T-stats : J test -> One Sample to test:

1 In the population the average IQ is 100. A team of researchers want to test a new medication to see if it has either a positive or negative effect on intelligence, or no effect at all. A sample of 30 participants who have taken the medication has a mean of 140 with a standard deviation of 20. Did the medication affect intelligence? (I=97% (=0.0)

Ans) M=100 n:30 7=140 S=20 (:I=95% 6=0.05

- Null Hypothesis Ho ÷ M=100

  Alkanak Hypothesis H₁ ÷ M≠100 {2 Tail Just }
- (2) K=0.05
- 3) Degrec of freedom

  dof=n-1=30-1=29.
- Ryann 2.51.

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  Ryann Area

  -2.045 100 +2.046

if t test is less tran -2.045 or greater tran 2.045, reject the hull hypothesis

( Cacular Tur statistics

$$t = \frac{\pi - M}{s / \sqrt{n}} = \frac{140 - 100}{20 / \sqrt{30}} = \frac{40}{3.65} = 10.96$$

$$t = 10.96$$

Snu

t=10.96 > 2.045 { Rejear the NUII trypothesist.

Conclusion: Medication und has affected the Intelligence

Medication has increased the Intelligence