



"pthread\_mutex\_t" should be properly

"pthread\_mutex\_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked

initialized and destroyed

📆 Bug





"std::move" and "std::forward" should not be confused



A call to "wait()" on a "std::condition\_variable" should have a condition



A pointer to a virtual base class shall only be cast to a pointer to a derived class by means of dynamic\_cast



Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return



RAII objects should not be temporary



"memcmp" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding



"memcpy", "memmove", and "memset" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types

📆 Bug

"std::auto\_ptr" should not be used

📆 Bug

Destructors should be "noexcept"



## Setting capabilities is securitysensitive

# Analyze your code





Setting capabilities can lead to privilege escalation.

Linux capabilities allow you to assign narrow slices of root's permissions to files or processes. A thread with capabilities bypasses the normal kernel security checks to execute high-privilege actions such as mounting a device to a directory, without requiring (additional) root privileges.

#### **Ask Yourself Whether**

Capabilities are granted:

- To a process that does not require all capabilities to do its job.
- To a not trusted process.

There is a risk if you answered yes to any of those questions.

## **Recommended Secure Coding Practices**

Capabilities are high privileges, traditionally associated with superuser (root), thus make sure that the most restrictive and necessary capabilities are assigned to files and processes.

#### **Sensitive Code Example**

When setting capabilities:

```
cap_t caps = cap_init();
cap_value_t cap_list[2];
cap_list[0] = CAP_FOWNER;
cap_list[1] = CAP_CHOWN;
cap_set_flag(caps, CAP_PERMITTED, 2, cap_list, CAP_SET);
cap_set_file("file", caps); // Sensitive
cap_set_fd(fd, caps); // Sensitive
cap_set_proc(caps); // Sensitive
capsetp(pid, caps); // Sensitive
capset(hdrp, datap); // Sensitive: is discouraged to be used
```

When setting SUID/SGID attributes:

```
chmod("file", S_ISUID|S_ISGID); // Sensitive
fchmod(fd, S_ISUID|S_ISGID); // Sensitive
```

## See

- OWASP Top 10 2021 Category A1 Broken Access Control
- OWASP Top 10 2017 Category A5 Broken Access Control
- MITRE, CWE-250 Execution with Unnecessary Privileges
- MITRE, CWE-266 Incorrect Privilege Assignment
- False Boundaries and Arbitrary Code Execution
- Linux manual page capabilities(7)

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