

1. Which of the following protocols are shown as appearing (i.e., are listed in the Wireshark “protocol” column) in your trace file: TCP, QUIC, HTTP, DNS, UDP, TLSv1.2, etc?

Ans: I got all of them TCP, QUIC, HTTP, DNS, UDP, TLSv1.2 And other than this i got OCSP

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.42	TLSv1.2	95	Application Data
2	0.000709666	142.250.182.42	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443 → 34674 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=40 Win=65535 Len=0
3	0.041423895	142.250.182.42	10.0.2.15	TLSv1.2	95	Application Data
4	0.041486895	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.42	TCP	56	34674 → 443 [ACK] Seq=40 Ack=40 Win=63910 Len=0
5	0.848019452	10.0.2.15	185.125.190.56	NTP	92	NTP Version 4, client
6	1.110737939	185.125.190.56	10.0.2.15	NTP	92	NTP Version 4, server
7	5.160231175	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.106	TLSv1.2	95	Application Data
8	5.161580862	142.250.182.106	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443 → 43118 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=40 Win=65535 Len=0
9	5.225661625	142.250.182.106	10.0.2.15	TLSv1.2	95	Application Data
10	5.268975154	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.106	TCP	56	43118 → 443 [ACK] Seq=40 Ack=40 Win=63744 Len=0
11	7.477705062	142.250.182.106	10.0.2.15	TLSv1.2	259	Application Data
12	7.477741526	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.106	TCP	56	43110 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=204 Win=63910 Len=0
13	7.479298578	142.250.182.106	10.0.2.15	TLSv1.2	126	Application Data, Application Data
14	7.479327943	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.106	TCP	56	43110 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=274 Win=63910 Len=0
15	7.479619317	10.0.2.15	142.250.182.106	TLSv1.2	95	Application Data
16	7.489356412	142.250.182.106	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443 → 43110 [ACK] Seq=274 Ack=40 Win=65535 Len=0
17	7.483619827	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	104	Standard query 0x71e6 A signaler-pa.clients6.google.com OPT
18	7.483638870	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.53	DNS	104	Standard query 0x8bda AAAA signaler-pa.clients6.google.com OPT
19	7.484858889	127.0.0.53	127.0.0.1	DNS	256	Standard query response 0x71e6 A signaler-pa.clients6.google.com A 142.25

2. How long did it take from when the HTTP GET message was sent until the HTTP OK reply was received? (By default, the value of the Time column in the packet-listing window is the amount of time, in seconds, since Wireshark tracing began. (If you want to display the Time field in time-of-day format, select the Wireshark View pull down menu, then select Time Display Format, then select Time-of-day.)

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
42	8.222774359	10.0.2.15	185.125.190.17	HTTP	143	GET / HTTP/1.1
49	8.391717389	185.125.190.17	10.0.2.15	HTTP	245	HTTP/1.1 204 No Content
85	8.661388423	10.0.2.15	128.119.245.12	HTTP	446	GET /wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html HTTP/1.1
89	9.023804350	128.119.245.12	10.0.2.15	HTTP	494	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
91	9.141850856	10.0.2.15	128.119.245.12	HTTP	403	GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
95	9.418961006	128.119.245.12	10.0.2.15	HTTP	540	HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)

