First Principles



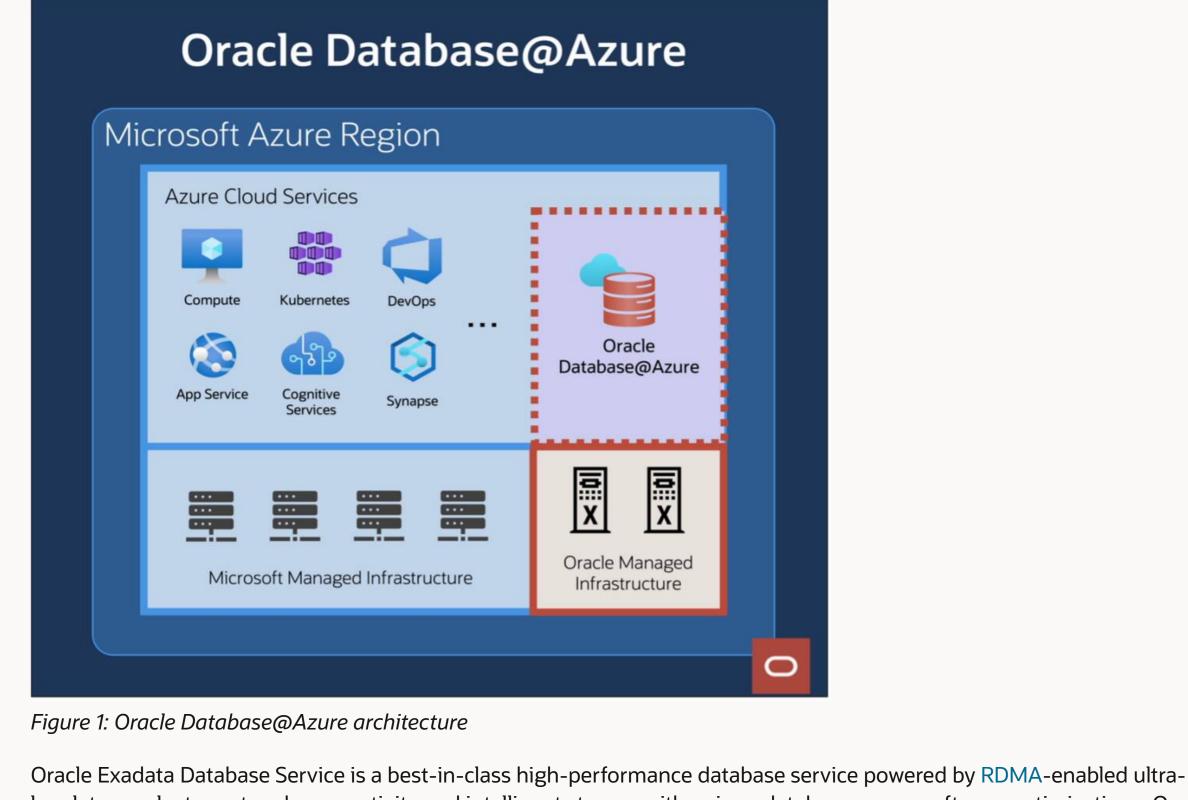
First Principles: Powering mission critical applications with Oracle Database@Azure

December 13, 2023 | 6 minute read

Oracle Database@Azure

they are and can use cloud services from multiple cloud providers in a seamless fashion. With multicloud strategy, customers always win. OCI and Microsoft Azure have partnered together to make it easier for customers to apply the power of Oracle Database services in the Azure environment with Oracle Database@Azure. You now have a simple way to use high performance Oracle Exadata Database Service and Oracle Autonomous Database directly from your applications all within Azure data centers.

