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C++ static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your C++ code

All rules **578**

Vulnerability **13**

Bug **111**

Security Hotspot **18**

Code Smell **436**

Quick Fix **68**

Tags

Search by name...



"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data

Vulnerability

POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows

Vulnerability

XML parsers should not be vulnerable to XXE attacks

Vulnerability

Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments

Bug

The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist

Bug

Assigning to an optional should directly target the optional

Bug

Result of the standard remove algorithms should not be ignored

Bug

"std::scoped_lock" should be created with constructor arguments

Bug

Objects should not be sliced

Bug




Immediately dangling references should not be created

Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked

Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly

<p>initialized and destroyed</p> <p> Bug</p>
<p>"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice</p> <p> Bug</p>
<p>"std::move" and "std::forward" should not be confused</p> <p> Bug</p>
<p>A call to "wait()" on a "std::condition_variable" should have a</p>

"memcpy", "memmove", and "memset" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types

Analyze your code

 Bug  Blocker 

The functions `memcpy`, `memmove` and `memset` can only be used for objects of trivially copyable types. This includes scalar types, arrays, and trivially copyable classes.

A class type is trivially copyable if:

- One or more of the following special member functions is trivial and the rest are deleted: copy constructor, move constructor, copy assignment operator, and move assignment operator,
- It has a trivial, non-deleted destructor,
- It has trivially copyable members and base classes,
- It has no virtual functions.

Note: a default implementation, both explicit (with `=default`) or implicit (if the special member function is omitted), is considered trivial.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
class Shape {
public:
    int x;
    int y;
    virtual ~Shape(); // This makes the class non trivially copyable
};

void f(Shape *dest, Shape *source)
{
    memcpy(dest, source, sizeof Shape); // Noncompliant
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
class Shape {
public:
    int x;
    int y;
    virtual ~Shape(); // This makes the class non trivially copyable
};

void f(Shape *dest, Shape *source)
{
    (*dest) = (*source);
}
```

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