object.\_\_**init**\_\_(*self*[, ...])

Called after the instance has been created (by \_\_new\_\_()), but before it is returned to the caller. The arguments are those passed to the class constructor expression. If a base class has an \_\_init\_\_() method, the derived class's \_\_init\_\_() method, if any, must explicitly call it to ensure proper initialization of the base class part of the instance; for example:BaseClass.\_\_init\_\_(self,[args...]).

Because \_\_new\_\_() and\_\_init\_\_() work together in constructing objects (\_\_new\_\_() to create it, and\_\_init\_\_() to customise it), no non-None value may be returned by \_\_init\_\_(); doing so will cause a TypeError to be raised at runtime.