




 Secrets


 ABAP


 Apex


 C


 C++


 CloudFormation


 COBOL


 C#


 CSS


 Flex


 Go


 HTML


 Java


 JavaScript


 Kotlin


 Objective C


 PHP


 PL/I


 PL/SQL


 Python


 RPG


 Ruby


 Scala


 Swift


 Terraform


 Text


 **TypeScript**

 T-SQL

 VB.NET

 VB6

 XML



## TypeScript static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your TYPESCRIPT code

All rules279

Vulnerability27

Bug51

Security Hotspot43

Code Smell158

Quick Fix50

Tags ▾

Search by name... 🔍

Debugger statements should not be used

Vulnerability

Regular expressions using Unicode character classes or property escapes should enable the unicode flag

Bug

The base should be provided to "parseInt"

Bug

Function declarations should not be made within blocks

Bug

Writing cookies is security-sensitive

Security Hotspot

"continue" should not be used

Code Smell

Primitive return types should be used

Code Smell

Default type parameters should be omitted

Code Smell

Type assertions should use "as"

Code Smell

Method overloads should be grouped together

Code Smell

Interfaces should not be empty

Code Smell

Trailing commas should be used

Code Smell

"import" should be used to include

Function parameters with default values should be last

Analyze your code

Code Smell

Major

es2015

The ability to define default values for function parameters can make a function easier to use. Default parameter values allow callers to specify as many or as few arguments as they want while getting the same functionality and minimizing boilerplate, wrapper code.

But all function parameters with default values should be declared after the function parameters without default values. Otherwise, it makes it impossible for callers to take advantage of defaults; they must re-specify the defaulted values or pass undefined in order to "get to" the non-default parameters.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
function multiply(a = 1, b) { // Noncompliant
  return a*b;
}

var x = multiply(42); // returns NaN as b is undefined
```

Compliant Solution

```
function multiply(b, a = 1) {
  return a*b;
}

var x = multiply(42); // returns 42 as expected
```





Available In:

sonarlint | sonarcloud | sonarqube

© 2008-2022 SonarSource S.A., Switzerland. All content is copyright protected. SONAR, SONARSOURCE, SONARLINT, SONARQUBE and SONARCLOUD are trademarks of SonarSource S.A. All other trademarks and copyrights are the property of their respective owners. All rights are expressly reserved.  
[Privacy Policy](#)

https://rules.sonarsource.com/typescript/RSPEC-1788

1/2

<b>external code</b>  Code Smell
<b>Braces and parentheses should be used consistently with arrow functions</b>  Code Smell
<b>Destructuring syntax should be used for assignments</b>  Code Smell
<b>Template strings should be used instead of concatenation</b>  Code Smell