

# Aliah University

## End-Semester Examination - 2020

(For 2<sup>nd</sup> Year 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester B.Tech. CSE| Regular & Supplementary|)

Paper Name: *Discrete Mathematics*

Full Marks: 80

Paper Code: *MATUGBS04 (Regular) /  
MA 237 (Supplementary)*

Time: 3 Hrs

### Group – A

(10X1=10)

#### 1. Mention whether statements are True/False –

- All Regular graphs are simple.
- The relation  $R = \{(a,b), (b,a)\}$  on set  $X = \{a,b\}$  is Irreflexive.
- All Strictly Binary Trees are Complete Binary Tree.
- A bridgeless graph can't have Cut-vertex.
- Euler graph has at least one Euler trail.
- $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \leftrightarrow q)$  is a Contingency.
- Any graph with chromatic number 2 is a Tree.
- If  $|A|=n$  then  $|P(A)| = \text{Cardinality of power set of } A = 2^n$ .
- Vertex connectivity is always "less than or equal to" Edge connectivity for any graph.
- Every To-set is a Lattice.

### Group – B

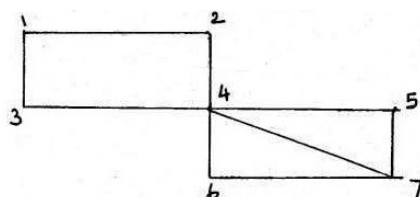
(Answer any 6 questions)

(6X5=30)

- Prove that – a non-empty and non-trivial simple graph has at-least 2 vertices of equal degree.
- A complete Binary Tree is having 62 nodes. Then calculate the height of that tree.
- What is the Chromatic Polynomial of a Complete Bipartite graph  $K_{m,n}$  when 'x' is the number of color given?
- If there exists Functions from set A to set B, where  $|A|=m$  and  $|B|=n$  then how many one-to-one and onto functions are possible?
- Find out number of "neither Reflexive nor Irreflexive relations" possible on set A, where cardinality of  $A=n$ . Explain your answer.
- Show that the statement given below is a tautology (without using truth table) –

$$(P \vee Q) \wedge \neg(\neg P \wedge (\neg Q \vee \neg R)) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg R)$$

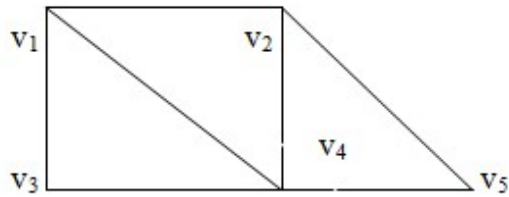
- Find Hamiltonian path, Hamiltonian cycle (if exists) and state whether the graph given below is Hamiltonian graph or not?



**Group – C**  
**(Answer any 4 questions)**

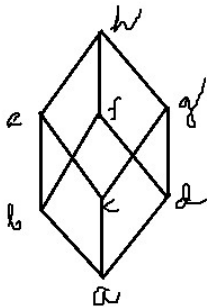
**(10X4=40)**

9. a) What is Spanning Tree? Mention some important characteristics of Spanning Trees.  
b) Calculate number of spanning trees possible for – Complete graph -  $K_7$ , Cyclic graph -  $C_9$  and the graph given below- 4+6=10



10. a) Define Binary Search Tree. Insert values given below (in the order) and form the binary search tree(BST) –  
Values are (in order): 15, 22, 18, 7, 20, 3, 35, 32, 9, 91  
b) Delete 22 and show new BST. 2+6+2=10

11. Look at graph below and answer –



- a) Is it a Distributive Lattice? Explain why?  
b) Is it a Planar Graph? Explain why? 5+5=10
12. Define set in set theory. Explain concepts (with example) of Power set, Subtraction of sets, Compliment of any set and Cartesian Products of two sets. 2+2\*4=10
13. Consider the set  $D_{50} = \{1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50\}$  and the relation divides ( $/$ ) make a Po-set  $(D_{50}, /)$ .  
a) Draw the Hasse Diagram of  $D_{50}$  with relation divides ( $/$ ).  
b) Find Upper Bound and Lower bound of  $\{5, 10\}$   
c) Find GLB and LUB for  $\{5, 10\}$   
d) Is it a Lattice? 5+2+2+1=10