

Level 2 - Section 1

# Responding with Data

Sending Data Back and Rendering HTML

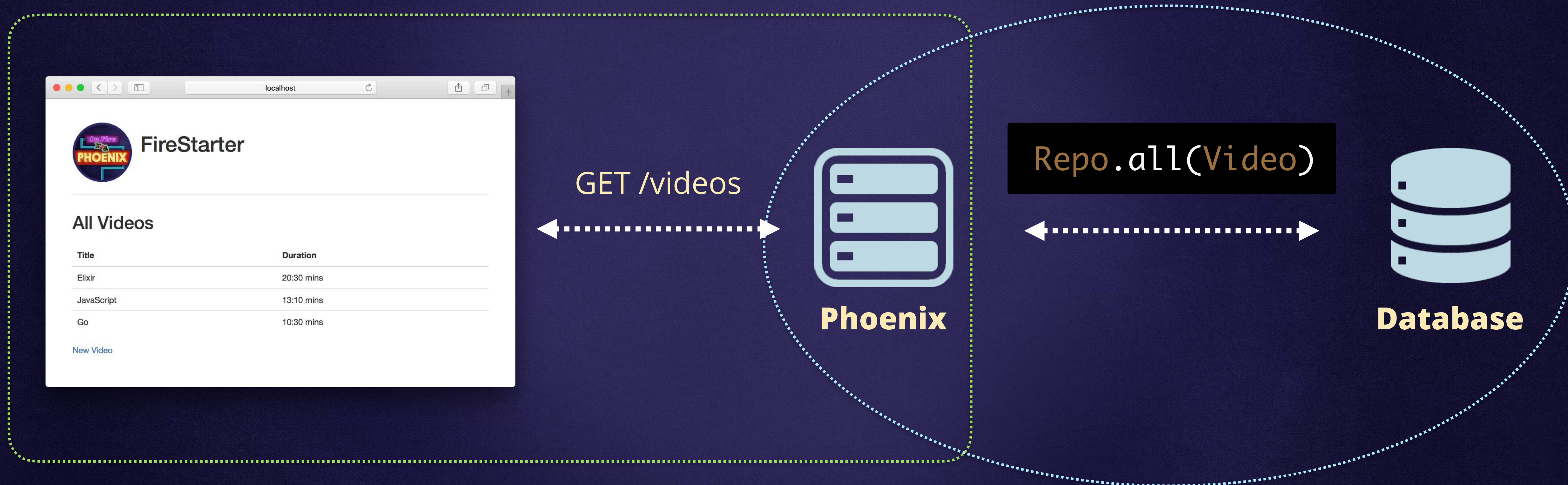




# Listing Videos

We can read from the database. Now let's learn how to return this data in a **response**.

