Unit 3,4,5 Assignment

1. JavaScript to print hello in tag.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Print Hello</title>
</head>
<body>
  <script>
   // Select the paragraph element by its ID
    const paragraph = document.getElementById("message");
   // Set the text content of the paragraph
    paragraph.textContent = "Hello";
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

2. Write an example of event in key press.

```
const output = document.getElementById("output");

// Display the pressed key
output.textContent = `You pressed: ${event.key}`;
});
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

3. Write an example of event in key up.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Key Up Event</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Type something in the input box</h1>
  <input type="text" id="inputBox" placeholder="Start typing..." />
  <script>
    // Select the input box
    const inputBox = document.getElementById("inputBox");
    // Add an event listener for the keyup event
    inputBox.addEventListener("keyup", function(event) {
      // Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Display the key released
      output.textContent = `You released: ${event.key}`;
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

4. Write an example of event in key down.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Key Down Event</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Press and hold any key</h1>
  <input type="text" id="inputBox" placeholder="Type here..." />
  <script>
    // Select the input box
    const inputBox = document.getElementById("inputBox");
    // Add an event listener for the keydown event
    inputBox.addEventListener("keydown", function(event) {
      // Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Display the key that is being pressed
      output.textContent = `You are holding: ${event.key}`;
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

5. Write an example of Mouse event click.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
```

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Mouse Click Event</title>
  <style>
    #button {
      padding: 10px 20px;
      font-size: 16px;
      background-color: lightblue;
      border: none;
      cursor: pointer;
    }
    #button:hover {
      background-color: deepskyblue;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Click the Button</h1>
  <button id="button">Click Me!</button>
  <script>
    // Select the button element
    const button = document.getElementById("button");
    // Add an event listener for the click event
    button.addEventListener("click", function() {
      // Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Update the text content
      output.textContent = "Button was clicked!";
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

6. Write an example of Mouse event double click.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Mouse Double Click Event</title>
  <style>
    #box {
      width: 200px;
      height: 200px;
      background-color: lightcoral;
      display: flex;
      align-items: center;
      justify-content: center;
      border: 2px solid darkred;
      cursor: pointer;
    }
    #box:hover {
      background-color: tomato;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Double Click the Box</h1>
  <div id="box">Double-click me!</div>
  <script>
    // Select the box element
    const box = document.getElementById("box");
    // Add an event listener for the double-click event
    box.addEventListener("dblclick", function() {
```

```
// Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Update the text content
      output.textContent = "Box was double-clicked!";
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
7. Write an example of Mouse event mouse enter.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Mouse Enter Event</title>
  <style>
    #box {
      width: 200px;
      height: 200px;
      background-color: lightgreen;
      display: flex;
      align-items: center;
      justify-content: center;
      border: 2px solid darkgreen;
      text-align: center;
      transition: background-color 0.3s ease;
    }
    #box:hover {
      cursor: pointer;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Move your mouse over the box</h1>
```

```
<div id="box">Hover over me!</div>
  <script>
    // Select the box element
    const box = document.getElementById("box");
    // Add an event listener for the mouseenter event
    box.addEventListener("mouseenter", function() {
      // Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Update the text content
      output.textContent = "Mouse entered the box!";
      // Change the background color
      box.style.backgroundColor = "darkgreen";
      box.style.color = "white";
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
8. Write an example of Mouse event mouse leave.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Mouse Leave Event</title>
  <style>
    #box {
      width: 200px;
      height: 200px;
      background-color: lightblue;
      display: flex;
      align-items: center;
```

```
justify-content: center;
      border: 2px solid darkblue;
      text-align: center;
      transition: background-color 0.3s ease;
    }
    #box:hover {
      cursor: pointer;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Move your mouse out of the box</h1>
  <div id="box">Hover over me!</div>
  <script>
    // Select the box element
    const box = document.getElementById("box");
    // Add an event listener for the mouseleave event
    box.addEventListener("mouseleave", function() {
      // Get the  element
      const output = document.getElementById("output");
      // Update the text content
      output.textContent = "Mouse left the box!";
      // Reset the background color
      box.style.backgroundColor = "lightblue";
      box.style.color = "black";
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

