

# Bootstrap

## Bootstrap Basics



- **Bootstrap Grid System**
- **Bootstrap Basic components**





- Grid systems are used for creating page layouts through a series of rows and columns to wrap the site content.
- Primarily grids are about providing structure. For web designers a grid defines the horizontal and vertical guidelines for arranging content and enforcing margins.
- Grids also define an intuitive structure for viewers because it's easy to follow a left to right or a right to left flow of content moving down the page.
- The grid won't be visible with border like table, but it exists behind the scenes to provide order alignment and consistency.
- Bootstrap includes a grid system amongst its features.



- Bootstrap includes a responsive, mobile first fluid grid system that appropriately scales up to 12 columns as the device or viewport size increases.
- Every row in Bootstrap consists of 12 columns.
- Rows must be placed within a *.container* class for proper alignment and padding.
- Use rows to create horizontal groups of columns.
- Content should be placed within columns, and only columns may be immediate children of rows.
- Predefined grid classes like *.row* and *.col-4* are available for quickly making grid layouts.



- Grid columns are created by specifying the number of twelve available columns you wish to span. For example, three equal columns would use three `.col`
- Columns create gutters (gaps between column content) via padding. That padding is offset in rows for the first and last column via negative margin on `.rows`
- **Grid has 5 sizes**
  - **xl** : indicates that the extra large grid displaying. The grid stacks horizontally  $\geq 1200\text{px}$ .
  - **lg** : indicates that the extra large grid displaying. The grid stacks horizontally  $\geq 992\text{px}$
  - **md** : indicates that the medium grid displaying. The grid stacks horizontally  $\geq 768\text{px}$
  - **sm** : indicates that the small grid displaying. The grid stacks horizontally  $\geq 576\text{px}$
  - No infix to specify extra small grid displaying (`-xs` is removed from classes). This is now by default and stacks horizontally addressing smaller devices at 576px and below .



	Extra small devices ( $<576\text{px}$ )	Small devices ( $\geq 576\text{px}$ )	Medium devices ( $\geq 768\text{px}$ )	Large devices ( $\geq 992\text{px}$ )	Extra Large devices ( $\geq 1200\text{px}$ )
Grid behavior	Horizontal at all times	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints
Max container width	None (auto)	540px	720px	960px	1140px
Class classes	.col-	.col-sm-	.col-md-	.col-lg-	.col-xl-
# of columns	12	12	12	12	12
Gutter width	30px	30px	30px	30px	30px
	(15px on each side of a column)	(15px on each side of a column)	(15px on each side of a column)	(15px on each side of a column)	(15px on each side of a column)
Nestable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Column ordering	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