## Step 1 - Read from database

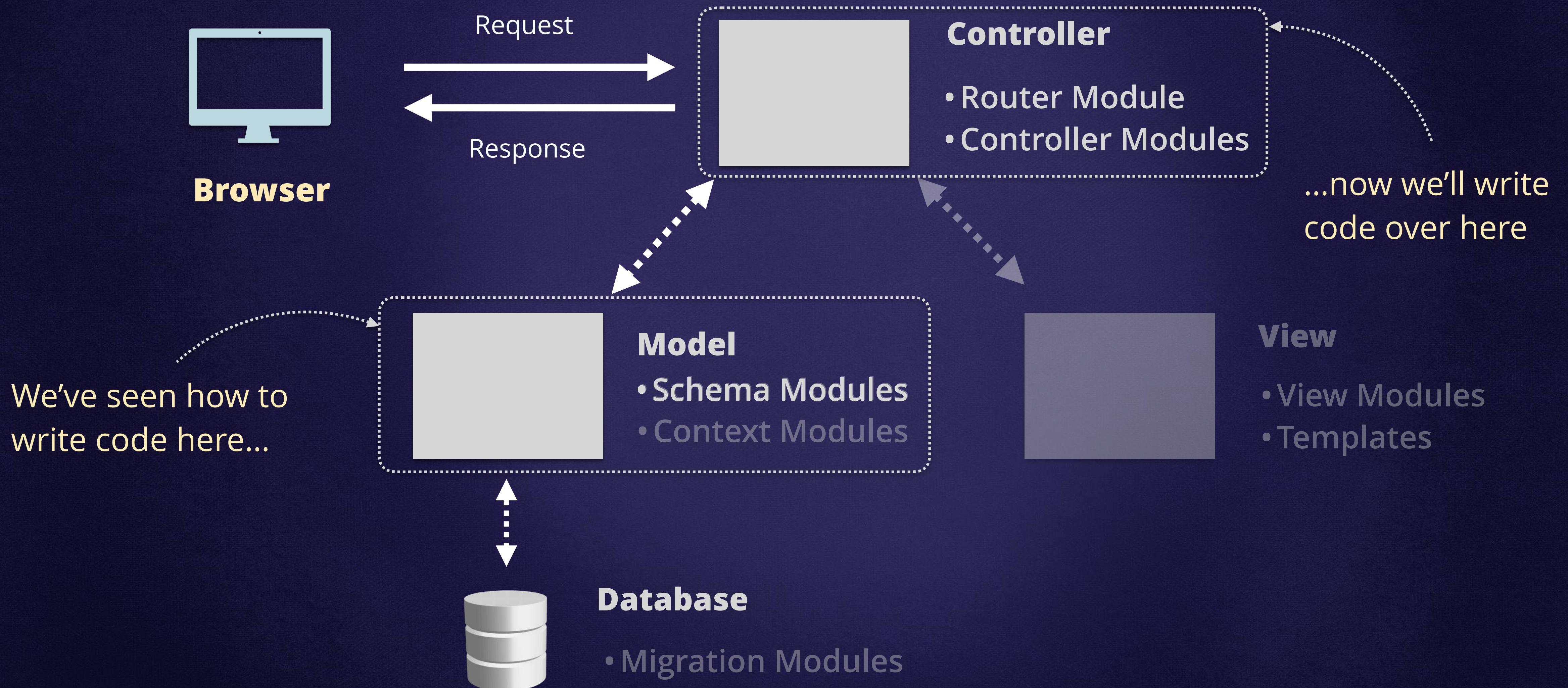


## Step 2 - Return response to client (browser)



# The C in MVC

The **Controller** part of **MVC** in *Phoenix* includes **Controller Modules** and the **Router**.





# Routing Requests in the Router

A route is composed of 4 things:

1. **HTTP method**
2. **URL path**
3. **Controller name**  
(module name)
4. **Action name**  
(a function from the controller module)

Notice we are at the “\_web” folder now

lib/fire\_starter\_web/router.ex

```
defmodule FireStarterWeb.Router do
  ...
  scope "/", FireStarterWeb do
    ...
    get "/videos", VideoController, :index
  end
end
```

The *Controller*  
module name...

...and the function  
which will be invoked



# The index action

---

Requests to */videos* are routed to the `index()` function in the `VideoController`.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/controllers/video\_controller.ex

```
defmodule FireStarterWeb.VideoController do

  def index(conn, _) do
    end
end
```

The first argument passed by the router is the **connection**.

The second argument is a *Map* with parameters, but we'll ignore this for now.



# Sending text from the Controller

The simplest way to respond with **plain text** from a **Controller** is using the `text()` function.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/controllers/video\_controller.ex

```
defmodule FireStarterWeb.VideoController do
  use FireStarterWeb, :controller

  def index(conn, _) do
    text conn, "Hello from VideoController"
  end
end
```

available  
from here

The **connection** is  
the first argument...

...and the second  
argument is a string



# From Text to HTML

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Now that we know how to send text back to the client, let's see how we can respond with HTML.



**Hello From  
VideoController**

What we have now

- Elixir
- JavaScript
- Go

What we want to display



# Setting up Data for the HTML Page

To render HTML with video data from the database we can use the `render()` function. This function takes three arguments: the **connection**, a **template name** and a **Keyword List**.

```
defmodule FireStarterWeb.VideoController do
  use FireStarterWeb, :controller

  alias FireStarter.Video
  alias FireStarter.Repo

  def index(conn, _) do
    videos = Repo.all(Video)
    render conn, "index.html", videos: videos
  end
end
```

