

# grepo - Repository group support

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Background

Projects with many components and developers are best managed with distinct independent source code repositories. At a high level, there are the public repositories developed outside the team which are just used; the components that are unique to the project then may be viewed as private.

The public repositories then are primarily replicated for usage, prepared (eg. built) and periodically refreshed. The private repositories on the other hand go through an active development cycle. In git parlance, this would include creating new branches, merging, tagging and of course publishing. Specific sub projects thus may well span several repositories.

This tool enables developers manage their **projectlets** as a group. For example create a new **feature branch** on a set of related repositories and finally push or publish the branch as a group.

<https://source.android.com/setup/develop/repo> is such a tool which serves as a pattern for this projectlet. The goals are simplified somewhat:

- **git** is the only source code control system supported.
- Publishing updates, tags etc are to the original source repositories. The complete link to the repositories and the histories is maintained.
- Commands mirror their **git** equivalents.
- Project configuration is provided in **yaml** format.

### 1.2 Typical use cases

Developers of embedded systems using **yocto** or **embos** have to manage their environment as outlined above. Their own application might be split into several repositories while depending heavily

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on the platform libraries spread over numerous other repositories. Both these groups are evolving - the public ones presumably changing slower than the private ones.

### 1.3 Workflow

A developer creates a Project configuration file eg. `project.yaml` listing all the public and private repositories. Uses the `grepo` tool to setup the initial checkout of the development base. For each feature, a feature branch is created in all the repositories. Development may affect some of the repositories while other repositories may not be affected at all.

Operations such as tagging, publishing all are performed in one transaction.

Publishing of the feature branch to the origin is predicated on actual changes. Repos which did not have any changes will not be published to the origin.

```
1 public:
2     workarea: ".worklib"
3     reference: "V01.00"
4     projects:
5         - repourl: "git@gitlab.com:projtemplates/go.git"
6           reference: "master"
7           path: "go/lib"
8           build: "make setup all"
9 private:
10    workarea: ".work"
11    server: "git@gitlab.com:"
12    reference: "tagx02"
13    projects:
14        - repo: "RajaSrinivasan/icm.git"
15          path: "icm"
16          reference: "V01.06"
17        - repo: "RajaSrinivasan/codex.git"
18          path: "codex"
19          reference: "v0.1.0-B"
20          build: "make setup all test"
21        - repourl: "https://github.com/RajaSrinivasan/srctrace.git"
22          path: "tools"
23        - repourl: "git@github.com:repotrace.git"
24          path: "tools"
```

Listing 1: Project.yaml

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## 2 Usage and examples

### 2.1 usage

grepo supports a project that comprises different repositories.

Usage:

```
grepo [command]
```

Available Commands:

diff	Diff from where we started
help	Help about any command
init	Initialize - setup the workspace
pull	Pull for each repo
push	Push for each repo
status	Project Status
tag	Tag each repo
version	Report the version of the application

Flags:

--config string	config file. (default "Project.yaml")
-h, --help	help for grepo
--verbose	be verbose
-v, --version	version for grepo

Use "grepo [command] --help" for more information about a command.

**init** The init command sets up the directory structure, clones the repository and performs the initial build of the repository.

**pull** After the initial setup, the pull command applies **git pull** to each of the projectlets. The public repos can be pull'ed optionally.

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**tag** Applies the tag to each (private only) repository. While pushing, the tags will be pushed as well.

**diff** For each private repository, this displays the difference

**push** For each private repository, this performs a commit and a push. The same commit message is applied to all the repositories. Individual changes to the repositories must be "add"ed by the user. The repositories are all available for direct manipulation with native git.