



Apex Apex

**C** C

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VB VB.NET

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XML XML



# **Objective C static code analysis**

Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your OBJECTIVE C code

All 315 rules Vulnerability 10

**∰** Bug 75

Security Hotspot

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Quick 13
Fix

Tags

Using "strlen" or "wcslen" is

Search by name...

"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data

**6** Vulnerability

POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows

■ Vulnerability

Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments

📆 Bug

The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist

📆 Bug

"pthread\_mutex\_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked

📆 Bug

"pthread\_mutex\_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed

🛊 Bug

"pthread\_mutex\_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice

🕀 Bug

Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return

📆 Bug

"memcmp" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding

📆 Bug

Stack allocated memory and nonowned memory should not be freed

🕦 Bug

Closed resources should not be accessed

📆 Bug

Dynamically allocated memory should be released

📆 Bug



Analyze your code

The function size\_t strlen(const char \*s) measures the length of the string s (excluding the final null character).

The function  $size\_t$  wcslen(const  $wchar\_t$  \*s) does the same for wide characters, and should be used with the same guidelines.

Similarly to many other functions in the standard C libraries, strlen and wcslen assume that their argument is not a null pointer.

Additionally, they expect the strings to be null-terminated. For example, the 5-letter string "abcde" must be stored in memory as "abcde\0" (i.e. using 6 characters) to be processed correctly. When a string is missing the null character at the end, these functions will iterate past the end of the buffer, which is undefined behavior.

Therefore, string parameters must end with a proper null character. The absence of this particular character can lead to security vulnerabilities that allow, for example, access to sensitive data or the execution of arbitrary code.

### Ask Yourself Whether

- There is a possibility that the pointer is null.
- There is a possibility that the string is not correctly null-terminated.

There is a risk if you answered yes to any of those questions.

## **Recommended Secure Coding Practices**

• Use safer functions. The C11 functions strlen\_s and wcslen\_s from annex K handle typical programming errors.

Note, however, that they have a runtime overhead and require more code for error handling and therefore are not suited to every case.

- Even if your compiler does not exactly support annex K, you probably have access to similar functions.
- If you are writing C++ code, using std::string to manipulate strings is much simpler and less error-prone.

#### **Sensitive Code Example**

```
size_t f(char *src) {
  char dest[256];
  strncpy(dest, src, sizeof dest); // Truncation may happen
  return strlen(dest); // Sensitive: "dest" will not be null-
}
```

#### **Compliant Solution**

```
size_t f(char *src) {
  char dest[256];
  strncpy(dest, src, sizeof dest); // Truncation may happen
  dest[sizeof dest - 1] = 0;
  return strlen(dest); // Compliant: "dest" is guaranteed to
}
```

#### See

- MITRE, CWE-120 Buffer Copy without Checking Size of Input ('Classic Buffer Overflow')
- CERT, STR07-C. Use the bounds-checking interfaces for string manipulation

Freed memory should not be used 📆 Bug Memory locations should not be released more than once 📆 Bug Memory access should be explicitly bounded to prevent buffer overflows 📆 Bug Printf-style format strings should not lead to unexpected behavior at runtime 📆 Bug Recursion should not be infinite 📆 Bug Resources should be closed 📆 Bug Hard-coded credentials are securitysensitive Security Hotspot "goto" should jump to labels declared later in the same function Code Smell Only standard forms of the "defined" directive should be used Code Smell Switch labels should not be nested inside non-switch blocks

Code Smell



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