available from here

alias allows us to use shorter names

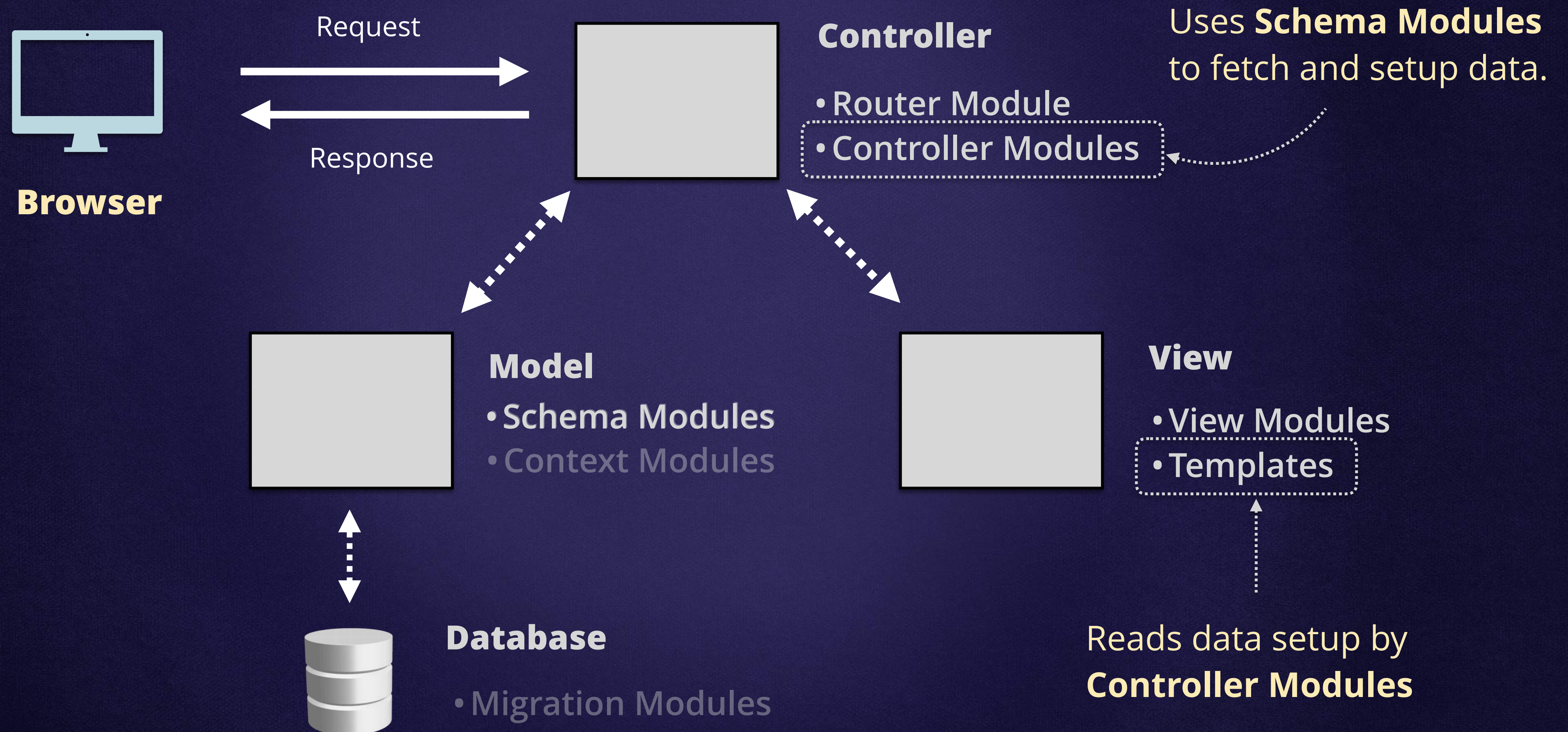
template name

made available to the template



# Sending Data from *Controller* to *Template*

**Controllers** use **Schemas** to fetch data from the database which will be read from **Templates**.





# The Video *Template*

**Templates** are files compiled on the server and which output **HTML responses**.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/templates/video/**index.html.eex**

**EEx** is the default template system in *Phoenix*

```
<h2>All Videos</h2>
```

```
<ul>
```

```
<%= for video <- @videos do %>
```

```
<li><%= video.title %></li>
```

```
<% end %>
```

```
</ul>
```

