Aliah University

End-Semester Examination (Spring Semester) – 2023 (4th Year8th Semester4-yrs B.Tech)

Subject Name: Adhoc & Sensor Networks

Subject Code: CSEUGPE26

Full Marks: 80 Time: 3hrs

Part – A (Answer all questions)

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- V: What are the characteristic requirements of Wireless sensor network?
 - 2. Differentiate between active and passive sensors,
- 3. How clustering is useful in WSNs?
 - 4. What is the concept of flooding mechanism?
- ✓ What is data aggregation?

Part - B (Answer any 6 questions)

 $6 \times 5 = 30$

- What are the challenges and the required mechanisms of a Wireless Sensor networks?
- 2. Differentiate between MANET and WSNs?
- 3. Explain variousapplications of WSNs?
- 4. What is the role of MAC layer in WSNs? Explain various attributes of the MAC protocol.
- 5. Discuss the operation of B-MAC protocol for the MAC layer in WSNs.
- 6. What is the hidden terminal problem in WSNs? How to overcome from it?
- 7. Differentiate between contention based protocols and schedule based protocols.
- %. Write short note on IEEE 802.15.4.

Part – C(Answer any 4 questions)

 $4 \times 10 = 40$

- 1. Draw the architecture of a sensor node and discuss various component of it.

 4+6
- 2. What are the attributes of MAC protocol and what are the causes of energy consumption in MAC layer of WSNs?
- 3 Discuss the various factors influenced the routing protocol in WSNs.

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- 4. Define flat routing in WSNs? Explain the working principle of the SPIN and DD routing protocols?

 2+4+4
- Why the hierarchical routing protocol is needed in WSNs? Discuss the operation of LEACH protocol in details.
 - 6. Construct an architecture of WSNs for detecting forest fire and explain how your model is useful for this application?

Even (Spring) Semester Examination 2022-23

Paper Code: MBAUGHU02; Paper name: Professional Values and Ethics

Btech (CSE) VIIIth Semester Full Marks: 80; Time: 3Hrs.

(The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as possible)

I. W	high of the following is an example of a profession to the
Ja)	hich of the following is an example of a professional value? Honesty (b) Fame (c) Wealth (d) Power
	Honesty (b) Fame (c) Wealth (d) Power Vhat is the purpose of a professional code of ethics?
(a)	
(c)	T- Park
	To limit professional growth (d) To increase profits (ohlberg's theory proposes that moral development progresses through how many stages?
(a)	3 (b) 6 (c) 9 (d) 12
	Kohlberg's theory proposes that moral reasoning is based on which of the following?
(a)	Personal opinions and feelings (b) Cultural norms and values
(c)	Logical reasoning and problem-solving skills (d) All of the above
V . G	silligan's theory proposes that women's moral reasoning is based on which of the following:
(a)	Emotions and feelings (b) Rationality and logic (c) Cultural norms and values
(d)	All of the above
VI.	Which ethical theory emphasizes the importance of duty and obligation?
Jal	Virtue ethics (b) Deontological ethics (c) Utilitarianism (d) Care ethic
VII.	Which ethical theory evaluates the morality of an action based on its consequences?
(a)	Virtue ethics (b) Deontological ethics (c) Utilitarianism (d) Care ethic
VIII.	You are a software developer and have been asked by your manager to include a hidden for
in tr	he company's software that will collect user data without their knowledge. What should you
(a)	Follow your manager's instructions to keep your job
(b) (c)	Refuse to include the hidden feature and report your manager to higher management
	Include the hidden feature but make it clear in the software's terms and conditions that will be collected
(d)	Consult with a lawyer before deciding what to do
	Company X creates a new software application that collects and stores personal information
abo	ut its users. What ethical considerations should Company X consider?
(a)	Construction and the state of t
	rmed about how their data will be seen to the
into	data is used only for marketing purposes (d) Ensuring that the data is shared with thir
the	y vendors for additional revenue
the	
the part	/hat caused the Challenger disaster?
the part	/hat caused the Challenger disaster? A mechanical failure in the shuttle's engines
part X. W	A mechanical failure in the shuttle's engines
part X. W (a)	A mechanical failure in the shuttle's engines

2. "Privacy has both intrinsic and extrinsic value". Comment on the statement.

