

Filters	Services	Directive Definition Object
<b>amount   currency[:symbol]</b> Formats a number as a currency (ie \$1,234.56).	<b>\$anchorScroll</b>	<b>name</b> {string} Name of the current scope. Optional defaults to the name at registration.
<b>date   date[:format]</b>	<b>\$cacheFactory</b> compiledHtml = <b>\$compile</b> (html)(scope)	<b>priority</b> {integer} Specifies order multiple directives apply on single DOM element (higher = first)
<b>array   filter:expression</b> Selects a subset of items from array. Expression takes <i>string Object function()</i>	<b>\$controller</b>	<b>terminal</b> {true} Current <i>priority</i> will be last set of directives to execute
<b>data   json</b> Convert a JavaScript object into JSON string.	<b>\$cookieStore</b>	<b>scope</b> {true   object} <i>True</i> - create child scope. <i>Undefined/false</i> - use parent scope. <i>{}</i> - isolate scope (with specified attributes/scope variables passed): <i>@</i> or <i>@attr</i> - bind local model to value of DOM attribute (string), <i>=</i> or <i>=attr</i> - bi-directional binding between local model and the parent scope, <i>&amp;</i> or <i>&amp;attr</i> - execute an expression in context of parent. Reference attr OR assumes model of same name
<b>array   limitTo:limit</b> Creates a new array containing only a specified number of elements in an array.	<b>\$exceptionHandler</b> (exception[, cause])	<b>controller</b> function(\$scope, \$element, \$attrs, \$transclude) Controller constructor function instantiated before pre-linking phase and shared with other directives if requested by name
<b>text   linky</b> <sup>1</sup> Finds links in text input and turns them into html links.	<b>\$filter</b> (name)	<b>require</b> {string   array[strings]} Require another controller ( <i>ngModel</i> ). Prefixes: <b>?</b> - Don't raise error. <b>^</b> - Look on parent elements too
<b>string   lowercase</b> Converts string to lowercase.	<b>\$http</b> [(options)]	<b>restrict</b> {string: 'EACM'} <b>E - Element:</b> <my-directive />. <b>A - Attribute</b> (default): <div my-directive="exp" />. <b>C - Class:</b> <div class="my-directive: exp;" />. <b>M - Comment:</b> <!-- directive: my-directive exp -->
<b>number   number[:fractionSize]</b> Formats a number as text. If the input is not a number an empty string is returned.	<b>\$httpBackend</b>	
<b>array   orderBy:predicate[:reverse]</b> Predicate is function(*) string Array. Reverse is boolean	<b>\$injector</b>	
<b>string   uppercase</b> Converts string to uppercase.	<b>\$interpolate</b> (text[, mustHaveExpression])	
You can inject the \$filter service and do <i>\$filter('filterName')(value[, :optionalParam][, :optionalParam])</i> in use it in your javascript. <sup>1</sup> Requires ngSanitize Module	<b>\$locale</b>	
	<b>\$location</b>	
	<b>\$log</b>	
	<b>\$parse</b> (expression)	
	<b>\$provide</b>	
	<b>\$q</b>	
	<b>\$resource</b> (url[, paramDefaults][, actions])	
	<b>\$rootElement</b>	
	<b>\$rootScope</b>	
	<b>\$route</b>	
	<b>\$routeParams</b>	
	<b>\$routeProvider</b>	
	<b>\$sanitize</b> (html)	
	<b>\$scope</b> See <i>\$rootScope</i>	
	<b>\$templateCache</b>	
	<b>\$timeout</b> (fn[, delay][, invokeApply])	
	<b>\$window</b>	

## Directive Definition Object (cont)

### **template** {string}

Replace current element with contents and migrates all attributes / classes

### **templateUrl** {string}

Same as *template* but the template is loaded from the specified URL

### **replace** {boolean}

*true*: template replaces element instead of appending

### **transclude** {boolean}

Compiles contents on parent (pre-isolate) scope. Usually used with ngTransclude & templates.

### **compile** function(tElement, tAttrs, fn

*transclude*(function(scope, cloneLinkingFn) ) returns *link*()

For transforming the template (rare, run once per template instance).

### **link** function(scope, iElement, iAttrs, controller)

Executed after template is cloned (run once per clone). Contains most logic (DOM listeners, etc). *Controller* can be an array.

