

PL/SQL static code analysis: Weak "REF CURSOR" types should not be used

2 minutes

Weak REF CURSOR types are harder to work with than ones with a return type. Indeed, the compiler's type-checker is unable to make some verifications, which are then delayed till runtime.

When the use of weak REF CURSOR is required, it is best to use the SYS_REFCURSOR built-in type instead of defining a new one.

This rule's sysRefCursorAllowed parameter can be used to control whether or not the usage of SYS_REFCURSOR is allowed.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
DECLARE
```

```
    TYPE dualCursorType IS REF CURSOR;                                --
```

Noncompliant

```
    dualCursor dualCursorType;
```

```
    otherCursor SYS_REFCURSOR;                                        --
```

Compliant or non-compliant, depending on the
"sysRefCursorAllowed" parameter

```
BEGIN
```

```
    otherCursor := dualCursor;                                        -- Works
```

```
END;
```

/

Compliant Solution

DECLARE

TYPE dualCursorType IS REF CURSOR RETURN
DUAL%ROWTYPE;

dualCursor dualCursorType;

TYPE otherCursorType IS REF CURSOR RETURN
a%ROWTYPE;

otherCursor otherCursorType;

BEGIN

otherCursor := dualCursor; -- raises

PLS-00382: expression is of wrong type, which makes
debugging easier

END;

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