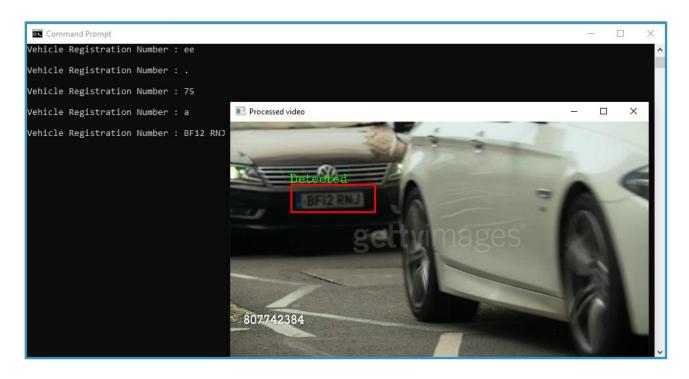
Project Overview

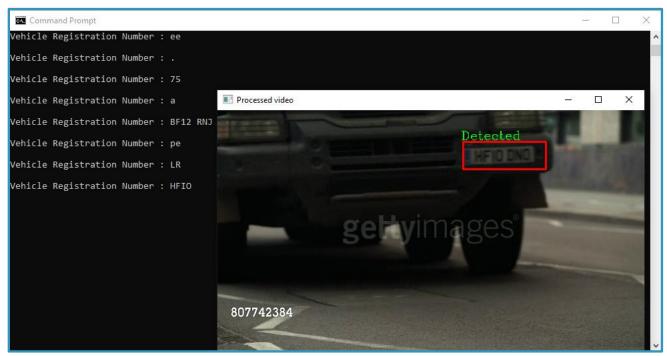
- ✓ Designed a PyTesseract vehicle licence plate number detector using OpenCV & enhanced performance by 76% by utilizing suitable Haar Cascade Classifiers.
- ✓ Installed a driver face recognizer by KNN Algorithm to recognize the operator.
- ✓ Performance can be further improved by the Intel® OpenVINO™ toolkit.

Accomplishments

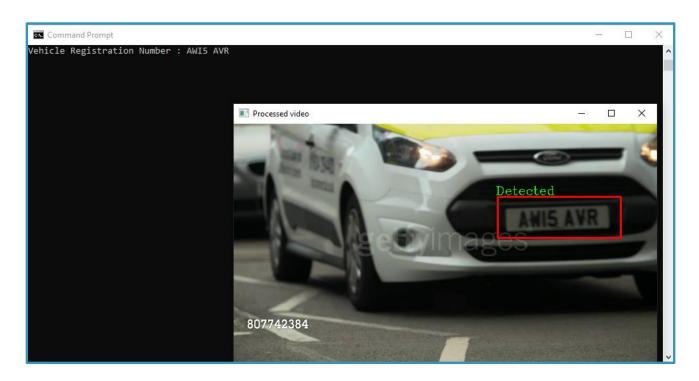
- License Plate Detection
 - ✓ Haar Cascade Classifiers is an effective object detection method.
 - ✓ It's a machine-learning method in which a cascade function is learned using many positive images and negative images.
 - ✓ After then, it's utilized to find things in other images.
 - ✓ Here we're using License plate Haar Cascade Classifiers to detect the licence plate easily.
- Converting the image into a string using PyTesseract
 - ✓ PyTesseract is an optical character recognition (OCR) programme.
 - ✓ It will be able to read and recognize text in pictures.
- Multiple license plate detection in a single frame
 - ✓ Haar Cascade Classifiers can detect multiple license plates in a single frame, thus making the process easy for the user.
 - ✓ It gives an excellent improvement to the performance of the system.
- License plate number will be displayed only once
 - ✓ Since the exact vehicle can be spotted in multiple frames, there is a chance of duplicate in the record.
 - ✓ To avoid that, we're using a hashtable to keep track of the vehicles which are already noted; thus, we're entering each vehicle's registration number only once to the directory.