<http://docs.angularjs.org/guide/directive>

## Directives

**ng-app**="plaintext"

**ng-bind[-html-unsafe]**="expression"

**ng-bind-**

**template**="string{{expression}}string{{expression}}"

**ng-change**="expression"

**ng-checked**="boolean"

**ng-class[-even/-odd]**="string|object"

**ng-[dbl]click**="expression"

**ng-cloak**="boolean"

## Directives (cont)

**ng-controller**="plaintext"

<html **ng-csp**> (Content Security Policy)

**ng-disabled**="boolean"

<form|**ng-form** name="plaintext"> | **ng-form**="plaintext"

**ng-hide|show**="boolean"

**ng-href**="plaintext{{string}}"

**ng-include**="string"|<**ng-include** src="string" onload="expression" autoscroll="expression">

**ng-init**="expression"

<input **ng-pattern**="regex/" **ng-minlength** **ng-maxlength** **ng-required**

<input **ng-list**="delimiter|regex">

<input type="checkbox" **ng-true-value**="plaintext" **ng-false-value**="plaintext">

**ng-model**="expression"

**ng-mousedown**="expression"

**ng-mouseenter**="expression"

**ng-mouseleave**="expression"

**ng-mousemove**="expression"

**ng-mouseover**="expression"

**ng-mouseup**="expression"

<select **ng-multiple**>

**ng-non-bindable**

**ng-options**="select [as label] [group by group] for ([key,] value) in object|array"

**ng-pluralize**|<**ng-pluralize** count="number" when="object" *offset*="number">

**ng-readonly**="expression"

**ng-repeat**="( [key,] value) in object|array"

<option **ng-selected**="boolean">

**ng-src**="string"

**ng-style**="string|object"

**ng-submit**="expression"

**ng-switch**="expression"|<**ng-switch** on="expression">

**ng-switch-when**="plaintext"

**ng-switch-default**

**ng-transclude** templates

**ng-view**|<**ng-view**>

## Directives (cont)

**ng-bind-html**="expression"

**Bold** means the actual directive

*Italics* mean optional

Pipes mean either/or

Plaintext means no string encapsulation

Superscript means notes or context

<Brackets> mean tag compitibility

Lack of <brackets> means the attribute can apply to any tag

## Module

### **config**(configFn)

Use this method to register work which needs to be performed on module loading.

### **constant**(name, object)

Because the constant are fixed, they get applied before other provide methods.

### **controller**(name, constructor)

### **directive**(name, directiveFactory)

### **factory**(name, providerFunction)

### **filter**(name, filterFactory)

### **provider**(name, providerType)

### **run**(initializationFn)

Use this method to register work which needs to be performed when the injector with with the current module is finished loading.

### **service**(name, constructor)

value(name, object)

### **name**

Name of the module.

Holds the list of modules which the injector will load before the current module is loaded.

<http://docs.angularjs.org/api/angular.Module>

Scope Properties and Methods
<b>\$root</b> or <b>\$rootScope</b>   Move to the top-most \$scope (ng-app)
<b>\$parent</b>   Move to the immediate parent of the current \$scope
<b>\$id</b>   Auto generated Unique ID
<b>\$destroy (event)</b>   Broadcasted when a scope and its children are being destroyed
<b>\$apply(exp)</b>   Executes logic within the AngularJS context and refreshes all models checks.
<b>\$broadcast(name, args)</b>   Dispatches an event name downwards to all child scopes
<b>\$destroy()</b>   Removes the current scope (and all of its children) from the parent scope
<b>\$digest()</b>   Process all of the watchers of the current scope and its children. Since watchers can change models, they will continue firing until all changes stop. <b>BEWARE OF RECURSIVE CODE</b>
<b>\$emit(name, args)</b>   Dispatches an event name upwards through the scope hierarchy
<b>\$eval(expression)</b>   Executes the expression on the current scope and returns the result

