22]:

```
def get good matches(keypts,pts,descripts,disp=True):
 FLANN INDEX KDTREE = 2
 index params = dict(algorithm=FLANN INDEX KDTREE, trees=5)
  search params = dict(checks=50)
 flann = cv2.FlannBasedMatcher(index_params, search_params)
 #flann = cv2.BFMatcher()
 lff1 = np.float32(descripts[0])
 lff = np.float32(descripts[1])
 matches lf1 lf = flann.knnMatch(lff1, lff, k=2)
 #print(len(matches lf1 lf))
 matches_4 = []
 ratio = 0.7
  # loop over the raw matches
  for m in matches_lf1_lf:
    # ensure the distance is within a certain ratio of each
    # other (i.e. Lowe's ratio test)
    if len(m) == 2 and m[0].distance < m[1].distance * ratio:</pre>
        #matches 1.append((m[0].trainIdx, m[0].queryIdx))
        matches 4.append(m[0])
  #print("Number of matches",len(matches 4))
 return len (matches 4)
```

```
In [23]:
 \# i = 0
 \#H a = get Hmatrix(images left[j:j+2][::-1], keypoints all left[j:j+2][::-1], points all left[j:j+2]
 [::-1], descriptors all left[j:j+2][::-1])
time: 8.38 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:20 +00:00)
In [24]:
H left = []
H right = []
for j in tqdm(range(len(images left))):
     if j==len(images left)-1:
         break
     \label{eq:harmonic_harmonic} \texttt{H\_a} = \texttt{get\_Hmatrix}(\texttt{images\_left\_bgr[j:j+2][::-1], keypoints\_all\_left[j:j+2][::-1], points\_all\_left[j:j+2][::-1], points\_all\_left[j:j+2][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][::-1][:
j+2][::-1], descriptors_all_left[j:j+2][::-1])
     H left.append(H a)
for j in tqdm(range(len(images right))):
     if j==len(images right)-1:
         break
    H a = get Hmatrix(images right bgr[j:j+2][::-1], keypoints all right[j:j+2][::-1], points all right
 [j:j+2][::-1],descriptors_all_right[j:j+2][::-1])
     H right.append(H a)
16875
Number of matches 486
Number of Robust matches 486
17412
Number of matches 392
Number of Robust matches 392
17297
Number of matches 714
Number of Robust matches 714
17396
Number of matches 126
Number of Robust matches 126
16816
Number of matches 111
Number of Robust matches 111
16135
Number of matches 413
Number of Robust matches 413
Number of matches 211
Number of Robust matches 211
15868
Number of matches 144
Number of Robust matches 144
Number of matches 351
Number of Robust matches 351
Number of matches 1192
Number of Robust matches 1192
Number of matches 377
Number of Robust matches 377
16305
Number of matches 875
Number of Robust matches 875
16953
Number of matches 1139
Number of Robust matches 1139
17385
Number of matches 989
```

Number of Robust matches 989

```
16605
Number of matches 867
Number of Robust matches 867
Number of matches 687
Number of Robust matches 687
15293
Number of matches 854
Number of Robust matches 854
15505
Number of matches 614
Number of Robust matches 614
16050
Number of matches 443
Number of Robust matches 443
15235
Number of matches 209
Number of Robust matches 209
time: 5min 40s (started: 2021-06-18 03:07:20 +00:00)
In [25]:
print(len(H left),len(H right))
9 11
time: 2.35 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [26]:
all_files_path = left_files_path_rev + right_files_path[1:]
keypoints_all = keypoints_all_left[::-1] + keypoints_all_right[1:]
descriptors all = descriptors all left[::-1] + descriptors all right[1:]
points all = points all left[::-1] + points all right[1:]
time: 993 µs (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [27]:
all files path = left files path rev + right files path[1:]
keypoints_all = keypoints_all_left[::-1] + keypoints_all_right[1:]
descriptors all = descriptors all left[::-1] + descriptors all right[1:]
points all = points all left[::-1] + points all right[1:]
time: 2.46 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [ ]:
In [28]:
# all_files_path = left_files_path_rev[:] + right_files_path[1:7]
#keypoints all = keypoints all left[::-1][:] + keypoints all right[1:7]
#descriptors all = descriptors all left[::-1][:] + descriptors all right[1:7]
#points_all = points_all_left[::-1][:] + points_all_right[1:7]
time: 10.5 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [29]:
print(len(all files path))
time: 5.22 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [30]:
```

```
import itertools
all_pairs=[]
for pair in itertools.permutations(list(range(len(all_files_path))),2):
  all pairs.append(pair)
time: 5.23 ms (started: 2021-06-18 03:13:01 +00:00)
In [ ]:
matches_all = []
for pair in all_pairs:
  matches_two = get_good_matches([keypoints_all[i] for i in pair],[points_all[i] for i in pair],[de
scriptors_all[i] for i in pair])
 matches all.append(matches two)
In [ ]:
def pair ind(num, tlen):
  if num>(tlen-1):
   return None, None
  first = 0
  last = tlen-1
  i = num
  while i>0:
   first+=(tlen-1) #4
    last+= (tlen-1) #8
    i -= 1
  return first, last
In [ ]:
im = np.eye(len(all files path))
In [ ]:
for j,pair in enumerate(all pairs):
  im[pair] = int(matches_all[j])
In [ ]:
#First Step
num=int(math.floor(len(all_files_path)/2))
#first,last = pair_ind(num,len(all_files_path))
matches_num = np.array(im[num,:])
lft img ind = np.argmax(matches num[:num])
rt img ind = num + np.argmax(matches num[num:])
In [ ]:
order=[]
order.append(lft img ind)
order.append(num)
order.append(rt_img_ind)
In [ ]:
for k in range(len(all files path)-3):
  if k\%2==0:
   #Second Step
   num = lft_img_ind
    #first,last = pair_ind(num,len(all_files_path))
    matches_num = np.array(im[num,:])
    lft_img_ind = matches_num.argsort()[-1:][::-1][-1]
    i=2
    while lft ima ind in order:
```

```
lft img ind = matches num.argsort()[-i:][::-1][-1]
   i += 1
 order.insert(0,lft img ind)
else:
 #Third Step
 num = rt img ind
 #first,last = pair ind(num,len(all files path))
 matches_num = np.array(im[num,:])
 rt img ind = matches num.argsort()[-1:][::-1][-1]
 i=2
 while rt img ind in order:
   rt_img_ind = matches_num.argsort()[-i:][::-1][-1]
 order.append(rt_img_ind)
```

