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# Python static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your PYTHON code

All rules 216


 Vulnerability 29












 Bug 55

 Security Hotspot 31

 Code Smell 101

Tags ▾

Search by name... 


Doubled prefix operators "not" and "~" should not be used

The "print" statement should not be used

"<>" should not be used to test inequality

Two branches in a conditional structure should not have exactly the same implementation

Unused assignments should be removed

A field should not duplicate the name of its containing class

Function names should comply with a naming convention

Functions and lambdas should not reference variables defined in enclosing loops

Sections of code should not be commented out

Unused function parameters should be removed

Unused class-private methods should

## Custom Exception classes should inherit from "Exception" or one of its subclasses

Analyze your code

 Code Smell

 Critical 

`SystemExit` is raised when `sys.exit()` is called. `KeyboardInterrupt` is raised when the user asks the program to stop by pressing interrupt keys. Both exceptions are expected to propagate up until the application stops.

In order to avoid catching `SystemExit` and `KeyboardInterrupt` by mistake [PEP-352](#) created the root class `BaseException` from which `SystemExit`, `KeyboardInterrupt` and `Exception` derive. Thus developers can use `except Exception:` without preventing the software from stopping.

The `GeneratorExit` class also derives from `BaseException` as it is not really an error and is not supposed to be caught by user code.

As said in [Python's documentation](#), user-defined exceptions are not supposed to inherit directly from `BaseException`. They should instead inherit from `Exception` or one of its subclasses.

This rule raises an issue when a class derives from one of the following exception classes: `BaseException`, `KeyboardInterrupt`, `SystemExit` or `GeneratorExit`.

### Noncompliant Code Example

```
class MyException(BaseException): # Noncompliant
    pass

class MyException(GeneratorExit): # Noncompliant
    pass

class MyException(KeyboardInterrupt): # Noncompliant
    pass

class MyException(SystemExit): # Noncompliant
    pass
```

### Compliant Solution


```
class MyException(Exception):
    pass
```

### See


- [PEP 352 – Required Superclass for Exceptions](#)
- [Python Documentation - BaseException class](#)

Available In:


be removed

 Code Smell


Track uses of "FIXME" tags

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"Exception" and "BaseException"  
should not be raised

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Redundant pairs of parentheses  
should be removed

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Nested blocks of code should not be  
left empty

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