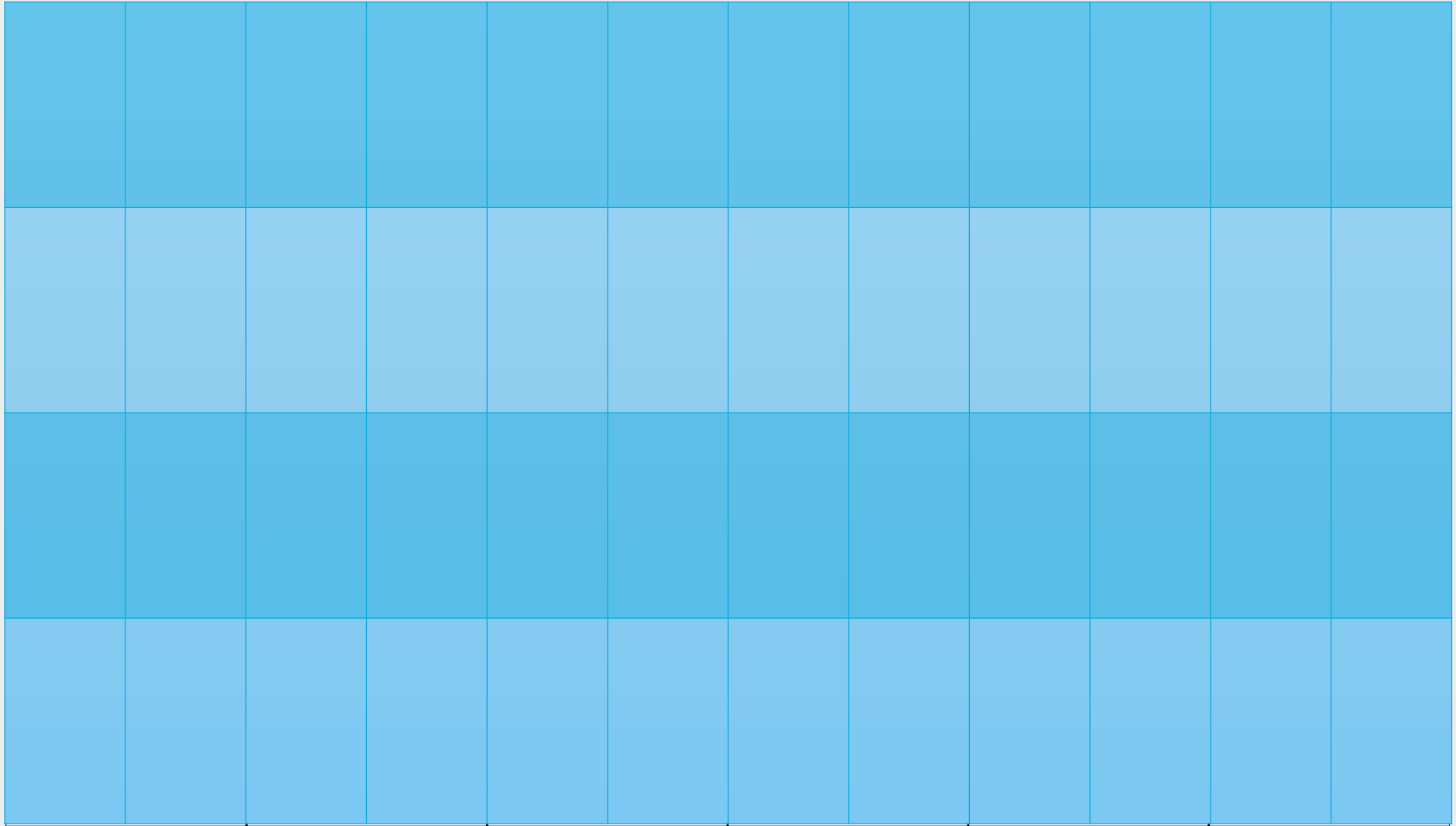
```
<div class = "container">
  <div class = "row">
    <div class = "col-*-*"></div>
    <div class = "col-*-*"></div>
  </div>

  <div class = "row">
    <div class = "col-*-*"></div>
    <div class = "col-*-*"></div>
    <div class = "col-*-*"></div>
  </div>

  <div class = "row">...</div>
</div>
```

