

NPscore	1.187	-	<p>■ Natural product-likeness score.</p> <p>■ This score is typically in the range from -5 to 5. The higher the score is, the higher the probability is that the molecule is a NP.</p>
Lipinski Rule	Accepted	●	<p>■ $MW \leq 500$; $\log P \leq 5$; $Hacc \leq 10$; $Hdon \leq 5$</p> <p>■ If two properties are out of range, a poor absorption or permeability is possible, one is acceptable.</p>
Pfizer Rule	Rejected	●	<p>$\log P > 3$; $TPSA < 75$</p> <p>Compounds with a high log P (>3) and low TPSA (<75) are likely to be toxic.</p>
GSK Rule	Rejected	●	<p>■ $MW \leq 400$; $\log P \leq 4$</p> <p>■ Compounds satisfying the GSK rule may have a more favorable ADMET profile</p>
Golden Triangle	Accepted	●	<p>■ $200 \leq MW \leq 500$; $-2 \leq \log D \leq 5$</p> <p>■ Compounds satisfying the Golden Triangle rule may have a more favorable ADMET profile.</p>
PAINS	0 alerts	-	Pan Assay Interference Compounds, frequent hitters, Alpha-screen artifacts and reactive compound.
ALARM NMR	0 alerts	-	Thiol reactive compounds.
BMS	0 alerts	-	Undesirable, reactive compounds.
Chelator Rule	0 alerts	-	Chelating compounds.

3. Absorption

Property	Value	Decision	Comment
Caco-2 Permeability	-5.076	●	Optimal: higher than -5.15 Log unit
MDCK Permeability	5.7e-05	●	<p>■ low permeability: $< 2 \times 10^{-6}$ cm/s</p> <p>■ medium permeability: $2-20 \times 10^{-6}$ cm/s</p> <p>■ high passive permeability: $> 20 \times 10^{-6}$ cm/s</p>
Pgp-inhibitor	0.0	●	<p>■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor;</p> <p>■ The output value is the probability of being Pgp-inhibitor</p>
Pgp-substrate	0.0	●	<p>■ Category 1: substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate;</p> <p>■ The output value is the probability of being Pgp-substrate</p>
HIA	0.036	●	<p>■ Human Intestinal Absorption</p> <p>■ Category 1: HIA+ (HIA < 30%); Category 0: HIA- (HIA < 30%); The output value is the probability of being HIA+</p>
F _{20%}	0.999	●	<p>■ 20% Bioavailability</p> <p>■ Category 1: F_{20%} + (bioavailability < 20%); Category 0: F_{20%} - (bioavailability ≥ 20%); The output value is the probability of being F_{20%} +</p>

$F_{30\%}$	1.0	●	■ 30% Bioavailability ■ Category 1: $F_{30\%} +$ (bioavailability < 30%); Category 0: $F_{30\%} -$ (bioavailability \geq 30%); The output value is the probability of being $F_{30\%} +$
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4. Distribution

Property	Value	Decision	Comment
PPB	98.70%	●	■ Plasma Protein Binding ■ Optimal: < 90%. Drugs with high protein-bound may have a low therapeutic index.
VD	0.626	●	■ Volume Distribution ■ Optimal: 0.04-20L/kg
BBB Penetration	0.014	●	■ Blood-Brain Barrier Penetration ■ Category 1: BBB+; Category 0: BBB-; The output value is the probability of being BBB+
Fu	0.464%	●	■ The fraction unbound in plasms ■ Low: <5%; Middle: 5~20%; High: > 20%

5. Metabolism

Property	Value	Comment
CYP1A2 inhibitor	0.256	■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor; ■ The output value is the probability of being inhibitor.
CYP1A2 substrate	0.427	■ Category 1: Substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate; ■ The output value is the probability of being substrate.
CYP2C19 inhibitor	0.147	■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor; ■ The output value is the probability of being inhibitor.
CYP2C19 substrate	0.156	■ Category 1: Substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate; ■ The output value is the probability of being substrate.
CYP2C9 inhibitor	0.308	■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor; ■ The output value is the probability of being inhibitor.
CYP2C9 substrate	0.99	■ Category 1: Substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate; ■ The output value is the probability of being substrate.
CYP2D6 inhibitor	0.031	■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor; ■ The output value is the probability of being inhibitor.
CYP2D6 substrate	0.866	■ Category 1: Substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate; ■ The output value is the probability of being substrate.
CYP3A4 inhibitor	0.071	■ Category 1: Inhibitor; Category 0: Non-inhibitor; ■ The output value is the probability of being inhibitor.
CYP3A4 substrate	0.036	■ Category 1: Substrate; Category 0: Non-substrate; ■ The output value is the probability of being substrate.

