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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

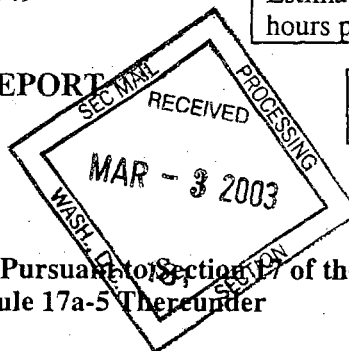
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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III

FACING PAGE



SEC FILE NUMBER
8-43978

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2002 AND ENDING December 31, 2002  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:

ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1325 Avenue of the Americas

(No. and Street)

New York

(City)

N.Y.

(State)

10019

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Douglas Episcopio

(646) 424-8132

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

KPMG

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

157 Third Avenue

(Address)

New York

(City)

New York

(State)

10017

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

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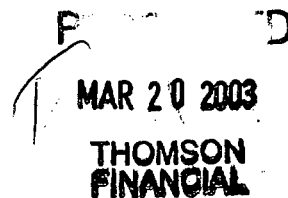
Certified Public Accountant

☐

Public Accountant

☐

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.



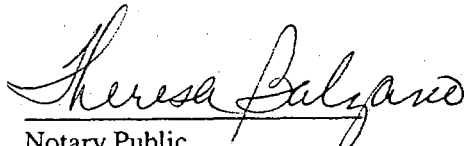
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public  
accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section  
140.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, David Duffy, affirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining to ING Financial Markets LLC or the year ended December 31, 2002 are true and correct. We further affirm that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

  
Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date 2/22/03  
Chief Executive Officer

  
Notary Public

THERESA BALZANO  
Notary Public, State of New York  
No. 01BA4875105  
Qualified in Suffolk and New York Counties  
Commission Expires Dec. 22, 2006

**This report contains (check all applicable boxes):**

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income.
- ☒ (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity of Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- ☒ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Schedule I).
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
  - ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation Pursuant to Commodity Exchange Act
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with Respect to Methods of Consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (not required).
- ☒ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit



**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

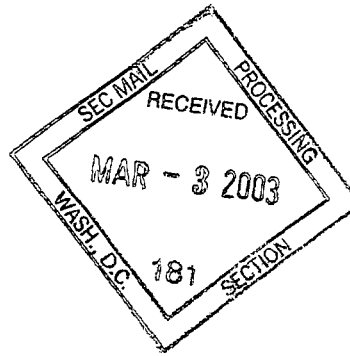
Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



345 Park Avenue  
New York, NY 10154



### Independent Auditors' Report

The Member of  
ING Financial Markets LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ING Financial Markets LLC, formerly known as ING Barings Corp., (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.) as of December 31, 2002. This statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit of a statement of financial condition includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in that statement of financial condition. An audit of a statement of financial condition also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ING Financial Markets LLC as of December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**KPMG LLP**

February 21, 2003

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

**Assets**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,443
Securities segregated under Federal and other regulations	15,000
Collateralized short-term financing agreements:	
Deposits paid for securities borrowed	6,272,118
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	8,870
Financial instruments:	
Securities owned, at fair value	10,427
Trading account assets, at fair value	12,180
Receivable from broker-dealers, customers, and clearing organizations	69,774
Collateral received for securities lending activities	680,381
Memberships in exchanges, at cost (market value \$2,932)	2,022
Other assets	2,320
	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 7,084,535

**Liabilities and Member's Equity**

Short-term loan from affiliate	\$ 1,110,053
Collateralized short-term financing agreements:	
Deposits received for securities loaned	4,904,854
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	8,835
Financial instruments:	
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	27,923
Trading account liabilities, at fair value	17,991
Payable to broker-dealers, customers, and clearing organizations	28,145
Obligation to return securities received as collateral	680,381
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,462
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	6,785,644
	<hr/>
Commitments and contingencies	
Subordinated borrowing	83,000
	<hr/>
Member's equity	215,891
	<hr/>
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 7,084,535

See accompanying notes to the statement of financial condition.

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

**(1) Organization**

ING Financial Markets LLC (the Company), formerly known as ING Barings Corp. prior to April 11, 2002, is a wholly owned subsidiary of ING Financial Holdings Corporation (the Parent). Prior to October 4, 2002 the Company was a wholly owned subsidiary of ING TT&S (U.S.) Holdings Corp. which was also a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent. The Parent is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V. The Company, a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is a member of New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and other principal exchanges. The Company primarily provides agency brokerage, execution services for equities sales and trading, fixed income sales and trading, equities securities lending activities, and options and futures derivatives activities and limited investment banking services.

On December 4, 2002, the Company entered into a fully disclosed clearing agreement with another securities clearing firm, accordingly, all equity products are cleared and settled by this securities clearing firm.