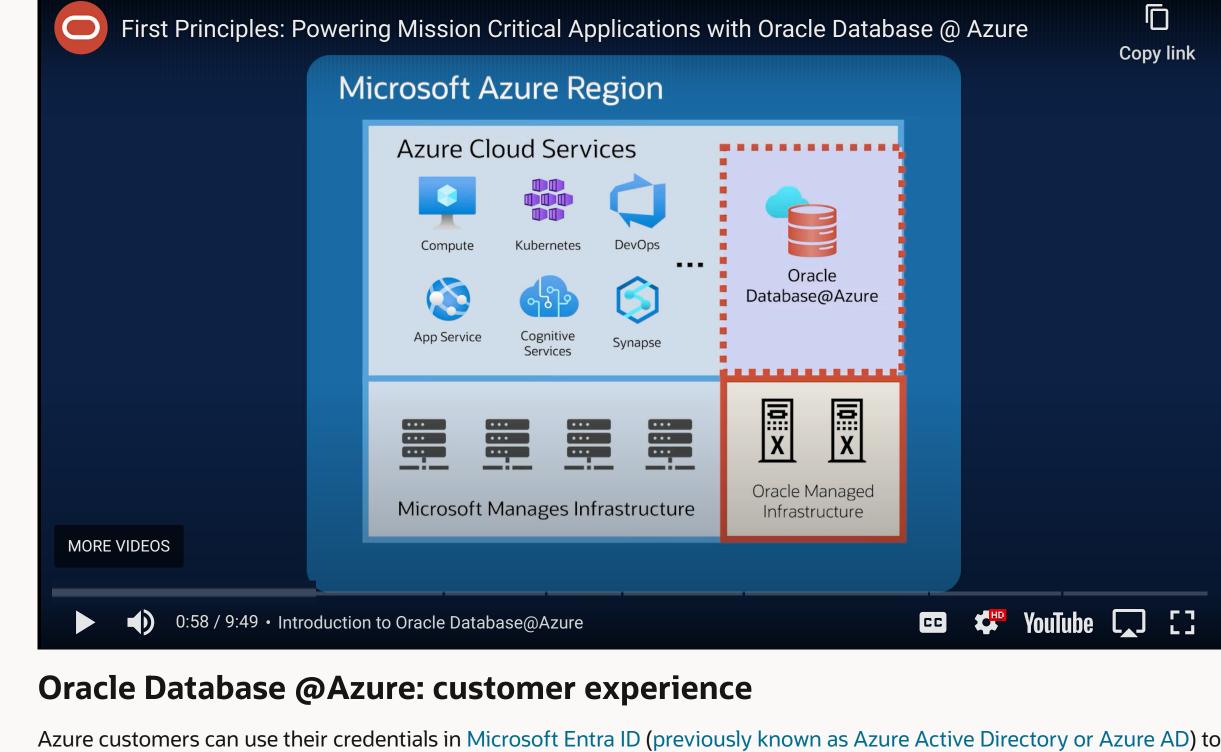
At Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI), we believe that our customers must have access to our best-in-class services where



low-latency cluster network connectivity and intelligent storage with unique database-aware software optimizations. Oracle Autonomous Database is built on top of the Exadata Database Service and brings all the benefits of Exadata along with

automation that removes mundane database patching and operational activities so that the customers can focus on developing their applications. Oracle Database@Azure services are essentially OCI services with Azure-native customer experience, physically hosted inside the Azure data centers with direct private network connectivity from Oracle Database Services in Azure datacenter to Azure network. Oracle Database@Azure provides the same high performance, scale, security, availability, and automation

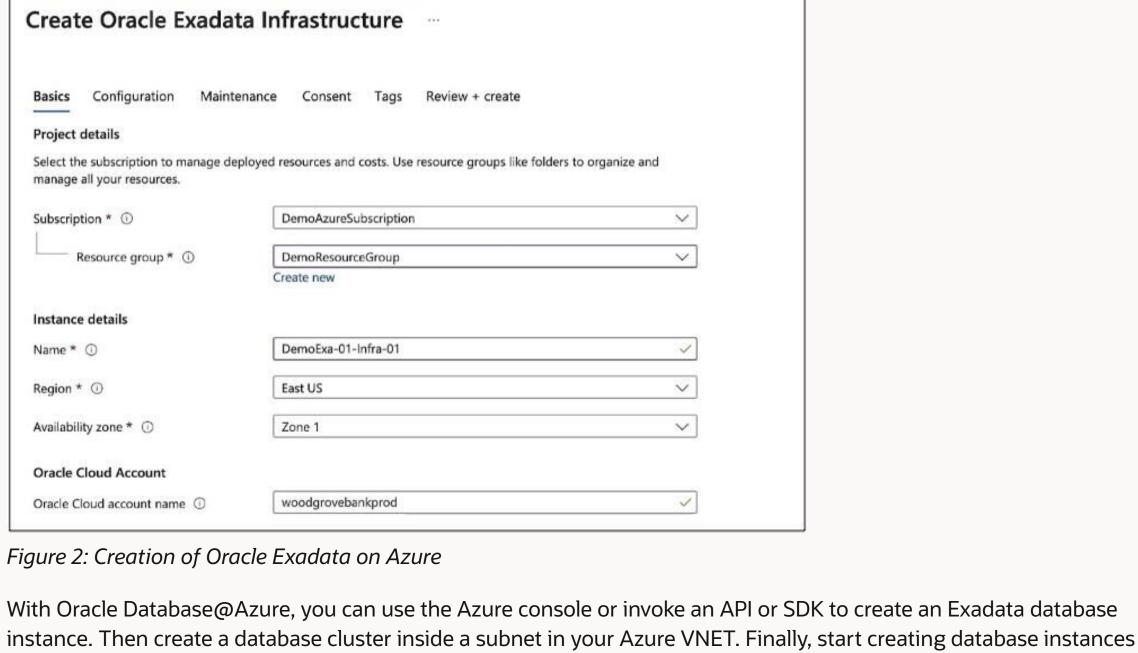
as the equivalent OCI database services. Watch the video for the cloud architecture highlights behind Oracle Database@Azure.



software developer kits (SDKs), and APIs. You simply pay for the Oracle Database services using the Azure commercial relationship.