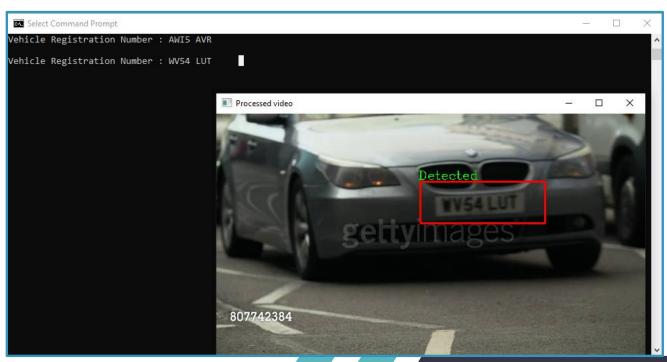
Without Haar Cascade Classifiers

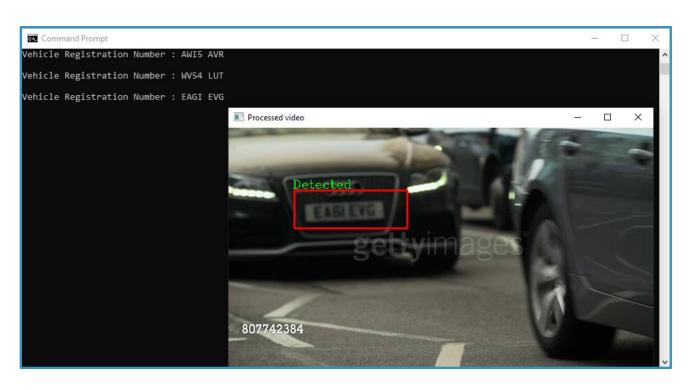


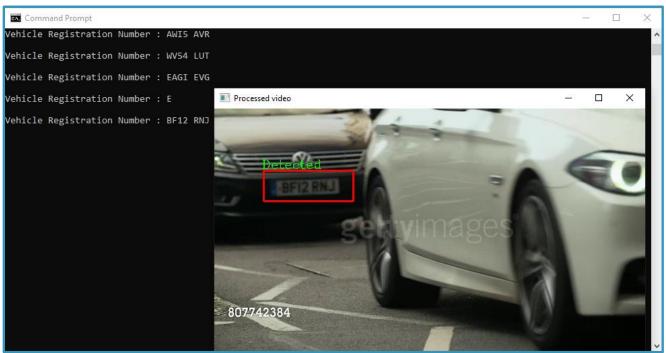


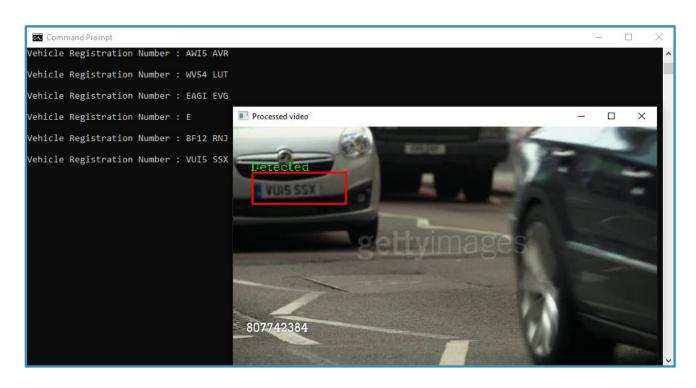
With Haar Cascade Classifiers

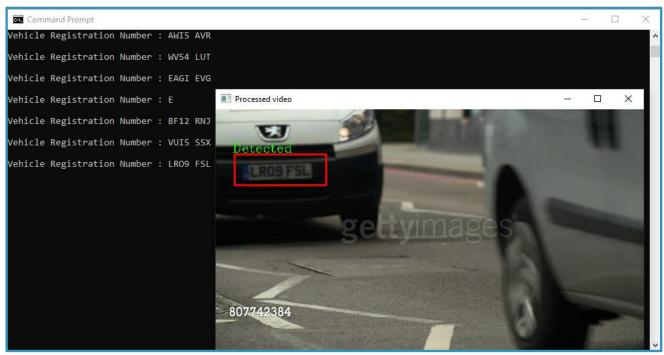


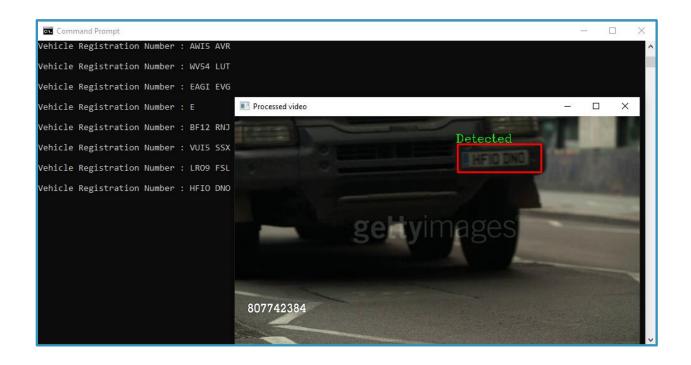












Observations

- ➤ The first two images show the result obtained without Haar Cascading Classifiers, and it gives wildly inaccurate results; also, it takes much time to process.
- ➤ While the remaining gives a very high accurate result, as Haar Cascade Classifiers is used.
- ➤ Haar Cascade Classifiers detects the plate, and the PyTesseract convert the image into a string and displays it in the terminal, which can be recorded and saved.

Conclusion •

- ✓ The entire project is done in Python with the help of PyTesseract & Haar Cascade Classifiers for better performance.
- ✓ By repeating the process several times with different video inputs, we see a 76% enhanced performance by utilizing suitable Haar Cascade Classifiers.
- ✓ Future Scope: Intel® OpenVINO™ toolkit enables Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)-based deep learning inference; thus, it can be utilized to increase the system's performance.