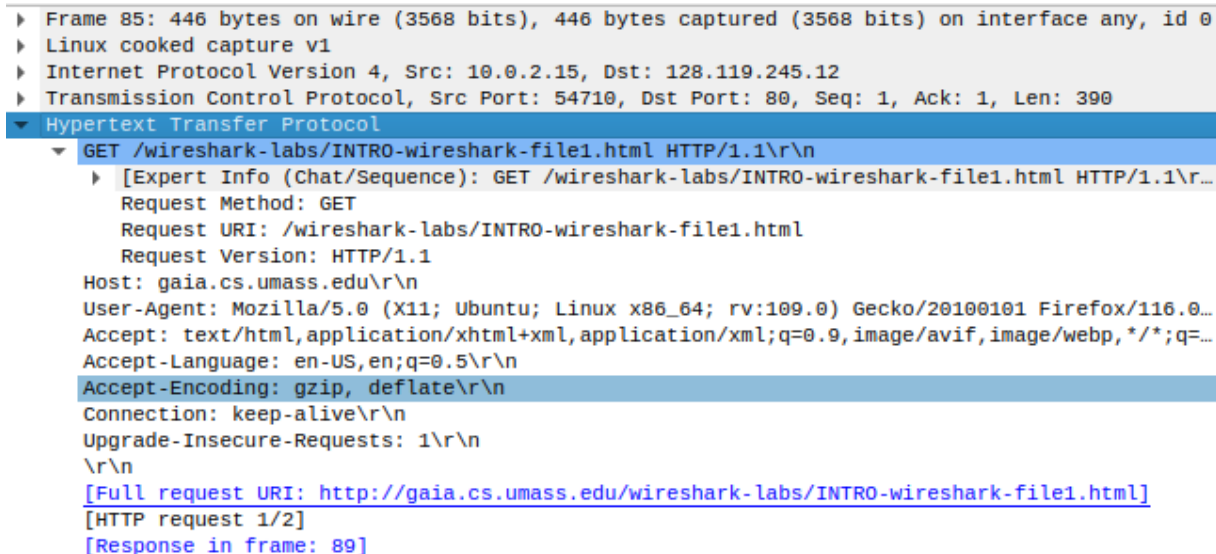
Ans: Time taken = 9.0238-8.6613 = 0.5767

3. What is the Internet address of the gaia.cs.umass.edu (also known as www-net.cs.umass.edu)? What is the Internet address of your computer or (if you are using the trace file) the computer that sent the HTTP GET Message?

Ans:
address of the gaia.cs.umass.edu 128.119.245.12
Source address is the 10.0.2.15

4. Expand the information on the HTTP message in the Wireshark “Details of selected packet” window (see Figure 3 above) so you can see the fields in the HTTP GET request message. What type of Web browser issued the HTTP request? The answer is shown at the right end of the information following the “User-Agent:” field in the expanded HTTP message display. [This field value in the HTTP message is how a web server learns what type of browser you are using.]

