Dealing with Columns

 In order to deal with columns, we perform basic operations on columns like selecting, deleting, adding and renaming.

- A) Column Selection

• In Order to select a column in Pandas DataFrame, we can either access the columns by calling them by their columns name.

▼ Example 1: Basic Method

```
# Import pandas package
import pandas as pd
# Define a dictionary containing employee data
data = {'Name':['Jai', 'Princi', 'Gaurav', 'Anuj'],
        'Age':[27, 24, 22, 32],
        'Address':['Delhi', 'Kanpur', 'Allahabad', 'Kannauj'],
        'Qualification':['Msc', 'MA', 'MCA', 'Phd']}
# Convert the dictionary into DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# select two columns
print(df[['Name', 'Qualification']])
          Name Qualification
    0
          Jai
               Msc
    1 Princi
                        MA
     2 Gaurav
                        MCA
                        Phd
        Anuj
# Importing pandas as pd
from pandas import DataFrame
# Creating a data frame
Data = {'Name': ['Mohe', 'Shyni', 'Parul', 'Sam'],
        'ID': [12, 43, 54, 32],
        'Place': ['Delhi', 'Kochi', 'Pune', 'Patna']
       }
df = DataFrame(Data, columns = ['Name', 'ID', 'Place'])
# Print original data frame
print("Original data frame:")
display(df)
```

```
display(df[['Name', 'ID']] )
    Original data frame:
        Name ID Place
     0 Mohe 12
                 Delhi
       Shyni 43
                 Kochi
       Parul 54
                 Pune
        Sam 32 Patna
    Selected column:
        Name ID
     0 Mohe 12
        Shyni 43
     2
       Parul 54
     3
        Sam 32
```

print("Selected column: ")

▼ Example 2: Select second to fourth column.

	Age	Address	Qualification
0	27	Delhi	Msc
1	24	Kanpur	MA
2	22	Allahabad	MCA
3	32	Kannauj	Phd

Example 3: Using loc[]

Select two columns

	Name	Qualification			
1	Princi	MA			
2	Gaurav	MCA			
3	Anuj	Phd			

Select one to another columns. In our case we select column name "Name" to "Address".

	Name	Age	Address		
0	Jai	27	Delhi		
1	Princi	24	Kanpur		

First filtering rows and selecting columns by label format and then Select all columns.

```
# Import pandas package
import pandas as pd
# Define a dictionary containing employee data
```

Age 27
Address Delhi
Qualification Msc
Name: 0, dtype: object

▼ Example 4: Using iloc[]

Select first two column.

	Name	Age
0	Jai	27
1	Princi	24
2	Gaurav	22
3	Anuj	32

Select all or some columns, one to another using .iloc.

	Age	Address
0	27	Delhi
1	24	Kanpur

B) Column Addition:

Method #1: By declaring a new list as a column.

In Order to add a column in Pandas DataFrame, we can declare a new list as a column and add to a existing Dataframe.

```
Name Height Qualification Address
0 Jai 5.1 Msc Delhi
1 Princi 6.2 MA Bangalore
```

```
2 Gaurav 5.1 Msc Chennai
3 Anuj 5.2 Msc Patna
```

Method #2: By using a dictionary

We can use a Python dictionary to add a new column in pandas DataFrame. Use an existing column as the key values and their respective values will be the values for a new column.

```
# Import pandas package
import pandas as pd
# Define a dictionary containing Students data
data = {'Name': ['Jai', 'Princi', 'Gaurav', 'Anuj'],
        'Height': [5.1, 6.2, 5.1, 5.2],
        'Qualification': ['Msc', 'MA', 'Msc', 'Msc']}
# Define a dictionary with key values of
# an existing column and their respective
# value pairs as the # values for our new column.
address = {'Delhi': 'Jai', 'Bangalore': 'Princi',
           'Patna': 'Gaurav', 'Chennai': 'Anuj'}
# Convert the dictionary into DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Provide 'Address' as the column name
df['Address'] = address
# Observe the output
print(df)
          Name Height Qualification Address
```

```
0 Jai 5.1 Msc Delhi
1 Princi 6.2 MA Bangalore
2 Gaurav 5.1 Msc Patna
3 Anuj 5.2 Msc Chennai
```