## In [ ]:

```
print(order)
```

## In [ ]:

```
np.set printoptions(suppress=True)
np.set printoptions(threshold=np.inf)
np.set printoptions(linewidth=np.inf)
```

#### In [ ]:

```
print(im)
```

## In [ ]:

```
def warpnImages(images left, images right, H left, H right):
    #img1-centre,img2-left,img3-right
   h, w = images left[0].shape[:2]
    pts left = []
    pts_right = []
   pts centre = np.float32([[0, 0], [0, h], [w, h], [w, 0]]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
    for j in range(len(H left)):
     pts = np.float32([[0, 0], [0, h], [w, h], [w, 0]]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
     pts_left.append(pts)
    for j in range(len(H right)):
     pts = np.float32([[0, 0], [0, h], [w, h], [w, 0]]).reshape(-1, 1, 2)
     pts right.append(pts)
    pts left transformed=[]
    pts right transformed=[]
    for j,pts in enumerate(pts left):
     if j==0:
      H_trans = H_left[j]
     else:
       H_trans = H_trans@H_left[j]
     pts_ = cv2.perspectiveTransform(pts, H_trans)
     pts left transformed.append(pts )
    for j,pts in enumerate(pts right):
     if j==0:
       H trans = H right[j]
     else:
       H trans = H trans@H right[j]
     pts = cv2.perspectiveTransform(pts, H trans)
     pts right transformed.append(pts )
    print('Step1:Done')
```

```
#pts = np.concatenate((pts1, pts2_), axis=0)

pts_concat = np.concatenate((pts_centre,np.concatenate(np.array(pts_left_transformed),axis=0),n
p.concatenate(np.array(pts_right_transformed),axis=0)), axis=0)

[xmin, ymin] = np.int32(pts_concat.min(axis=0).ravel() - 0.5)
[xmax, ymax] = np.int32(pts_concat.max(axis=0).ravel() + 0.5)

t = [-xmin, -ymin]

Ht = np.array([[1, 0, t[0]], [0, 1, t[1]], [0, 0, 1]]) # translate

print('Step2:Done')

return xmax,xmin,ymax,ymin,t,h,w,Ht
```

#### In [ ]:

```
def final steps left(images left,images right,H left,H right,xmax,xmin,ymax,ymin,t,h,w,Ht):
          warp imgs left = []
          for j,H in enumerate(H left):
              if j==0:
                   H trans = Ht@H
                else:
                   H trans = H trans@H
               result = cv2.warpPerspective(images left[j+1], H trans, (xmax-xmin, ymax-ymin))
               if j==0:
                    result[t[1]:h+t[1], t[0]:w+t[0]] = images left[0]
               warp imgs left.append(result)
          print('Step31:Done')
          return warp imgs left
def final steps right(images left,images right,H left,H right,xmax,xmin,ymax,ymin,t,h,w,Ht):
          warp imgs right = []
          for j,H in enumerate(H_right):
               if j==0:
                   H_trans = Ht@H
               else:
                   H trans = H trans@H
                result = cv2.warpPerspective(images right[j+1], H trans, (xmax-xmin, ymax-ymin))
               warp imgs right.append(result)
          print('Step32:Done')
          return warp_imgs_right
def final steps union(warp imgs left,warp imgs right):
          warp_images_all = warp_imgs_left + warp_imgs_right
          warp img init = warp images all[0]
          #warp_final_all=[]
          for j,warp img in enumerate(warp images all):
               if j==len(warp_images_all)-1:
               black\_pixels = np.where((warp\_img\_init[:, :, 0] == 0) & (warp\_img\_init[:, :, 1] == 0) & (warp\_img\_init[:, :, :, :, 1] == 0) & (warp\_img\_init[:, :, :, :, :, :] == 0) & (warp\_img\_init[:, 
 (warp img init[:, :, 2] == 0))
                warp_img_init[black_pixels] = warp_images_all[j+1][black_pixels]
                #warp_final = np.maximum(warp_img_init,warp_images_all[j+1])
                #warn ima init = warn final
```

```
#warp_final_all.append(warp_final)
    print('Step4:Done')
    return warp_img_init
In [ ]:
xmax,xmin,ymax,ymin,t,h,w,Ht = warpnImages(images left, images right,H left,H right)
In [ ]:
warp_imgs_left = final_steps_left(images_left_bgr, images_right_bgr,H_left,H_right,xmax,xmin,ymax,y
min,t,h,w,Ht)
In [ ]:
warp_imgs_right = final_steps_right(images_left_bgr,
images_right_bgr,H_left,H_right,xmax,xmin,ymax,ymin,t,h,w,Ht)
In [ ]:
combined_warp_n = final_steps_union(warp_imgs_left,warp_imgs_right)
In [ ]:
plt.figure(figsize = (25,25))
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(combined_warp_n, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
In [ ]:
```