

Assignment 2

100 points

Purpose

The purpose of this assignment is to work with header files and multi-part programs.

Assignment

This assignment calculates income U.S. tax information for 2016, calculates the exact tax rate and then prints out a tax table that brackets a given income value.

In the United States, your income tax depends not only on your income, but on your marital and family status. Exact formulas exist for calculating the income tax and are given below. But for most people's income (< \$100,000) the government feels that calculation error is a major source of problems. Consequently, tables are calculated so that a taxpayer merely has to look up their tax in the table based on their income and status.

The formulas for calculating U.S. income tax in 2016 are given in the tables below.

Single		
If taxable income is over --	But not over --	The tax is:
\$0	\$9,275	10% of the amount over \$0
\$9,275	\$37,650	\$927.50 plus 15% of the amount over 9,275
\$37,650	\$91,150	\$5,183.75 plus 25% of the amount over 37,650
\$91,150	\$190,150	\$18,558.75 plus 28% of the amount over 91,150
\$190,150	\$413,350	\$46,278.75 plus 33% of the amount over 190,150
\$413,350	\$415,050	\$119,934.75 plus 35% of the amount over 413,350
\$415,050	unlimited	\$120,529.75 plus 39.6% of the amount over 415,050

Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)		
If taxable income is over --	But not over --	The tax is:
\$0	\$18,550	10% of the amount over \$0
\$18,550	\$75,300	\$1,855.00 plus 15% of the amount over 18,550
\$75,300	\$151,900	\$10,367.50 plus 25% of the amount over 75,300
\$151,900	\$231,450	\$29,517.50 plus 28% of the amount over 151,900
\$231,450	\$413,350	\$51,791.50 plus 33% of the amount over 231,450

\$413,350	\$466,950	\$111,818.50 plus 35% of the amount over 413,350
\$466,950	unlimited	\$130,578.50 plus 39.6% of the amount over 466,950

Married Filing Separately		
If taxable income is over --	But not over --	The tax is:
\$0	\$9,275	10% of the amount over \$0
\$9,275	\$37,650	\$927.50 plus 15% of the amount over 9,275
\$37,650	\$75,950	\$5,183.75 plus 25% of the amount over 37,650
\$75,950	\$115,725	\$14,758.75 plus 28% of the amount over 75,950
\$115,725	\$206,675	\$25,895.75 plus 33% of the amount over 115,725
\$206,675	\$233,475	\$55,909.25 plus 35% of the amount over 206,675
\$233,475	unlimited	\$65,289.25 plus 39.6% of the amount over 233,475

Head of Household		
If taxable income is over --	But not over --	The tax is:
\$0	\$13,250	10% of the amount over \$0
\$13,250	\$50,400	\$1,325.00 plus 15% of the amount over 13,250
\$50,400	\$130,150	\$6,897.50 plus 25% of the amount over 50,400
\$130,150	\$210,800	\$26,835.00 plus 28% of the amount over 130,150
\$210,800	\$413,350	\$49,417.00 plus 33% of the amount over 210,800
\$413,350	\$441,000	\$116,258.50 plus 35% of the amount over 413,350
\$441,000	unlimited	\$125,936.00 plus 39.6% of the amount over 441,000

More information about the U.S. income tax system can be found at <http://www.irs.gov/>.

Program

Your program should ask the user for a taxable income amount. Using the formulas, the program should calculate and print the exact tax of that income value for each of the status categories. The tax values printed should be printed out with two digits after the decimal point.

Using the taxable income value that was input, the program should print a tax table for a range of \$1,000.00 containing the input value. The starting entry in the table is the nearest multiple of \$1,000.00 below the income value. This value can be calculated by dividing the income by 1000, turning the resulting value into an integer and then multiplying by 1000.

Lines in the table represent income ranges of \$50.00. The tax values in the table are computed by calculating the exact tax value for the middle of the range (a figure ending in 25 or 75) and rounding to the nearest dollar. The

values should be printed out as integers.

Your program should have four functions (in addition to `main()`). These functions calculate the tax values given by the tables above. There should be one function for each marital/tax status. The functions should take one argument, the income, and return a floating point value, the tax.

The `main()` function should simply input the income value, call the functions for tax values, and print the table.

Implementation Points

This assignment requires you to implement the four functions in a separate source code file from the file containing `main()`. You will need a header file to properly communicate program structure between the two source code files. The name for the header file and for the file containing the functions is up to you.

