





is known as basebond signal. This basebond signal may be a combination of 2 or work message signals. If the basebond signal is transmitted directly, then it is known as baseband transmission. baseband signal connot usually be transmitted through space by radio because the antennas induined are too long and muttiple baseband signals from Smitting Simultaneously would interface with one another. @ Explain the need for modulation in a Communication system. we need modulation for the following pason-(1) Practicality of antehna: - We know that in case when there space is used as transmitting medium (i.e. channel) messages are troonsmitted and received with the help of antennas. For efficient radiation & beception the transmitting & beceiving antennas must have lengths companiable to a quareters wavelength of the frequency

used. For trample in Am broadcast systems, the maximum audio tracturency transmitted from a padio station is of orders of 5xH2. If this message audio signal is transmilled without modulation, then the height at the antenna behind for an effective radiation & beception will be 14th of the wavelength given as, 1= 2 = c = 3x108 = 5 km. Obviously, it will be totally impracticable to construct and install an anternat such a height. Howeven this height of the antenna may be beduced by modulation technitue and yet attective hadiation & becettion is achieved. In modulation boxes audio signal at radio stations are transfer ted to higher thetuency spectrum, i.e. radio - Frequency range. these higher padio frequencies with the small wavelength act as for audio frequency (i.e. modulating signal) thus the Reight of the antenna roduiness is much bequees and becomes practical.



11-3

to an example, if an audio frequency is translated to a readto frequency carriers of frequency 3 mHz, the antenna leight required would be,

1 = 2/4 = e = 3 < 108 = 25 m

This antenna height may be achieved

(ractically.

the tiquency range of audio signar is from 2012 to 20142. In bodio stations. In case there is no modulation our these stations trousmitt audio 20112 to 20142. Due to this trousmission over same roonge the mogrammes of different station will get mixed up.

Hence in orders to keep the various signals seperates it is necessary to troonslate on shift them to different fortions of the electroomagnetic spectrum. Thus each station is allocated a bond of two quency. This also oversomes the drawback of Poors readiation efficiently at low



P9-0

frequency.

(iii) Reduction of noise: - Noise is the majors

Aimitation of any ammunication. Although

hoise can not be eliminated completely
but with the kelp of several modulation

to christic seffect of noise can be

minimized.

3/3 what is meant by the term amilitude modulation?

Amplitude modulation may be defined as
the process in which amplitude of the
campiers were is varied according to the
instantaneous value camplitude of the
modulating on base band signal). It is a
Process by which the wave signal is
transmitted by modulating the amplitude
of the signal. It is often called m
and is commonly used in transmitting
a piece of information through a badio
campier wave.



Pg - (1)

Define modulation index for Am wave.

It is also known as Ameritade sensitivity.

In Am signal the modulation index is defined as the measure of extent of amplitude variation about an unmodulated maximum armiero. It is perpresented by ma.

mathematically.

modulation Index ma = 100) | max

Max Carrolles amplitude

or, modulation Index ma = 1x411max

where IXI I max helpesents the maximum amplitude of of modulating signal and A helpesents the maximum amplitude of campiers signals.

the modulation index is also known as deith of modulation degree of modulation factors.

the absolute value of ma multiplied by 100 is known as percentage modulation.



Derive an expression for single-tone amplitude modulated wave. Let us consider a single tone modulating simal [In style tone modulating signal, the amplitude modulation in which the modulating on baseband signal consist of only one (single) frequency, is modulation is done by a single frequency or tone. This type amplitude modulation is known as single tone amplitude moderation Tos, W(+) = Vm Coswmf - 1 which contains a single frequency wm. let the carmich signal be, cct, = A cos wit - 2 we known that general expression for Am signal is set = [A+ Nt)] cosult on, s(t) = Acoswit + n(t) coswit - 3 futting the value of n(t) in equation (3) we get, st) = Acos wet + mass with coswet = A[It Vm cosumt] cosuct - (4)



But we known that fore Am, the modulation index ma is given as ma = In(+) I max where I h(t) I max denotes the maximum amilitude of modulation signal and A is the maximum amplitude of campiers signd. In this case we have, [h(t)] max = va Thenefore, ma = Vm Putting this value of ma in equation (5) cue get, 56) = AFI + ma Coscumt] cosact - (5) This is the desired expression for single-tree modulated signal. The expression in equation 5) may be further simplifies to observe the frequery components Present in Am signal. At) = Acosact + Ama cos well cosumt or, (1) = Acosult + Ama [a cosuct cosunt] or, st) = Acos wel + Ama (03 (wet wy) + Ama cos(we-wy)













































