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# Java static code analysis

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Abstract class names should comply with a naming convention

Code Smell

Strings literals should be placed on the left side when checking for equality

Code Smell

Files should contain an empty newline at the end

Code Smell

Source code should be indented consistently

Code Smell

A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

Code Smell

Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be on two different lines

Code Smell

Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be located on the same line

Code Smell

An open curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

Code Smell

An open curly brace should be located at the end of a line

Code Smell

Tabulation characters should not be used

Code Smell

Functions should not be defined with a variable number of arguments

Code Smell

## Methods should not have too many parameters

Analyze your code

Code Smell

Major

brain-overload

A long parameter list can indicate that a new structure should be created to wrap the numerous parameters or that the function is doing too many things.

**Noncompliant Code Example**

With a maximum number of 4 parameters:

```
public void doSomething(int param1, int param2, int param3, ...
...
}
```

**Compliant Solution**

```
public void doSomething(int param1, int param2, int param3, ...
...
}
```

**Exceptions**

Methods annotated with :

- Spring's @RequestMapping (and related shortcut annotations, like @GetMapping)
- JAX-RS API annotations (like @javax.ws.rs.GET)
- Bean constructor injection with @org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired
- CDI constructor injection with @javax.inject.Inject
- @com.fasterxml.jackson.annotation.JsonCreator

may have a lot of parameters, encapsulation being possible. Such methods are therefore ignored.

Available In:

sonarlint

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<div>Track uses of disallowed classes</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
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