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Java static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your JAVA code

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Abstract class names should comply with a naming convention

Code Smell

Strings literals should be placed on the left side when checking for equality

Code Smell

Files should contain an empty newline at the end

Code Smell

Source code should be indented consistently

Code Smell

A close curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

Code Smell

Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be on two different lines

Code Smell

Close curly brace and the next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be located on the same line

Code Smell

An open curly brace should be located at the beginning of a line

Code Smell

An open curly brace should be located at the end of a line

Code Smell

Tabulation characters should not be used

Code Smell

Functions should not be defined with a variable number of arguments

Code Smell

Classes that override "clone" should be "Cloneable" and call "super.clone()"

Analyze your code

Code Smell

Minor

convention cwe cert

Cloneable is the marker Interface that indicates that clone() may be called on an object. Overriding clone() without implementing Cloneable can be useful if you want to control how subclasses clone themselves, but otherwise, it's probably a mistake.

The usual convention for Object.clone() according to Oracle's Javadoc is:

```
1. x.clone() != x
2. x.clone().getClass() == x.getClass()
3. x.clone().equals(x)
```

Obtaining the object that will be returned by calling super.clone() helps to satisfy those invariants:

```
1. super.clone() returns a new object instance
2. super.clone() returns an object of the same type as the one clone() was called on
3. Object.clone() performs a shallow copy of the object's state
```

Noncompliant Code Example

```
class BaseClass { // Noncompliant; should implement Cloneable
    @Override
    public Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
        return new BaseClass();
    }
}





class DerivedClass extends BaseClass implements Cloneable {
    /* Does not override clone() */

    public void sayHello() {
        System.out.println("Hello, world!");
    }
}

class Application {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        DerivedClass instance = new DerivedClass();
        ((DerivedClass) instance.clone()).sayHello();
    }
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
class BaseClass implements Cloneable {
    @Override
    public Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
        return super.clone();
    }
}
```

Local-Variable Type Inference should be used
 Code Smell
Migrate your tests from JUnit4 to the new JUnit5 annotations
 Code Smell
Track uses of disallowed classes
 Code Smell
Track uses of "@SuppressWarnings" annotations
 Code Smell

```
}

class DerivedClass extends BaseClass implements Cloneable {
    /* Does not override clone() */

    public void sayHello() {
        System.out.println("Hello, world!");
    }
}

class Application {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        DerivedClass instance = new DerivedClass();
        ((DerivedClass) instance.clone()).sayHello();
    }
}
```

See

- [MITRE, CWE-580](#) - clone() Method Without super.clone()
- [CERT, MET53-J](#) - Ensure that the clone() method calls super.clone()

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