

Experiment No: 09

I. Aim: Implement Floyd Warshall algorithm.

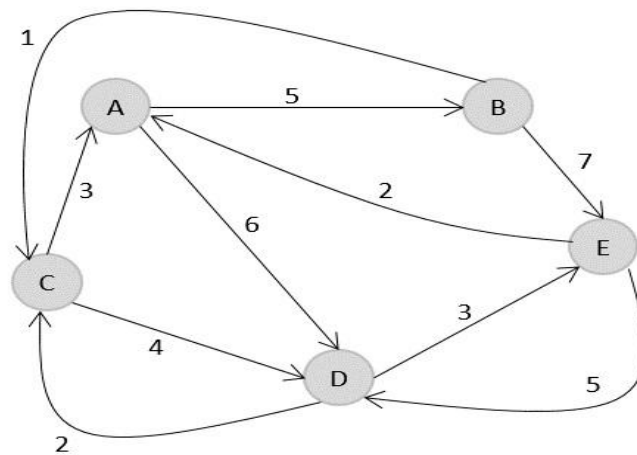
II. Theory:

Floyd Warshall algorithm:

It is used to find shortest path between every pair of vertices of a graph. This algorithm works for both directed and undirected graph.

Write algorithm for Floyd Warshall algorithm:

Show stepwise procedure to find shortest path between all the vertices in the graph:



Procedure:

III. Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int i, j, k,n,dist[10][10];

void floydWarshell ()
{
    for (k = 0; k < n; k++)
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
                if (dist[i][k] + dist[k][j] < dist[i][j])
                    dist[i][j] = dist[i][k] + dist[k][j];
}

void main()
{
    int i,j;
    printf("enter no of vertices :");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            printf("dist[%d][%d]:",i,j);
            scanf("%d",&dist[i][j]);
        }
    floydWarshell();
    printf (" \n\n shortest distances between every pair of vertices \n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            printf ("%d\t", dist[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    getch();
}
```

IV. Output:

Input Adjacency Matrix for graph

- V. **Conclusion:** Successfully implemented Floyd Warshall algorithm to find shortest path between all pair of vertices from the graph.