Introduction:-

This Lab was divided into 3 parts. We started with Paulmon, then Buffer creation and then MSP432.

Paulmon:-

For Paulmon, to be working as 0-3FF (Internally as of 1Kb) I put extra one line of AUXR register and for address 400-7FFF (externally as of rest 31Kb) I changed the code in Wincupl.

In Paulmon there are different commands like 'D' for downloading hex file in Paulmon.

'L' is for List file. In this we can know about the Registers which are used for obtaining memory addresses and their values.

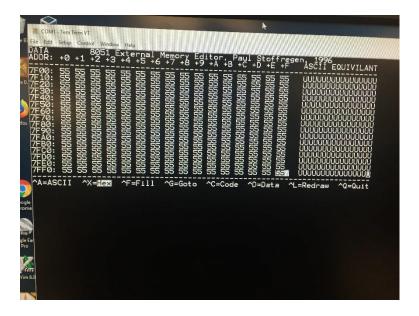
'S' for single step Function. While compiling a long code if you want to check something in between we can use Single Step Function.

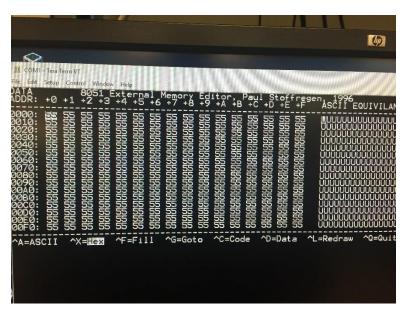
'E' is used for editing the memory.

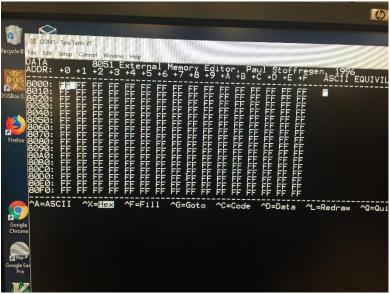
'A' is used for getting the ASCII value of data

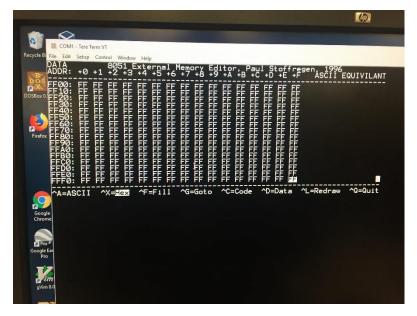
The logic I have put for Wincupl is such that it wont change the value above 7FFF. So from 8000-FFFF whatever data I put it does not gets changed.

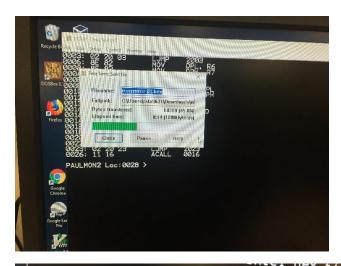
Below are the few Screenshots for the same.

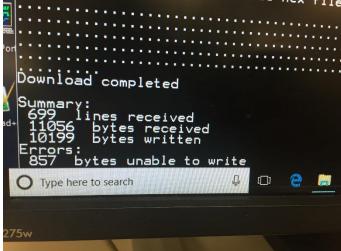




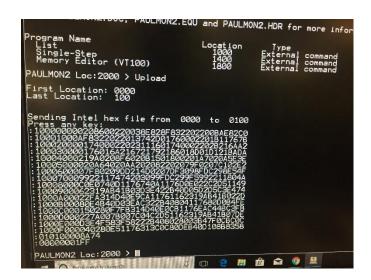














Buffer Creation:

SDCC 2.6 version is the compiler for our IDE Code Blocks

For Buffer Creation we have used a heap Size of 4000. Buffers are created like Buffer 0 and Buffer 1.

