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Python static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your PYTHON code

All rules 216

Vulnerability 29

Bug 55

Security Hotspot 31

Code Smell 101

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authenticated
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Cryptographic key generation should be based on strong parameters
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Weak SSL/TLS protocols should not be used
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Cipher Block Chaining IVs should be unpredictable
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Regular expressions should not be vulnerable to Denial of Service attacks
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Hashes should include an unpredictable salt
<div>Vulnerability</div>
Regex lookahead assertions should not be contradictory
<div>Bug</div>
Regex boundaries should not be used in a way that can never be matched
<div>Bug</div>
Exceptions' "__cause__" should be either an Exception or None
<div>Bug</div>
"break" and "continue" should not be used outside a loop
<div>Bug</div>
Break, continue and return statements should not occur in "finally" blocks
<div>Bug</div>
Allowing public ACLs or policies on a S3 bucket is security-sensitive

Function arguments should be passed only once

Analyze your code

Bug

Blocker

When a function is called, it accepts only one value per parameter. Python interpreters will raise a SyntaxError when they see something like `myfunction(a=1, a=2)`, but there are other cases which will only fail at runtime:

- An argument is provided by value and position at the same time.
- Some arguments are provided via unpacking and the same argument is provided twice.

This rule raises an issue when a function is called with multiple values for the same parameter.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
def func(a, b, c):  
    return a * b * c  
  
func(6, 93, 31, c=62) # Noncompliant: argument "c" is d  
  
params = {'c':31}  
func(6, 93, 31, **params) # Noncompliant: argument "c"  
func(6, 93, c=62, **params) # Noncompliant: argument "c"
```


Compliant Solution

```
def func(a, b, c):  
    return a * b * c  
  
print(func(c=31, b=93, a=6)) # Compliant
```


Available In:

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Security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot


Using publicly writable directories is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Using clear-text protocols is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Expanding archive files without controlling resource consumption is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Signalling processes is security-sensitive