6. Excretion

Property	Value	Decision	Comment
CL	3.085	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Clearance ■ High: >15 mL/min/kg; moderate: 5-15 mL/min/kg; low: <5 mL/min/kg
T _{1/2}	0.875	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: long half-life ; Category 0: short half-life; ■ long half-life: >3h; short half-life: <3h ■ The output value is the probability of having long half-life.

7. Toxicity

Property	Value	Decision	Comment
hERG Blockers	0.031	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: active; Category 0: inactive; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
H-HT	0.174	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Human Hepatotoxicity ■ Category 1: H-HT positive(+); Category 0: H-HT negative(-); ■ The output value is the probability of being toxic.
DILI	0.016	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Drug Induced Liver Injury. ■ Category 1: drugs with a high risk of DILI; Category 0: drugs with no risk of DILI. The output value is the probability of being toxic.
AMES Toxicity	0.106	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: Ames positive(+); Category 0: Ames negative(-); ■ The output value is the probability of being toxic.
Rat Oral Acute Toxicity	0.038	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 0: low-toxicity; Category 1: high-toxicity; ■ The output value is the probability of being highly toxic.
FDAMDD	0.076	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Maximum Recommended Daily Dose ■ Category 1: FDAMDD (+); Category 0: FDAMDD (-) ■ The output value is the probability of being positive.
Skin Sensitization	0.948	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: Sensitizer; Category 0: Non-sensitizer; ■ The output value is the probability of being sensitizer.
Carcinogenicity	0.351	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: carcinogens; Category 0: non-carcinogens; ■ The output value is the probability of being toxic.
Eye Corrosion	0.854	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: corrosives ; Category 0: noncorrosives ■ The output value is the probability of being corrosives.
Eye Irritation	0.86	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: irritants ; Category 0: nonirritants ■ The output value is the probability of being irritants.

Respiratory Toxicity	0.719	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: respiratory toxicants; Category 0: respiratory nontoxicants ■ The output value is the probability of being toxic.
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8. Environmental toxicity

Property	Value	Comment
Bioconcentration Factors	0.944	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Bioconcentration factors are used for considering secondary poisoning potential and assessing risks to human health via the food chain. ■ The unit is $-\log_{10}[(\text{mg/L})/(1000 \cdot \text{MW})]$
IGC ₅₀	4.988	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Tetrahymena pyriformis 50 percent growth inhibition concentration ■ The unit is $-\log_{10}[(\text{mg/L})/(1000 \cdot \text{MW})]$
LC ₅₀ FM	3.112	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 96-hour fathead minnow 50 percent lethal concentration ■ The unit is $-\log_{10}[(\text{mg/L})/(1000 \cdot \text{MW})]$
LC ₅₀ DM	4.153	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 48-hour daphnia magna 50 percent lethal concentration ■ The unit is $-\log_{10}[(\text{mg/L})/(1000 \cdot \text{MW})]$

9. Tox21 pathway

Property	Value	Decision	Comment
NR-AR	0.009	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Androgen receptor ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-AR-LBD	0.003	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Androgen receptor ligand-binding domain ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-AhR	0.003	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Aryl hydrocarbon receptor ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-Aromatase	0.108	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-ER	0.176	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Estrogen receptor ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-ER-LBD	0.008	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Estrogen receptor ligand-binding domain ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
NR-PPAR-gamma	0.984	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
SR-ARE	0.359	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Antioxidant response element ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
SR-ATAD5	0.005	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ATPase family AAA domain-containing protein 5 ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.

SR-HSE	0.758	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Heat shock factor response element ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
SR-MMP	0.308	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Mitochondrial membrane potential ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.
SR-p53	0.032	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Category 1: actives ; Category 0: inactives; ■ The output value is the probability of being active.

10. Toxicophore Rules

Property	Value	Comment
Acute Toxicity Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 20 substructures ■ acute toxicity during oral administration
Genotoxic Carcinogenicity Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 117 substructures ■ carcinogenicity or mutagenicity
NonGenotoxic Carcinogenicity Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 23 substructures ■ carcinogenicity through nongenotoxic mechanisms
Skin Sensitization Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 155 substructures ■ skin irritation
Aquatic Toxicity Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 99 substructures ■ toxicity to liquid(water)
NonBiodegradable Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 19 substructures ■ non-biodegradable
SureChEMBL Rule	0 alerts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 164 substructures ■ MedChem unfriendly status