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and Home > Oracle Database@Azure | Oracle Exadata Database@Azure > Create Oracle Exadata Infrastructure

deploy and manage Oracle Database@Azure services through their existing Azure portal and Azure developer tools,



The database is then presented in the your designated Azure subnet through private IP addresses. Customer-owned Azure

through the Oracle Cloud Console.

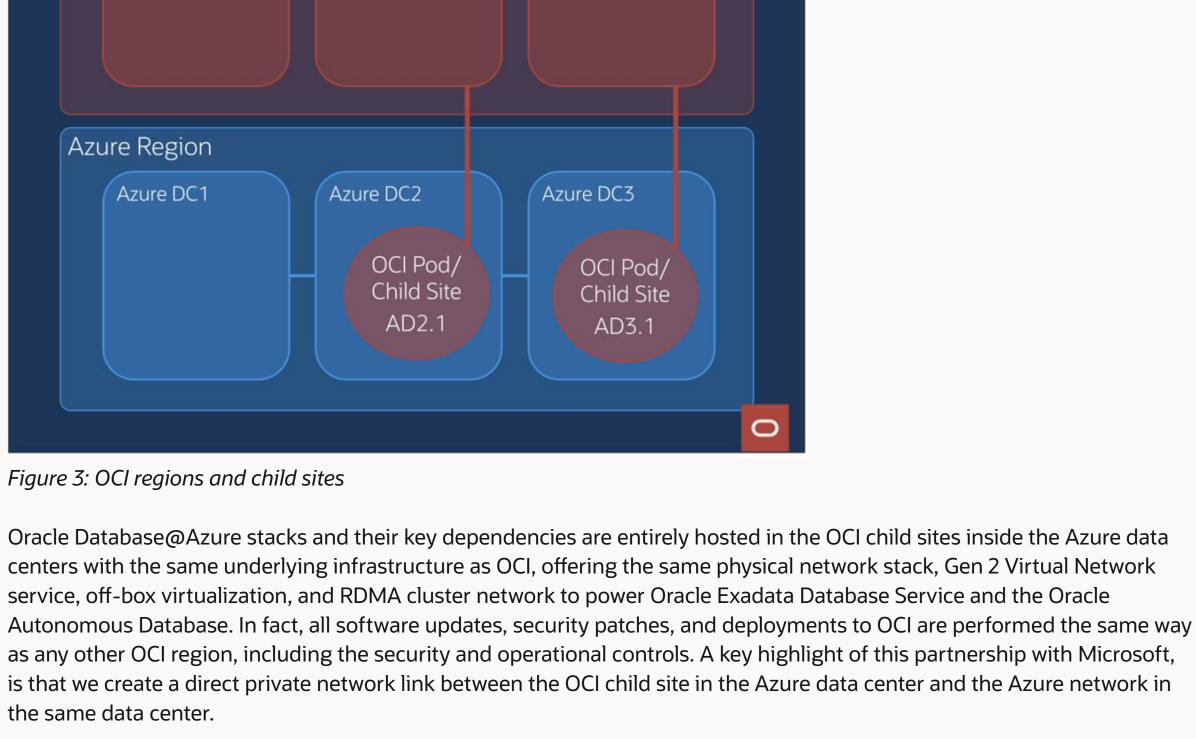
OCI Region

AD1

resources, including virtual machines (VMs) and business intelligence (BI) services, can connect to your databases using the assigned private IP addresses. **Oracle Database @Azure high-level architecture**

AD3

An OCI region contains one or three availability domains. Each availability domain can have one or more data center sites with child DC sites acting as an extension of the OCI availability domain fabric. The child sites of a region are an integral part of OCI. For Oracle Database@Azure, we built child sites inside Azure data centers, and connect them to a specific OCI region that's closest in terms of physical distance and network distance.