**(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**(a) *Basis of Presentation***

The Company prepares its statement of financial condition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In preparing the statement of financial condition, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**(b) *Cash and Cash Equivalents***

The Company considers money market instruments with maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

**(c) *Repurchase and Resale Agreements***

Securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase are treated as collateralized financing transactions. Such transactions are collateralized by negotiable cash and are recorded at their contracted resale or repurchase amounts. The Company's exposure to credit risks associated with the nonperformance of counterparties in fulfilling these contractual obligations can be directly impacted by market fluctuations, which may impair the counterparties' ability to satisfy their obligations. It is the Company's policy to pledge securities sold under agreements to repurchase and to take possession of securities purchased under agreements to resell. Collateral is valued daily, and the Company may require counterparties to deposit additional collateral or return collateral pledged when appropriate.

**(d) *Securities Borrowed and Loaned***

Securities borrowed and securities loaned are financing arrangements that are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. Securities borrowed transactions require the Company to

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

deposit cash with the lender. With respect to securities loaned, the Company receives collateral in the form of cash and securities in an amount generally in excess of the market value of securities loaned. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned on a daily basis with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary.

*(e) Investment Banking*

Fees related to investment banking activities are recorded as follows: management fees and sales commissions are recorded on settlement date and underwriting fees are recorded at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

*(f) Financial Instruments*

Financial instruments used in dealing and other trading activities are recorded at fair value. For financial instruments that are actively traded, fair value is based upon quoted market prices.

Proprietary securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis.

*(g) Trading Account Assets and Liabilities*

Trading account assets and liabilities include the market value of options and futures contracts held for trading purposes based on quoted market prices.

Revaluation gains and losses on options and futures contract are reported gross in trading account assets and liabilities.

*(h) Exchange Membership*

Exchange memberships are recorded at cost or, if an other than temporary impairment in value has occurred, at value that reflects management's estimate of the impairment.

*(i) Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets*

At December 31, 2002, the Company has received collateral of \$6,773,990, which is permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge in the normal course of business. Approximately \$5,464,435 of such collateral has been either sold or repledged by the Company at December 31, 2002. The Company utilizes collateral received primarily to facilitate securities lending transactions. The Company also recognized securities received as collateral of approximately \$680,381 as securities received for securities lending and obligation to return securities received as collateral in the statement of financial condition for these noncash securities lending transactions. At December 31, 2002, the Company has not pledged any securities owned in connection with its activities as a broker-dealer.

*(j) Securities Transactions*

Agency securities transactions are recorded on a settlement-date basis.

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

**(3) Securities Segregated under Federal and Other Regulations**

At December 31, 2002, the Company had qualified securities in the amount of \$15,000 segregated in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

**(4) Securities Owned, at Fair Value and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchase, at Fair Value**

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, as of December 31, 2002 consists of proprietary trading equity securities of \$10,427 and \$27,923, respectively, at quoted market values.

Securities sold, not yet purchased, involve an obligation to purchase such securities at a future date. Such securities have market risk to the extent subsequent market fluctuations may require the Company to repurchase the securities at prices in excess of the market value reflected on the statement of financial condition.

**(5) Receivable from and Payable to Broker-Dealers, Customers, and Clearing Organizations**

Amounts receivable from and payable to broker-dealers, customers, and clearing organizations at December 31, 2002, consist of the following:

	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
Customers	\$ 1,166	3,541
Broker-dealer and clearing organizations	45,044	—
Securities failed-to-deliver/receive	16,917	15,638
Interest, fees, and other	6,647	8,966
	<u>\$ 69,774</u>	<u>28,145</u>

As these amounts are short-term in nature, their carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of fair value.

The balances shown represent the amounts receivable from and payable to customers in connection with securities transactions. The receivables from customers are collateralized by securities, the value of which is not included in the accompanying statement of financial condition. As these amounts are short-term in nature, their carrying amount approximates fair value.

**(6) Related Party Transactions**

At December 31, 2002, the Company has approximately \$557,446 of securities borrowed, \$2,336,218 of securities loaned, and \$8,835 of securities sold under agreement to repurchase with affiliates.

The Company maintains a line of credit with an affiliate in the amount of \$7.5 billion. The line of credit is an overnight facility and bears a market rate of interest of three-month LIBOR. The Company had an outstanding balance of approximately \$1.1 billion at December 31, 2002, which is included in short-term loan from an affiliate in the accompanying statement of financial condition.



**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

The Company has a management agreement with an affiliate, whereby the affiliate provides certain trading, sales, accounting, operations, and other administrative support to the Company. At December 31, 2002, there was no outstanding payable balance to the affiliate.

**(7) Derivative Financial Instruments**

In September 2002, the Company entered into options and futures contracts with off-balance sheet risk for trading purposes.

Options are contracts that provide the holder with the right but not the obligations to purchase or sell financial instruments at a predetermined price within a specified period of time. The option purchaser pays a premium to the option seller (writer) for the right to exercise the option. The option seller is obligated to buy (call) or sell (put) the item underlying the contract at a set price, if the option purchaser chooses to exercise. As a purchaser of an option contract, the Company is subject to credit risk, since the counterparty is obligated to make payments under the terms of the option contract, if the Company exercises the option. As the writer of an option contract, the Company is not subject to credit risk but is subject to market risk, since the Company is obligated to make payments under the terms of the option contract, if exercised.