## 2.1: Bootstrap grid system

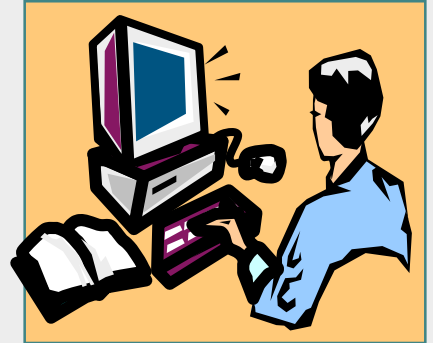
# Bootstrap grid sizes

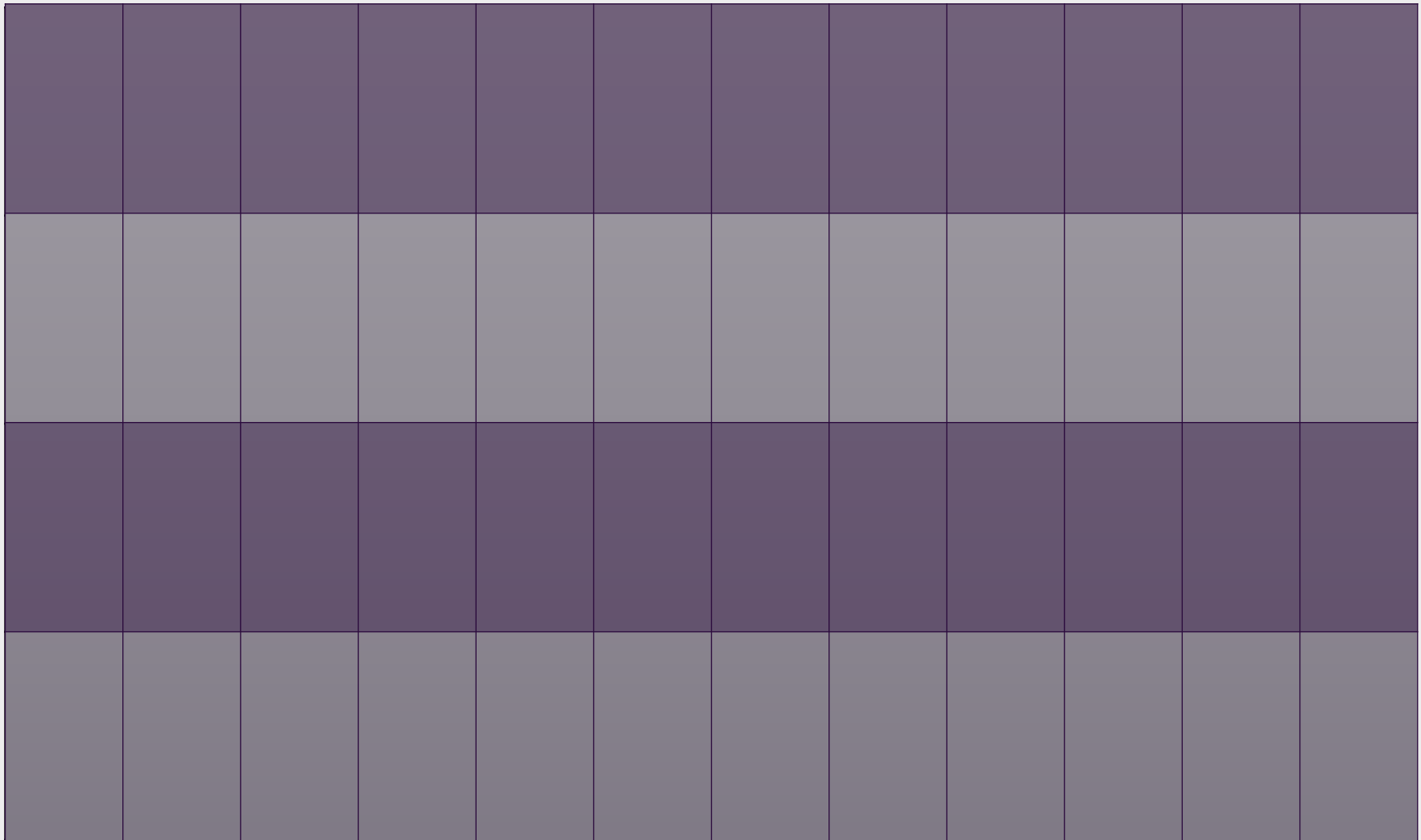






## ➤GridSizes

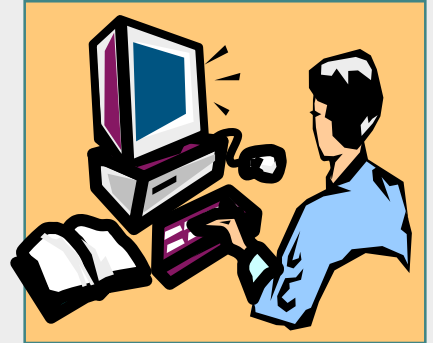


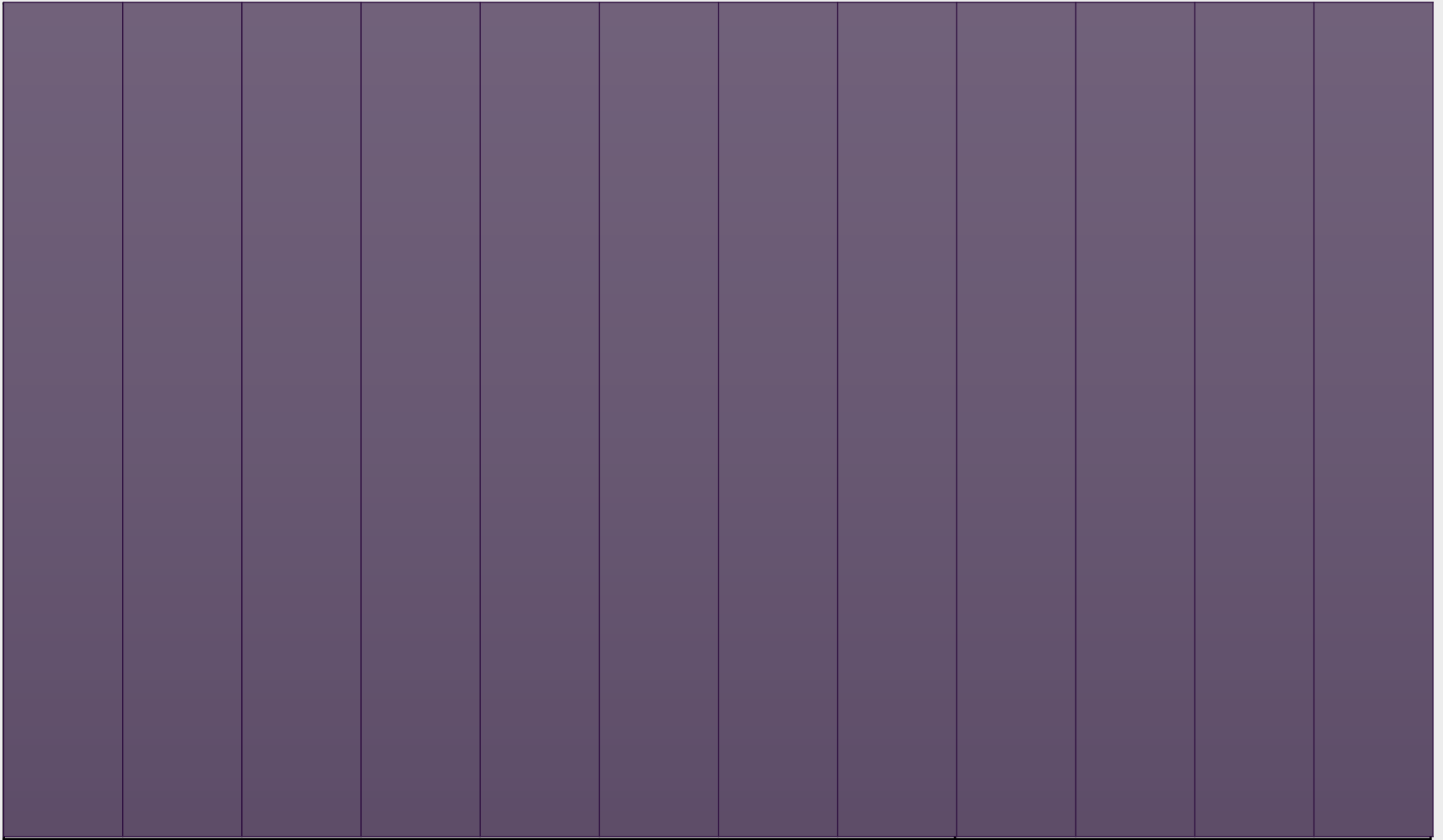


**Note:** Offset will be added to the left.



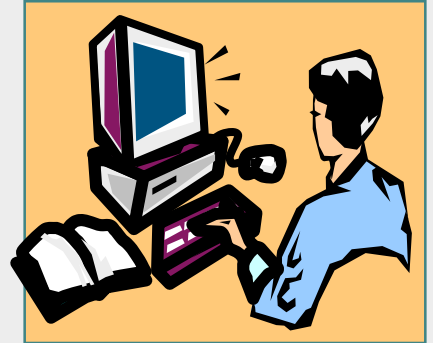
## ➤GridSizes-Offset







- MultipleGrid
- Layout





➤ Close Icon : It is used to dismiss models and alerts

- `<button type="button" class="close" aria-hidden="true">&times;</button>`
- Dropdown toggles no longer require an explicit `<span class="caret"></span>`; this is now provided automatically via CSS's `::after` on `.dropdown-toggle`.

