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Objective C static code analysis


Unique rules to find Bugs, Vulnerabilities, Security Hotspots, and Code Smells in your OBJECTIVE C code

All rules 315

 Vulnerability 10

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"memset" should not be used to delete sensitive data

 Vulnerability

POSIX functions should not be called with arguments that trigger buffer overflows

 Vulnerability

Function-like macros should not be invoked without all of their arguments

 Bug

The address of an automatic object should not be assigned to another object that may persist after the first object has ceased to exist

 Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be unlocked in the reverse order they were locked

 Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should be properly initialized and destroyed

 Bug

"pthread_mutex_t" should not be consecutively locked or unlocked twice

 Bug

Functions with "noreturn" attribute should not return

 Bug

"memcpy" should only be called with pointers to trivially copyable types with no padding

 Bug

Stack allocated memory and non-owned memory should not be freed

 Bug

Closed resources should not be accessed

 Bug

Dynamically allocated memory should be released

 Bug

The value of a complex expression should only be cast to a type that is narrower and of the same signedness as the underlying type of the expression

Analyze your code

 Code Smell  Major  based-on-misra

If a cast is to be used on any complex expression, the type of cast that may be applied is severely restricted. As explained in MISRA C 2004, section 6.10, conversions on complex expressions are often a source of confusion and it is therefore wise to be cautious. In order to comply with these rules, it may be necessary to use a temporary variable and introduce an extra statement.

Noncompliant Code Example

```
... (float32_t)(f64a + f64b)
... (float64_t)(f32a + f32b) // Noncompliant
... (float64_t)f32a
... (float64_t)(s32a / s32b) // Noncompliant
... (float64_t)(s32a > s32b) // Noncompliant
... (float64_t)s32a / (float32_t)s32b
... (uint32_t)(u16a + u16b) // Noncompliant
... (uint32_t)u16a + u16b
... (uint32_t)u16a + (uint32_t)u16b
... (int16_t)(s32a - 12345)
... (uint8_t)(u16a * u16b)
... (uint16_t)(u8a * u8b) // Noncompliant
... (int16_t)(s32a * s32b)
... (int32_t)(s16a * s16b) // Noncompliant
... (uint16_t)(f64a + f64b) // Noncompliant
... (float32_t)(u16a + u16b) // Noncompliant
... (float64_t)foo1(u16a + u16b)
... (int32_t)buf16a[u16a + u16b]
```

See

- MISRA C:2004, 10.3 - The value of a complex expression of integer type may only be cast to a type that is narrower and of the same signedness as the underlying type of the expression.
- MISRA C:2004, 10.4 - The value of a complex expression of floating type may only be cast to a narrower floating type.

See Also

- MISRA C:2004, section 6.10

Available In:

sonarcloud  | sonarqube  Developer Edition

<div>Freed memory should not be used</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Memory locations should not be released more than once</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Memory access should be explicitly bounded to prevent buffer overflows</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Printf-style format strings should not lead to unexpected behavior at runtime</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Recursion should not be infinite</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Resources should be closed</div> <div> Bug</div>
<div>Hard-coded credentials are security-sensitive</div> <div> Security Hotspot</div>
<div>"goto" should jump to labels declared later in the same function</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Only standard forms of the "defined" directive should be used</div> <div> Code Smell</div>
<div>Switch labels should not be nested inside non-switch blocks</div> <div> Code Smell</div>