C++ static code analysis: Switch cases should end with an unconditional "break" statement

3 minutes

When the execution is not explicitly terminated at the end of a switch case, it continues to execute the statements of the following case. While this is sometimes intentional, it often is a mistake which leads to unexpected behavior.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
switch (myVariable) {
  case 1:
  foo();
  break;
  case 2: // Both 'doSomething()' and
'doSomethingElse()' will be executed. Is it on purpose
?
  doSomething();
```

```
default:
   doSomethingElse();
   break;
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
switch (myVariable) {
  case 1:
    foo();
    break;
  case 2:
    doSomething();
    break;
  default:
    doSomethingElse();
    break;
}
```

Exceptions

```
This rule is relaxed in the following cases:

switch (myVariable) {

case 0: // Empty case used to

specify the same behavior for a group of cases.

case 1:

doSomething();
```

```
break;
 case 2:
                              // Use of return
statement
  return;
                             // Use of throw
 case 3:
statement
  throw 1;
 case 4:
                              // Use of an attribute to
make explicit the fact that we want to fall through the
next case
  doSomething();
  [[fallthrough]];
 case 5:
                              // Use of continue
statement, if the switch is inside a loop
  continue:
                             // For the last case, use
 default:
of break statement is optional
  doSomethingElse();
}
```

See

- MISRA C:2004, 15.0 The MISRA C switch syntax shall be used.
- MISRA C:2004, 15.2 An unconditional break statement shall terminate every non-empty switch

clause

- MISRA C++:2008, 6-4-3 A switch statement shall be a well-formed switch statement.
- MISRA C++:2008, 6-4-5 An unconditional throw or break statement shall terminate every non-empty switch-clause
- MISRA C:2012, 16.1 All switch statements shall be well-formed
- MISRA C:2012, 16.3 An unconditional break statement shall terminate every switch-clause
- MITRE, CWE-484 Omitted Break Statement in Switch
- CERT, MSC17-C. Finish every set of statements associated with a case label with a break statement
- <u>CERT, MSC52-J.</u> Finish every set of statements associated with a case label with a break statement