➤ Quick floats : To float an element left or right with a class

➤ Added `.float-{sm,md,lg,xl}-{left,right,none}` classes for responsive floats and removed `.pull-left` and `.pull-right` since they're redundant to `.float-left` and `.float-right`.

➤ Showing and hiding content

- Made display utilities responsive (e.g., `.d-none` and `d-{sm,md,lg,xl}-none`).
- Dropped the bulk of `.hidden-*` utilities for new display utilities. For example, instead of `.hidden-sm-up`, use `.d-sm-none`.



➤ Work with Images : We can apply simple styles to images like rounded corners, circle images & padding with gray border which fits all sizes

- ``
- ``
- ``
- ``

➤ Center content blocks : To set an element to center

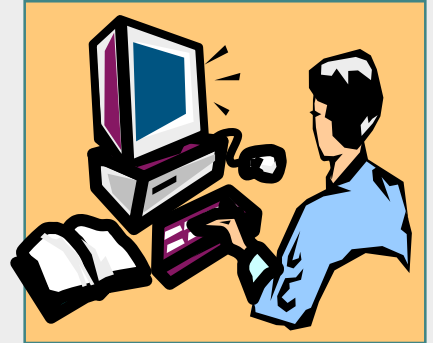
- `<div class="mx-auto" style="width:150px;">Centered-Content</div>`

➤ Responsive utilities : It is used for showing and hiding content by device via media query combined with extra large, large, medium, small & extra small devices

- Use class `.d-block` and `.d-{sm,md,lg,xl}-block` to set visibility as per breakpoints.



## ➤ HelperClasses-ResponsiveUtilities







➤ We can use `<a>`, `<button>` or `<input type="button"/>` with 'btn' class to create a bootstrap button.

- `<a class="btn" href="#">Link Button</a>`

- `<button class="btn">Button</button>`

`<!-- recommended for browser consistency -->`

- `<input type="button" class="btn" value="button"/>`

Link Button

The image shows three Bootstrap buttons side-by-side within a thin black border. The first button is a plain white rectangle with the text 'Link Button' in blue. The second button is a light gray rounded rectangle with the text 'Button' in brown. The third button is a light gray rounded rectangle with the text 'button' in black.

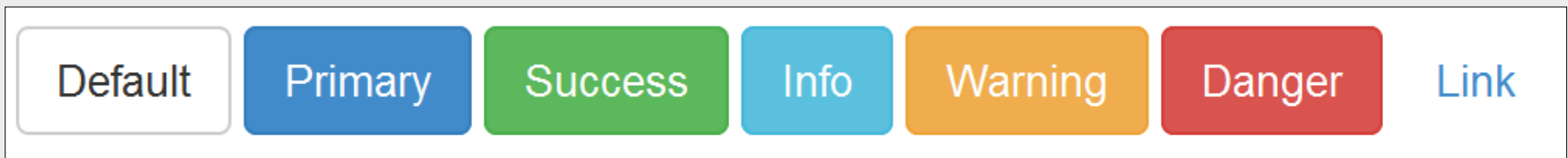
Button

button



➤ Bootstrap provides following options to apply styles to the button

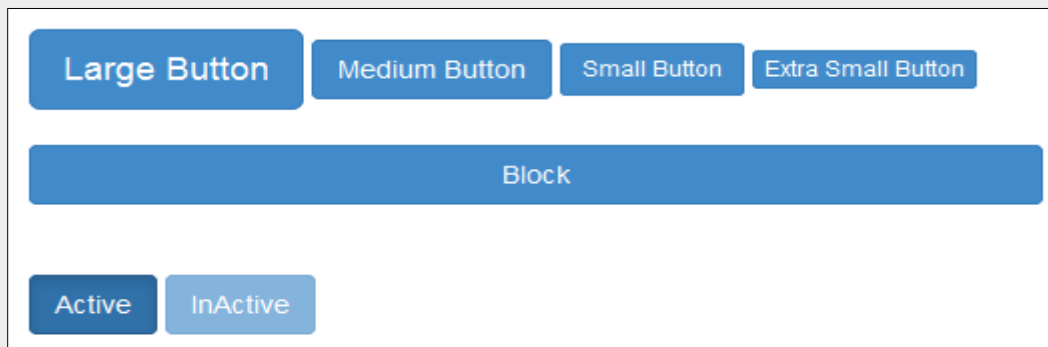
- `<button class="btn btn-default">Default</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary">Primary</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-success">Success</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-info">Info</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-warning">Warning</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-danger">Danger</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-link">Link</button>`





