Introduction
Set up
Prepare the app
Deploy the app
View logs
Define a Procfile
Scale the app
Declare app dependencies
Run the app locally
Push local changes
Provision add-ons
Start a one-off dyno
Define config vars
Use a database

## **View logs**

Next steps

Heroku treats logs as streams of time-ordered events aggregated from the output streams of all your app and Heroku components, providing a single channel for all of the events.

View information about your running app using one of the logging commands, heroku logs --tail:

```
> heroku logs --tail
2014-07-07T11:42:26.829065+00:00 heroku[web.1]: Starting process with command `bundle exec puma -t 5:5 -p ${PORT:-3000} -e ${RACK_ENV: 2014-07-07T11:42:35.334415+00:00 app[web.1]: I, [2014-07-07T11:42:35.334301 #2] INFO --: listening on addr=0.0.0.0:19146 fd=9
2014-07-07T11:42:35.707657+00:00 app[web.1]: I, [2014-07-07T11:42:35.707293 #5] INFO --: worker=0 ready
2014-07-07T11:42:35.772074+00:00 app[web.1]: I, [2014-07-07T11:42:35.771727 #11] INFO --: worker=2 ready
2014-07-07T11:42:35.767750+00:00 app[web.1]: I, [2014-07-07T11:42:35.764688 #2] INFO --: master process ready
2014-07-07T11:42:35.777268+00:00 app[web.1]: I, [2014-07-07T11:42:35.777006 #8] INFO --: worker=1 ready
2014-07-07T11:42:35.618291+00:00 heroku[web.1]: State changed from starting to up
```

Visit your application in the browser again, and you'll see another log message generated.

Press Control + C to stop streaming the logs.

Log in to report a problem (/login?back\_to=%2Farticles%2Fgetting-started-with-jruby%23view-logs)

(Log in (/login?back\_to=%2Farticles%2Fgetting-started-with-jruby%23view-logs) to save and track your progress)

I've learned how to see my logs (view-logs)