9. JavaScript to perform simple validation.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Simple Form Validation</title>
  <style>
    .error {
      color: red;
      font-size: 0.9em;
    }
    form {
      width: 300px;
      margin: auto;
    }
    input {
      margin-bottom: 10px;
      padding: 5px;
      width: 100%;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Registration Form</h1>
  <form id="registrationForm">
    <label for="username">Username:</label>
    <input type="text" id="username" name="username" />
    <span id="usernameError" class="error"></span>
    <label for="email">Email:</label>
    <input type="email" id="email" name="email" />
    <span id="emailError" class="error"></span>
    <label for="password">Password:</label>
    <input type="password" id="password" name="password" />
```

```
<span id="passwordError" class="error"></span>
  <button type="submit">Register</button>
</form>
<script>
 // Select the form and inputs
  const form = document.getElementById("registrationForm");
  const username = document.getElementById("username");
  const email = document.getElementById("email");
  const password = document.getElementById("password");
 // Error elements
  const usernameError = document.getElementById("usernameError");
  const emailError = document.getElementById("emailError");
  const passwordError = document.getElementById("passwordError");
  // Form validation on submit
  form.addEventListener("submit", function(event) {
    let isValid = true;
    // Clear previous errors
    usernameError.textContent = "";
    emailError.textContent = "";
    passwordError.textContent = "";
    // Validate username
    if (username.value.trim() === "") {
      usernameError.textContent = "Username is required.";
      isValid = false;
    }
    // Validate email
    const emailRegex = /^[^\s@]+@[^\s@]+\.[^\s@]+$/;
    if (email.value.trim() === "") {
      emailError.textContent = "Email is required.";
```

```
isValid = false;
       } else if (!emailRegex.test(email.value.trim())) {
         emailError.textContent = "Please enter a valid email address.";
         isValid = false;
       }
       // Validate password
       if (password.value.trim().length < 6) {
         passwordError.textContent = "Password must be at least 6 characters long.";
         isValid = false;
       }
       // If form is not valid, prevent submission
       if (!isValid) {
         event.preventDefault();
      }
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

10. Make a registration form to perform each field validation, like name minimum 4 word, email format, make strong password, mobile no 10 digits.

```
margin: auto;
      padding: 10px;
      border: 1px solid #ddd;
      border-radius: 5px;
      box-shadow: 2px 2px 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
    }
    input {
      width: 100%;
      margin-bottom: 10px;
      padding: 8px;
      font-size: 1em;
    }
    button {
      padding: 10px;
      font-size: 1em;
      color: white;
      background-color: blue;
      border: none;
      cursor: pointer;
    }
    button:hover {
      background-color: darkblue;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Registration Form</h1>
  <form id="registrationForm">
    <label for="name">Full Name:</label>
    <input type="text" id="name" name="name" placeholder="Enter your full name">
    <span id="nameError" class="error"></span>
    <label for="email">Email:</label>
    <input type="email" id="email" name="email" placeholder="Enter your email">
    <span id="emailError" class="error"></span>
```

```
<label for="password">Password:</label>
  <input type="password" id="password" name="password" placeholder="Create a strong password">
  <span id="passwordError" class="error"></span>
  <label for="mobile">Mobile No:</label>
  <input type="text" id="mobile" name="mobile" placeholder="Enter your 10-digit mobile number">
  <span id="mobileError" class="error"></span>
  <button type="submit">Register</button>
</form>
<script>
 // Select form and input fields
  const form = document.getElementById("registrationForm");
  const name = document.getElementById("name");
  const email = document.getElementById("email");
  const password = document.getElementById("password");
  const mobile = document.getElementById("mobile");
  // Select error elements
  const nameError = document.getElementById("nameError");
  const emailError = document.getElementById("emailError");
  const passwordError = document.getElementById("passwordError");
  const mobileError = document.getElementById("mobileError");
  // Form validation on submit
  form.addEventListener("submit", function(event) {
    let isValid = true;
    // Clear previous errors
    nameError.textContent = "";
    emailError.textContent = "";
    passwordError.textContent = "";
    mobileError.textContent = "";
    // Validate name (minimum 4 words)
```

```
if (name.value.trim().split(" ").length < 4) {
        nameError.textContent = "Name must have at least 4 words.";
        isValid = false;
      }
      // Validate email format
      const emailRegex = /^[^\s@]+@[^\s@]+\.[^\s@]+$/;
      if (email.value.trim() === "") {
        emailError.textContent = "Email is required.";
        isValid = false;
      } else if (!emailRegex.test(email.value.trim())) {
        emailError.textContent = "Please enter a valid email.";
        isValid = false;
      }
      // Validate password (minimum 8 characters, including uppercase, lowercase, digit, and special character)
      const passwordRegex = /^(?=.*[a-z])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*\d)(?=.*[@$!%*?&#])[A-Za-z\d@$!%*?&#]{8,}$/;
      if (!passwordRegex.test(password.value)) {
        passwordError.textContent =
           "Password must be at least 8 characters long, with uppercase, lowercase, number, and special
character.";
        isValid = false;
      }
      // Validate mobile number (10 digits)
      const mobileRegex = /^\d{10}$/;
      if (!mobileRegex.test(mobile.value)) {
        mobileError.textContent = "Mobile number must be exactly 10 digits.";
        isValid = false;
      }
      // Prevent form submission if validation fails
      if (!isValid) {
        event.preventDefault();
      }
    });
  </script>
```

```
</body>
</html>
11. Make JavaScript examples to call function.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Function Call Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Basic Function Call</h1>
  <button onclick="greet()">Click me to say hello</button>
  <script>
    function greet() {
      alert("Hello, welcome to the website!");
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Function with Parameters</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Function with Parameters</h1>
  <button onclick="showMessage('Alice')">Click to Greet Alice</button>
  <button onclick="showMessage('Bob')">Click to Greet Bob</button>
```

