

-  Secrets
-  ABAP
-  Apex
-  C
-  C++
-  CloudFormation
-  COBOL
-  C#
-  CSS
-  Flex
-  Go
-  HTML
-  Java
-  JavaScript
-  Kotlin
-  Objective C
-  PHP
-  PL/I
-  PL/SQL
-  Python
-  RPG
-  Ruby
-  Scala
-  Swift
-  Terraform
-  Text
-  TypeScript
-  T-SQL
-  VB.NET
-  VB6
-  XML



Python static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your PYTHON code

All rules 216


 Vulnerability 29












 Bug 55

 Security Hotspot 31

 Code Smell 101

Tags ▾

Search by name... 

 Vulnerability
Weak SSL/TLS protocols should not be used
 Vulnerability
Cipher Block Chaining IVs should be unpredictable
 Vulnerability
Regular expressions should not be vulnerable to Denial of Service attacks
 Vulnerability
Hashes should include an unpredictable salt
 Vulnerability
Regex lookahead assertions should not be contradictory
 Bug
Regex boundaries should not be used in a way that can never be matched
 Bug
Exceptions' "__cause__" should be either an Exception or None
 Bug
"break" and "continue" should not be used outside a loop
 Bug
Break, continue and return statements should not occur in "finally" blocks
 Bug
Allowing public ACLs or policies on a S3 bucket is security-sensitive
 Security Hotspot
Using publicly writable directories is security-sensitive

Iterable unpacking, "for-in" loops and "yield from" should use an Iterable object

Analyze your code

 Bug

 Blocker



For-in loops, yield from and iterable unpacking only work with iterable objects. In order to be iterable, an object should have either an __iter__ method or a __getitem__ method implementing the Sequence semantic.

Note also that iterating over an asynchronous iterable, i.e. an object having the __aiter__ method, requires the use of async for ... in instead of for ... in.

This rule raises an issue when a non iterable object is used in a for-in loop, in a yield from or when it is unpacked.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
class Empty:
    pass

empty = Empty()

for a in empty: # Noncompliant
    print(a)

a, b, c = empty # Noncompliant

print(*empty) # Noncompliant

[1, 2, 3, *empty] # Noncompliant

# yield from
def generator():
    yield from Empty() # Noncompliant

# async generators
async def async_generator():
    yield 1

a, *rest = async_generator() # Noncompliant
for a in async_generator(): # Noncompliant; "async" is
    print(a)
```

Compliant Solution

```
class MyIterable:
    def __init__(self, values):
        self._values = values


    def __iter__(self):
        return iter(self._values)
```

 Security Hotspot

Using clear-text protocols is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Expanding archive files without controlling resource consumption is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Signalling processes is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

Configuring loggers is security-sensitive

 Security Hotspot

```
my_iterable = MyIterable(range(10))

for a in my_iterable:
    print(a)

a, b, *c = my_iterable

print(*my_iterable)

[1, 2, 3, *my_iterable]

# yield from
def generator():
    yield from subgenerator()

def subgenerator():
    yield 1

# async generators
async def async_generator():
    yield 1

async for a in async_generator():
    print(a)
```

See

- [PEP 234 - Iterators](#)
- [Python documentation - Iterator Types](#)

Available In:

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