- Firefox, Safari, Microsoft Internet Edge, Other

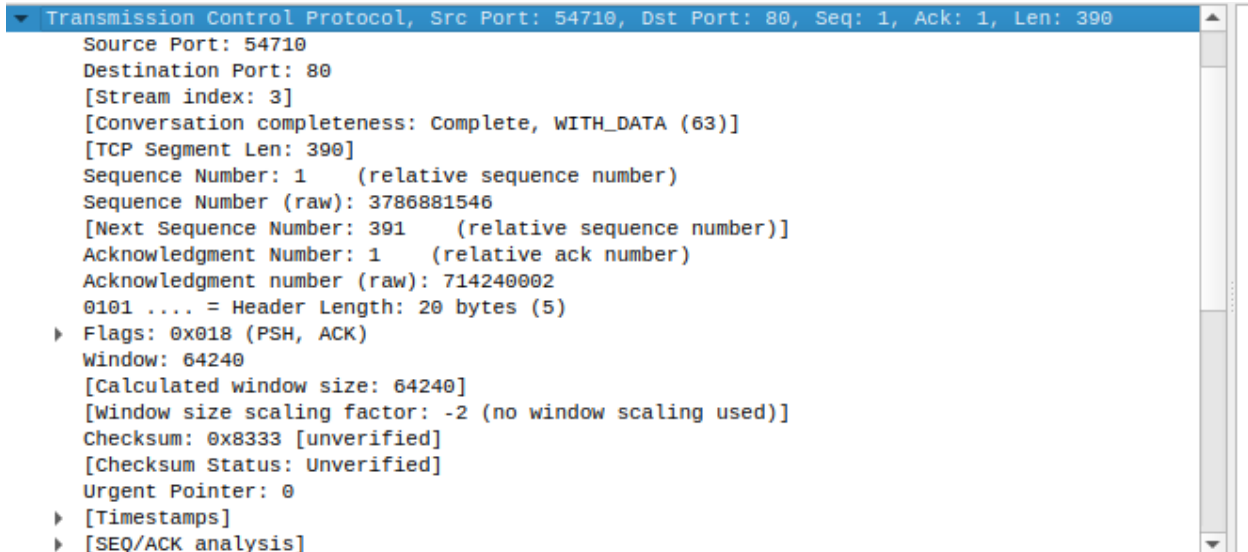


The image shows a screenshot of the Wireshark network protocol analyzer. The 'Details of selected packet' pane is expanded to show the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) section. The selected packet is a GET request for the file 'wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html' on the host 'gaia.cs.umass.edu'. The 'User-Agent' field is expanded, showing the browser information: 'Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/116.0...'. Other visible fields include 'Request Method: GET', 'Request URI', 'Request Version: HTTP/1.1', 'Host', 'Accept', 'Accept-Language', and 'Accept-Encoding'. The status bar at the bottom indicates '[Full request URI: http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html]', '[HTTP request 1/2]', and '[Response in frame: 89]'.

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▶ Frame 85: 446 bytes on wire (3568 bits), 446 bytes captured (3568 bits) on interface any, id 0
▶ Linux cooked capture v1
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15, Dst: 128.119.245.12
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 54710, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 390
▼ Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  GET /wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html HTTP/1.1\r\n
    [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): GET /wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html HTTP/1.1\r\n
      Request Method: GET
      Request URI: /wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html
      Request Version: HTTP/1.1
      Host: gaia.cs.umass.edu\r\n
      User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/116.0...
      Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=...
      Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5\r\n
      Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
      Connection: keep-alive\r\n
      Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
    \r\n
    [Full request URI: http://gaia.cs.umass.edu/wireshark-labs/INTRO-wireshark-file1.html]
    [HTTP request 1/2]
    [Response in frame: 89]
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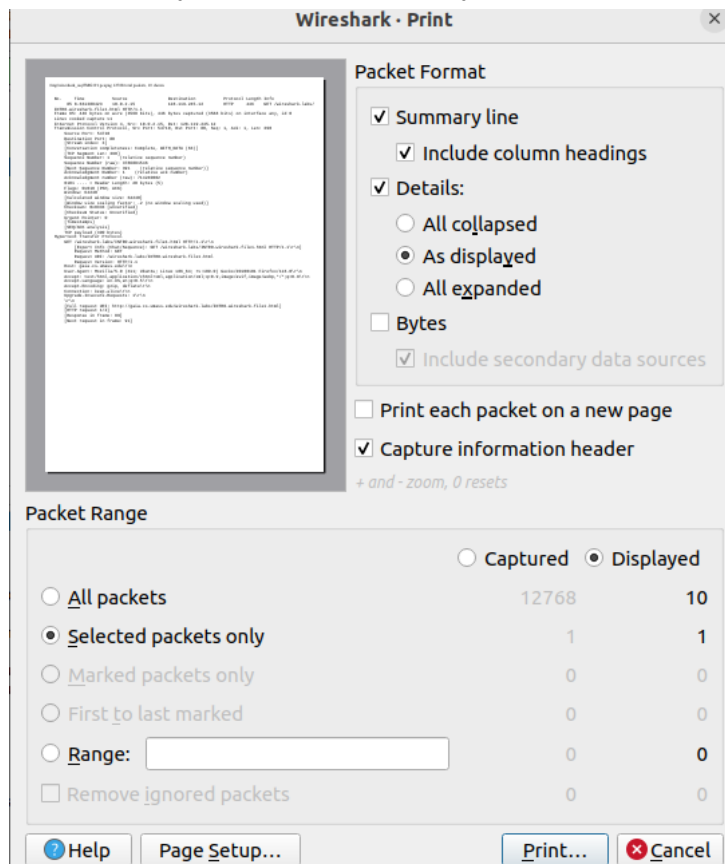
Here user agent is Mozilla

5. Expand the information on the Transmission Control Protocol for this packet in the Wireshark “Details of selected packet” window (see Figure 3 in the lab writeup) so you can see the fields in the TCP segment carrying the HTTP message. What is the destination port number (the number following “Dest Port:” for the TCP segment containing the HTTP request) to which this HTTP request is being sent?



Here Destination port is 80

6. Print the two HTTP messages (GET and OK) referred to in question 2 above. To do so, select Print from the Wireshark File command menu, and select the “Selected Packet Only” and “Print as displayed” radial buttons,



and then click OK.