<script>

```
function showMessage(name) {
    alert("Hello, " + name + "!");
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

12. Write an example to pass parameter in function.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Function with Default Parameters</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Function with Default Parameters</h1>
  <button onclick="greetUser('John')">Greet John</button>
  <button onclick="greetUser()">Greet Default User</button>
  <script>
    function greetUser(name = "Guest") {
      alert("Hello, " + name + "!");
   }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

13. Write an example to return two numb we sum.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
```

```
<meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Sum of Two Numbers</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Sum of Two Numbers</h1>
  <label for="num1">Enter first number:</label>
  <input type="number" id="num1" placeholder="Enter a number">
  <br>
  <label for="num2">Enter second number:</label>
  <input type="number" id="num2" placeholder="Enter a number">
  <br><br>>
  <button onclick="calculateSum()">Calculate Sum</button>
  <script>
   function addNumbers(a, b) {
      return a + b; // Return the sum of a and b
   }
    function calculateSum() {
      // Get the input values
      const num1 = parseFloat(document.getElementById("num1").value);
      const num2 = parseFloat(document.getElementById("num2").value);
      // Validate inputs
      if (isNaN(num1) | | isNaN(num2)) {
        document.getElementById("result").textContent = "Please enter valid numbers.";
        return;
      }
      // Call the addNumbers function and display the result
      const sum = addNumbers(num1, num2);
      document.getElementById("result").textContent = "The sum is: " + sum;
   }
  </script>
```

```
</body>
```

14. Write an example of simple object.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Simple Object Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Simple Object Example</h1>
  <button onclick="showPersonDetails()">Show Person Details/button>
  <script>
    // Define a simple object
    const person = {
      name: "John Doe",
      age: 30,
      profession: "Software Developer",
      greet: function() {
        return `Hello, my name is ${this.name} and I am a ${this.profession}.`;
     }
    };
    // Function to display person details
    function showPersonDetails() {
      const output = `
        Name: ${person.name}<br>
        Age: ${person.age}<br>
        Profession: ${person.profession}<br>
        Greeting: ${person.greet()}
```

```
document.getElementById("output").innerHTML = output;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

15. Write a example of DOM methods.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>DOM Methods Example</title>
  <style>
   #message {
     font-size: 1.2em;
     color: blue;
   }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <h1>DOM Methods Example</h1>
  <!-- Elements to interact with -->
  Original Text
  <input type="text" id="inputField" placeholder="Type something..." />
  <button onclick="changeText()">Change Text</button>
  <button onclick="addNewElement()">Add New Element</button>
  Item 1
   ltem 2
 <script>
   // Example 1: Accessing an element and changing its text
```

```
function changeText() {
      const message = document.getElementById("message"); // Access element by ID
      const inputValue = document.getElementById("inputField").value; // Get input field value
      if (inputValue.trim() === "") {
        message.textContent = "Please type something!";
      } else {
        message.textContent = inputValue; // Change the text content
      }
    }
    // Example 2: Creating and appending a new element
    function addNewElement() {
      const list = document.getElementById("list"); // Get the list element
      const newItem = document.createElement("Ii"); // Create a new list item
      newItem.textContent = "New Item"; // Set its text content
      list.appendChild(newItem); // Append the new item to the list
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

