




 Secrets


 ABAP


 Apex


 C


 C++


 CloudFormation


 COBOL


 C#


 CSS


 Flex


 Go


 HTML


 Java


 JavaScript


 Kotlin


 Objective C


 PHP


 PL/I


 PL/SQL


 Python


 RPG


 Ruby


 Scala


 Swift


 Terraform


 Text


 **TypeScript**

 T-SQL

 VB.NET

 VB6

 XML



TypeScript static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your TYPESCRIPT code

All rules 279

Vulnerability 27

Bug 51


Security Hotspot 43

Code Smell 158


Quick Fix 50

Tags ▾


Search by name... 🔍

 Code Smell


Primitive types should be omitted from initialized or defaulted declarations




Non-null assertions should not be used




"undefined" should not be assigned




Trailing commas should not be used




Array constructors should not be used




Quotes for string literals should be used consistently




Statements should end with semicolons




Comments should not be located at the end of lines of code




Loops should not contain more than a single "break" or "continue" statement



Variable, property and parameter names should comply with a naming convention





Lines should not end with trailing whitespaces




Strings and non-strings should not be added

Analyze your code

 Code Smell

 Minor ?

 confusing

Use a + with two numbers and you'll get addition. But use it with a string and anything else, and you'll get concatenation. This could be confusing, especially if it's not obvious that one of the operands is a string. It is recommended to explicitly convert the non-string component to make it easier to understand to future maintainers.

This rule raises an issue when + is used with a string and a non-string.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
function foo() {
  let x = 5 + 8; // okay
  let z = "8"
  return x + z; // Noncompliant; yields string "138"
}
```

Compliant Solution

```
function foo() {
  let x = 5 + 8;
  let z = "8"
  return x + Number(z);
}
```

Available In:
sonarlint | sonarcloud | sonarqube

© 2008-2022 SonarSource S.A., Switzerland. All content is copyright protected. SONAR, SONARSOURCE, SONARLINT, SONARQUBE and SONARCLOUD are trademarks of SonarSource S.A. All other trademarks and copyrights are the property of their respective owners. All rights are expressly reserved.
[Privacy Policy](#)

https://rules.sonarsource.com/typescript/RSPEC-3402

1/2

<div>Files should contain an empty newline at the end</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>An open curly brace should be located at the end of a line</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Tabulation characters should not be used</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Function and method names should comply with a naming convention</div> <div> Code Smell</div>