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C# static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C# code

All rules 409

Vulnerability 34

Bug 76

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Code Smell 271

Quick Fix 52

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"protected" members

Code Smell

Underscores should be used to make large numbers readable

Code Smell

"ToString()" calls should not be redundant

Code Smell

"==" should not be used when "Equals" is overridden

Code Smell

An abstract class should have both abstract and concrete methods

Code Smell

Multiple variables should not be declared on the same line

Code Smell

Culture should be specified for "string" operations

Code Smell

"switch" statements should have at least 3 "case" clauses

Code Smell

break statements should not be used except for switch cases

Code Smell

String literals should not be duplicated

Code Smell

Files should contain an empty newline at the end

Code Smell

Unused "using" should be removed

Code Smell

"Exception" should not be caught when not required by called methods

Analyze your code

Code Smell Minor ? cwe error-handling

Catching `System.Exception` seems like an efficient way to handle multiple possible exceptions. Unfortunately, it traps all exception types, including the ones that were not intended to be caught. To prevent any misunderstandings, the exception filters should be used. Alternatively each exception type should be in a separate catch block.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
try
{
    // do something that might throw a FileNotFoundException
}
catch (Exception e) // Noncompliant
{
    // log exception ...
}
```





Compliant Solution

```
try
{
    // do something
}
catch (Exception e) when (e is FileNotFoundException || e is
```

Exceptions

The final option is to catch `System.Exception` and throw it in the last statement in the catch block. This is the least-preferred option, as it is an old-style code, which also suffers from performance penalty compared to exception filters.

```
try
{
    // do something
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    if (e is FileNotFoundException || e is IOException)
    {
        // do something
    }
    else
    {
        throw;
```

A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line
 Code Smell
Tabulation characters should not be used
 Code Smell
Methods and properties should be named in PascalCase
 Code Smell
Track uses of in-source issue suppressions
 Code Smell

```
}  
}
```

See

- [MITRE, CWE-396](#) - Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception

Available In:

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