- As a manager at a company, you are faced with the difficult decision of whether to lay off some employees in order to reduce costs. How would you apply utilitarian ethical theory to make this decision?
 - A. What are the five key differences between morality and ethics?
 - 5. Which moral behaviours are recognized across multiple cultures, according to the study conducted by Oxford University's anthropologists in 2019?
- Describe the approaches of micro-ethics and macro-ethics.
- How do cultural values influence parenting styles?
 - 8. Write a short note on dual inheritance theory. •

GROUP: C (Answer any three questions) (15 x 3 = 45)

- What is regality theory, and how does it explain cultural variations?
 - 10. Discuss utilitarian, duty, and virtue theories of ethical decision making.
- 11. Describe the approaches of Kohlberg and Gilligan to the moral development of individuals. What is the Heinz dilemma?
 - 12. Write a comprehensive overview of the ethical issues surrounding the Challenger tragedy in 1986.
 - 13. Explain in detail the following themes in computer ethics:
 - a. Computer as the object of unethical acts
 - b. Computers in the workplace

Aliah University End Semester Examination (Sping Semester) 2023 (For 4th Year 8th Semester B.Tech(CSE))

Paper Name: Distributed Systems Paper Code: CSEUGPE21B	Full Marks: 80 Time: 3 hours
Group A (Answer all the questions)	10X1 =10
In distributed system, each processor has its	
1. In distributed system, each processor has its own	·
a) local memory b) clock of both local memory and clock d) none of the m 2. If one site fails in distributed system then	entioned
2. If one site rails in distributed system then	·
the remaining sites can continue operating b) all the sites will stop wo	rking c) directly connected
sites will stop working d) none of the mentioned	
3. Network Operating system runs on	
a) server b) every system in the network c) both server and every system in mentioned	
4. Which technique is based on compile-time program transformation for distributed-memory parallel system?	1
a) cache coherence scheme b) computation migration c) remote procedure of 5. Logical extension of computation migration is	call d) message passing
a) process migration b) system migration c) thread migration d) data migra6. Processes on the remote systems are identified by	tion
a) host ID b) host name and identifier c) identifier d) process ID	
7. Which routing technique is used in a distributed system?	•
a) fixed routing b) virtual routing c) dynamic routing d) all of the mentione	d
8. In distributed systems, link and site failures are detected by	
a) polling b) handshaking c) token passing d) none of the mentioned	
0 001 1111 4	service load is called
scalability b) tolerance c) capacity d)none of the mentioned	
10. Internet provides for remote login.	
a) telnet b)http c) ftp d)rpc	
Group B (Answer any 5 questions)	5X6=30
1. i) Write the advantages of Ricart-Agarwala Algorithm.	
ii) Write the metrics used for measuring the performance of Ricart-Age	arwala Algorithm (2+2)
Differentiate a) tightly coupled and loosely coupled system. b) wait-die	and wound-wait (3+3)
•3. i) What are the conditions for correctness of distributed control algorithms.	ξ and wound-wait. (3+3) ξ
ii) Explain happened before relationship.	
4. Differentiate between Logical and Physical clocks.	(3+3)
• 5. Write short notes on: i) a) Mutual Exclusion ii) Phantom deadlocks	(6)
(6) Discuss the processor pool model briefly	(3+3)
Disease the processor poor model offerty.	. (6)
Group C (Answer any 4 questions)	4X 10=40
Explain the Election algorithm in detail.	(10)
Explain the Diffusion Computation based Algorithm for Distributed dea	dlock detection (10)
3. How are the classifications of Mutual Exclusion algorithms done? Ex	plain any two algorithms in
detail.	(2+8)
4. What are the conditions for Distributed Termination Detection? Exp	lain the Credit Distribut
based Termination Detection Algorithm.	(3+7)
3. Discuss the different approaches for distributed load balancing.	(10)
O The state of the	(10)