

 Secrets

 ABAP

 Apex

 C

 C++

 CloudFormation

 COBOL

 C#

 CSS

 Flex

 Go

 HTML

 **Java**

 JavaScript

 Kotlin

 Objective C

 PHP

 PL/I

 PL/SQL

 Python

 RPG

 Ruby

 Scala

 Swift

 Terraform

 Text

 TypeScript

 T-SQL

 VB.NET

 VB6

 XML



Java static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your JAVA code

- All rules 632
- Vulnerability 53
- Bug 154
- Security Hotspot 36
- Code Smell 389
- Quick Fix 42

Abstract class names should comply with a naming convention	Code Smell
Strings literals should be placed on the left side when checking for equality	Code Smell
Files should contain an empty newline at the end	Code Smell
Source code should be indented consistently	Code Smell
A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line	Code Smell
Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be on two different lines	Code Smell
Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be located on the same line	Code Smell
An open curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line	Code Smell
An open curly brace should be located at the end of a line	Code Smell
Tabulation characters should not be used	Code Smell
Functions should not be defined with a variable number of arguments	Code Smell

Tags ▾

Search by name... 🔍

Switches should be used for sequences of simple "String" tests

Analyze your code

Code Smell

Minor ?

clumsy

Since Java 7, Strings can be used as switch arguments. So when a single String is tested against three or more values in an if/else if structure, it should be converted to a switch instead for greater readability.

Note that this rule is automatically disabled when the project's sonar.java.source is lower than 7.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
if ("red".equals(choice)) { // Noncompliant
    dispenseRed();
} else if ("blue".equals(choice)) {
    dispenseBlue();
} else if ("yellow".equals(choice)) {
    dispenseYellow();
} else {
    promptUser();
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
switch(choice) {
    case "Red":
        dispenseRed();
        break;
    case "Blue":
        dispenseBlue();
        break;
    case "Yellow":
        dispenseYellow();
        break;
    default:
        promptUser();
        break;
}
```

Available In:

sonarlint | sonarcloud | sonarqube

<div>Local-Variable Type Inference should be used</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Migrate your tests from JUnit4 to the new JUnit5 annotations</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Track uses of disallowed classes</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Track uses of "@SuppressWarnings" annotations</div> <div> Code Smell</div>