Output

Sample output from this program on turing/hopper is found below. The TA will use other values to check your program.

```
z1234567@hopper$ assign2
```

```
Income? 14927.33
```

```
Exact tax
```

```
Single: 1775.35
```

```
Married filing jointly: 1492.73
```

```
Married filing separately: 1775.35
```

```
Head of household: 1576.60
```

Income Range	Single	Married Filing Jointly	Married Filing Separately	Head of Household
14000- 14050	1640	1403	1640	1441
14050- 14100	1648	1408	1648	1449
14100- 14150	1655	1413	1655	1456
14150- 14200	1663	1418	1663	1464
14200- 14250	1670	1423	1670	1471
14250- 14300	1678	1428	1678	1479
14300- 14350	1685	1433	1685	1486
14350- 14400	1693	1438	1693	1494
14400- 14450	1700	1443	1700	1501
14450- 14500	1708	1448	1708	1509
14500- 14550	1715	1453	1715	1516
14550- 14600	1723	1458	1723	1524
14600- 14650	1730	1463	1730	1531
14650- 14700	1738	1468	1738	1539
14700- 14750	1745	1473	1745	1546
14750- 14800	1753	1478	1753	1554
14800- 14850	1760	1483	1760	1561
14850- 14900	1768	1488	1768	1569
14900- 14950	1775	1493	1775	1576
14950- 15000	1783	1498	1783	1584

```
z1234567@hopper$ assign2
```

```
Income? 42362
```

```
Exact tax
```

```
Single: 6361.75
```

```
Married filing jointly: 5426.80
```

```
Married filing separately: 6361.75
```

```
Head of household: 5691.80
```

Income Range	Single	Married Filing Jointly	Married Filing Separately	Head of Household
42000- 42050	6278	5376	6278	5641
42050- 42100	6290	5384	6290	5649
42100- 42150	6303	5391	6303	5656
42150- 42200	6315	5399	6315	5664
42200- 42250	6328	5406	6328	5671
42250- 42300	6340	5414	6340	5679
42300- 42350	6353	5421	6353	5686
42350- 42400	6365	5429	6365	5694
42400- 42450	6378	5436	6378	5701
42450- 42500	6390	5444	6390	5709
42500- 42550	6403	5451	6403	5716
42550- 42600	6415	5459	6415	5724
42600- 42650	6428	5466	6428	5731
42650- 42700	6440	5474	6440	5739
42700- 42750	6453	5481	6453	5746
42750- 42800	6465	5489	6465	5754
42800- 42850	6478	5496	6478	5761
42850- 42900	6490	5504	6490	5769
42900- 42950	6503	5511	6503	5776
42950- 43000	6515	5519	6515	5784

z1234567@hopper\$ assign2

Income? 82120.11

Exact tax

Single: 16301.28

Married filing jointly: 12072.53

Married filing separately: 16486.38

Head of household: 14827.53

Income Range	Single	Married Filing Jointly	Married Filing Separately	Head of Household
82000- 82050	16278	12049	16460	14804
82050- 82100	16290	12061	16474	14816
82100- 82150	16303	12074	16488	14829
82150- 82200	16315	12086	16502	14841
82200- 82250	16328	12099	16516	14854
82250- 82300	16340	12111	16530	14866
82300- 82350	16353	12124	16544	14879
82350- 82400	16365	12136	16558	14891
82400- 82450	16378	12149	16572	14904
82450- 82500	16390	12161	16586	14916
82500- 82550	16403	12174	16600	14929
82550- 82600	16415	12186	16614	14941
82600- 82650	16428	12199	16628	14954
82650- 82700	16440	12211	16642	14966
82700- 82750	16453	12224	16656	14979
82750- 82800	16465	12236	16670	14991
82800- 82850	16478	12249	16684	15004
82850- 82900	16490	12261	16698	15016
82900- 82950	16503	12274	16712	15029
82950- 83000	16515	12286	16726	15041

z1234567@hopper\$ assign2

Income? 156789.01

Exact tax

Single: 36937.68

Married filing jointly: 30886.42
 Married filing separately: 39446.88
 Head of household: 34293.93

Income Range	Single	Married Filing Jointly	Married Filing Separately	Head of Household
156000-156050	36724	30673	39195	34080
156050-156100	36738	30687	39211	34094
156100-156150	36752	30701	39228	34108
156150-156200	36766	30715	39244	34122
156200-156250	36780	30729	39261	34136
156250-156300	36794	30743	39277	34150
156300-156350	36808	30757	39294	34164
156350-156400	36822	30771	39310	34178
156400-156450	36836	30785	39327	34192
156450-156500	36850	30799	39343	34206
156500-156550	36864	30813	39360	34220
156550-156600	36878	30827	39376	34234
156600-156650	36892	30841	39393	34248
156650-156700	36906	30855	39409	34262
156700-156750	36920	30869	39426	34276
156750-156800	36934	30883	39442	34290
156800-156850	36948	30897	39459	34304
156850-156900	36962	30911	39475	34318
156900-156950	36976	30925	39492	34332
156950-157000	36990	30939	39508	34346

z1234567@hopper\$

Other Points

- The C++ string class is allowed but not needed for this assignment.
- A Makefile is required. Make sure that the Makefile handles all of the files in your assignment.
- Symbolic constants should be used to avoid magic numbers. You may use either `#define` or `const`, whichever you know best at this point. You do not have to create symbolic constants for the numbers used in the tax formulas. There are too many to make it worth our time here. You must have symbolic constants for the field widths used in the table.
- The name of your source code file containing `main()` should be `assign2.cc`.
- The name of the final executable should be `assign2`.
- Programs that do not compile on turing/hopper automatically receive 0 points.
- Submit your program using the electronic submission guidelines posted on the course web site.