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# Objective C static code analysis

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your OBJECTIVE C code

- All rules** 315
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"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data
 Vulnerability
POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows
 Vulnerability
Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments
 Bug
The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed
 Bug
"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice
 Bug
Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return
 Bug
"memcmp" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding
 Bug
Stack allocated memory and non-owned memory should not be freed
 Bug
Closed resources should not be accessed
 Bug
Dynamically allocated memory should be released
 Bug

## "switch" statements should cover all cases

Analyze your code

 Code Smell

 Major



 suspicious

For completeness, a `switch` over the values of an `enum` must either address each value in the `enum` or contain a default case. `switch` statements that are not over `enum` must end with a default case.

This rule is a more nuanced version of {rule:cpp:S131}. Use {rule:cpp:S131} if you want to require a default case for every `switch` even if it already handles all enumerators of an `enum`. Otherwise, use this rule.

### Noncompliant Code Example

```
typedef enum {APPLE, GRAPE, KIWI} fruit;

void example(fruit f, int i) {
    switch (f) { // Noncompliant; no case for KIWI
        case APPLE:
            //...
        case GRAPE:
            //...
        case 3: // Noncompliant; case value not in enum
            // ...
    }

    switch (i) { // Noncompliant; no default
        case 0:
            // ...
        case 1:
            // ...
    }
}
```

### Compliant Solution

```
typedef enum {APPLE, GRAPE, KIWI} fruit;

void example(fruit f) {
    switch (f) {
        case APPLE:
            //...
        case GRAPE:
            //...
        default:
            // ...
    }

    switch (i) {
        case 0:
            // ...
        case 1:
            // ...
        default:
            // ...
    }
}
```

or

```
typedef enum {APPLE, GRAPE, KIWI} fruit;
```

<div>Freed memory should not be used</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Memory locations should not be released more than once</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Memory access should be explicitly bounded to prevent buffer overflows</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Printf-style format strings should not lead to unexpected behavior at runtime</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Recursion should not be infinite</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Resources should be closed</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Hard-coded credentials are security-sensitive</div> <div> Security Hotspot</div>
<div>"goto" should jump to labels declared later in the same function</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Only standard forms of the "defined" directive should be used</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Switch labels should not be nested inside non-switch blocks</div> <div> Code Smell</div>

```
void example(fruit f) {
    switch (f) {
        case APPLE:
            //...
        case GRAPE:
            //...
        case KIWI:
            //...
    }

    switch (i) {
        case 0:
        case 1:
            // ...
        default:
            // ...
    }
}
```

See

- [C++ Core Guidelines - Enum.2](#) - Use enumerations to represent sets of related named constants

See Also

- {rule:cpp:S131}

Available In:

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