We also used debug port in this to check the value at different commands like "+","-", "?","@", "="

For different commands we got different outputs

Screenshots of it are shown

```
COM1-Tera Term VT

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

buffer size between 32 and 3200 bytes divisible by 32

1600The buffer size integer value is 1600

The command characters with functions are:

Enter a character

Enter a character
```

```
The command characters with functions are:

Enter a character
Inter a character
Inte
```

```
Debug Port
   Hex values in Buffer 0 are:
  0005:61 62
  0005:61 62 63 64 65 66
The command characters with functions are:
                                                                                                                               67
                                                                                                                                                       68
    Enter a character
The character you entered is:
@a command character
     Debug Port
   The space allocated to buffers in the heap is freed buffer size between 32 and 3200 bytes divisible by 32
to search
                                                       (_) 🦰 🔚
                                                                                      g Port

r between 20 & 400

r between 20 & 400

ed buffer size 64The buffer size integer value is 64

c passed for buffer2

command characters with functions are:

- , ? , = , • character
           r a character
character you entered is :
ommand character
is Port
ir between 20 & 400
ed buffer size 63The buffer size integer value is 63
created
   entered buffer Size of buffer3

malloc passed for buffer3

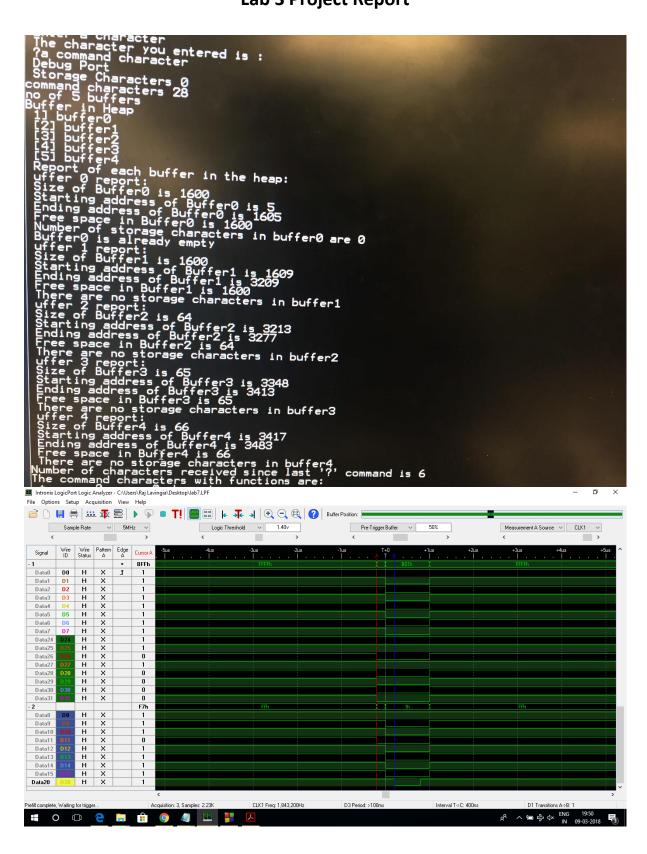
The command characters with functions are:
+ , - , ? , = , © character

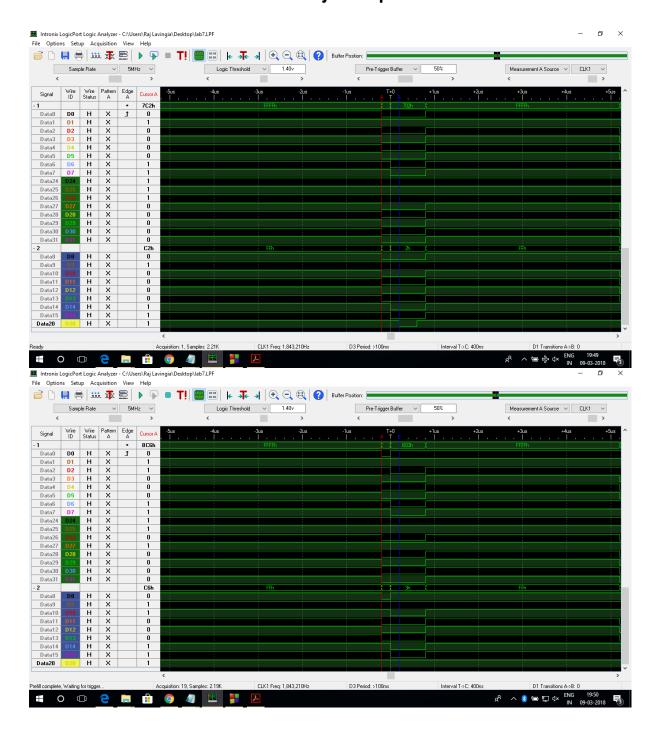
Enter a character

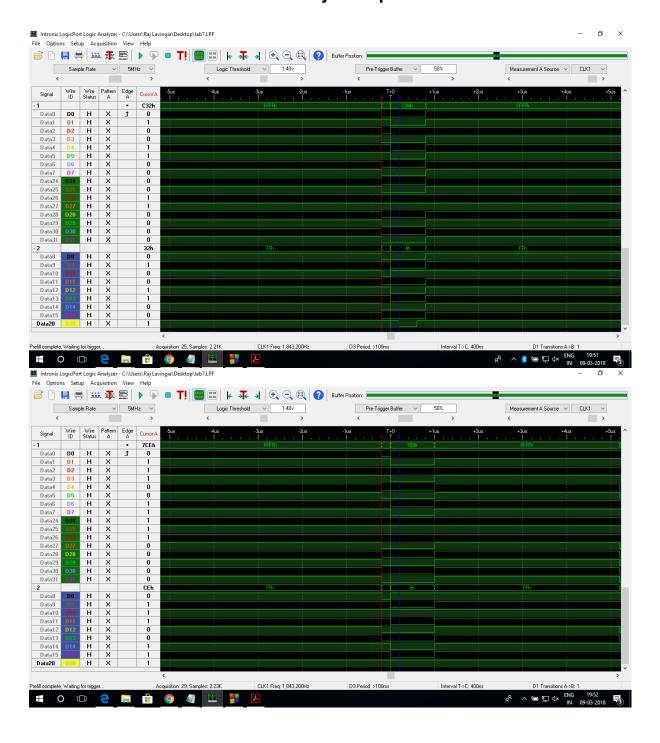
The character you entered is:
+a command character

Debug Port
enter between 20 & 400
entered buffer size integer value is 65

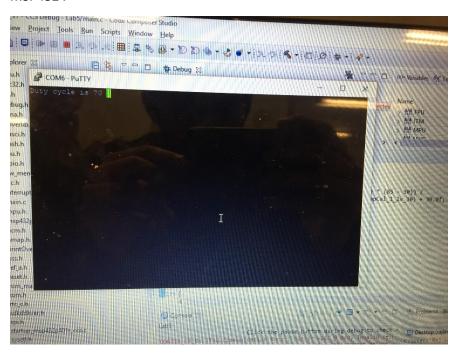
created
     malloc passed for buffer4
The command characters with functions are:
+ , - , ? , = , @ character
      Enter a character
```