Set from the **Controller**

creates a list of videos using *list comprehension*

*List comprehensions* are used to loop through enumerables:

```
output = for letter <- ["a", "b", "c"] do  
  "Letter: #{letter} "  
end
```

```
IO.puts output
```

Letter: a Letter: b Letter: c



# Displaying List of Videos in HTML

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Now we are successfully displaying a list of videos in HTML





Level 2 - Section 2

# Using View Modules

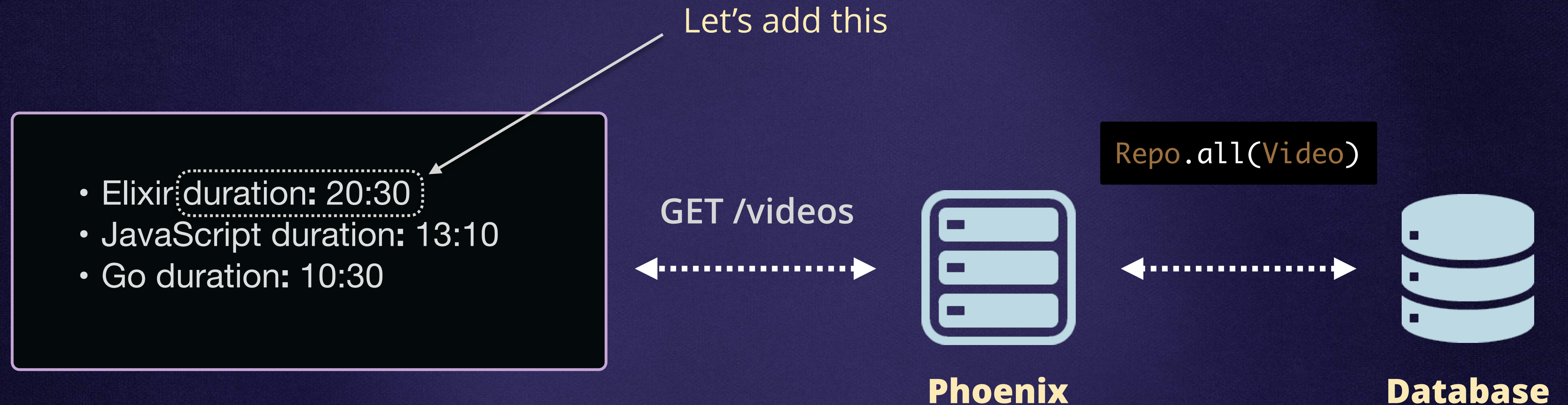
Formatting Data for Templates





# Adding *duration* to the list of videos.

We are displaying a list of video titles. Now we want to add the **duration** for each video.





# Reading the *duration* property

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We can read the *duration* property from each video *Struct* in the template.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/templates/video/index.html.eex

```
<h2>All Videos</h2>
<ul>
  <%= for video <- @videos do %>
    <li><%= video.title %> duration: <%= video.duration %> </li>
  <% end %>
</ul>
```



# Issues with *duration* displayed in seconds

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The *duration* is stored in the database as **seconds**. We need to make this easier to read.

- Elixir duration: 1230
- JavaScript duration: 790
- Go duration: 630

Duration in seconds is hard to understand...