Scope Properties and Methods (cont)
<b>\$evalAsync(expression)</b>   Executes the expression on the current scope at a later point in time
<b>\$new(isolate)</b>   Creates a new child scope
<b>\$on(name, listener)</b>   Listens on events of a given type
<b>\$watch(watchExp, listener(newVal, oldVal, scope), objectEquality)</b>   Watch a model (exp) for changes and fires the listener callback. Pass <i>true</i> as a third argument to watch an object's properties too.
The following directives create child scopes: <i>ngInclude, ngSwitch, ngRepeat, ngController, uiif</i> . Calls to the same <i>ngController</i> will create multiple instances and <b>do not</b> share scopes. Remember to traverse up the tree to affect <i>primitives</i> on the intended scope: <i>ng-click="\$parent.showPage=true"</i>
Global Functions
<b>angular.bind(self, fn, args)</b>   Returns a function which calls function fn bound to self (self becomes the this for fn).
<b>angular.bootstrap(element[, modules])</b>   Use this function to manually start up angular application.
<b>angular.copy(source[, destination])</b>   Creates a deep copy of source, which should be an object or an array.
<b>angular.element(element)</b>   Wraps a raw DOM element or HTML string as a jQuery element.

Global Functions (cont)
<b>angular.equals(o1, o2)</b>   Determines if two objects or two values are equivalent.
<b>angular.extend(dst, src)</b>   Extends the destination object dst by copying all of the properties from the src object(s) to dst.
<b>angular.forEach(obj, iterator[, context])</b>   Invokes the iterator function once for each item in obj collection, which can be either an object or an array.
<b>angular.fromJson(json)</b>   Deserializes a JSON string.
<b>angular.identity()</b>   A function that returns its first argument. This function is useful when writing code in the functional style.
<b>angular.injector(modules)</b>   Creates an injector function that can be used for retrieving services as well as for dependency injection.
<b>angular.isArray(value)</b>   Determines if a reference is an Array.
<b>angular.isDate(value)</b>   Determines if a value is a date.
<b>angular.isDefined(value)</b>   Determines if a reference is defined.
<b>angular.isElement(value)</b>   Determines if a reference is a DOM element (or wrapped jQuery element).
<b>angular.isFunction(value)</b>   Determines if a reference is a Function.

Global Functions (cont)
<b>angular.isNumber(value)</b> Determines if a reference is a Number.
<b>angular.isObject(value)</b> Determines if a reference is an Object. Unlike typeof in JavaScript, nulls are not considered to be objects.
<b>angular.isString(value)</b> Determines if a reference is a String.
<b>angular.isUndefined(value)</b> Determines if a reference is undefined.
<b>angular.lowercase(string)</b> Converts the specified string to lowercase.
<b>angular.mock</b> Namespace from 'angular-mocks.js' which contains testing related code.
<b>angular.module(name[, requires], configFn)</b> The angular.module is a global place for creating and registering Angular modules. Requires argument always creates a new module.
<b>angular.noop()</b> A function that performs no operations.
<b>angular.toJson(obj[, pretty])</b> Serializes input into a JSON-formatted string.
<b>angular.uppercase(string)</b> Converts the specified string to uppercase.
<b>angular.version</b> An object that contains information about the current AngularJS version.

FormController
\$pristine
\$dirty
\$valid
\$invalid
\$error
<a href="http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.directive:form.FormController">http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.directive:form.FormController</a>
NgModelController
\$render() Called when the view needs to be updated. It is expected that the user of the ng-model directive will implement this method.
\$setValidity(validationErrorKey, isValid)
\$setViewValue(value)
\$viewValue mixed
\$modelValue mixed
\$parsers array of function after reading val from DOM to sanitize / convert / validate the value
\$formatters array of functions to convert / validate the value
\$error object
\$pristine boolean
\$dirty boolean
\$valid boolean
\$invalid boolean
<a href="http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.directive:ngModel.NgModelController">http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.directive:ngModel.NgModelController</a>

Deferred and Promise
<b>\$q.all([array of promises])</b> Creates a Deferred object which represents a task which will finish in the future.
<b>\$q.defer()</b> Creates a Deferred object which represents a task which will finish in the future.
<b>\$q.reject(reason)</b> Creates a promise that is resolved as rejected with the specified reason
<b>\$q.when(value)</b> Wraps an object that might be a value or a (3rd party) then-able promise into a \$q promise
<b>Deferred.resolve(value)</b> Resolves the derived promise with the value
<b>Deferred.reject(reason)</b> Rejects the derived promise with the reason
<b>Deferred.promise</b> Promise object associated with this deferred
<b>Promise.then(successCallback, errorCallback)</b>
<a href="http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.\$q">http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ng.\$q</a>