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C# static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C# code

All rules 409

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"protected" members

Code Smell

Underscores should be used to make large numbers readable

Code Smell

"ToString()" calls should not be redundant

Code Smell

"==" should not be used when "Equals" is overridden

Code Smell

An abstract class should have both abstract and concrete methods

Code Smell

Multiple variables should not be declared on the same line

Code Smell

Culture should be specified for "string" operations

Code Smell

"switch" statements should have at least 3 "case" clauses

Code Smell

break statements should not be used except for switch cases

Code Smell

String literals should not be duplicated

Code Smell

Files should contain an empty newline at the end

Code Smell

Unused "using" should be removed

Code Smell

String URI overloads should call "System.Uri" overloads

Analyze your code

Code Smell Major ?

String representations of URIs or URLs are prone to parsing and encoding errors which can lead to vulnerabilities. The `System.Uri` class is a safe alternative and should be preferred.

This rule raises an issue when two overloads differ only by the `string / Uri` parameter and the string overload doesn't call the `Uri` overload. It is assumed that the string parameter represents a URI because of the exact match besides that parameter type. It stands to reason that the safer overload should be used.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
using System;

namespace MyLibrary
{
    public class MyClass
    {
        public void FetchResource(string uriString) // Noncompliant
        {
            // No calls to FetResource(Uri)
        }

        public void FetchResource(Uri uri) { }
    }
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
using System;

namespace MyLibrary
{
    public class MyClass
    {
        public void FetchResource(string uriString)
        {
            FetchResource(new Uri(uriString));
        }

        public void FetchResource(Uri uri) { }
    }
}
```

Available In:

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A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

 Code Smell

Tabulation characters should not be used

 Code Smell

Methods and properties should be named in PascalCase

 Code Smell

Track uses of in-source issue suppressions

 Code Smell

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