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C# static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C# code

409 6 Vulnerability (34) rules

Bug (76)

Security Hotspot O Quick 52 Fix

Q

Tags

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"protected" members

Code Smell

Underscores should be used to make large numbers readable

Code Smell

"ToString()" calls should not be redundant

Code Smell

"==" should not be used when "Equals" is overridden

Code Smell

An abstract class should have both abstract and concrete methods

Code Smell

Multiple variables should not be declared on the same line

Code Smell

Culture should be specified for "string" operations

Code Smell

"switch" statements should have at least 3 "case" clauses

Code Smell

break statements should not be used except for switch cases

Code Smell

String literals should not be duplicated

Code Smell

Files should contain an empty newline at the end

Code Smell

Unused "using" should be removed

Code Smell

"for" loop stop conditions should be invariant

Analyze your code

Code Smell







A for loop stop condition should test the loop counter against an invariant value (i.e. one that is true at both the beginning and ending of every loop iteration). Ideally, this means that the stop condition is set to a local variable just before the loop

Stop conditions that are not invariant are slightly less efficient, as well as being difficult to understand and maintain, and likely lead to the introduction of errors in

This rule tracks three types of non-invariant stop conditions:

- When the loop counters are updated in the body of the for loop
- . When the stop condition depend upon a method call
- When the stop condition depends on an object property, since such properties could change during the execution of the loop.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
class Foo
    static void Main()
        for (int i = 1; i \le 5; i++)
            Console.WriteLine(i);
            if (condition)
               i = 20:
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
class Foo
    static void Main()
    {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
            Console.WriteLine(i);
    }
}
```

Available In:

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A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

Code Smell

Tabulation characters should not be used

Code Smell

Methods and properties should be named in PascalCase

Code Smell

Track uses of in-source issue suppressions

Code Smell

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