O Quick 14

Analyze your code





 \bowtie Flex

-GO Go

5 HTML

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VB.NET

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XML



Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C code

ΑII 311 Security 18 6 Vulnerability (13) ₩ Bug (74) rules Hotspot

"memset" should not be used to delete Appropriate char types should be sensitive data used for character and integer Vulnerability values

POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows

♠ Vulnerability

XML parsers should not be vulnerable to XXE attacks

Vulnerability

Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments

₩ Bug

The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist

👬 Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked

₩ Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed

Bua

"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked

₩ Bug

Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return

₩ Bua

"memcmp" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding

🖷 Bug

There are three distinct char types, (plain) char, signed char and unsigned char. signed char and unsigned char should only be used for numeric data, and plain char should only be used for character data. Since it is implementationdefined, the signedness of the plain char type should not be assumed.

⊗ Code (206)

Search by name.

based-on-misra cert confusing

Smell

Noncompliant Code Example

Tags

Code Smell Minor

signed char a = 'a'; // Noncompliant, explicitly signed unsigned char b = '\r'; // Noncompliant, explicitly unsigned char c = 10; // Noncompliant

unsigned char d = c; // Noncompliant, d is explicitly signed char e = a; // Noncompliant, a is explicitly signed while e i

Compliant Solution

char a = 'a'; char b = '\r'; unsigned char c = 10; signed char c = 10;

Exceptions

· Since the integer value 0 is used as a sentinel for the end of a string, converting this value to char is ignored.

- MISRA C:2004, 6.1 The plain char type shall be used only for the storage and use of character values
- MISRA C:2004, 6.2 signed and unsigned char type shall be used only for the storage and use of number values
- MISRA C++:2008, 5-0-11 The plain char type shall only be used for the storage and use of character values • MISRA C++:2008, 5-0-12 - signed char and unsigned char type shall only be used
- for the storage and use of numeric values • CERT, INTO7-C. - Use only explicitly signed or unsigned char type for numeric
- values • CERT, STR00-C. - Represent characters using an appropriate type
- CERT, STR04-C. Use plain char for characters in the basic character set.

Available In:





Stack allocated memory and nonowned memory should not be freed

Bug

Closed resources should not be
accessed
Bug

Dynamically allocated memory should
be released
Bug

Freed memory should not be used

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