Java static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your JAVA code

Assignments should not be redundant

Analyze your code

Code Smell | Major | redundant

The transitive property says that if `a == b` and `b == c`, then `a == c`. In such cases, there's no point in assigning `a` to `c` or vice versa because they're already equivalent.

This rule raises an issue when an assignment is useless because the assigned-to variable already holds the value on all execution paths.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
a = b;
c = a;
b = c; // Noncompliant: c and b are already the same
```

Compliant Solution

```
a = b;
c = a;
```

Available In:

sonarlint | sonarcloud | sonarqube

Bug

Floating point numbers should not be tested for equality

Bug

Increment (++) and decrement (--) operators should not be used in a method call or mixed with other operators in an expression

Code Smell

Limited dependence should be placed on operator precedence

Code Smell

Custom getter method should not be