16. Use trim() in JavaScript.

17. Write an example button click to open alert dialog box.

```
</script>
</body>
</html>
18. Write an example button click to open alert Confirm box.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Confirm Box Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Button Click Confirm Box Example</h1>
  <button onclick="showConfirm()">Click Me</button>
  <script>
    function showConfirm() {
      // Display a confirm dialog box
      const userResponse = confirm("Do you want to proceed?");
      // Handle the user's response
      if (userResponse) {
        document.getElementById("result").textContent = "You clicked OK!";
      } else {
        document.getElementById("result").textContent = "You clicked Cancel.";
      }
    }
  </script>
</body>
```

19. Write an example button click to open alert Prompt box.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
```

</html>

```
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Prompt Box Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Button Click Prompt Box Example</h1>
  <button onclick="showPrompt()">Click Me</button>
  <script>
    function showPrompt() {
      // Display a prompt dialog box
      const userInput = prompt("What is your name?");
      // Handle the user's response
      if (userInput === null || userInput.trim() === "") {
        document.getElementById("result").textContent = "You canceled or entered no name.";
      } else {
        document.getElementById("result").textContent = `Hello, ${userInput}!';
      }
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
20. Write example of break and continue statement.
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Break and Continue Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Break and Continue Example</h1>
```

```
<button onclick="demoBreak()">Show Break Example</button>
  <button onclick="demoContinue()">Show Continue Example</button>
  <script>
    // Example of break statement
    function demoBreak() {
      let result = "Numbers before break: ";
      for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
        if (i === 5) {
          break; // Exit the loop when i equals 5
        }
        result += i + " ";
      }
      document.getElementById("output").textContent = result;
    }
    // Example of continue statement
    function demoContinue() {
      let result = "Numbers skipping 5: ";
      for (let i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
        if (i === 5) {
          continue; // Skip the iteration when i equals 5
        }
        result += i + " ";
      }
      document.getElementById("output").textContent = result;
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

21. Write an example of switch statement.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
```

```
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Switch Statement Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Switch Statement Example</h1>
  <label for="day">Enter a day number (1-7):</label>
  <input type="number" id="day" placeholder="e.g., 1 for Monday">
  <button onclick="checkDay()">Check Day</button>
  <script>
    function checkDay() {
      const dayNumber = parseInt(document.getElementById("day").value); // Get the input value
      let dayName;
      switch (dayNumber) {
        case 1:
          dayName = "Monday";
          break;
        case 2:
          dayName = "Tuesday";
          break;
        case 3:
          dayName = "Wednesday";
          break;
        case 4:
          dayName = "Thursday";
          break;
        case 5:
          dayName = "Friday";
          break;
        case 6:
          dayName = "Saturday";
          break;
```

```
case 7:
    dayName = "Sunday";
    break;
    default:
        dayName = "Invalid day number! Please enter a number between 1 and 7.";
    }
    document.getElementById("result").textContent = dayName;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

22. For loop to print 10 numbers.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>For Loop Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>For Loop Example</h1>
  <button onclick="printNumbers()">Print Numbers</button>
  <script>
    function printNumbers() {
      let result = ""; // Initialize an empty string to store the numbers
      for (let i = 1; i <= 10; i++) { // Loop from 1 to 10
        result += i + " "; // Append each number to the result string
      }
      document.getElementById("output").textContent = result; // Display the result
    }
  </script>
```