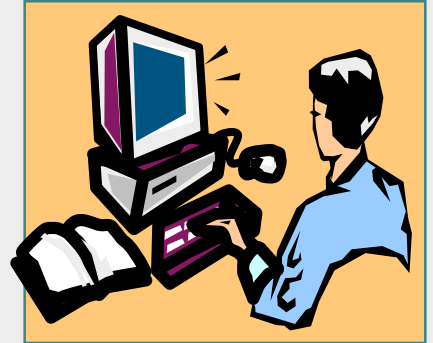
### ➤ Button has following sizes and states

- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-lg">Large Button</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-md">Medium Button</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-sm">Small Button</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-xs">Extra Small Button</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-block">Block</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-md active">Active</button>`
- `<button class="btn btn-primary btn-md disabled">InActive</button>`





## ➤ Buttons





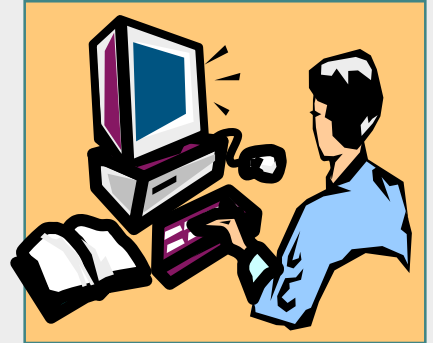
- Until version 3 Bootstrap was having support for Glyphicons (a library of monochromatic icons and symbols).
- Bootstrap 4 has dropped the support for Glyphicons icon font. If you need icons, some options are:
  - the upstream version of Glyphicons
  - Octicons
  - Font Awesome
- Font Awesom is most popular icon set and toolkit. You can easily download, configure the relative path with project and start using them.

```
<div>  
<span class="fas fa-search"> </span>  
  <button class="btn btn-primary">  
    <span class="fas fa-sync"/> Refresh  
  </button>  
</div>
```





## ➤ FontAwesom





- Bootstrap provides following options to apply styles to the List
  - Use the class **.list-unstyled** to remove numbering / bullet in the `<ol>` or `<ul>` element
  - Use the class **.list-inline** to `<ul>` create single list then use class **.list-inline-item** `<li>` to place the items.
  - To create a list group use the class **.list-group** to `<ul>` and **.list-group-item** `<li>` element
  - To add a badge component to any list group item add the **`<span class="badge">`** with in the `<li>` element with as per required positioning.(place it on either left or right side of the element)
- Use the `.badge-pill` modifier class to make badges more rounded (with a larger border-radius and additional horizontal padding).



- We can add custom content to the list group using the following code snippet

```
<div class='list-group'><a href='#' class='list-group-item active'>  
<h4 class='list-group-item-heading'>IGATE Corporate University</h4>  
<p class='list-group-item-text'>/>IGATE Training Division</p></a></div>
```

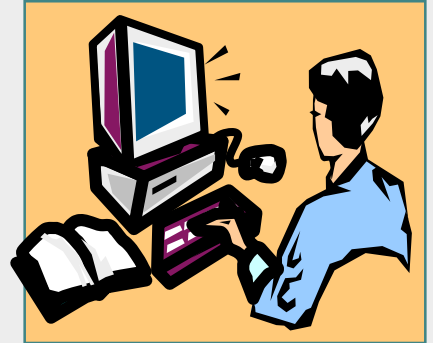


**IGATE Corporate University**  
IGATE Training Division





## ➤List





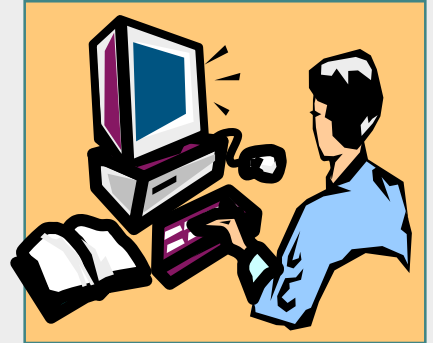
➤ Bootstrap provides a clean layout for building tables. Following classes can be used to apply styles over the table.

