




 Secrets


 ABAP


 Apex


 C


 C++


 CloudFormation


 COBOL


 C#


 CSS


 Flex


 Go


 HTML


 Java


 JavaScript


 Kotlin


 Objective C


 PHP


 PL/I


 PL/SQL


 Python


 RPG


 Ruby


 Scala


 Swift


 **Terraform**


 Text


 TypeScript

 T-SQL

 VB.NET

 VB6


 XML





Terraform static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your TERRAFORM code


All rules 50

 Vulnerability 5


 Security Hotspot 43

 Code Smell 2


Tags ▾

Search by name... 


Creating public APIs is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Allowing public network access to cloud resources is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Having AWS policies that grant access to all resources of an account is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Having policies that grant all privileges is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Policies authorizing public access to resources are security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Granting access to S3 buckets to all or authenticated users is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


AWS IAM policies should not allow privilege escalation

 Vulnerability


Weak SSL/TLS protocols should not be used

 Vulnerability


Allowing public ACLs or policies on a S3 bucket is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Authorizing HTTP communications with S3 buckets is security-sensitive


 Security Hotspot


Using clear-text protocols is security-sensitive


 Security Hotspot


Having policies that grant all privileges is security-sensitive


Analyze your code


 Security Hotspot

 Blocker

 cwe

 owasp

 aws

 gcp

A policy that grants all permissions may indicate an improper access control, which violates **the principle of least privilege**. Suppose an identity is granted full permissions to a resource even though it only requires read permission to work as expected. In this case, an unintentional overwriting of resources may occur and therefore result in loss of information.

Ask Yourself Whether

Identities obtaining all the permissions:

- only require a subset of these permissions to perform the intended function.
- have monitored activity showing that only a subset of these permissions is actually used.

There is a risk if you answered yes to any of those questions.

Recommended Secure Coding Practices

It's recommended to apply the least privilege principle, i.e. by only granting the necessary permissions to identities. A good practice is to start with the very minimum set of permissions and to refine the policy over time. In order to fix overly permissive policies already deployed in production, a strategy could be to review the monitored activity in order to reduce the set of permissions to those most used.

Noncompliant Code Example






A customer-managed policy for AWS that grants all permissions by using the wildcard (*) in the Action property:

```
resource "aws_iam_policy" "example" {
  name = "noncompliantpolicy"

  policy = jsonencode({
    Version = "2012-10-17"
    Statement = [
      {
        Action = [
          "*" # Sensitive
        ]
        Effect = "Allow"
        Resource = [
          aws_s3_bucket.mybucket.arn
        ]
      }
    ]
  })
}
```

https://rules.sonarsource.com/terraform/RSPEC-6302

1/2

 Security Hotspot
Google Cloud load balancers SSL policies should not offer weak cipher suites
 Vulnerability
Azure custom roles should not grant subscription Owner capabilities
 Vulnerability
Excluding users or groups activities from audit logs is security-sensitive
 Security Hotspot
Defining a short log retention duration is security-sensitive
 Security Hotspot

A customer-managed policy for GCP that grants all permissions by using the actions admin role role property:

```
resource "google_project_iam_binding" "example" {
  project = "example"
  role    = "roles/owner" # Sensitive

  members = [
    "user:jane@example.com",
  ]
}
```

Compliant Solution

A customer-managed policy for AWS that grants only the required permissions:

```
resource "aws_iam_policy" "example" {
  name = "compliantpolicy"

  policy = jsonencode({
    Version = "2012-10-17"
    Statement = [
      {
        Action = [
          "s3:GetObject"
        ]
        Effect = "Allow"
        Resource = [
          aws_s3_bucket.mybucket.arn
        ]
      }
    ]
  })
}
```

A customer-managed policy for GCP that grants restricted permissions by using the actions admin role role property:

```
resource "google_project_iam_binding" "example" {
  project = "example"
  role    = "roles/actions.Viewer"

  members = [
    "user:jane@example.com",
  ]
}
```

See

- [OWASP Top 10 2021 Category A1](#) - Broken Access Control
- [AWS Documentation](#) - Grant least privilege
- [Google Cloud Documentation](#) - Understanding roles
- [MITRE, CWE-732](#) - Incorrect Permission Assignment for Critical Resource
- [MITRE, CWE-284](#) - Improper Access Control
- [OWASP Top 10 2017 Category A5](#) - Broken Access Control

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