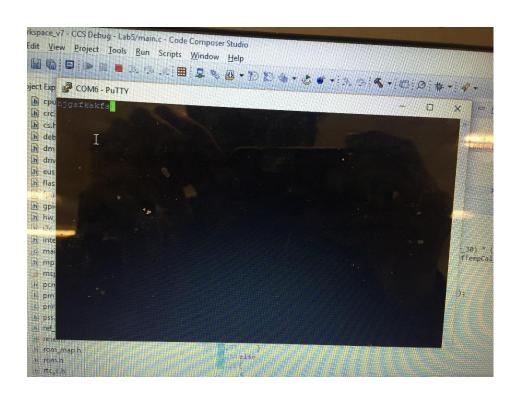


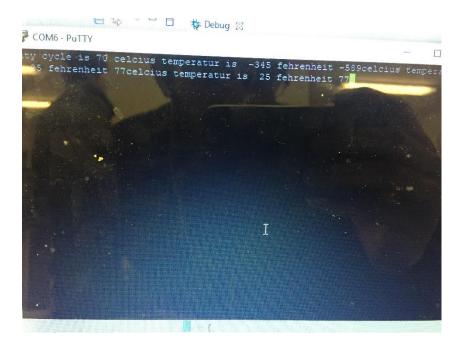




MSP432:-





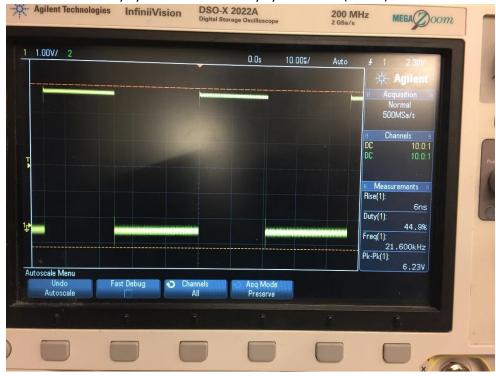


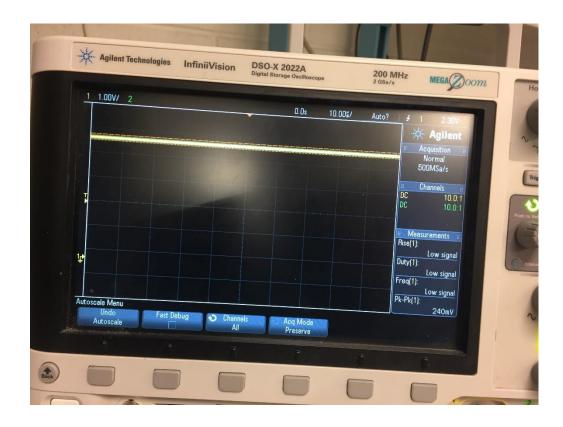
For Supplement Element:-

We have to use PCA. It has 5 modules and 5 modes.

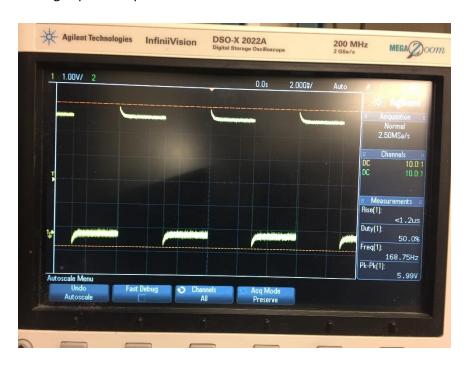
- 1) Rising/Falling
- 2) High Speed output
- 3) PWM
- 4) Watchdog mode (can work in mode 4 only)

Screenshots of Duty cycle on and off . Duty cycle is ~45%(44.9%)

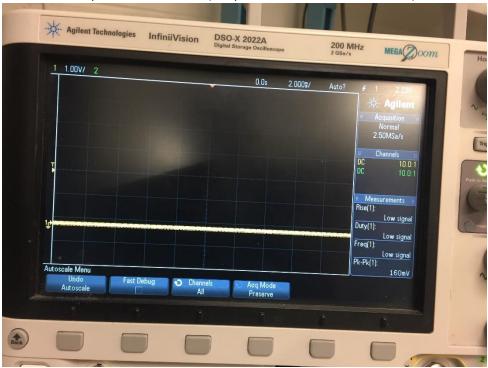


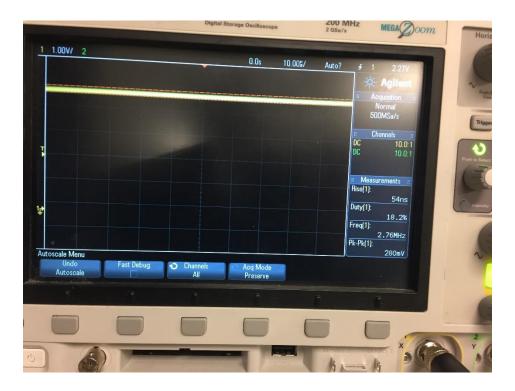


For High Speed Output :-



Idle mode and power down mode (Output Checked at ALE and PSEN)

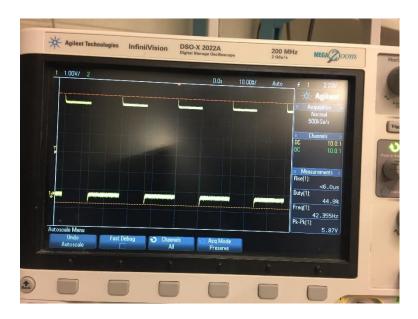




In Idle mode, Oscillator works but few of the perimeters shuts off whereas in power down mode cpu shuts off shutting the oscillator also and the MC runs on 2V.

CKRL Maximum and Minimum frequency

At Minimum stage, CKRL goes to 00 value and at maximum frequency CKRL is FF. So when it goes to value 00, there will be drastic drop in frequency in PWM mode.



In the figure above, frequency is in Hz which was in KHz when it was in Normal PWM mode.

I had difficulties launching SDCC 3.6.0 version with my code blocks which I was unable to solve and finally worked with 2.6.0 version of SDCC.