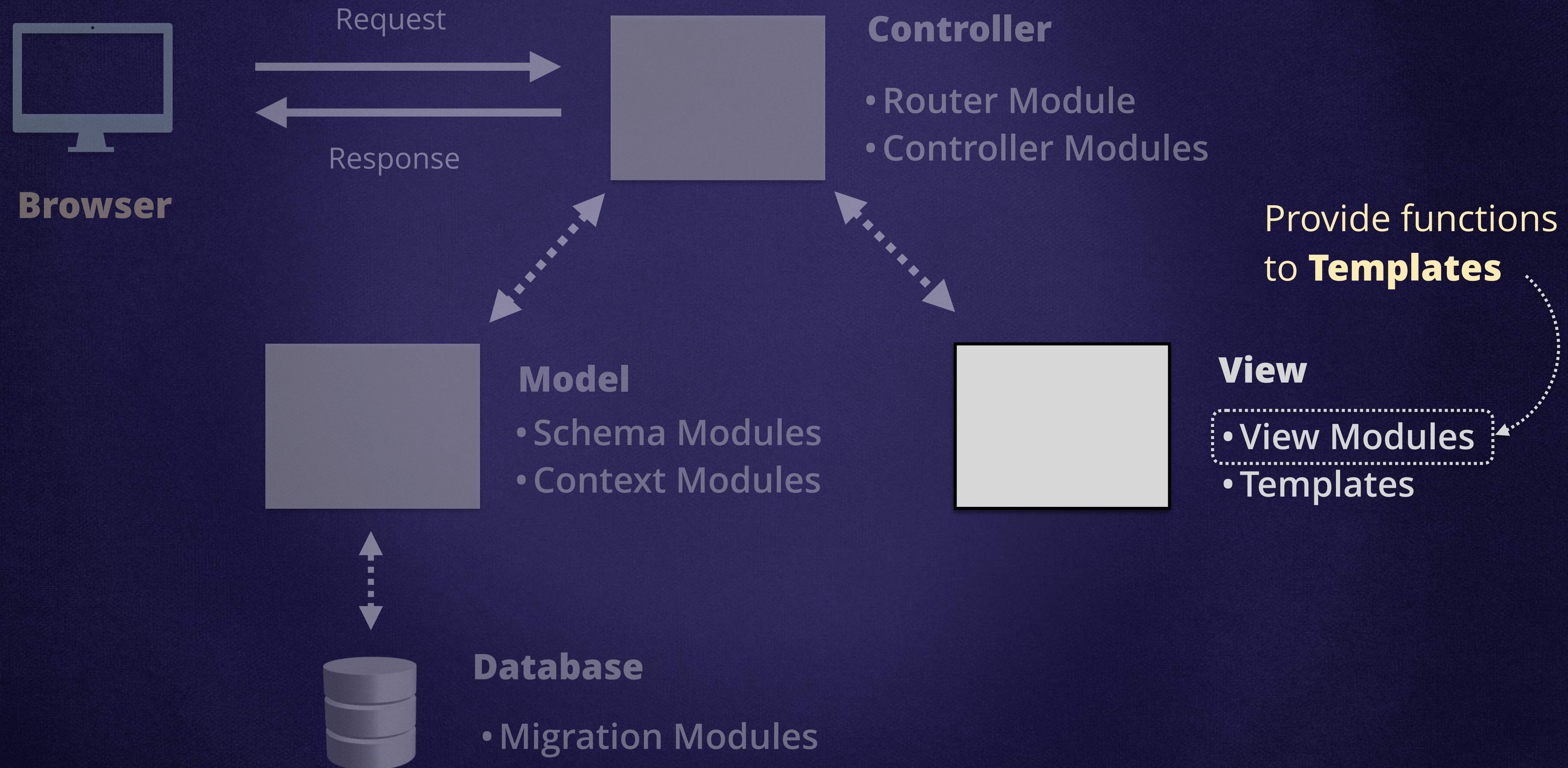
- Elixir duration: **20:30 mins**
- JavaScript duration: **13:10 mins**
- Go duration: **10:30 mins**

It would be much easier to read in this format!



# *View Modules are the V in MVC*

**View Modules** are also part of the **V** in **MVC**. They provide **helper functions** for **Templates**.





# Functions in the View

Our new helper function expects **one argument** and returns a formatted string.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/views/video\_view.ex

```
defmodule FireStarterWeb.VideoView do
  use FireStarterWeb, :view
```

```
  def duration_in_mins(seconds) do
    minutes = div(seconds, 60)
    seconds = rem(seconds, 60)
    "#{minutes}:#{seconds}"
  end
```

```
end
```

Performs division and rounds down to the closest integer

Remainder of division by 60

`div` and `rem` are part of the *Kernel* module, automatically imported by Elixir.



# Calling a *View* Function

---

The **Template** can call any function defined in a **View**.

lib/fire\_starter\_web/templates/video/index.html.eex

```
<h2>All Videos</h2>

<ul>
  <%= for video <- @videos do %>
    <li><%= video.title %>
      duration: <%= duration_in_mins(video.duration) %> mins</li>
  <% end %>
</ul>
```



function is available to the **Template**



# The *duration* Is Now Easy to Understand

With the new format, it's easier to understand the duration for each video.