7. Answer Q1-Q3 again by visiting the following links from your web browser.
Save each visit as a separate pcap file.

o example.com/

100	5.348526499	10.0.2.15	93.184.216.34	HTTP	399 GET / HTTP/1.1
102	5.572858973	93.184.216.34	10.0.2.15	HTTP	1083 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
104	5.707254195	10.0.2.15	93.184.216.34	HTTP	350 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
108	5.925519116	93.184.216.34	10.0.2.15	HTTP	1069 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
201	47.629230558	10.0.2.15	93.184.216.34	HTTP	442 GET / HTTP/1.1
203	47.844868663	93.184.216.34	10.0.2.15	HTTP	1061 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
213	47.859451506	10.0.2.15	93.184.216.34	HTTP	393 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
219	48.074363457	93.184.216.34	10.0.2.15	HTTP	1069 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)

Time taken is 0.273 sec

www.washington.edu/

Time taken 0.8 sec

5659	207.081107022	10.0.2.15	35.175.5.227	HTTP	396 GET /dp/chz/284137d=www.washington.edu&cb=4707516369 HTTP/1.1
5660	207.081102422	10.0.2.15	35.175.5.227	HTTP	396 GET /dp/chz/294547d=www.washington.edu&cb=5058937835 HTTP/1.1
5769	207.1811701161	10.0.2.15	152.195.38.76	OCSP	480 Request
5780	207.199094059	152.195.38.76	10.0.2.15	OCSP	793 Response
5857	207.328667267	35.175.5.227	10.0.2.15	HTTP	436 HTTP/1.1 302 Found
5861	207.339611432	35.175.5.227	10.0.2.15	HTTP	436 HTTP/1.1 302 Found
5874	207.369391441	10.0.2.15	192.28.147.68	HTTP	614 POST /webevents/visitWebPage?_mchNc=1692791189827&_mchCn=&_mchId=131-AQ0-
5936	207.663787899	192.28.147.68	10.0.2.15	HTTP	374 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/plain)

www.iith.ac.in

Time taken is 0.03 sec

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
999	75.694335254	10.0.2.15	34.107.221.82	HTTP	357	GET /canonical.html HTTP/1.1
1001	75.726384466	34.107.221.82	10.0.2.15	HTTP	354	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
1042	75.925938817	10.0.2.15	34.107.221.82	HTTP	359	GET /success.txt?ipV4 HTTP/1.1
1044	75.956287520	34.107.221.82	10.0.2.15	HTTP	272	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/plain)
1090	76.596925763	10.0.2.15	104.95.97.67	OCSP	479	Request
1092	76.646800899	104.95.97.67	10.0.2.15	OCSP	945	Response
1129	76.892616521	10.0.2.15	104.95.97.67	OCSP	479	Request
1135	76.956899606	104.95.97.67	10.0.2.15	OCSP	945	Response

o www.youtube.com

Because youtube work on quic protocol

138	21.822944035	10.0.2.15	172.217.163.174	QUIC	1401	Initial, DCID=2410C22983C44040, SCID=9F66A1
139	21.898237080	172.217.163.174	10.0.2.15	QUIC	1401	Initial, DCID=9F66A1, SCID=2410C22983C44040, PKN: 1, ACK, PADDING
140	21.894432174	172.217.163.174	10.0.2.15	QUIC	1401	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
141	21.897336109	10.0.2.15	172.217.163.174	QUIC	158	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
142	21.897913148	10.0.2.15	172.217.163.174	QUIC	1401	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
143	21.898219639	172.217.163.174	10.0.2.15	QUIC	659	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
144	21.898237080	10.0.2.15	172.217.163.174	QUIC	1401	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
145	21.900916396	10.0.2.15	172.217.163.174	QUIC	461	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1
146	21.900920200	172.217.163.174	10.0.2.15	QUIC	74	Protected Payload (KPO), DCID=9F66A1

8. Compare and contrast what you observed in Wireshark and in your browser when you visited the above four websites.

I can understand how many packets are coming and going for single webpage and web browser are very abstract for user.