Method #3: By using DataFrame.insert()

It gives the freedom to add a column at any position we like and not just at the end. It also provides different options for inserting the column values.

```
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Using DataFrame.insert() to add a column
df.insert(2, "Age", [21, 23, 24, 21], True)

# Observe the result
print(df)
```

	Name	Height	Age	Qualification
0	Jai	5.1	21	Msc
1	Princi	6.2	23	MA
2	Gaurav	5.1	24	Msc
3	Anuj	5.2	21	Msc

This method will create a new dataframe with a new column added to the old dataframe.

▼ C) Column Deletion

Pandas provide data analysts a way to delete and filter data frame using .drop() method. Rows or columns can be removed using index label or column name using this method.

Syntax:

```
DataFrame.drop(labels=None, axis=0, index=None, columns=None, level=None, inplace=False, errors='raise')
```

Parameters:

labels: String or list of strings referring row or column name.

axis: int or string value, 0 'index' for Rows and 1 'columns' for Columns.

index or columns: Single label or list. index or columns are an alternative to axis and cannot be used together.

level: Used to specify level in case data frame is having multiple level index. inplace: Makes changes in original Data Frame if True.

errors:Ignores error if any value from the list doesn't exists and drops rest of the values when errors = 'ignore'

Return type: Dataframe with dropped values

▼ Example #1 : Dropping columns with column name

```
# importing pandas module
import pandas as pd

# making data frame from csv file
data = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/nba.csv", index_col ="Name" )

# dropping passed columns
```

```
data.drop(["Team", "Weight"], axis = 1, inplace = True)
# display
print(data)
```

	Number	Position	Age	Height	College	Salary
Name						
Avery Bradley	0.0	PG	25.0	6-2	Texas	7730337.0
Jae Crowder	99.0	SF	25.0	6-6	Marquette	6796117.0
John Holland	30.0	SG	27.0	6-5	Boston University	NaN
R.J. Hunter	28.0	SG	22.0	6-5	Georgia State	1148640.0
Jonas Jerebko	8.0	PF	29.0	6-10	NaN	5000000.0
• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •
Shelvin Mack	8.0	PG	26.0	6-3	Butler	2433333.0
Raul Neto	25.0	PG	24.0	6-1	NaN	900000.0
Tibor Pleiss	21.0	C	26.0	7-3	NaN	2900000.0
Jeff Withey	24.0	C	26.0	7-0	Kansas	947276.0
NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

[458 rows x 6 columns]

▼ Example #2: Dropping Rows by index label

In his code, A list of index labels is passed and the rows corresponding to those labels are dropped using .drop() method.

		Team	Number	Position	Age	Height	Weight	College	Salary
	Name								
	Jae Crowder	Boston Celtics	99.0	SF	25.0	6-6	235.0	Marquette	6796117.0
	Jonas Jerebko	Boston Celtics	8.0	PF	29.0	6-10	231.0	NaN	5000000.0
Doub	le-click (or enter	r) to edit							
	ooraan mionoy	Doolon Colloc	JJ.J	1 1	۷۷	. .	200.0		1170000.0
	Kelly Olynyk	Boston Celtics	41.0	С	25.0	7-0	238.0	Gonzaga	2165160.0
	•••								
	Shelvin Mack	Utah Jazz	8.0	PG	26.0	6-3	203.0	Butler	2433333.0
	Raul Neto	Utah Jazz	25.0	PG	24.0	6-1	179.0	NaN	900000.0
	Tibor Pleiss	Utah Jazz	21.0	С	26.0	7-3	256.0	NaN	2900000.0
	Jeff Withey	Utah Jazz	24.0	С	26.0	7-0	231.0	Kansas	947276.0
	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

455 rows × 8 columns