Tutorial 6

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- 91. What do you mean by Minimum Geanning Tree? What are the applications of M5T?
- Ahs. Minimum Spanning Tree is a subset of edges of a connected edge weighted undirected graph that converts all the nextices together without any cycles of with minimum possible edge weighted.

APPLITATIONS -

1) Consider in stations are to be linked woung a communication network and lying of communication link between any two stations involves a cest. The ideal relution would be to extract

a sulgraph termed as minimum cost spanning tree.

- in Suppose you ment to construct highways or railreads spanning several cities, then we can use concept of MST.

 In Laying pipelines connecting Offshore drilling sites, refineries Ef consumer markets.
- J2. Analyze time and space complexity of Prim, Krushal, Dijkstra and Bellman Ford Algorithm.
- From Complexity of Prim's Algorithm:

 =) Space Complexity of Prim's Algorithm:

 =) Time Complexity of Krushal's Algorithm:

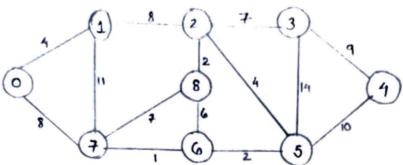
 =) Space Complexity of Krushal's Algorithm:

 =) Time Complexity of Krushal's Algorithm:

 =) Time Complexity of Sightan's Algorithm: O(IEI lag IVI)

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- 0(V2)
- =) Space Complexity of Dighetra's Algorithm: O(V2) =) Time Complexity of Bellman Ford's Algorithm: O(VE)
- =) Space Camplexity of Bellman Ford's Algorithm: O(E)



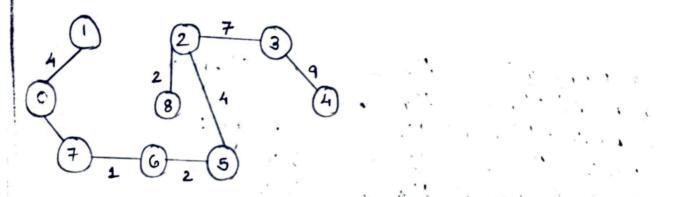
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Krushal's Algorithm:

0	V	'V	J	
6	7	1	V	
5	6	2	/	
2	8	2	/	
٥	1.			
2	5	4	/	٠
6	8	6	X	
2	3	7	V	•
7	8		×	
0	7		/	
1	2	8 >	<	٠,
4	3	9	1	. ,
4	5	10	X	
1	7	11	X	
3	5	14	X	

Prim's Algorithm

Weight = 4+8+2+#4+2+7+9+3

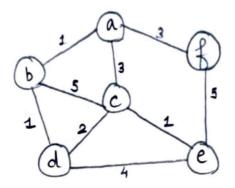


Weight = 1+2+2+4+4+7+8+9

fath from a source nentex "5" to a destination vertex "t". Does the shortest path remain same in following cases:

i) If weight of every edge is increased by 10 units.

ii) If weight of every edge is multiplied by 10 units.



And i) The shartest path may change. The reason is that there may be different no. of edges in diffrent poths from '5' to 't'.

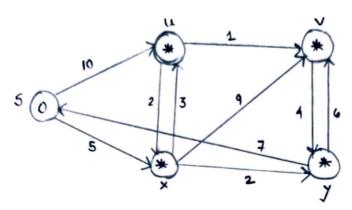
For eg:- Lat the shartest path of weight 15 and has edges 3.

Let there we another path with 2 edges and total weight 25.

The weight of shartest path is increased by 5'10 and becomes 15+50. Weight of other path is increased by 2'10 Ef becomes 25+20. So, the chartest path changes to other path with weight as 45.

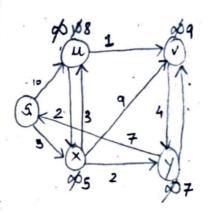
i) If we multiply all edges weight by 10, the chartest path descrit change. The reason is that weights of all path from '5' to 't' gets multiplied by same unit. The number of edges or path doesn't matter.

95. Apply Sighotra Ef Bellman Ford algorithm on graph gruen right side to compute shortest path to all nodes from node 5.

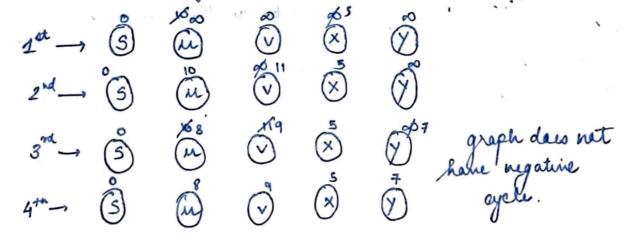


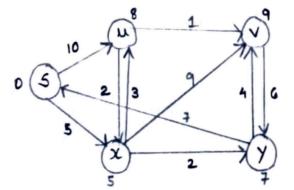
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NOPE	S HORTEST DIST			
	FROM SOURCE NODE			
u				
X	5			
V	. 9			
y . · .	7			



Bellman Ford Algarithm -

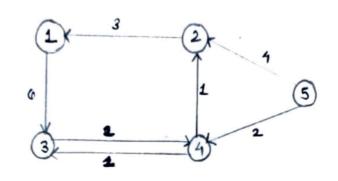




Final Graph

96) Apply all pair shortest path algorithm - Flayd Warshall on belower mentioned graph. Also analyze space of time complexity of it.

Ans



Ans.