

## abstract base class

Abstract base classes complement [duck-typing](#) by providing a way to define interfaces when other techniques like [hasattr\(\)](#) would be clumsy or subtly wrong (for example with [magic methods](#)). ABCs introduce virtual subclasses, which are classes that don't inherit from a class but are still recognized by [isinstance\(\)](#) and [issubclass\(\)](#); see the [abc](#) module documentation. Python comes with many built-in ABCs for data structures (in the [collections](#) module), numbers (in the [numbers](#) module), and streams (in the [io](#) module). You can create your own ABCs with the [abc](#) module.