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C++ static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C++ code

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"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data
 Vulnerability
POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows
 Vulnerability
XML parsers should not be vulnerable to XXE attacks
 Vulnerability
Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments
 Bug
The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist
 Bug
Assigning to an optional should directly target the optional
 Bug
Result of the standard remove algorithms should not be ignored
 Bug
"std::scoped_lock" should be created with constructor arguments
 Bug
Objects should not be sliced
 Bug
Immediately dangling references should not be created
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice

"nullptr" should be used to denote the null pointer

Analyze your code

-  Code Smell
-  Critical
-  Quick Fix
-  cppcoreguidelines bad-practice since-c++11

Before C++11, the only way to refer to a null pointer was by using the integer literal 0, which created ambiguity with regard to whether a pointer or an integer was intended. Even with the NULL macro, the underlying value is still 0.

C++11 introduced the keyword `nullptr`, which is unambiguous and should be used systematically.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
void f(char *c);
void g(int i);
void h()
{
    f(0); // Noncompliant
    f(NULL); // Noncompliant
    g(0); // Compliant, a real integer
    g(NULL); // Noncompliant, NULL should not be used for a r
```

Compliant Solution

```
void f(char *c);
void g(int i);
void h()
{
    f(nullptr); // Compliant
    g(0); // Compliant, a real integer
}
```

See

- [C++ Core Guidelines ES.47](#) - Use nullptr rather than 0 or NULL

Available In:

   Developer Edition

 Bug
"std::move" and "std::forward" should not be confused  Bug
A call to "wait()" on a "std::condition_variable" should have a condition  Bug
A pointer to a virtual base class shall only be cast to a pointer to a derived class by means of dynamic_cast  Bug
Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return  Bug
RAII objects should not be temporary  Bug
"memcmp" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding  Bug
"memcpy", "memmove", and "memset" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types  Bug
"std::auto_ptr" should not be used  Bug
Destructors should be "noexcept"  Bug