```
</body>
```

<html lang="en">

23. JavaScript in looping statement to print reverse number.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Reverse Loop Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Reverse Number Loop Example</h1>
  <button onclick="printReverse()">Print Reverse Numbers</button>
  <script>
    function printReverse() {
      let result = ""; // Initialize an empty string to store the numbers
      for (let i = 10; i >= 1; i--) { // Loop from 10 down to 1
        result += i + " "; // Append each number to the result string
      }
      document.getElementById("output").textContent = result; // Display the result
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
24. Print this pattern using JavaScript.
a.
     ***
    ***
   ****
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Star Pattern Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Star Pattern Example</h1>
  <button onclick="printPattern()">Print Pattern</button>
  <script>
     function printPattern() {
       let result = ""; // Initialize an empty string to store the pattern
       // Loop to create each line with spaces and stars
       for (let i = 1; i \le 5; i++) {
         let spaces = " ".repeat(5 - i); // Calculate leading spaces
         let stars = "*".repeat(i); // Calculate number of stars for the current line
         result += spaces + stars + "\n"; // Combine spaces and stars and add to the result
       }
       // Display the pattern in the output element
       document.getElementById("output").textContent = result;
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

25. JavaScript to check number is even or odd.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Even or Odd Checker</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Even or Odd Number Checker</h1>
  <label for="number">Enter a number:</label>
  <input type="number" id="number" placeholder="Enter a number">
  <button onclick="checkEvenOdd()">Check</button>
  <script>
    function checkEvenOdd() {
      const number = document.getElementById("number").value; // Get the input number
      let result = "";
      // Check if the number is even or odd
      if (number \% 2 === 0) {
         result = `${number} is Even.`;
       } else {
         result = `${number} is Odd.`;
       }
      // Display the result
      document.getElementById("result").textContent = result;
```

```
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

26. Write an example of all Date() methods.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>JavaScript Date Methods</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>JavaScript Date Methods Example</h1>
  <button onclick="showDateMethods()">Show Date Methods</button>
  <script>
    function showDateMethods() {
       const currentDate = new Date(); // Create a new Date object representing the current date and time
       let result = "Current Date and Time: " + currentDate + "\n\n";
       // Using different Date methods to show date and time
       result += "getFullYear(): " + currentDate.getFullYear() + "\n"; // Gets the full year (e.g., 2024)
       result += "getMonth(): " + currentDate.getMonth() + " (0-11, where 0 is January)\n"; // Gets the month
(0-11)
       result += "getDate(): " + currentDate.getDate() + "\n"; // Gets the day of the month (1-31)
       result += "getDay(): " + currentDate.getDay() + " (0-6, where 0 is Sunday)\n"; // Gets the day of the week
(0-6)
       result += "getHours(): " + currentDate.getHours() + "\n"; // Gets the hour (0-23)
       result += "getMinutes(): " + currentDate.getMinutes() + "\n"; // Gets the minutes (0-59)
       result += "getSeconds(): " + currentDate.getSeconds() + "\n"; // Gets the seconds (0-59)
       result += "getMilliseconds(): " + currentDate.getMilliseconds() + "\n"; // Gets the milliseconds (0-999)
       result += "getTime(): " + currentDate.getTime() + " (milliseconds since Jan 1, 1970)\n"; // Gets the
timestamp in milliseconds
       result += "\nOther Methods:\n";
       result += "toDateString(): " + currentDate.toDateString() + "\n"; // Converts to a string representation of
the date
       result += "toTimeString(): " + currentDate.toTimeString() + "\n"; // Converts to a string representation of
       result += "toLocaleDateString(): " + currentDate.toLocaleDateString() + "\n"; // Converts to a localized
date string
       result += "toLocaleTimeString(): " + currentDate.toLocaleTimeString() + "\n"; // Converts to a localized
       result += "toISOString(): " + currentDate.toISOString() + "\n"; // Converts to ISO string (e.g., "2024-11-
21T12:34:56.789Z")
       result += "toUTCString(): " + currentDate.toUTCString() + "\n"; // Converts to a UTC string
       // Setting a new date using the Date() constructor
       const newDate = new Date(2023, 10, 5, 10, 30, 0); // New date for November 5, 2023, 10:30 AM
       result += "\nCustom Date (Nov 5, 2023 10:30 AM): " + newDate.toString() + "\n";
       // Setting individual components using set methods
       newDate.setFullYear(2024); // Set year to 2024
       newDate.setMonth(4); // Set month to May (0-based index)
```

```
newDate.setDate(15); // Set day to 15
result += "Updated Custom Date (May 15, 2024): " + newDate.toString() + "\n";

// Display the result
document.getElementById("output").textContent = result;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

27. Write an example of page redirection.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Page Redirection Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>JavaScript Page Redirection</h1>
  <button onclick="redirectPage()">Click to Redirect</button>
  <script>
    function redirectPage() {
      // Redirect to a different webpage (e.g., Google's homepage)
      window.location.href = "https://www.google.com"; // You can replace this URL with any other URL
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```