28.3. __builtin_ — Built-in objects

This module provides direct access to all 'built-in' identifiers of Python; for example, __builtin_.open is the full name for the built-in function open(). See Built-in Functions and Built-in Constants for documentation.

This module is not normally accessed explicitly by most applications, but can be useful in modules that provide objects with the same name as a built-in value, but in which the built-in of that name is also needed. For example, in a module that wants to implement an <code>open()</code> function that wraps the built-in <code>open()</code>, this module can be used directly:

```
import __builtin__

def open(path):
    f = __builtin__.open(path, 'r')
    return UpperCaser(f)

class UpperCaser:
    '''Wrapper around a file that converts output to upper-case.'''

def __init__(self, f):
    self._f = f

def read(self, count=-1):
    return self._f.read(count).upper()

# ...
```

CPython implementation detail: Most modules have the name __builtins__ (note the 's') made available as part of their globals. The value of __builtins__ is normally either this module or the value of this modules's __dict__ attribute. Since this is an implementation detail, it may not be used by alternate implementations of Python.