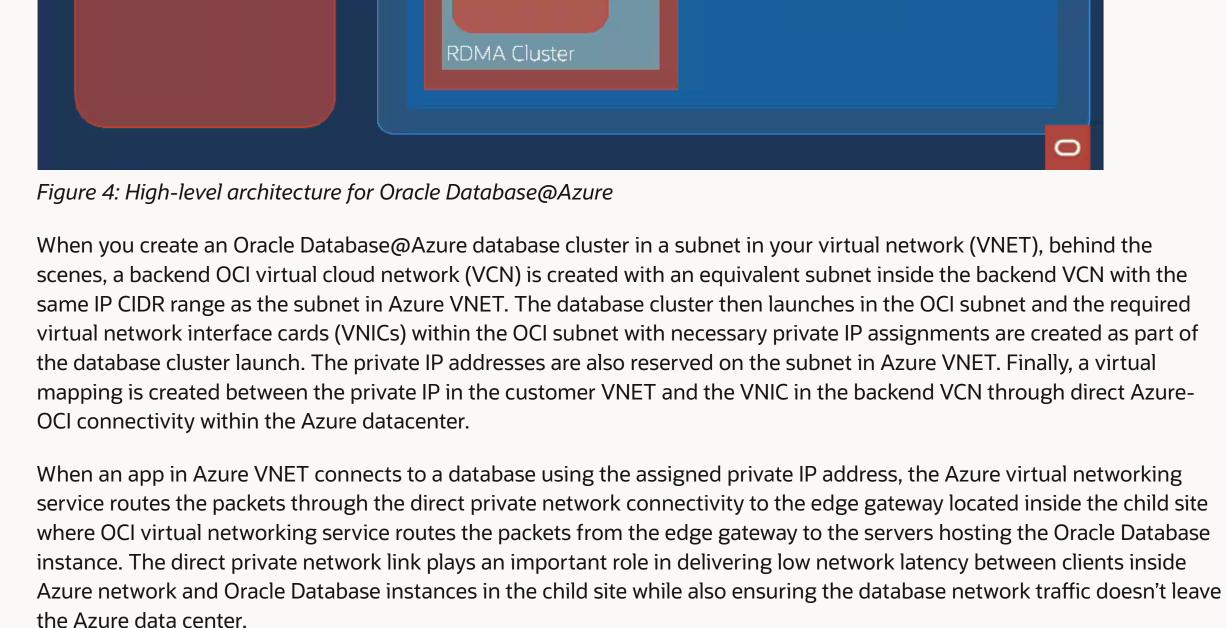


Azure Region

AD2

OCI Home Region

Azure DC OCI Pod/Child Site Customer VNET Customer VCN App Subnet Exadata Subnet Exadata Exadata App VNIC Private IP Oracle Database@Azure



Provider. The resource provider performs the appropriate translation, AuthZ and AuthN, and invokes the Exadata Database control plane, which is responsible for creating and managing the Exadata Database instance. To make the customer experience seamless, as part of initial setup, OCI can create a federation between the Microsoft Entra ID and OCI Identity and Access Management (IAM) service. This integration allows you to continue using Microsoft Entra ID for identity

management. When you invoke API calls on your Oracle Database@Azure resources, the corresponding downstream OCI

Azure

Azure

Portal

Customer

The OCI VCN and subnet are invisible to Azure customers through the Azure console. They're hidden implementation

Let's better understand what happens when you provision an Exadata Database instance through the Azure console. You

first create an Exadata infrastructure, and then an Exadata VM Cluster in Azure Console. After the VM cluster is created,

The Azure console invokes the Azure Resource Manager, which routes the API call to Oracle Database@Azure Resource

Customer VNET App Subnet Exadata Subnet Exadata Exadata App VNIC Private IP OCI Oracle Database@Azure Control Plane RDMA Cluster App

Oracle.Database Resource Resource Provider Manager OCI Pod/Child Site Customer VCN

Azure Region

Azure DC

API calls uses the federated identity for authentication purposes.

OCI Home Region

details that customers don't have to worry about.

Oracle Database@Azure native integration

from OCI, you will then be able to create Exadata database instance.

Azure DC 0 Figure 5: High-level Oracle Database@Azure native integration **Conclusion**

Database@Azure provides Oracle Database services physically hosted in Azure data centers with an Azure-native customer

pushed us to think differently about designing our cloud platform. We have more of these engineering deep dives as part of

The OCI-Azure partnership has evolved to provide one of the best multicloud experiences in the industry. Oracle

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Engineering handles the most demanding workloads for enterprise customers, which has

• Oracle Database@Azure now Generally Available in Azure East US Region to accelerate your data center exit

experience and ultra-low latency between the Azure resources and the Oracle Database@Azure.

this First Principles series, hosted by Pradeep Vincent and other experienced engineers at Oracle.

• Oracle and Microsoft expand partnership to deliver Oracle database services in Azure

Learn



For more information, see the following resources:

© 2024 Oracle Privacy / Do Not Sell My Info Cookie Preferences Ad Choices Careers

What's New

Contact Us

US Sales 1.800.633.0738