Futures contracts are for delayed delivery of a financial instrument in which the seller agrees to make delivery at a specified future date at a specified price or yield. Futures contracts are exchange-traded contractual commitments to either receive (purchase) or deliver (sell) a standard amount or value of a financial instrument or commodity. Maintaining a futures contract requires the Company to deposit with the exchange an amount of cash or other specified asset as security for its obligation. The credit risk of futures contracts is limited since futures exchanges generally require the daily cash settlement of unrealized gains/losses on open contracts with the futures exchange. Futures contracts may be settled by physical delivery of the underlying asset or cash settlement on the settlement date or by entering into an offsetting futures contract with the futures exchange prior to the settlement date. The notional amounts of futures reflect the contractual basis upon which daily mark to market calculations are computed and do not reflect the amount at risk. Market risk is substantially dependent upon the value of the underlying financial instruments and is affected by market volatility.

A summary of the Company's options and futures contracts follows:

	Fair value at December 31, 2002		Average fair value for four months ended December 31, 2002		Notional amount at December 31, 2002
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
Options	\$ 12,173	17,912	17,547	21,943	563,798
Futures	7	79	167	79,134	4,786
Total	<u>\$ 12,180</u>	<u>17,991</u>	<u>17,714</u>	<u>101,077</u>	<u>568,584</u>

The average fair value amounts have been calculated based on the month-end fair values from September through December 2002. The Company believes this method fairly reflects the nature and volume of the business in all aspects material to the statement of financial condition. The notional amounts do not

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

represent the amounts exchanged by the parties for derivative financial instruments and do not measure the Company's exposure to credit or market risks. The amounts exchanged are based on the contract amounts and other terms of the derivative financial instruments.

All trading instruments are subject to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. The instruments are recognized at market value. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with risk limits set by senior management, by buying or selling instruments or entering into offsetting positions.

**(8) Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 107, *Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments*, requires the Company to report the fair value of financial instruments, as defined. Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are carried at fair value or contracted amounts, which approximate fair value.

**(9) Subordinated Borrowing**

At December 31, 2002, the Company had an \$83,000 cash subordinated promissory note with the Parent that bears interest at a rate of one-month LIBOR plus 1/16%. Interest payments are made on a monthly basis and the subordinate promissory note is due to mature on October 4, 2005.

The subordinated borrowing is subordinated to all other creditors of the Company, covered by agreements approved by the Company's designated regulatory organizations, and thus are available in computing net capital under the Securities and Exchange regulations. To the extent that such borrowing is available in the computation of net capital and required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, repayment will be expected to be extended by Parent.

**(10) Income Taxes**

The Company is a single member limited liability company for Federal, state, and local income tax purposes and, accordingly, its income/(loss) is includable in its Parent's Federal, state and local income taxes.

The Company has a tax sharing arrangement with the Parent whereby the Company reimburses the Parent on a current basis for the Company's share of the Parent's tax expense generated by the Company with respect to the Company's income. This reimbursement to the Parent, which totaled \$2,997 for the year ended December 31, 2002, is reflected as a distribution to Parent in the member's equity section.

**(11) Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution Plan**

The Parent sponsors a defined plan (the Plan) which covers substantially all full-time employees of the Parent and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All employees meeting certain eligibility requirements participate in defined benefit and defined contribution plans administered by an affiliate.

**ING FINANCIAL MARKETS LLC**  
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands)

**(12) Net Capital Requirements**

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) (Rule), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the Rule's alternative method, which requires maintaining net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of aggregate debit items arising from customer transactions, as defined.

The net capital rule and the rules of the New York Stock Exchange also provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if resulting net capital is less than the greater of 5% of aggregate debit items or \$1,500. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$285,974 of which \$285,724 was in excess of the required net capital of \$250.

**(13) Legal Proceedings**

The Company has been named as a defendant in actions relating to its businesses. While the ultimate outcome of litigation involving the Company cannot be predicted with certainty, management, having reviewed these actions with its counsel, believes it has meritorious defenses to all such actions and intends to defend each of these vigorously. In the opinion of management of the Company, the ultimate resolution of all litigation, regulatory, and investigative matters affecting the Company will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

**(14) Concentrations of Credit Risk**

As a securities broker-dealer, the Company is engaged in various securities trading and brokerage activities servicing a diverse group of domestic and foreign entities. The Company's transactions are collateralized and are executed with and on behalf of institutional investors, including other brokers-dealers, commercial banks, insurance companies, pension plans, mutual funds, and other financial institutions. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the nonperformance of these customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets, which may impair the customers' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company. The Company's principal activities are also subject to the risk of counterparty nonperformance.

The Company attempts to minimize credit risk associated with its securities borrowed, securities loaned, securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase business by monitoring customer credit exposure and worthiness and by limiting transactions with specific counterparties. The Company reviews collateral values daily and requires additional collateral to be deposited with or returned to the Company when it is deemed necessary.



345 Park Avenue  
New York, NY 10154

### **Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5**

The Member of  
ING Financial Markets LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of ING Financial Markets LLC (the Company) (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.) as of December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e);
2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the board of governors of the Federal Reserve System; and
4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and, should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 21, 2003