



C static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C code

All rules **311**

Vulnerability **13**

Bug **74**

Security Hotspot **18**

Code Smell **206**

Quick Fix **14**

Tags

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"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data

Vulnerability

POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows

Vulnerability

XML parsers should not be vulnerable to XXE attacks

Vulnerability

Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments

Bug

The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist

Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked

Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed

Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice

Bug

Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return

Bug

"memcpy" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding

Bug

Header guards should be followed by according "#define" macro

Analyze your code

Code Smell Critical unpredictable

Include guards, wrapping around the entire content of a header file, are a best practice that ensure that no matter how many times the header is actually included in a translation unit, its content will only be seen once.

The include guard pattern is made up of four parts:

- `#ifndef` at the top of the file, with a unique macro name (usually the name relates to the name of the file, to ensure uniqueness).
- `#define` with the same macro name.
- The content of the file
- `#endif` at the end of the file

The rule raises an issue when the name in the second part differs from the name in the first (usually because of a typo or a copy/paste issue).

Noncompliant Code Example

```
#ifndef MYFILE_H
#define MY_FILE_H // Noncompliant
//...
#endif
```

Compliant Solution

```
#ifndef MYFILE_H
#define MYFILE_H
//...
#endif
```

Available In:

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Developer Edition

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Stack allocated memory and non-owned memory should not be freed

 Bug

Closed resources should not be accessed

 Bug

Dynamically allocated memory should be released

 Bug

Freed memory should not be used