- **table** : To create a basic Bootstrap style table which takes 100% of the width of its container, and it also adds in some horizontal dividers.
- **table-striped** : Provides a striping effect for the alternate rows in a table.
- **table-bordered** : Provide a border to the table
- **table-hover** : To add a slight hover effect as the mouse moves over a table row.
- **table-sm** : It removes most of the cell padding and make the table a little more streamlined.
- **table-responsive** : It makes the table scroll horizontally to view the contents in small devices

➤ Contextual classes : table-active, table-success, table-warning and table-danger is used to apply background color for the table rows or individual cells.



## ➤ Tables





### ➤ Bootstrap 4 provides 2 types of form layouts

- Stacked (full-width) form
- Inline Form

### ➤ Vertical Form

- Add a role form to the parent `<form>` element
- Add the class ***.form-control*** to form elements and wrap labels and controls in a `<div>` with class ***.form-group***

### ➤ Inline Form

- Add the class ***.form-inline*** to the `<form>` elements
- Add the class ***.form-control*** to form elements and wrap labels and form elements in a `<div>` with class ***.form-group***
- Add the class ***.sr-only*** to hide the labels of the inline forms



### ➤Horizontal form

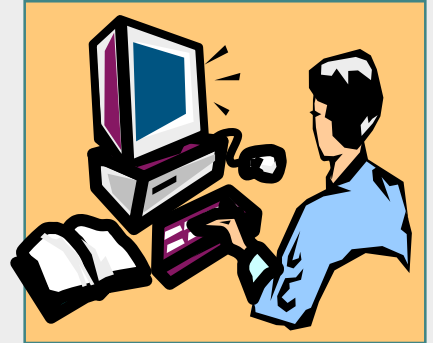
- `.form-horizontal` class has been dropped in Bootstrap 4.
- You can use Bootstrap's grid classes to create horizontal forms. Just specify how many columns each element should span. Specifically, add a `.row` class to the `.form-group` and a `.col-*-*` or `.col-*` class for each column.
- You should also add Bootstrap's `.col-form-label` class to the `<label>` element in order to vertically center the label in relation to textual input elements.

➤Validation States : Bootstrap includes validation styles for error, and success message. To use add the classes `.is-valid` and `.is-invalid` respectively.

➤Help Text : Use `.form-text` (previously known as `.help-block` in v3) class to have block level help text for the form input controls.



## ➤ Forms



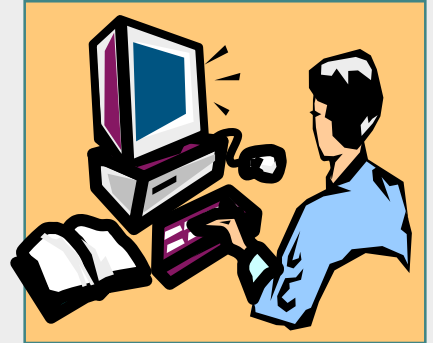


➤ Using typography feature of Bootstrap we can create headings, paragraphs, lists and other inline elements.

- All html headings(h1 to h6) are styled in bootstrap.
- By adding **.lead** class to the paragraph, we can have a larger font size, lighter weight, and a taller line height.
- **<em>** tag emphasizes a text in italics and **<strong>** tag makes the text bold
- **<small>** tag sets text at 85% the size of the parent
- **<abbr>** styles the element with a light border along the bottom and reveals the full text on hover
- **<address>** styles the contact information on web page. We need to use line breaks to break the lines because <address> default to display:block
- **text-left, text-center, text-right, text-muted, text-primary, text-success, text-info, text-warning** and **text-danger** class used to apply the styles to the text



## ➤Typography







- Bootstrap includes a responsive, mobile first fluid grid system that appropriately scales up to 12 columns as the device or viewport size increases.
- Bootstrap provides 2 form layouts Vertical Form (default), Inline Form. Horizontal Form can be created by using grid system.
- Bootstrap provides a clean layout for building tables
- Using typography feature of Bootstrap we can create headings, paragraphs, lists and other inline elements.

