

DAA Handson 8

Q3) Average Runtime complexity of Non-Random Quick sort.

- 1.) Partitioning \rightarrow Each partition step takes linear time, $O(n)$.
- 2.) Recursive calls:- The depth of the recursion will depend on how balanced the partitions are on average, the pivot divides the array into two halves.

This leads to the recurrence relation:

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + O(n)$$

Solving gives us,

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + O(n)$$

$$= O(n \log n)$$

So, the average runtime complexity of the non-random version of quicksort is $O(n \log n)$.