

- Secrets
- ABAP
- Apex
- C
- C++
- CloudFormation
- COBOL
- C# C#
- CSS
- Flex
- Go
- HTML
- Java
- JavaScript
- Kotlin
- Objective C
- PHP
- PL/I
- PL/SQL
- Python
- RPG
- Ruby
- Scala
- Swift
- Terraform
- Text
- TypeScript
- T-SQL
- VB.NET
- VB6
- XML



C# static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C# code

All rules 409

Vulnerability 34

Bug 76

Security Hotspot 28

Code Smell 271

Quick Fix 52

Tags ▾

Search by name... 🔍

Cipher Block Chaining IVs should be unpredictable

Vulnerability

Regular expressions should not be vulnerable to Denial of Service attacks

Vulnerability

Hashes should include an unpredictable salt

Vulnerability

Non-async "Task/Task<T>" methods should not return null

Bug

Calls to delegate's method "BeginInvoke" should be paired with calls to "EndInvoke"

Bug

"Shared" parts should not be created with "new"

Bug

Getters and setters should access the expected fields

Bug

Right operands of shift operators should be integers

Bug

Shared resources should not be used for locking

Bug

Locks should be released

Bug

Using publicly writable directories is security-sensitive

Security Hotspot

Using clear-text protocols is security-sensitive

"operator==" should not be overloaded on reference types

Analyze your code

Code Smell Blocker pitfall

The use of == to compare two objects is expected to do a reference comparison. That is, it is expected to return true if and only if they are the same object instance. Overloading the operator to do anything else will inevitably lead to the introduction of bugs by callers. On the other hand, overloading it to do exactly that is pointless; that's what == does by default.

Noncompliant Code Example





```
public static bool operator== (MyType x, MyType y) // Noncompliant
{
```

Exceptions

- Classes with overloaded operator + or operator - methods are ignored.
- Classes that implement IComparable<T> or IEquatable<T> most probably behave as a value-type objects and so are ignored.

Available In:

sonarlint | sonarcloud | sonarqube

sensitive  Security Hotspot
Expanding archive files without controlling resource consumption is security-sensitive  Security Hotspot
Configuring loggers is security-sensitive  Security Hotspot
Using weak hashing algorithms is security-sensitive  Security Hotspot